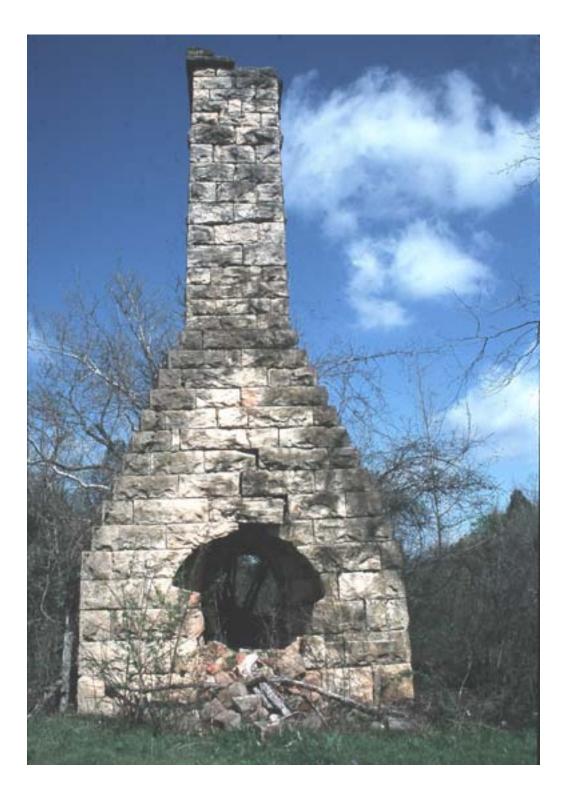




In cooperation with Washington County Soil and Water Conservation District; Missouri Department of Natural Resources; United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service; Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station; and Missouri Department of Conservation

# Soil Survey of Washington County, Missouri



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## **How To Use This Soil Survey**

#### **General Soil Map**

The general soil map, which is a color map, shows the survey area divided into groups of associated soils called general soil map units. This map is useful in planning the use and management of large areas.

To find information about your area of interest, locate that area on the map, identify the name of the map unit in the area on the color-coded map legend, then refer to the section **General Soil Map Units** for a general description of the soils in your area.

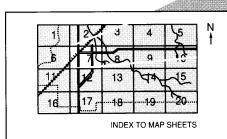
#### **Detailed Soil Maps**

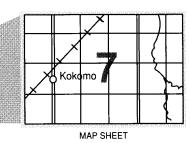
The detailed soil maps can be useful in planning the use and management of small areas.

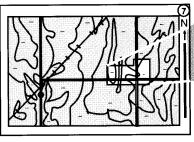
To find information about your area of interest, locate that area on the **Index to Map Sheets**. Note the number of the map sheet and turn to that sheet.

Locate your area of interest on the map sheet. Note the map unit symbols that are in that area. Turn to the **Contents**, which lists the map units by symbol and name and shows the page where each map unit is described.

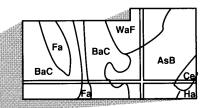
The **Contents** shows which table has data on a specific land use for each detailed soil map unit. Also see the **Contents** for sections of this publication that may address your specific needs.







MAP SHEET



AREA OF INTEREST

NOTE: Map unit symbols in a soil survey may consist only of numbers or letters, or they may be a combination of numbers and letters.

This soil survey is a publication of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (formerly the Soil Conservation Service) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Major fieldwork for this soil survey was completed in 2001. Soil names and descriptions were approved in 2002. Unless otherwise indicated, statements in this publication refer to conditions in the survey area in 2001. This survey was made cooperatively by the Natural Resources Conservation Service; the United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service; the Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station; and the Missouri Department of Conservation. The Missouri Department of Natural Resources provided soil scientists to assist with the fieldwork. The survey is part of the technical assistance furnished to the Washington County Soil and Water Conservation District.

Soil maps in this survey may be copied without permission. Enlargement of these maps, however, could cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping. If enlarged, maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a larger scale.

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Cover: Murphy's iron furnace was built in 1884 in what is now Washington State Park.

Additional information about the Nation's natural resources is available on the Natural Resources Conservation Service home page on the World Wide Web. The address is http://www.nrcs.usda.gov (click on "Technical Resources").

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Issued 2005

#### **Foreword**

This soil survey contains information that affects land use planning in this survey area. It contains predictions of soil behavior for selected land uses. The survey also highlights soil limitations, improvements needed to overcome the limitations, and the impact of selected land uses on the environment.

This soil survey is designed for many different users. Farmers, ranchers, foresters, and agronomists can use it to evaluate the potential of the soil and the management needed for maximum food and fiber production. Planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers can use the survey to plan land use, select sites for construction, and identify special practices needed to ensure proper performance. Conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, wildlife management, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the survey to help them understand, protect, and enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. The information in this report is intended to identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. Statements made in this report are intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are shallow to bedrock. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

These and many other soil properties that affect land use are described in this soil survey. Broad areas of soils are shown on the general soil map. The location of each soil is shown on the detailed soil maps. Each soil in the survey area is described. Information on specific uses is given for each soil. Help in using this publication and additional information are available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or the Cooperative Extension Service.

Roger A. Hansen State Conservationist Natural Resources Conservation Service

## Soil Survey of Washington County, Missouri

By David M. Skaer and Michael A. Cook, Natural Resources Conservation Service

Fieldwork by Grant P. Butler, Gary A. Lindgren, and David M. Skaer, Natural Resources Conservation Service; and Georganne Bowman, Dennis Meinert, and Ralph Tucker, Missouri Department of Natural Resources

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, in cooperation with

Washington County Soil and Water Conservation District; Missouri Department of Natural Resources; United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service; Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station; and Missouri Department of Conservation

Washington County is in the east-central part of Missouri in the Ozark region (fig. 1). The county has a land area of 487,827 acres, or about 762 square miles.

Washington County is bordered on the north by Franklin County, on the east by Jefferson and St. Francois Counties, on the south by Iron County, and on the west by Crawford County. The county seat is Potosi, which had a population of 2,662 in 2000. The population of the county in 2000 was 23,344 (State of Missouri, 2000).

Farming is an important enterprise in Washington County. Cash receipts from livestock totaled almost 7.6 million dollars in 1999. Receipts from farm crops totaled \$780,000. (Missouri Agricultural Statistics Service, 2000).

#### **General Nature of the County**

This section describes climate, water supply, water quality, history and development, and physiographic and geologic occurrences in Washington County, Missouri.

#### Climate

Table 1 gives data on temperature and precipitation for the survey area as recorded at Steelville in the period 1961 to 1990. Table 2 shows probable dates of the first freeze in fall and the last freeze in spring.



Figure 1.—Location of Washington County in Missouri.

Table 3 provides data on length of the growing season.

In winter, the average temperature is 31.3 degrees F and the average daily minimum temperature is 18.8 degrees. The lowest temperature on record, which occurred on January 17, 1977, is -31 degrees. In summer, the average temperature is

73.9 degrees and the average daily maximum temperature is 87.7 degrees. The highest recorded temperature, which occurred on July 20, 1980, is 111 degrees.

Growing degree days are shown in table 1. They are equivalent to "heat units." During the month, growing degree days accumulate by the amount that the average temperature each day exceeds a base temperature (50 degrees F). The normal monthly accumulation is used to schedule single or successive plantings of a crop between the last freeze in spring and the first freeze in fall.

The total annual precipitation is about 39.33 inches. Of this, 18.7 inches, or 47 percent, usually falls in April through September. The growing season for most crops falls within this period. The heaviest 1-day rainfall during the period of record was 4.81 inches on August 12, 1993. Thunderstorms occur on about 46 days each year, and most occur between May and August.

The average seasonal snowfall is about 15.6 inches. The greatest snow depth at any one time during the period of record was 15 inches. On the average, 18 days of the year have at least 1 inch of snow on the ground. The number of such days varies greatly from year to year.

The average relative humidity in midafternoon is about 59 percent. Humidity is higher at night, and the average at dawn is about 83 percent. The sun shines 67 percent of the time possible in summer and 49 percent in winter. The prevailing wind is from the south. Average windspeed is highest, 11 miles per hour, from January to April.

#### **Water Supply**

Many of the upland soils in Washington County are suitable for the construction of ponds and small reservoirs. Most livestock in the county get water from these sources, as well as from small creeks and springs. Most rural households have individual wells.

Surface and ground-water quality is variable, and this survey will be an important tool in the maintenance and improvement of overall water quality. The Meramec and Big Rivers, Courtois Creek, and Mineral Fork are the largest streams in the county.

#### Water Quality

Where developed, springs furnish a convenient water supply. The quality is determined by surface conditions where infiltrating water enters the underground network and by the effectiveness of the

soil and vegetation in filtering out contaminants. The soil survey is an essential tool in planning and implementing protection of ground-water resources.

Surface water quality is dependent upon management conditions on the soil surface. Concentration of livestock results in large amounts of animal waste on the surface of the soil that flush with runoff water into streams and rivers after intensive rainfall. Filter strips, rotational grazing, restriction of livestock from streams, and other management practices help to protect surface water from degradation by animal waste.

Chemical contamination of surface water usually occurs as a result of soil erosion when soil particles have contaminants attached to them. Soil conservation is imperative not only to keep productive soil in place, but also to keep pollutants out of surface water bodies.

#### **History and Development**

Jennifer C. Cook, Earth Team volunteer, prepared this section.

The first inhabitants of the area were Native Americans of various tribes, such as Osage, Peoria, Sauk, Foxx, Illinois, and Northern Cherokee. It is not known when, where, or by whom the first permanent white settlement was made in the territory now included in Washington County. Historians agree that the first white men who explored this part of Missouri were Frenchmen. According to R. A. Campbell, in his Gazetteer of Missouri, "about the year 1760 Francis Breton, while chasing a bear, discovered a mine near Potosi that bears his name, Mine-a-Breton." A mining camp was established near the present site of Potosi, and in 1765 families located there. Near the end of the century the Spanish government made concessions to individuals, and the first recorded permanent village, Mine-a-Breton was established (Goodspeed Publishing Company, 1889).

Organized by an act of the legislature, Washington County was approved on August 21, 1813. In 1857, the county's boundary was reduced to its present size.

Early settlers were drawn to Washington County because of its abundant mineral resources. Lead, iron ore, zinc, barite, and silver have been mined in Washington County. The first metallic zinc made west of the Mississippi was smelted in Alex Anderson's furnace near Potosi (Goodspeed Publishing Company, 1889). Iron ore and barite have been extensively mined until recently (fig. 2). There are no active mining operations at this time.



Figure 2.—Abandoned barite mining operation in an area of Tiff gravelly clay, 1 to 20 percent slopes, very rocky.

#### Physiographic and Geologic Occurrences

James Brown, geologist, Department of Natural Resources, Geological Survey and Resource Assessment Division, helped prepare this section.

#### **Physiography**

Washington County is part of the Interior Highlands Division, Ozark Plateau Province, Springfield-Salem plateaus section. It has a variety of landforms, surface features, geologic formations, structural complexities, and mineralized trends.

Streams typically flow to the north, away from the St. Francois Mountains and the Ozark Dome. Tributaries of the Meramec River drain to the west and tributaries of the Big River drain to the east. Approximately 800 acres in the southeastern corner

of the county drains into the St. Francis River. Flood plains of the Meramec and Big Rivers and their tributaries are the most naturally fertile soils in the county. Sandy and silty deposits dominate the Meramec and Big Rivers with the major soils being Freeburg, Gabriel, Haymond, Horsecreek, Kaintuck, and Sturkie. The small flood plains have gravelly materials that form continuous beds. Bloomsdale and Cedargap soils formed in these materials.

Pruitt Mountain is the highest point in the county at 1,582 feet mean sea level. The lowest point is near the confluence of Mineral Fork and Big River at 550 feet mean sea level. While the total relief is approximately 1,030 feet, local relief commonly exceeds 200 feet.

Igneous rocks of the Precambrian era are exposed as isolated ridges and pinnacles along the southern

edge of the county and northwest of Shirley, Missouri, near Little Pilot Knob (Floyd Tower), Flint Hill, and Litton Hill.

The majority of the county is underlain by sedimentary rocks of the Paleozoic era. Many periods of uplift and erosion have created an irregular topography on the ancient igneous surface prior to deposition of the sedimentary rocks. The Paleozoic strata of the Cambrian and Ordovician systems have been similarly subjected to erosion and deep weathering. Streams and rivers have removed much of the residual and colluvial materials in the valleys. Thick and variable surficial materials occur on much of the uplands and were extensively utilized and developed for their associated mineral deposits. Some loess materials are present on ridges and as colluvial/alluvial deposits near headwaters and small tributaries of some streams.

Fault systems, grabens, and zones of complex structural deformation indicate that basement block tectonism has moved upward through the sedimentary rocks (Kaiser and Ohmoto, 1987). Fractures, brecciation, and solution that collapse along numerous structures are the plumbing and precursor to host the hydrothermal brines and fluids that deposited ores and gangue minerals of the Mississippi Valley-type deposits (Heyl, 1987). Solution weathering along structural features has created numerous springs, fens, caves, and related karst examples throughout the county and in adjacent counties. Data records at the Geological Survey and Resource Assessment Division show that over 75 caves and 100 springs are known to be present in Washington County.

Washington County is divided into several distinct physiographic regions. These regions have landscape shapes controlled by separate geologic units with variable bedding thickness, weatherability, and time of deposition. They vary from igneous mountains to narrow ridgetops with steep hills and narrow valleys to gently rolling uplands. There is an association of soils that dominate each area.

The Belgrade Valley consists of rolling and partially dissected basin with low hills and broad ridges adjacent to the upper Big River. Aaron and Caneyville are the dominant soil types.

The igneous areas in Washington County consist of isolated knobs that originate in Iron County. Steep, long, rocky wooded slopes dominate these uplands. Irondale, Frenchmill, and Taumsauk are the major soils.

The Potosi Formation, where barite was mined, is located in the southwestern and eastern parts of the

county. The major soils are Gravois on the ridges, Goss on the side slopes, and Tiff in mined areas.

Eminence, Gasconade, and Roubidoux geologies characteristically have narrow ridges and steep rocky side slopes that dominate the remaining areas of the county. The major soils are Goss, Hildebrecht, and Yelton on the ridges and Alred, Rueter, and Sonsac on the side slopes.

#### Geology

The Precambrian rocks exposed in Washington County are typically ash-flow tuffs related to caldera collapse events (Pratt and others, 1979). Most of the igneous rocks are rhyolitic in composition. Locally, these are called porphyry and traprock (fig. 3). Paleozoic rocks overlie the eroded Precambrian igneous terrain. During the late Cambrian period, alluvial-fluvial sands and gravel were deposited on the flanks of the St. Francois Mountains followed by carbonate-dominated marine sediments.

The Upper Cambrian sequence in Washington County comprises six formations, in ascending order—Lamotte Sandstone, Bonneterre Formation, Davis Formation, Derby-Doe Run Dolomite, Potosi Dolomite, and Eminence Dolomite. Two Lower Ordovician strata are present in the county. They are the Gasconade Dolomite and Roubidoux Formation. Quaternary-Pleistocene deposits of loess are present on some upland ridges.

#### Stratigraphy

The Lamotte Sandstone is the lowermost sedimentary unit, comprised of non-marine quartzose sand, arkose, and conglomerate overlain by marine sediments. The formation may locally contain some dolostone near the top of the unit. Thickness is extremely variable (0 to 400 feet), and abrupt changes in character are common along faults.

The Bonneterre Formation consists of interbedded carbonates (limestones and dolostones), shales, and thin sandstones-siltstones. Dolostone and brecciated zones of the Bonneterre are the primary host-rock for the Mississippi Valley-type lead-zinc-copper deposits of southeast Missouri. The formation thickness varies from 320 to 400 feet.

The Davis Formation is a series of shales with interbedded limestone, dolostone, minor sandstone, and glauconite. Thickness is approximately 180 feet.

The Derby-Doe Run Dolomite consists of non-cherty dolostone with minor shale, silt, and fine-grained glauconite. Cross-bedding is common in the thicker dolostones. Thickness varies from 90 to 120 feet.



Figure 3.—The Devils Honeycomb, atop Hughes Mountain, in an area of Rock outcrop-Taumsauk complex, 3 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony, is a unique example of polygonal jointing in the Precambrian rhyolite.

The Potosi Dolomite is typically dolostone with locally abundant quartz druse (very fine quartz crystals), chalcedony, chert, and barite. This formation is the principal host-rock for the extensive barite mineralization in the county. Thickness varies from 220 to 370 feet.

The Eminence Dolomite consists of non-cherty dolostone with minor clay and shale seams. The upper part of the formation is thin-bedded and sandy with shale interbeds. Thickness ranges from 120 to 200 feet.

The Gasconade Dolomite is typically cherty dolostone with oolites and reef structures. The basal portion of the formation is known as the Gunter

Sandstone Member. In Washington County, it is a sandy dolostone, often poorly developed and inconspicuous. The formation is sometimes separated into upper and lower units. The upper unit is typically a 40 to 80 feet thick dolostone with minor sand and chert lenses. The lower unit is commonly 160 to 200 feet thick with an increased amount of chert lenses and interbeds. A silicified, stromatolitic dolostone (cryptozoan reef) is located at the top of the lower unit. Total thickness is approximately 250 feet.

The Roubidoux Formation consists of interbedded quartz sandstone, dolostone, and chert with minor oolites. Sandstone beds typically have cross-bedding, ripple marks, and mudcrack fillings. It is present on

the upland ridges and along fault/structural boundaries. It is not fully exposed in the county, but thickness can be up to 200 feet.

The Quaternary-Pleistocene is represented by Upper Wisconsinan Stage loess deposits (Wagner, 1973). Loess materials have been eroded and redeposited on some lower slopes and tributaries as alluvium and colluvium.

#### **Structures and Tectonics**

Several major structural trends and fault systems exist in Washington County. The intense deformation and movement in Precambrian rocks caused numerous fault-bounded blocks (grabens and horsts) to form adjacent to and within the county. They have not been extensively defined and correlated due to the complex regional associations and lack of detailed mapping for portions of the county.

The Ste. Genevieve Fault System trends northwest by southeast through the northeastern part of the county. The Palmer Fault System extends east to west across the southern portion of the county. The Mineral Point Fault System is a similar trend that is located between the Ste. Genevieve and Palmer Fault zones. It consists of several east-west trending elongate grabens and has been extended to the northwest to join the Arnault Branch Fault Complex. Big River Fault System trends northeast to southwest through the southeastern part of the county. It branches and merges with portions of the Ste. Genevieve, Mineral Point, and Palmer Fault complexes.

Numerous other faults and structures exist and have been described by various workers. A revision to McCrackens' 1971 publication, Structural Features of Missouri, is in progress and should help the interested reader to better understand the tectonic relationships of the region.

#### Hydrogeology

Washington County has two major regional aquifers, the St. Francois and Ozark, separated by the St. Francois confining unit. The Davis Formation and the Derby-Doe Run Dolomite are approximately 300 feet thick and comprise the strata which act as a barrier separating the two aquifers. The Lamotte Sandstone and Bonneterre Formation have a combined thickness that varies from 0 to 800 feet and are the geologic units of the semi-confined St. Francois aquifer. The Potosi, Eminence, Gasconade, and Roubidoux Formations comprise the unconfined Ozark aquifer and have a total thickness of approximately 900 feet.

Where erosion and faulting have exposed portions of the aquifers to the surface water regime, ground water becomes surface water and vice-versa.

Solution weathering and fractures create local channels and conduits within the aquifers, which affect both recharge and discharge. They also impact and influence the amount of water available to open boreholes, shafts, and excavations. The Ozark aquifer is a relatively open system that can be readily influenced by nature and man. In the past, pumping to dewater mining excavations has been a major influence on some portions of the aquifers, but such activities have ceased in recent years.

Large underground reservoirs in the abandoned mines may provide storage and/or pumping resources for energy/public utilities. Water yields to wells in the St. Francois aquifer vary from 10 to 100 gallons per minute. The Ozark aquifer typically yields water 50 to 1,000 gallons per minute depending on the number of formations intercepted by the well.

#### **How This Survey Was Made**

This survey was made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The information includes a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location and a discussion of their suitability, limitations, and management for specified uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They dug many holes to study the soil profile, which is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area are in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept or model of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for

laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Table 1.--Temperature and Precipitation
(Recorded in the period 1961-1990 at Steelville, Missouri)

	[ [			[emperature			   	p·	recipit	ation	
	2 years in				 I	2 years in 10					
	l I	i i	 	2 year:   10 will 1		   Average					
Month		  Average	   }		I	number of	•			number of	   }********
MOIICII		daily		l Maximum	l Minimum	growing	Average	l Less	,	days with	
		daily  minimum							,		
	maximum	minimum	 		temperature   lower			tnan	tnan	0.10 inch	
			 	higher than	lower   than	days*			 	or more	
	l °F	ļ	 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
	<u>~F</u>	<u>°F</u>	<u>~F</u>	<u>°F</u>	<u>°</u> F	<u>Units</u>	<u>In</u> 	<u>In</u>	<u>In</u> 	 	I <u>n</u>
January	41.0	1 15.8	28.4	   72	   -16	   5	1.87	0.71	2.95	   4	4.8
February	46.1	19.9	33.0	   77	   -13	   11	2.24	1.01	   3.29	   4	4.2
March	   57.4	   29.5	   43.4 	   85 	   1	   68 	   3.41	   2.02	   4.65 	   7	   2.4
April	   69.8	   39.8	   54.8	   92	   17	   212 	   3.77	2.18	   5.19	   6	0.1
May	   78.0	   48.8	   63.4 	   92 	   27 	   416 	   4.48	2.44	   6.28 	   7	0.0
June	84.7	57.3	   71.0	   97	   38	   622	3.51	1.86	   5.19	   6	0.0
July	90.2	62.5	   76.4	   102	   45	   812	3.64	1.59	   5.38	   5	0.0
August	88.2	   60.5	   74.3	   103	   43	   754	   3.55	1.92	   4.99	   5	0.0
September	   80.4	   52.6	   66.5	   96 	   30	   499 	   3.48	1.53	   5.15 	   5 	0.0
October	69.6	   39.8	   54.7	   89	   19	   206	   3.28	1.85	   4.55	   5	0.0
November	   57.5	   30.9	   44.2 	   81 	   7	   64 	   3.33	   1.42	   4.95 	   5 	0.7
December	   44.3 	   20.6 	   32.5 	   73 	   -12 	   12 	   2.77 	1.13	   4.15 	   5 	3.3
Yearly: Average	       67.3	       39.8	       53.5			   	   		   	   	
Extreme	   111	   -31	 	   104	   -21	 	 	 	 	! !	 
Total	 	 	 	 	 	   3,681 	   39.33	  22.57 	   48.41 	   64 	   15.6
	J		L	L	l	L		L			L

<sup>\*</sup> A growing degree day is a unit of heat available for plant growth. It can be calculated by adding the maximum and minimum daily temperatures, dividing the sum by 2, and subtracting the temperature below which growth is minimal for the principal crops in the area (50 degrees F).

Table 2.--Freeze Dates in Spring and Fall
(Recorded in the period 1961-90 at Steelville, Missouri)

	  Temperature						
Probability	l		l				
	24 <sup>0</sup>	F	28 <sup>O</sup> F		32 °	F	
	or low	er	or lowe	r	or low	er	
	ļ		<u> </u>				
Last freezing	 		 				
temperature	l I		¦				
in spring:	I I		¦				
in spring.	! 		i				
1 year in 10	İ		i				
later than	April	23	May	6	May	21	
	ĺ		ĺ				
2 years in 10							
later than	April	18	May	1	May	16	
			l				
5 years in 10							
later than	April	9	April	21	May	5	
=1			ļ				
First freezing temperature	  -						
in fall:	l I		! !				
III IaII:	l I		! !				
1 year in 10	! 		! !				
earlier than	ı   October	5	   Septembe	r 26	   Septemb	er 18	
2 years in 10	İ		İ				
earlier than	October	12	October	1	Septemb	er 23	
	ĺ		ĺ				
5 years in 10							
earlier than	October	24	October	11	October	3	
	l		l				

Table 3.--Growing Season

(Recorded in the period 1961-90 at Steelville,
Missouri)

į	Daily minimum temperature							
ļ_	during growing season							
Probability								
	Higher	Higher	Higher					
	than	than	than					
ļ	24 °F	28 <sup>O</sup> F	32 <sup>O</sup> F					
	Days	Days	Days					
9 years in 10	170	148	127					
8 years in 10	179	1 156	135					
5 years in 10	196	1 171	149					
2 years in 10	213	1 187	164					
1 year in 10	222	195	172					

## **General Soil Map Units**

The general soil map in this publication shows broad areas that have a distinctive pattern of soils, relief, and drainage. These broad areas are called associations. Each association on the general soil map is a unique natural landscape. Typically, it consists of one or more major soils or miscellaneous areas and some minor soils or miscellaneous areas. It is named for the major soils or miscellaneous areas. The components of one association can occur in another but in a different pattern.

The general soil map can be used to compare the suitability of large areas for general land uses. Areas of suitable soils can be identified on the map. Likewise, areas where the soils are not suitable can be identified.

Because of its small scale, the map is not suitable for planning the management of a farm or field or for selecting a site for a road or building or other structure. The soils in any one association differ from place to place in slope, depth, drainage, and other characteristics that affect management.

The descriptions, names, and delineations of the soils on the general soil map of this survey do not fully agree with those on the general soil map of surveys of adjacent counties published at a different date. Differences may be the result of additional soil data, variations in the intensity of mapping, and correlation decisions that reflect local conditions.

#### **Soil Descriptions**

#### 1. Cedargap-Razort Association

Extent of the association in the survey area: 8 percent of the survey area

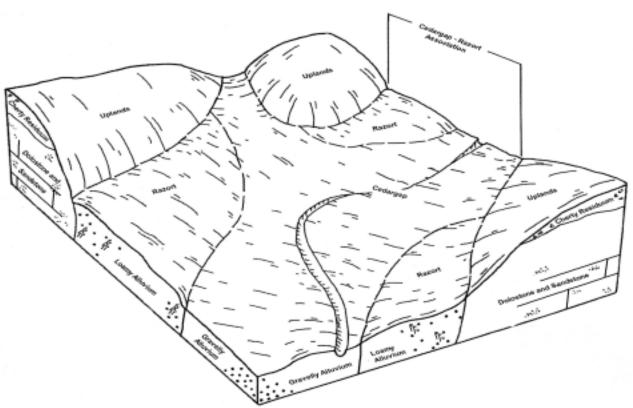


Figure 4.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Cedargap-Razort association.

#### Composition:

Cedargap and similar soils—81 percent Razort and similar soils—12 percent Minor soils—7 percent (Higdon)

#### Landscape:

Cedargap—flood plains Razort—stream terraces (fig. 4)

#### Parent materials:

Alluvium

#### Slope gradient:

0 to 5 percent

#### Slope configuration:

Linear and simple

#### 2. Rueter-Sonsac-Useful Association

#### Extent of the association in the survey area:

52 percent of the survey area

#### Composition:

Rueter and similar soils—51 percent Sonsac and similar soils—25 percent Useful and similar soils—14 percent Minor soils—10 percent (Cedargap, Hildebrecht, and Moko)

#### Landscape:

Rueter—ridgetops and upper side slopes
Sonsac—step down ridgetops and lower side slopes

Useful—side slopes and ridgetops (fig. 5)

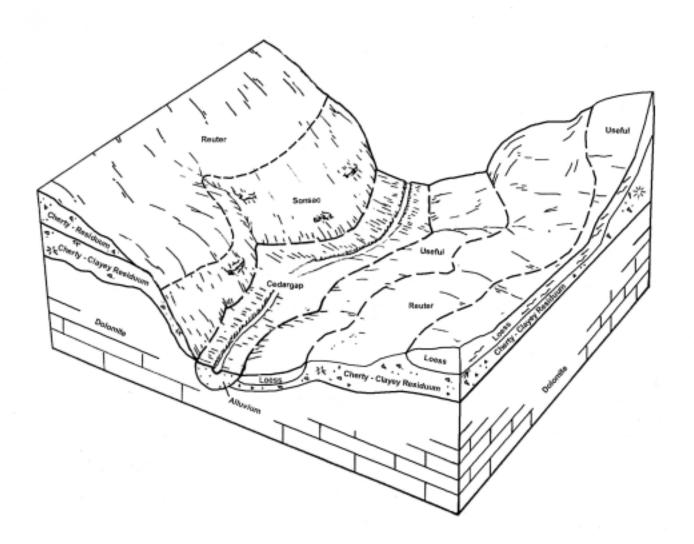


Figure 5.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Rueter-Sonsac-Useful association.

#### Parent materials:

Loess and residuum

#### Slope gradient:

3 to 40 percent

#### Slope configuration:

Convex and complex

## 3. Irondale-Taumsauk-Frenchmill-Rock outcrop Association

#### Extent of the association in the survey area:

2 percent of the survey area

#### Composition:

Irondale and similar soils—45 percent Taumsauk and similar soils—20 percent Frenchmill and similar soils—17 percent Rock outcrop—11 percent Minor soils—7 percent (Fourche)

#### Landscape:

Irondale—ridgetops and side slopes
Taumsauk—ridgetops and side slopes
Frenchmill—lower side slopes
Rock outcrop—ridgetops and steep side slopes
(fig. 6)

#### Parent materials:

Rhyolite residuum

#### Slope gradient:

3 to 60 percent

#### Slope configuration:

Convex and complex

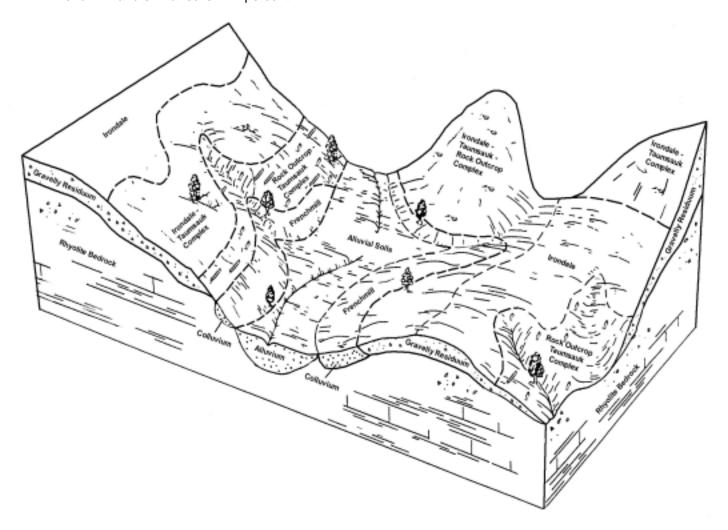


Figure 6.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Irondale-Taumsauk-Frenchmill-Rock outcrop association.

#### 4. Lily-Bender-Lecoma Association

#### Extent of the association in the survey area:

1 percent of the survey area

#### Composition:

Lily and similar soils—63 percent Bender and similar soils—18 percent Lecoma and similar soils—11 percent Minor soils—8 percent (Cedargap)

#### Landscape:

Lily—ridgetops and side slopes Bender—side slopes Lecoma—footslopes (fig. 7)

#### Parent materials:

Lamotte sandstone residuum

#### Slope gradient:

3 to 35 percent

#### Slope configuration:

Convex and complex

## 5. Caneyville-Gatewood-Aaron-Courtois Association

#### Extent of the association in the survey area:

7 percent of the survey area



Figure 7.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Lily-Bender-Lecoma association.

#### Composition:

Caneyville and similar soils—38 percent
Gatewood and similar soils—13 percent
Aaron and similar soils—12 percent
Courtois and similar soils—10 percent
Minor components—27 percent (Goss, Gravois, and Moko)

#### Landscape:

Caneyville—ridgetops and side slopes Gatewood—ridgetops and side slopes Aaron—ridgetops and side slopes Courtois—ridgetops and side slopes (fig. 8)

#### Parent materials:

Loess and residuum

#### Slope gradient:

3 to 50 percent

#### Slope configuration:

Convex and complex

#### 6. Goss-Gravois Association

#### Extent of the association in the survey area:

13 percent of the survey area

#### Composition:

Goss and similar soils—81 percent Gravois and similar soils—15 percent Minor soils—4 percent (Sonsac)

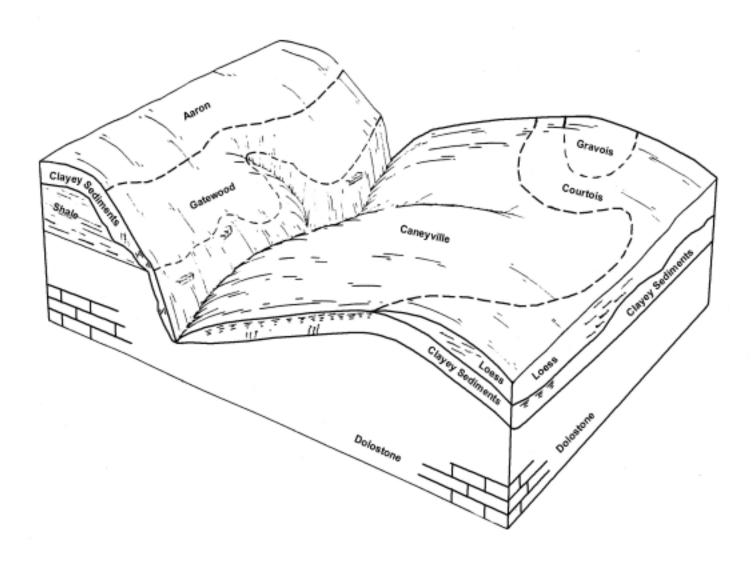


Figure 8.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Caneyville-Gatewood-Aaron-Courtois association.

#### Landscape:

Goss—ridgetops and side slopes Gravois—ridgetops (fig. 9)

#### Parent materials:

Loess and residuum

#### Slope gradient:

3 to 50 percent

#### Slope configuration:

Convex and complex

#### 7. Gravois-Goss Association

#### Extent of the association in the survey area:

7 percent of the survey area

#### Composition:

Gravois and similar soils—72 percent Goss and similar soils—25 percent Minor soils—3 percent (Cedargap and Sonsac)

#### Landscape:

Gravois—ridgetops and side slopes Goss—side slopes (fig. 10)

#### Parent materials:

Loess and residuum

#### Slope gradient:

3 to 50 percent slopes

#### Slope configuration:

Convex and complex

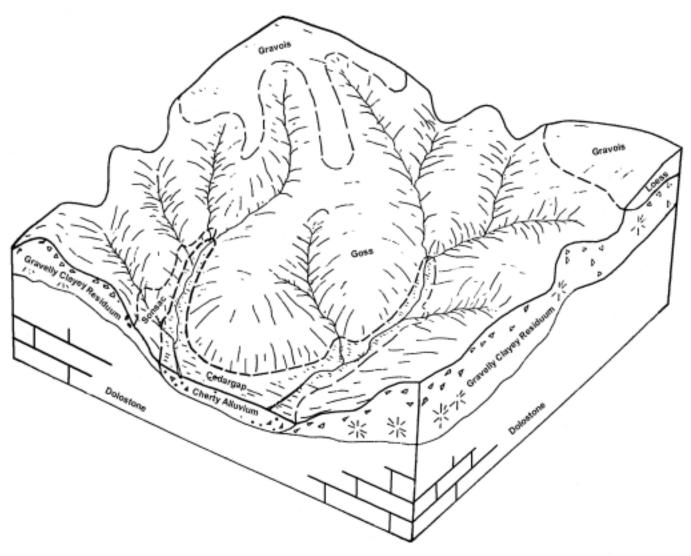


Figure 9.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Goss-Gravois association.

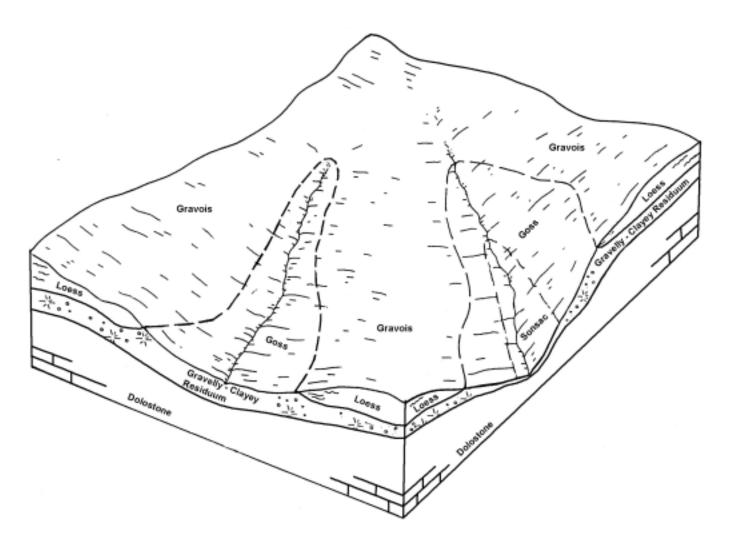


Figure 10.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Gravois-Goss association.

#### 8. Coulstone-Bender-Yelton Association

#### Extent of the association in the survey area:

6 percent of the survey area

#### Composition:

Coulstone and similar soils—40 percent Bender and similar soils—36 percent Yelton and similar soils—12 percent Minor soils—12 percent (Bloomsdale and Viburnum)

#### Landscape:

Coulstone—side slopes Bender—ridgetops and side slopes Yelton—ridgetops (fig. 11)

#### Parent materials:

Loess and Roubidoux sandstone residuum

#### Slope gradient:

3 to 35 percent slopes

#### Slope configuration:

Convex and complex

#### 9. Tiff Association

#### Extent of the association in the survey area:

4 percent of the survey area

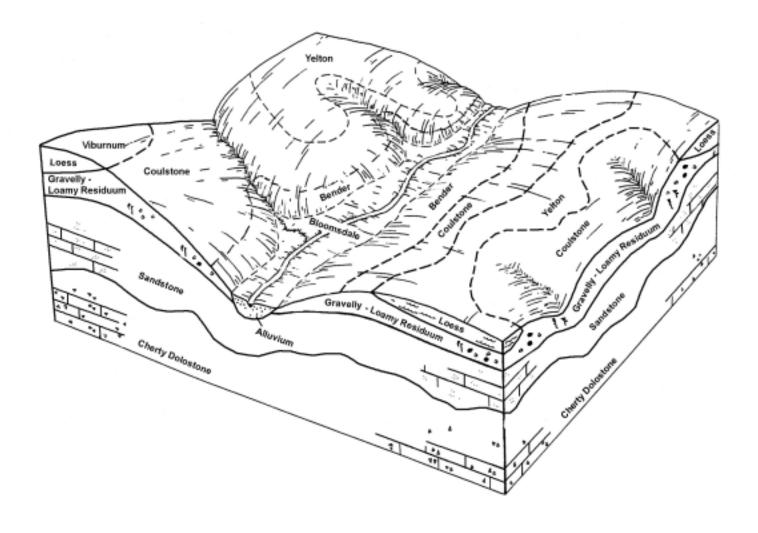


Figure 11.—Typical pattern of soils and parent material in the Coulstone-Bender-Yelton association.

#### Composition:

Tiff and similar soils—94 percent Minor soils—6 percent (Gravois)

#### Landscape:

Ridgetops and side slopes

#### Parent materials:

Residuum

#### Slope gradient:

1 to 20 percent slopes

#### Slope configuration:

Convex and complex

### **Detailed Soil Map Units**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in this survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this section, along with the maps, can be used to determine the suitability and potential of a unit for specific uses. They also can be used to plan the management needed for those uses.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. The contrasting components are mentioned in the map unit descriptions. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives the principal hazards and limitations to be considered in planning for specific uses.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Gravois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, is a phase of the Gravois series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes. A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Lily-Yelton complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes, is an example.

This survey includes *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Mine tailings is an example.

Table 4 gives the acreage and proportionate extent of each map unit. Other tables give properties of the

soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. The Glossary defines many of the terms used in describing the soils or miscellaneous areas.

#### **Soil Descriptions**

## 66014—Haymond silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plain

Position on the landform: Flood plain Parent material: Coarse-silty alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### **Composition**

Haymond and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Kaintuck and similar soils—adjacent to stream channels

Sturkie and similar soils—higher backwater areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Low Flooding: Frequent Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bw—6 to 41 inches; silt loam

2C-41 to 80 inches; fine sandy loam

## 70028—Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Moko-backslope and

summit; Rock outcrop—backslope

Parent material: Moko—residuum weathered from

dolostone; Rock outcrop—no data

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Moko and similar soils—80 percent Rock outcrop—15 percent Minor components—5 percent Caneyville and similar soils—north aspects and more stable areas

Sonsac and similar soils—saddles and more stable areas

Useful and similar soils—more stable areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moko-very shallow and shallow (4

to 20 inches); Rock outcrop-no data

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:
Moko—0.10 to 3.0 (subrounded stones); Rock

outcrop—no data

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): Moko—4

to 20 inches; Rock outcrop-no data

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Moko-well drained; Rock

outcrop—none

#### Typical Profile

#### Moko

A1—0 to 3 inches; gravelly loam A2—3 to 8 inches; very gravelly loam

R-8 to 60 inches; bedrock

## 73012—Gravois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Shoulder and summit Parent material: Fine-silty loess over residuum

weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Gravois and similar soils—90 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Crider and similar soils—ridge ends and convex areas

Goss and similar soils—shoulders and narrow

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High

Depth to restrictive feature (dense material): 18 to 40

inches Flooding: None

Water table: 18 to 36 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt—6 to 25 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—25 to 35 inches; silty clay loam

3Bt1—35 to 50 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam

4Bt2—50 to 80 inches; very cobbly clay

## 73035—Gravois silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over residuum

weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Gravois and similar soils—90 percent
Minor components—10 percent
Goss and similar soils—shoulders and along
drains

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High

Depth to restrictive feature (dense material): 18 to 40

inches Floodina: None

Water table: 18 to 36 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt—6 to 25 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—25 to 35 inches; silty clay loam

3Bt1—35 to 50 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam

4Bt2—50 to 80 inches; very cobbly clay

## 73039—Glensted silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Summit

Parent material: Clayey loess over residuum weathered from cherty dolostone and shale

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Glensted and similar soils—90 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Aaron and similar soils—lower ridge ends Gravois and similar soils—convex areas Useful and similar soils—lower ridge ends

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High

Depth to restrictive feature (abrupt textural change): 6

to 19 inches Flooding: None

Water table: 6 to 18 inches Drainage class: Poorly drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 9 inches; silt loam Btg1—9 to 14 inches; silty clay 2Btg2—14 to 33 inches; silty clay 2Cg—33 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## 73046—Wrengart silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Summit

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over residuum

weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Wrengart and similar soils— 90 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Hildebrecht and similar soils—narrow ridges and

ridge ends

Rueter and similar soils—shoulders and knobs

Useful and similar soils—ridge ends

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High

Depth to restrictive feature (dense material): 20 to 40

inches Flooding: None

Water table: 24 to 42 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt—6 to 26 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—26 to 45 inches; silt loam

3Bt1—45 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly silty clay

4Bt2—60 to 80 inches; gravelly silty clay

#### 73052—Lily loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Shoulder and summit Parent material: Fine-loamy residuum weathered from

sandstone Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Lily and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Bender and similar soils—ridge ends and narrow

Very deep soils—center of wider ridges

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): 20 to 40

inches Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A-0 to 5 inches; loam E-5 to 9 inches: loam Bt-9 to 24 inches; loam R-24 to 80 inches; bedrock

#### 73053—Lily-Bender complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Lily—fine-loamy residuum weathered from sandstone; Bender-residuum weathered

from sandstone Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Lily and similar soils-45 percent Bender and similar soils—40 percent Minor components—15 percent

Coulstone and similar soils—shoulders and north aspects

Yelton and similar soils—center of wider ridges

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff: High

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

Lily—0; Bender—0.01 to 0.10 (subrounded

stones)

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): 20 to 40

inches Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Lily—well drained;

Bender—somewhat excessively drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Lily

Ap—0 to 3 inches; loam Bt1-3 to 15 inches; loam

Bt2—15 to 21 inches; gravelly loam

2R—21 to 60 inches; bedrock

#### Bender

Ap—0 to 4 inches; very cobbly fine sandy loam Bt1—4 to 12 inches; very cobbly fine sandy loam Bt2—12 to 23 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam 2R—23 to 60 inches; bedrock

#### 73066—Bender very cobbly fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Summit and shoulder Parent material: Residuum weathered from

sandstone Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Bender and similar soils—85 percent

Minor components—15 percent

Coulstone and similar soils—shoulders and knobs

Lilv and similar soils—saddles

Tonti and similar soils—center of wider ridges Yelton and similar soils—center of wider ridges

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

0.01 to 0.10 (subrounded stones)

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): 20 to 40 inches

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 4 inches; very cobbly fine sandy loam BE—4 to 12 inches; very cobbly fine sandy loam Bt—12 to 23 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

2R—23 to 60 inches; bedrock

## 73067—Bender-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Bender—residuum weathered from

sandstone; Rock outcrop—no data

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Bender and similar soils—70 percent

Rock outcrop—10 percent Minor components—20 percent

Coulstone and similar soils—lower backslopes

Lily and similar soils—north slopes

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Bender-moderately deep (20 to

40 inches); Rock outcrop-no data

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

Bender—0.10 to 3.0 (subrounded stones); Rock

outcrop—no data

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic):

Bender—20 to 40 inches; Rock outcrop—no data

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Bender—somewhat excessively

drained; Rock outcrop-none

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 4 inches; very cobbly fine sandy loam BE—4 to 12 inches; very cobbly fine sandy loam Bt—12 to 23 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam 2R—23 to 60 inches; bedrock

## 73089—Rueter very gravelly silt loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over residuum

weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Rueter and similar soils—85 percent

Minor components—15 percent

Gravois and similar soils—north slopes Sonsac and similar soils—lower backslopes

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Medium

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

0.10 to 3.0 (subrounded stones)

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam E—3 to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt1—14 to 45 inches; extremely cobbly loam 2Bt2—45 to 80 inches; extremely cobbly clay

## 73159—Yelton silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Shoulder and summit Parent material: Loess over colluvium derived from

sandstone
Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Yelton and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Bender and similar soils—shoulders on south aspects

Coulstone and similar soils—shoulders on north aspects and knobs

Lily and similar soils—saddles and narrow ridge ends

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Medium

Depth to restrictive feature (fragipan): 18 to 27 inches

Flooding: None

Water table: 18 to 24 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 3 inches; silt loam E—3 to 8 inches; silt loam Bt—8 to 19 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx—19 to 38 inches; loam 3Bt—38 to 65 inches; loam

## 73162—Alred-Rueter complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over residuum

weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Alred and similar soils—50 percent

Rueter and similar soils—35 percent

Minor components—15 percent

Gravois and similar soils—north aspects

Sonsac and similar soils—lower backslopes

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Alred—very high; Rueter—medium

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

0.10 to 3.0 (subrounded stones)

Depth to restrictive feature: Alred—strongly

contrasting textural stratification (15 to 39 inches);

Rueter—none Flooding: None

Water table: None

Drainage class: Alred—well drained;

Rueter—somewhat excessively drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Alred

A—0 to 7 inches; very gravelly loam E—7 to 15 inches; very gravelly loam Bt1—15 to 21 inches; very gravelly loam 2Bt2—21 to 80 inches; cobbly clay

#### Rueter

A—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam E—3 to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt1—14 to 45 inches; extremely cobbly loam 2Bt2—45 to 80 inches; extremely cobbly clay

## 73166—Viburnum-Tonti complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Viburnum—summit;

Tonti-shoulder

Parent material: Viburnum—loess over residuum

weathered from dolostone; Tonti—colluvium over

residuum weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Viburnum—linear; Tonti—convex

#### Composition

Viburnum and similar soils—50 percent

Tonti and similar soils—35 percent

Minor components—15 percent

Hildebrecht and similar soils—center of wider

ridges

Rueter and similar soils—knobs and shoulders

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature (fragipan):

Viburnum—none; Tonti—18 to 25 inches

Flooding: None

Water table: Viburnum—18 to 30 inches; Tonti—18 to

24 inches

Drainage class: Viburnum—somewhat poorly drained;

Tonti—moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Viburnum

A-0 to 4 inches; silt loam

BE-4 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 13 inches; silty clay loam

2Bt2—13 to 20 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

3Bt3—20 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

#### Tonti

A-0 to 3 inches; silt loam

BE-3 to 9 inches; silt loam

Bt-9 to 23 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx—23 to 44 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

3Bt-44 to 61 inches; very gravelly clay

## 73173—Lily-Yelton complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Shoulder and summit Parent material: Lily—fine-loamy residuum weathered from sandstone: Yelton—loess over colluvium

derived from sandstone Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Lily and similar soils—40 percent Yelton and similar soils—40 percent Minor components—20 percent

Bender and similar soils—south shoulders and heads of drains

Coulstone and similar soils—north shoulders

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Lily—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches); Yelton—very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature: Lily—bedrock (lithic)--20 to 40 inches; Yelton—fragipan--18 to 27 inches

Flooding: None

Water table: Lily-none; Yelton-18 to 24 inches

Drainage class: Lily—well drained; Yelton—moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Lily

A-0 to 3 inches; fine sandy loam

E—3 to 8 inches; loam Bt1—8 to 15 inches; loam

Bt2—15 to 21 inches; gravelly loam C—21 to 23 inches; gravelly loam R—23 to 60 inches; bedrock

#### Yelton

Ap—0 to 3 inches; silt loam E—3 to 8 inches; silt loam Bt—8 to 19 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—19 to 38 inches; loam 3Bt—38 to 65 inches; loam

## 73174—Lily-Yelton complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Lily—fine-loamy residuum weathered from sandstone; Yelton—loess over colluvium derived from sandstone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Lily and similar soils—40 percent Yelton and similar soils—40 percent Minor components—20 percent

Bender and similar soils—south shoulders and heads of drains

Coulstone and similar soils—north shoulders

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Lily—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches); Yelton—very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature: Lily—bedrock (lithic)--20 to 40 inches; Yelton—fragipan--18 to 27 inches

Flooding: None

Water table: Lily-none; Yelton-18 to 24 inches

Drainage class: Lily—well drained; Yelton—moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Lily

A—0 to 3 inches; fine sandy loam

E—3 to 8 inches; loam Bt1—8 to 15 inches; loam

Bt2—15 to 21 inches; gravelly loam C—21 to 23 inches; gravelly loam R—23 to 60 inches; bedrock

#### Yelton

Ap—0 to 3 inches; silt loam E—3 to 8 inches; silt loam Bt—8 to 19 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—19 to 38 inches; loam 3Bt—38 to 65 inches; loam

## 73200—Sonsac gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Summit

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over residuum

weathered from cherty dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Sonsac and similar soils—80 percent

Minor components—20 percent

Caneyville and similar soils—north aspects

Goss and similar soils—knobs

Moko and similar soils—south aspects and

shoulders

Useful and similar soils—north aspects and wider

ridges

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

0.10 to 3.0 (subrounded stones)

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): 20 to 40

inches
Flooding: None
Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam E—3 to 8 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt1—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt2—11 to 32 inches; very gravelly clay

2R-32 to 60 inches; bedrock

## 73201—Sonsac gravelly silt loam, 15 to 40 percent slopes, very stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over residuum

weathered from cherty dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Sonsac and similar soils—80 percent

Minor components—20 percent

Caneyville and similar soils—north aspects
Goss and similar soils—upper backslopes
Moko and similar soils—south aspects and
steeper areas adjacent to streams

Ocie and similar soils—north aspects

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

0.10 to 3.0 (subrounded stones)

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): 20 to 40

inches Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam

E—3 to 8 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt1—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt2—11 to 32 inches; very gravelly clay

2R-32 to 60 inches: bedrock

## 73210—Goss very cobbly silt loam, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over residuum

weathered from cherty dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Goss and similar soils—80 percent Minor components—20 percent

/illior components—20 percent

Crider and similar soils—north aspects
Sonsac and similar soils—lower backslopes and

steeper areas adjacent to streams

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: 3

to 15 (subangular stones)

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 3 inches; very cobbly silt loam E—3 to 9 inches; very gravelly silt loam

2Bt-9 to 80 inches; very cobbly clay

## 73214—Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Moko—residuum weathered from

dolostone; Rock outcrop-no data

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Moko and similar soils—60 percent Rock outcrop—25 percent Minor components—15 percent

Caneyville and similar soils—north aspects Sonsac and similar soils—upper backslopes Useful and similar soils—north aspects

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moko—very shallow and shallow (4 to 20 inches); Rock outcrop—no data

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:
Moko—3 to 15 (subrounded stones); Rock
outcrop—no data

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): Moko—4 to 20 inches; Rock outcrop—no data

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Moko—well drained; Rock

outcrop-none

#### Typical Profile

A1-0 to 5 inches; gravelly loam

A2-5 to 10 inches; extremely channery silt loam

R-10 to 60 inches; bedrock

# 73215—Crider silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Summit

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over residuum

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Crider and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

Goss and similar soils—shoulders and knobs Gravois and similar soils—wider ridges

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Medium Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 11 inches; silt loam Bt1—11 to 37 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—37 to 60 inches; silty clay

# 73218—Tiff gravelly clay, 1 to 20 percent slopes, very rocky

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Residuum weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Tiff and similar soils—80 percent

Rock outcrop—3 percent

Minor components—17 percent

Goss and similar soils—non-truncated side

slopes

Gravois and similar soils—non-truncated ridges Sonsac and similar soils—lower side slopes and

steeper areas adjacent to streams

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Bt1—0 to 3 inches; gravelly clay Bt2—3 to 80 inches; very cobbly clay

# 73271—Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 50 to 90 percent slopes, extremely stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Moko—residuum weathered from

dolostone; Rock outcrop-no data

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Moko and similar soils—70 percent

Rock outcrop—15 percent Minor components—15 percent

Sonsac and similar soils—between rock ledges

Useful and similar soils—north aspects

Very deep soils—lower backslopes and small

footslopes

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moko-very shallow and shallow (4

to 20 inches); Rock outcrop-no data

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

Moko—3 to 15 (subrounded stones); Rock

outcrop—no data

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): Moko-4

to 20 inches; Rock outcrop—no data

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Moko—well drained; Rock

outcrop-none

#### Typical Profile

A-0 to 13 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

R-13 to 60 inches; bedrock

# 73272—Hildebrecht silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Shoulder and summit Parent material: Fine-silty loess over residuum

weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Hildebrecht and similar soils-90 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Rueter and similar soils—shoulders and knobs Useful and similar soils—narrower ridge ends

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High

Depth to restrictive feature (fragipan): 24 to 36 inches

Flooding: None

Water table: 18 to 24 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

A-0 to 4 inches; silt loam

E-4 to 9 inches; silt loam

Bt-9 to 26 inches; silty clay loam

2Btx—26 to 40 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam 3Bt—40 to 80 inches; extremely gravelly clay

# 73273—Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Coulstone—gravelly colluvium over sandy residuum weathered from sandstone; Bender—residuum weathered from sandstone

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Coulstone and similar soils—55 percent
Bender and similar soils—35 percent
Minor components—10 percent
Lily and similar soils—north aspects
Lithic soils—south aspects and steeper areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Coulstone—very deep (more than 60 inches); Bender—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: 3

to 15 (subangular stones)

adjacent to streams

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic):

Coulstone—61 to 80 inches; Bender—20 to 40

inches
Flooding: None
Water table: None

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Coulstone

A—0 to 4 inches; very gravelly fine sandy loam

E—4 to 24 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam and very gravelly fine sandy loam

Bt1—24 to 39 inches; very stony sandy loam 2Bt2—39 to 61 inches; gravelly sandy clay loam

2R-61 to 80 inches: bedrock

#### Bender

A-0 to 2 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

E—2 to 14 inches; extremely gravelly fine sandy loam

Bt—14 to 27 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

2R-27 to 80 inches; bedrock

# 73274—Scholten very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Shoulder and summit Parent material: Colluvium over residuum weathered

from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Scholten and similar soils—90 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Gravois and similar soils—wider more stable areas

Rueter and similar soils—steeper heads of drains

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature (fragipan): 18 to 27 inches

Flooding: None

Water table: 18 to 24 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

A-0 to 7 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt—7 to 21 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

2Btx—21 to 33 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

and gravelly clay loam

3Bt—33 to 63 inches; very gravelly clay and extremely gravelly clay

### 73275—Gravois-Goss complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Summit and shoulder Parent material: Gravois—fine-silty loess over residuum weathered from dolostone; Goss—gravelly colluvium over residuum weathered from cherty dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Gravois and similar soils—50 percent Goss and similar soils—40 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Crider and similar soils—similar landforms Hildebrecht and similar soils—similar landforms

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: High

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: Gravois—0; Goss—0.01 to 0.10 (subrounded stones)

Depth to restrictive feature (dense material): Gravois—18 to 40 inches; Goss—none

Flooding: None

Water table: Gravois—18 to 36 inches; Goss—none Drainage class: Gravois—Moderately well drained; Goss—well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### **Gravois**

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt—6 to 25 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—25 to 35 inches; silty clay loam

3Bt1—35 to 50 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam

4Bt2—50 to 80 inches; very cobbly clay

#### Goss

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam E—3 to 18 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt—18 to 80 inches; extremely gravelly clay

# 73276—Rueter-Hildebrecht complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Rueter-shoulder and

summit; Hildebrecht—summit

Parent material: Rueter—gravelly colluvium over residuum weathered from dolostone; Hildebrecht—fine-silty loess over residuum weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Rueter and similar soils—50 percent
Hildebrecht and similar soils—40 percent
Minor components—10 percent
Crider and similar soils—ridge ends
Gravois and similar soils—similar landforms

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches) Runoff: Rueter—medium; Hildebrecht—high Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: Rueter—0.01 to 0.10 (subrounded stones);

Hildebrecht—0

i ilidebi eci il—0

Depth to restrictive feature (fragipan): Rueter—none; Hildebrecht—24 to 36 inches

Flooding: None

Water table: Rueter—none; Hildebrecht—18 to 24 inches

Drainage class: Rueter—somewhat excessively drained; Hildebrecht—moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Rueter

A—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam E-3 to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt1—14 to 45 inches; extremely cobbly loam 2Bt2-45 to 80 inches; extremely cobbly clay

#### Hildebrecht

A-0 to 5 inches: silt loam Bt-5 to 25 inches; silty clay loam 2Btx—25 to 39 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam 3Bt-39 to 80 inches; very gravelly clay

### 73277—Goss gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Shoulder and summit Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over residuum

weathered from cherty dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Goss and similar soils—80 percent Minor components—20 percent Hildebrecht and similar soils-wider linear ridges Sonsac and similar soils—south-facing shoulders, saddles, and heads of drains

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

0.01 to 0.10 (subrounded stones)

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A-0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam E-3 to 18 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt—18 to 80 inches; extremely gravelly clay

### 73278—Rueter very gravelly silt loam, 35 to 65 percent slopes, very stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over residuum weathered from dolostone Slope shape: Convex

### Composition

Rueter and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent Non-skeletal soils—north aspects

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Medium

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

0.10 to 3.0 (subrounded stones)

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

### Typical Profile

A-0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam E-3 to 23 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt1—23 to 50 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt2—50 to 80 inches; gravelly clay loam

### 73279—Sonsac-Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Sonsac—gravelly colluvium over residuum weathered from cherty dolostone; Moko—residuum weathered from dolostone;

Rock outcrop—no data Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Sonsac and similar soils—45 percent Moko and similar soils—30 percent Rock outcrop—15 percent Minor components—10 percent Alred and similar soils—upper backslopes Caneyville and similar soils—north aspects

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Sonsac—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches); Moko-very shallow and shallow (4 to

20 inches); Rock outcrop—no data

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: Sonsac and Moko—3 to 15 (subangular stones);

Rock outcrop—no data

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic):

Sonsac—20 to 40 inches; Moko—4 to 20 inches;

Rock outcrop—no data

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Sonsac and Moko—well drained;

Rock outcrop—none

#### Typical Profile

#### Sonsac

A—0 to 3 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam E-3 to 6 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam Bt1—6 to 10 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam 2Bt2—10 to 32 inches; very gravelly clay 2R-32 to 60 inches: bedrock

#### Moko

A1—0 to 8 inches; very gravelly clay loam A2—8 to 14 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam R-14 to 60 inches: bedrock

### 73280—Alred very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony

#### Setting

Landform: Ridge

Position on the landform: Summit and shoulder Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over residuum

weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Alred and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent Gravois and similar soils—wider linear ridges Sonsac and similar soils—step-down ridge ends

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: 0.10 to 3.0 (subrounded stones)

Depth to restrictive feature (strongly contrasting textural stratification): 15 to 39 inches

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam E-3 to 15 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt1—15 to 21 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt2-21 to 80 inches; clay and gravelly clay

### 73282—Alred-Sonsac complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, very rocky

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Alred—gravelly colluvium over residuum weathered from dolostone; Sonsac—gravelly colluvium over residuum weathered from cherty dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Alred and similar soils-45 percent Sonsac and similar soils—40 percent Rock outcrop—5 percent Minor components—10 percent Gravois and similar soils—north aspects Moko and similar soils—steeper areas adjacent to streams Useful and similar soils—north aspects

### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Alred—very deep (more than 60 inches); Sonsac-moderately deep (20 to 40

inches)

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

0.10 to 3.0 (subrounded stones) Depth to restrictive feature: Alred—strongly

contrasting textural stratification--15 to 39 inches;

Sonsac—bedrock (lithic)--20 to 40 inches

Floodina: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Alred

A—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam E-3 to 15 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt1—15 to 21 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt2—21 to 80 inches; clay and gravelly clay

#### Sonsac

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam E-3 to 8 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt1—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt2—11 to 32 inches; very gravelly clay 2R-32 to 60 inches: bedrock

### 73283—Courtois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

dolostone Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Courtois and similar soils—90 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Caneyville and similar soils—lower backslopes

adjacent to streams

Gravois and similar soils—wider linear areas Hartville and similar soils—concave lower

backslopes

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Low Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 4 inches; silt loam

Bt1-4 to 13 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—13 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

### 73284—Courtois-Goss complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Courtois—loess over residuum weathered from dolostone; Goss—gravelly colluvium over residuum weathered from cherty

dolostone Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Courtois and similar soils—50 percent

Goss and similar soils—40 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Gravois and similar soils—wider linear ridges Sonsac and similar soils—steeper areas adjacent to streams

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Courtois—low; Goss—medium

Floodina: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Courtois

Ap-0 to 4 inches; silt loam BE-4 to 8 inches; silt loam

Bt1—8 to 24 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2-24 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam E-3 to 18 inches; very gravelly silt loam 2Bt—18 to 80 inches; extremely gravelly clay

### 73285—Useful-Courtois complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Summit

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Useful and similar soils—50 percent Courtois and similar soils—40 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Caneyville and similar soils—south aspects and

steeper heads of drains

Sonsac and similar soils—narrow ridges and

knobs

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Useful—deep (40 to 60 inches); Courtois—very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Useful-high; Courtois-low

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic):

Useful-40 to 59 inches; Courtois-none

Floodina: None

Water table: Useful—24 to 42 inches; Courtois—none Drainage class: Useful—moderately well drained;

Courtois—well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Useful

Ap-0 to 8 inches; silt loam

Bt1—8 to 13 inches: silt loam 2Bt2-13 to 47 inches; clay 2R-47 to 80 inches; bedrock

#### Courtois

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1-6 to 24 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2-24 to 80 inches; gravelly clay

### 73286—Useful-Courtois complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Useful and similar soils—50 percent Courtois and similar soils—40 percent Minor components—10 percent

> Caneyville and similar soils—south aspects and concave areas

> Moko and similar soils—steeper areas adjacent to streams

Sonsac and similar soils—ridge ends and knobs

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Useful—deep (40 to 60 inches); Courtois—very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): Useful—40 to 59 inches; Courtois—none

Floodina: None

Water table: Useful—24 to 42 inches; Courtois—none Drainage class: Useful—moderately well drained;

Courtois-well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Useful

Ap-0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1—6 to 12 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2-12 to 59 inches; silty clay 2R—59 to 80 inches: bedrock

#### Courtois

Ap-0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1—6 to 25 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2-25 to 80 inches; clay

### 73287—Useful-Sonsac complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, eroded

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Useful—backslope with

north aspects; Sonsac—backslope Parent material: Useful—loess over residuum weathered from dolostone: Sonsac—gravelly colluvium over residuum weathered from cherty

dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Useful and similar soils—50 percent Sonsac and similar soils—40 percent Minor components—10 percent

Caneyville and similar soils—heads of drains with north aspects

Courtois and similar soils—lower less sloping backslopes

Moko and similar soils—steeper areas adjacent to streams

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Useful—deep (40 to 60 inches); Sonsac—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: Useful-0; Sonsac-0.01 to 0.10 (subrounded stones)

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): Useful-40 to 59 inches; Sonsac-20 to 40 inches

Flooding: None

Water table: Useful—24 to 42 inches; Sonsac—none Drainage class: Useful—moderately well drained; Sonsac-well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Useful

Ap-0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1—6 to 12 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2-12 to 59 inches; silty clay 2R-59 to 80 inches; bedrock

#### Sonsac

A-0 to 4 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2-4 to 38 inches; very gravelly clay 2R-38 to 60 inches; bedrock

# 73288—Caneyville-Rock outcrop complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope and ridges Parent material: Caneyville—loess over residuum weathered from dolostone; Rock outcrop—no

data

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Caneyville and similar soils—65 percent

Rock outcrop—15 percent

Minor components—20 percent

Moko and similar soils—lower, steeper areas and

shoulders

Sonsac and similar soils—areas adjacent to

drainageways

Useful and similar soils—wider ridges and north aspects

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Caneyville—moderately deep (20

to 40 inches); Rock outcrop-no data

Runoff: High

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic):

Caneyville—20 to 40 inches; Rock outcrop—no

data

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Caneyville—well drained; Rock

outcrop-none

#### Typical Profile

#### Caneyville

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam

BE-6 to 11 inches; silt loam

2Bt1—11 to 17 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—17 to 30 inches; silty clay

2R-30 to 60 inches; bedrock

# 73289—Fourche silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Footslope

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over residuum

weathered from dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Fourche and similar soils—85 percent

Minor components—15 percent

Alred and similar soils—upper edges of units Gravois and similar soils—less sloping linear

areas

Lecoma and similar soils—below sandstone units Sonsac and similar soils—steeper areas adjacent

to streams

Useful and similar soils—steeper areas Waben and similar soils—alluvial fans

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: High Flooding: None

Water table: 18 to 36 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; silt loam

Bt-8 to 20 inches; silty clay loam

2Bt/E-20 to 27 inches; silty clay loam (2Bt) and silt

oam (E)

2Bt-27 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

# 73290—Gatewood-Aaron complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Summit and backslope Parent material: Fine-silty loess over residuum

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Gatewood and similar soils—55 percent

Aaron and similar soils—35 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Gravois and similar soils—wider linear ridges Lithic soils—south aspects and shoulders

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Gatewood—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches); Aaron—deep (40 to 60 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic):

Gatewood—20 to 40 inches; Aaron—40 to 60

inches

Flooding: None

Water table: 18 to 36 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Gatewood

Ap—0 to 3 inches; silt loam E—3 to 7 inches; silt loam 2Bt—7 to 37 inches; clay 2R—37 to 60 inches; bedrock

#### Aaron

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam BE—7 to 12 inches; silt loam Bt1—12 to 25 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—25 to 46 inches; clay 2R—46 to 60 inches; bedrock

# 73291—Gatewood-Aaron complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, severely eroded

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Fine-silty loess over residuum

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Gatewood and similar soils—60 percent
Aaron and similar soils—35 percent
Minor components—5 percent
Gravois and similar soils—wider linear areas
Lithic soils—steeper areas with south aspects
and adjacent to streams
Sonsac and similar soils—steeper south aspects

### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Gatewood—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches); Aaron—deep (40 to 60 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic):
Gatewood—20 to 40 inches; Aaron—40 to 60 inches

Flooding: None

Water table: 18 to 36 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

### **Typical Profile**

#### Gatewood

Ap—0 to 1 inch; silt loam 2Bt—1 to 25 inches; clay 2CR—25 to 36 inches; channery clay 2R—36 to 60 inches; bedrock

#### Aaron

Ap-0 to 2 inches; silt loam

Bt1—2 to 10 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—10 to 52 inches; clay 2R—52 to 60 inches; bedrock

# 73292—Lily fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, rocky

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Fine-loamy residuum weathered from

sandstone Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Lily and similar soils—85 percent
Rock outcrop—1 percent
Minor components—14 percent
Bender and similar soils—steeper areas adjacent
to streams
Very deep soils—wider areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): 20 to 40

inches
Flooding: None
Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 5 inches; fine sandy loam E—5 to 11 inches; fine sandy loam Bt—11 to 27 inches; sandy clay loam R—27 to 80 inches; bedrock

# 73293—Caneyville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, rocky

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Summit

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

dolostone

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Caneyville and similar soils—80 percent Rock outcrop—1 percent

Minor components—19 percent

Gravois and similar soils—wider linear ridges Moko and similar soils—shoulders and south aspects

Useful and similar soils—wider ridges

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff: High

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): 20 to 40

inches Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 3 inches; silt loam E—3 to 8 inches; silt loam

Bt1—8 to 14 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—14 to 31 inches; silty clay 2R—31 to 60 inches; bedrock

# 73294—Ocie very cobbly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Colluvium over residuum weathered

from dolostone and shale

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Ocie and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

> Frenchmill and similar soils—heads of drains Sonsac and similar soils—lower, steeper areas Useful and similar soils—wider linear areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Deep (40 to 60 inches)

Runoff: High

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: 3

to 15 (subrounded stones)

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): 40 to 60

inches

Floodina: None

Water table: 18 to 36 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 4 inches; very cobbly silt loam E—4 to 8 inches; very cobbly loam

Bt1—8 to 18 inches; very cobbly loam

2Bt2—18 to 54 inches; clay

3R—54 to 60 inches; shale bedrock

# 74634—Hartville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Footslope Parent material: Clayey colluvium

Slope shape: Concave

#### Composition

Hartville and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Deible and similar soils—less sloping wider areas Fourche and similar soils—along perimeter of

map units

Gravois and similar soils—smaller ridges and

undulating areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Very high Flooding: None

Water table: 12 to 24 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam BE—7 to 12 inches; silt loam

Bt1—12 to 48 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—48 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

# 74650—Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terrace
Position on the landform: Tread
Parent material: Fine-silty alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Higdon and similar soils—90 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Cedargap and similar soils—adjacent to stream

channels

Gabriel and similar soils—concave areas Razort and similar soils—convex areas and

steeper areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Low

Flooding: Occasional Water table: 12 to 30 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 10 inches; silt loam E—10 to 19 inches; silt loam Bt—19 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

# 74652—Lecoma silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Footslope Parent material: Fine-loamy colluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Lecoma and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

Coulstone and similar soils—upper edges of units Fourche and similar soils—linear areas Higdon and similar soils—less sloping concave areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Medium Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 9 inches; silt loam Bt1—9 to 31 inches; silt loam 2Bt2—31 to 60 inches; loam

# 74653—Racoon-Freeburg complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terrace
Position on the landform: Tread
Parent material: Fine-silty alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Racoon and similar soils—45 percent Freeburg and similar soils—40 percent

Minor components—15 percent

Gabriel and similar soils—concave areas Haymond and similar soils—adjacent to stream

channels

Horsecreek and similar soils—steeper convex areas of map unit

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Racoon—high; Freeburg—medium

Flooding: Occasional

Water table: Racoon—at the surface; Freeburg—12

to 30 inches

Drainage class: Racoon—poorly drained; Freeburg—somewhat poorly drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Racoon

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Eg—6 to 26 inches; silt loam

Btg-26 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### Freeburg

Ap—0 to 9 inches; silt loam BA—9 to 13 inches; silt loam Bt—13 to 52 inches; silt loam

2BCg-52 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

# 74656—Deible silt loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes, rarely flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terrace
Position on the landform: Tread

Parent material: Alluvium over colluvium

Slope shape: Concave

#### Composition

Deible and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

Gabriel and similar soils—concave areas
Hartville and similar soils—steeper convex areas
Higdon and similar soils—along edges of map
unit

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature (abrupt textural change): 11 to 22 inches

Flooding: Rare

Water table: 0 to 12 inches Drainage class: Poorly drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 10 inches; silt loam E—10 to 15 inches; silt loam Btg1—15 to 37 inches; silty clay 2Btg2—37 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

### 74661—Waben gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Footslope and alluvial fans

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium

Slope shape: Convex

#### **Composition**

Waben and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

Bloomsdale and similar soils—along stream channels

Fourche and similar soils—areas adjacent to side

Lecoma and similar soils—areas adjacent to side slopes

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Low Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; gravelly loam Bt1—6 to 36 inches; very gravelly loam

Bt2-36 to 80 inches; loam

# 74662—Higdon silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Footslope Parent material: Fine-silty alluvium

Slope shape: Concave

#### Composition

Higdon and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Deible and similar soils—less sloping concave areas

Hartville and similar soils—wider linear areas Waben and similar soils—upper edges of unit and below upland drainageways

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Medium Flooding: None

Water table: 12 to 30 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam E—6 to 14 inches; silt loam

Bt1—14 to 26 inches; silty clay loam 2Bt2—26 to 80 inches; silty clay loam

# 75376—Cedargap gravelly silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plain

Position on the landform: Flood plain Parent material: Gravelly alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Cedargap and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Bloomsdale and similar soils—upper edges of map units

Huzzah and similar soils—higher convex areas Racket and similar soils—higher convex areas

### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Low Flooding: Frequent

Water table: 42 to 60 inches Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 9 inches; gravelly silt loam A—9 to 18 inches; very gravelly loam

Bw1—18 to 49 inches; very gravelly sandy clay loam

2Bw2—49 to 60 inches; clay

# 75388—Kaintuck-Relfe complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plain

Position on the landform: Flood plain

Parent material: Kaintuck—coarse-loamy alluvium;

Relfe—gravelly alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Kaintuck and similar soils—45 percent Relfe and similar soils—40 percent Minor components—15 percent

Cedargap and similar soils—adjacent to main

channels

Huzzah and similar soils—higher convex areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Very low Flooding: Frequent Water table: None

Drainage class: Kaintuck—well drained;

Relfe—excessively drained

#### Typical Profile

#### Kaintuck

Ap—0 to 6 inches; fine sandy loam

C-6 to 80 inches: stratified silt loam to fine sand

#### Relfe

Ap—0 to 6 inches; very gravelly sandy loam C—6 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly loamy coarse

sand

# 75398—Kaintuck fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plain

Position on the landform: Flood plain Parent material: Coarse-loamy alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Kaintuck and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

> Haymond and similar soils—higher areas Horsecreek and similar soils—stream terraces Relfe and similar soils—along stream channels Sturkie and similar soils—stream terraces

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Very low Flooding: Frequent Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 6 inches; fine sandy loam

C-6 to 80 inches; stratified silt loam to fine sand

# 75406—Racket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plain

Position on the landform: Flood plain Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Racket and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Cedargap and similar soils—along stream

channels

Gabriel and similar soils—less sloping concave

abandoned stream channels

Higdon and similar soils—higher linear stream

terraces

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Negligible Flooding: Frequent

Water table: 48 to 72 inches Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A—0 to 18 inches; loam Bw1—18 to 34 inches; loam Bw2—34 to 60 inches; loam

# 75412—Razort silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terrace
Position on the landform: Tread
Parent material: Fine-loamy alluvium

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Razort and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Cedargap and similar soils—along stream

channels

Higdon and similar soils—higher linear terraces Racket and similar soils—lower linear areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Low

Flooding: Occasional Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam Bt1-7 to 34 inches; silt loam

2Bt2-34 to 80 inches; gravelly loam

### 75427—Gabriel silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, gravelly substratum phase

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terrace Position on the landform: Tread Parent material: Fine-silty alluvium

Slope shape: Concave

#### Composition

Gabriel and similar soils—85 percent Minor components—15 percent

> Freeburg and similar soils—convex areas Horsecreek and similar soils— steeper convex areas on perimeter of map units

Racoon and similar soils—similar landforms

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Medium Flooding: Occasional Water table: 12 to 30 inches Drainage class: Poorly drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 9 inches; silt loam

Btg1—9 to 42 inches; silty clay loam 2Btg2-42 to 62 inches; clay loam

2Btg3—62 to 80 inches; very gravelly clay loam

### 75450—Bloomsdale silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plain

Position on the landform: Flood plain Parent material: Gravelly alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Bloomsdale and similar soils—85 percent

Minor components—15 percent

Higdon and similar soils—higher concave stream

Razort and similar soils—higher convex stream

terraces

Waben and similar soils—upper drainageways

and alluvial fans

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Low Flooding: Frequent

Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A-0 to 20 inches; silt loam

2Bw-20 to 32 inches; stratified very gravelly coarse sandy loam to very gravelly loam to very gravelly

clav loam

3Bt—32 to 80 inches; extremely gravelly clay loam

### 75453—Sturkie silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terrace Position on the landform: Tread Parent material: Fine-silty alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Sturkie and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

> Freeburg and similar soils—concave areas Haymond and similar soils—along stream channels and edges of map units

Huzzah and similar soils-along stream channels

and edges of map units

Kaintuck and similar soils—along stream

channels

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Low

Flooding: Occasional Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam A—8 to 28 inches; silt loam Bw—28 to 80 inches; silt loam

# 75459—Huzzah silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plain

Position on the landform: Flood plain Parent material: Coarse-loamy alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Huzzah and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Cedargap and similar soils—along small stream

channels

Kaintuck and similar soils—similar landforms Relfe and similar soils—along stream channels

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Low Flooding: Frequent Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A-0 to 38 inches; silt loam

Bw-38 to 80 inches; fine sandy loam

# 75460—Horsecreek silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, wet substratum phase

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terrace
Position on the landform: Tread
Parent material: Fine-silty alluvium

Slope shape: Linear

#### Composition

Horsecreek and similar soils—88 percent

Minor components—12 percent

Freeburg and similar soils—linear areas Haymond and similar soils—along stream

channels

Racoon and similar soils—concave areas

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Low

Flooding: Occasional Water table: 48 to 72 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam Bt—8 to 60 inches; silt loam

# 77014—Rock outcrop-Taumsauk complex, 3 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope Parent material: Rock outcrop—no data;

Taumsauk—residuum weathered from rhyolite

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Rock outcrop—55 percent

Taumsauk and similar soils—30 percent

Minor components—15 percent

Irondale and similar soils—wide undissected

areas

Knobtop and similar soils—saddles and north aspects

### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Rock outcrop—no data;

Taumsauk—very shallow and shallow (4 to 20 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

Rock outcrop—no data; Taumsauk—3 to 15 (subrounded stones)

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): Rock outcrop—no data; Taumsauk—4 to 20 inches

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Rock outcrop—none;

Taumsauk—somewhat excessively drained

#### Typical Profile

#### **Taumsauk**

A—0 to 4 inches; very cobbly silt loam Bt-4 to 13 inches; extremely cobbly silt loam

R—13 to 60 inches; bedrock

### 77015—Irondale-Taumsauk-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very bouldery

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Summit

Parent material: Irondale and Taumsauk—residuum weathered from rhyolite; Rock outcrop-no data

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Irondale and similar soils—40 percent Taumsauk and similar soils—30 percent Rock outcrop—20 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Knobtop and similar soils—north aspects and saddles

Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Irondale—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches); Taumsauk—very shallow and shallow

(4 to 20 inches); Rock outcrop—no data

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: Irondale and Taumsauk—0.10 to 3.0 (subrounded

boulders); Rock outcrop-no data

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic):

Irondale—20 to 40 inches: Taumsauk—4 to 20 inches; Rock outcrop-no data

Flooding: None

Water table: None

Drainage class: Irondale—well drained;

Taumsauk—somewhat excessively drained; Rock

outcrop—none

#### Typical Profile

#### Irondale

A—0 to 6 inches; very gravelly silt loam

E—6 to 12 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

Bt—12 to 22 inches; extremely stony silt loam

R-22 to 60 inches; bedrock

#### **Taumsauk**

A—0 to 4 inches; very cobbly silt loam

Bt—4 to 13 inches; extremely cobbly silt loam

R—13 to 60 inches; bedrock

### 77016—Irondale-Taumsauk-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely bouldery

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Irondale and Taumsauk—residuum weathered from rhyolite; Rock outcrop—no data

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Irondale and similar soils-40 percent Taumsauk and similar soils—30 percent

Rock outcrop—20 percent

Minor components—10 percent

Frenchmill and similar soils—lower less sloping

Knobtop and similar soils—north aspects

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Irondale—moderately deep (20 to 40 inches); Taumsauk—very shallow and shallow (4 to 20 inches); Rock outcrop-no data

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: Irondale and Taumsauk—3 to 15 (subrounded

boulders); Rock outcrop—no data Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic):

Irondale—20 to 40 inches; Taumsauk—4 to 20

inches; Rock outcrop-no data

Floodina: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Irondale—well drained;

Taumsauk—somewhat excessively drained; Rock

outcrop—none

### Typical Profile

#### Irondale

A-0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam

E—3 to 15 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

Bt—15 to 29 inches; very gravelly silt loam

R-29 to 60 inches; bedrock

#### Taumsauk

A-0 to 4 inches; very cobbly silt loam

Bt—4 to 13 inches; extremely cobbly silt loam

R—13 to 60 inches: bedrock

### 77017—Knobtop silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, bouldery

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Summit

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

rhvolite

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Knobtop and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Irondale and similar soils—shoulders and saddles Taumsauk and similar soils—south aspects and

shoulders

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Moderately deep (20 to 40 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments:

0.01 to 0.10 (subrounded boulders)

Depth to restrictive feature (bedrock (lithic): 20 to 40

inches Floodina: None

Water table: 18 to 36 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

#### Typical Profile

Ap-0 to 2 inches; silt loam E—2 to 7 inches: silt loam

Bt-7 to 30 inches; silty clay loam 2BC-30 to 36 inches: silt loam 2R-36 to 60 inches; bedrock

### 77019—Frenchmill very gravelly silt loam, 15 to 60 percent slopes, extremely stony

#### Setting

Landform: Hill

Position on the landform: Backslope

Parent material: Colluvium derived from rhyolite

Slope shape: Convex

#### Composition

Frenchmill and similar soils—90 percent Minor components—10 percent

Fourche and similar soils—lower footslopes Irondale and similar soils—upper edges of map

#### Soil Properties and Qualities

Depth to bedrock: Very deep (more than 60 inches)

Runoff: Very high

Percent area covered by surface coarse fragments: 3

to 15 (subrounded stones)

Flooding: None Water table: None

Drainage class: Well drained

#### Typical Profile

A-0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam E-3 to 8 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam Bt1—8 to 58 inches; very gravelly silt loam

2Bt2—58 to 80 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam

#### 99000—Pits, quarries

#### Composition

Pits, quarries—95 percent Minor components—5 percent Processed/stockpiled stone

#### 99001-Water

#### Setting

Landform: Ponds, lakes, and streams

#### 99014—Mine tailings

#### Settina

Parent material: Sandy and gravelly mine spoil or

earthy fill

Table 4.--Acreage and Proportionate Extent of the Soils

Map symbol	Soil name	Acres	Percent
66014	Haymond silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	494	0.1
70028	Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	2,580	0.5
73012	Gravois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	13,246	2.7
73035	Gravois silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	13,706	2.8
73039	Glensted silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	674	0.1
73046	Wrengart silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	342	*
73052	Lily loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes   Lily-Bender complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes	611	0.1
73053 73066	Bender very cobbly fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony	410 2,247	0.5
73067	Bender-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony	513	0.5
73089	Rueter very gravelly silt loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony	32,043	6.6
73159	Yelton silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	447	*
73162	Alred-Rueter complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony	16,906	3.5
73166	Viburnum-Tonti complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes	1,353	0.3
73173	Lily-Yelton complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes	286	*
73174	Lily-Yelton complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	6,392	1.3
73200	Sonsac gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	8,795	1.8
73201	Sonsac gravelly silt loam, 15 to 40 percent slopes, very stony	10,560	2.2
73210	Goss very cobbly silt loam, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony	42,852	8.8
73214	Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony	2,157	0.4
73215	Crider silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	2,431	0.5
73218	Tiff gravelly clay, 1 to 20 percent slopes, very rocky	15,154	3.1
73271	Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 50 to 90 percent slopes, extremely stony	942	0.2
73272	Hildebrecht silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	649	0.1
73273	Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony	15,896	3.3
73274	Scholten very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes	679	0.1
73275	Gravois-Goss complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony	13,141	2.7
73276 73277	Rueter-Hildebrecht complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony    Goss gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony	18,016 18,074	3.7
73277 73278	Rueter very gravelly silt loam, 35 to 65 percent slopes, very stony	259	3.7
73279	Sonsac-Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 55 percent slopes, extremely   stony		ļ
73280	Alred very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	16,543	3.4
73280 73282	Alred-Sonsac complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, very rocky	3,641 91,273	18.7
73283	Courtois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	1,266	0.3
73284	Courtois-Goss complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	8,954	1.8
73285	Useful-Courtois complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes	9,721	2.0
73286	Useful-Courtois complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	25,382	5.2
73287	Useful-Sonsac complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, eroded	1,348	0.3
73288	Caneyville-Rock outcrop complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	9,339	1.9
73289	Fourche silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes	4,962	1.0
73290	Gatewood-Aaron complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes	2,641	0.5
73291	Gatewood-Aaron complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, severely eroded	5,292	1.1
73292	Lily fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, rocky	2,136	0.4
73293	Caneyville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, rocky	3,017	0.6
73294	Ocie very cobbly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	688	0.1
74634	Hartville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	1,254	0.3
74650	Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	958	0.2
74652	Lecoma silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes	1,048	0.2
74653	Racoon-Freeburg complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	241	*
74656 74661	Deible silt loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes, rarely flooded    Waben gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	529 2 447	0.1
74661 74662	Higdon silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	2,447 751	0.5
74662 75376	Cedargap gravelly silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	24,652	5.1
75376 75388	Kaintuck-Relfe complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	2,419	0.5
75398	Kaintuck fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	182	*
75406	Racket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	2,904	0.6
	Razort silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	3,962	0.8
75412	Trazoit Siit Ioam, V to 3 percent Siopes, Occasionaliv Ilooded		
75412 75427	Gabriel silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, gravelly	3,302	

See footnote at end of table.

Table 4.--Acreage and Proportionate Extent of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	   Soil name	Acres	  Percent
75450	Bloomsdale silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	4,404	0.9
75453	Sturkie silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	348	*
75459	Huzzah silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	720	0.1
75460	Horsecreek silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, wet		i
	substratum phase	331	*
77014	Rock outcrop-Taumsauk complex, 3 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony	150	<b>;</b> *
77015	Irondale-Taumsauk-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very		i
	bouldery	1,208	0.2
77016	Irondale-Taumsauk-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes,		İ
	extremely bouldery	4,360	0.9
77017	Knobtop silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, bouldery	578	0.1
77019	Frenchmill very gravelly silt loam, 15 to 60 percent slopes, extremely		İ
	stony	1,330	0.3
99000	Pits, quarries	85	j *
99001	Water	2,075	0.4
99014	Mine tailings	2,517	0.5
	İ		
	Total	488,148	100.0

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.1 percent.

### **Prime Farmland**

Prime farmland is one of several kinds of important farmland defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. It is of major importance in meeting the Nation's short- and long-range needs for food and fiber. Because the supply of high-quality farmland is limited, the U.S. Department of Agriculture recognizes that responsible levels of government, as well as individuals, should encourage and facilitate the wise use of our Nation's prime farmland.

Prime farmland, as defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed, forage, fiber, and oilseed crops and is available for these uses. It could be cultivated land, pastureland, forestland, or other land, but it is not urban or built-up land or water areas. The soil qualities, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for the soil to economically produce sustained high yields of crops when proper management, including water management, and acceptable farming methods are applied. In general, prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation, a favorable temperature and growing season, acceptable acidity or alkalinity, an acceptable salt and sodium content, and few or no rocks. It is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated with water for long periods, and it either is not frequently flooded during the growing season or is protected from flooding. Slope ranges mainly from 0 to 6 percent. More detailed information about the criteria for prime farmland is available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

About 17,135 acres in the survey area, or about 3.5 percent of the total acreage, meets the soil requirements for prime farmland.

A recent trend in land use in some parts of the survey area has been the loss of some prime farmland to industrial and urban uses. The loss of prime farmland to other uses puts pressure on marginal lands, which generally are more erodible, droughty, and less productive and cannot be easily cultivated.

The map units in the survey area that are considered prime farmland are listed below. This list

does not constitute a recommendation for a particular land use. On some soils included in the list, measures that overcome a hazard or limitation, such as flooding, wetness, and droughtiness, are needed. Onsite evaluation is needed to determine whether or not the hazard or limitation has been overcome by corrective measures. The extent of each listed map unit is shown in table 4. The location is shown on the detailed soil maps at the back of this publication. The soil qualities that affect use and management are described under the heading "Detailed Soil Map Units."

Some soils that have a seasonal high water table and all soils that are frequently flooded during the growing season qualify as prime farmland only in areas where these limitations have been overcome by drainage measures or flood control. The need for these measures is indicated after the map unit name below. Onsite evaluation is needed to determine whether or not these limitations have been overcome by corrective measures.

The soils identified as prime farmland in Washington County are:

- 66014 Haymond silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)
- 73039 Glensted silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes (where drained)
- 74650 Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 74653 Racoon-Freeburg complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded (where drained)
- 74656 Deible silt loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes, rarely flooded (where drained)
- 74662 Higdon silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes
- 75398 Kaintuck fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)
- 75406 Racket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)

- 75412 Razort silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 75427 Gabriel silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, gravelly substratum phase (where drained)
- 75450 Bloomsdale silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)
- 75453 Sturkie silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
- 75459 Huzzah silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)
- 75460 Horsecreek silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, wet substratum phase

### Use and Management of the Soils

This soil survey is an inventory and evaluation of the soils in the survey area. It can be used to adjust land uses to the limitations and potentials of natural resources and the environment. Also, it can help to prevent soil-related failures in land uses.

In preparing a soil survey, soil scientists, conservationists, engineers, and others collect extensive field data about the nature and behavioral characteristics of the soils. They collect data on erosion, droughtiness, flooding, and other factors that affect various soil uses and management. Field experience and collected data on soil properties and performance are used as a basis for predicting soil behavior.

Information in this section can be used to plan the use and management of soils for crops and pasture; as rangeland and woodland; as sites for buildings, sanitary facilities, highways and other transportation systems, and parks and other recreational facilities; and for wildlife habitat. It can be used to identify the potentials and limitations of each soil for specific land uses and to help prevent construction failures caused by unfavorable soil properties.

Planners and others using soil survey information can evaluate the effect of specific land uses on productivity and on the environment in all or part of the survey area. The survey can help planners to maintain or create a land use pattern that is in harmony with nature.

Contractors can use this survey to locate sources of sand and gravel, roadfill, and topsoil. They can use it to identify areas where bedrock, wetness, or very firm soil layers can cause difficulty in excavation.

Health officials, highway officials, engineers, and others may also find this survey useful. The survey can help them plan the safe disposal of wastes and locate sites for pavements, sidewalks, campgrounds, playgrounds, lawns, and trees and shrubs.

### **Interpretive Ratings**

The interpretive tables in this survey rate the soils in the survey area for various uses. Many of the tables identify the limitations that affect specified uses and indicate the severity of those limitations. The ratings in these tables are both verbal and numerical.

#### Rating Class Terms

Rating classes are expressed in the tables in terms that indicate the extent to which the soils are limited or not limited by all of the soil features that affect a specified use. Terms for the limitation classes are not limited, slightly limited, moderately limited, limited, and very limited. In certain tables, the soils are rated as improbable, possible, or probable sources of specific materials used for construction materials.

#### **Numerical Ratings**

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. They also indicate the overall degree to which a soil is limited or not limited for a specific use. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

In tables that use limitation class terms, such as very limited or limited, the limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each map unit component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

### **Crops and Pasture**

General management needed for crops and pasture is suggested in this section. The crops or

pasture plants best suited to the soils, including some not commonly grown in the survey area, are identified; the system of land capability classification used by the Natural Resources Conservation Service is explained; and the estimated yields of the main crops and hay and pasture plants are listed for each soil.

Planners of management systems for individual fields or farms should consider the detailed information given in the description of each soil under the heading "Detailed Soil Map Units." Specific information can be obtained from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or the Cooperative Extension Service.

In 1992, approximately 76,054 acres in Washington County was used as grassland and about 406,482 acres was used as woodland (Missouri Resource Assessment Partnership, 1992). About 2 percent (8,436 acres) of the county is prime farmland. Of that, less than 1 percent is used for cultivated cropland. An additional 29 percent (141,524 acres) is less than prime, but still of statewide importance.

Field crops are not extensive in Washington County (Missouri Agricultural Statistics Service, 2000). Many areas are used for grass-legume pasture and hay. Production can be increased by use of the latest agricultural technology. This survey can facilitate the application of such technology. About 8,436 acres in the county occurs as level to very gently sloping soils that are not frequently flooded and that may be suitable for intensive cultivation. Trees have been cleared from most of this acreage.

#### **Cropland Erosion**

Soil erosion is the major hazard on nearly all sloping cropland and overgrazed pastureland in Washington County. All soils that have slopes greater than 2 percent are susceptible to damage from erosion.

Soil erosion results in the gradual loss of the surface layer, which reduces productivity. Erosion is especially damaging in areas of soils that have a clayey subsoil that becomes mixed with the plow layer. Good seedbed preparation and germination rates become increasingly difficult to achieve. Courtois, Glensted, and Hartville soils are erodible and have a clayey subsoil. Clayey areas resulting from erosion make tillage and seedbed preparation difficult. Erosion also reduces the productivity of soils that have a restricted rooting depth caused by dense layers in the subsoil or by bedrock. Bender, Gatewood, Gravois, Lily, Moko, Sonsac, and Yelton soils are examples. Erosion in areas of these soils effectively reduces the volume of soil available to

supply water and nutrients for plants. Erosion also removes valuable slow-release nutrients in the topsoil. The nutrients in one ton of topsoil are worth about \$5 or \$6 (1990 value). At that rate, unprotected upland crop fields can lose \$200 to \$240 worth of nutrients each year.

Soil erosion on farmland results in the sedimentation of streams, lakes, ponds, and road ditches. Controlling this erosion minimizes the pollution of streams by sediment and collateral pesticides and thus improves the quality of water for municipal use, recreation, and fish and wildlife. Minimizing the sedimentation also prolongs the useful life of ponds, lakes, and roadside ditches.

#### **Erosion-Control Practices**

Erosion-control practices provide a protective surface cover, reduce the runoff rate, and increase the rate of water infiltration. A cropping system that keeps vegetative cover or residue on the soil surface can hold erosion losses to amounts that will not reduce the productive capacity of the soil. Growing grasses and legumes for pasture and hay is very effective in controlling erosion. Including grasses and legumes in the crop rotation also improves tilth and provides nitrogen for the following crop.

Significant reductions in soil loss can be accomplished by basic management techniques. Farming on the contour reduces soil loss by as much as 50 percent. Conservation tillage is a management practice in which the amount of tillage is reduced or changed so that at least 30 percent of the soil surface is covered with residue after the crop is planted. The residue controls erosion by buffering the impact of raindrops, which can dislodge unprotected topsoil. Also, reducing the runoff rate minimizes the removal of soil particles from the field. The effectiveness of this system increases as larger amounts of residue are left on the soil surface. Conservation tillage is well suited to all of the upland soils that are commonly used for row crops. No-till farming is a practice that eliminates tillage operations entirely and leaves nearly all the crop residue on the soil surface. For some farmers in the county, this practice has become a cornerstone of their conservation efforts. Other benefits of no-till farming include less expenditure for equipment, less soil compaction, timesaving at planting time, conservation of soil moisture, and fuel savings.

The large amounts of residue left on the surface when no-till farming is practiced also shield the soil from sunshine and thus reduce the evaporation rate. This reduction is an asset in the summer during droughty periods, but it tends to delay warming and

drying of the soil in the spring. For this reason, no-till farming is best suited to deep or very deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that are not frequently flooded, such as Crider, Horsecreek, Razort, and Wrengart soils.

Contour stripcropping reduces the hazard of erosion because it involves the maintenance of contoured strips of permanent vegetation. The strips of grasses or legumes are usually used as hayland. The areas between the strips are cultivated, and row crops are planted on the contour. The strips of grasses or legumes minimize erosion and help to filter the sediment from runoff that would otherwise leave the field

Terraces reduce the length of slopes and thus

reduce the rate of runoff and the hazard of erosion. Broad-base terraces are most practical on uneroded upland soils that have smooth slopes of less than 8 percent. Construction of grassed backslope or narrow-base terraces reduces the steepness of the slope because construction cuts are made from the downslope side. Construction of broad-base terraces actually increases the slope and makes additional erosion-control practices crucial. In areas of soils that have a clayey subsoil, such as Courtois, Glensted, and Hartville soils, topsoiling may be required if terracing exposes the subsoil. Gravois, Hildebrecht, and Wrengart soils have similar intensive management needs because of a dense layer in the subsoil.



Figure 12.—Vegetative buffer strip along Fourche a Renault Creek in an area of Bloomsdale silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded, helps to protect water quality.

Vegetative buffer strips alongside drainageways and streams are effective in filtering sediment and pollutants from surface water before the flow becomes concentrated (fig. 12). These strips help to keep soil loss localized and thus reduce the damage and pollution associated with sedimentation. As a result, the quality of water is enhanced and protected.

Grade-stabilization structures are small bodies of water that cover up gullied areas and prevent further uphill encroachment. These structures provide a stable place into which tile terrace outlets or grassed waterways can empty runoff from terraced fields. These structures can be used for livestock water and fire protection. They also trap sediment and thereby protect road ditches and water supplies.

Streambank erosion is a challenging problem on most streams and rivers in Washington County. Smaller banks can often be stabilized by installation of revetments constructed from treetops. The process has proven to be effective in some cases, but is very labor-intensive. Riprap can be used with some success on larger banks, but is very expensive. Larger rivers require wing dams and other structures to control the force of the stream current. These modifications are extremely expensive and ordinarily require broad public support and funding.

#### **Soil Wetness**

Wetness and/or flood control are management concerns on about 45,439 acres in the county. Deible, Gabriel, and Racoon soils are naturally so wet that planting or harvesting is delayed or crop production is reduced in most years. Land grading or surface drainage may be needed on these soils.

In the past, drainage of wetland areas was unregulated and therefore occurred at the discretion of individual landowners. In recent years, however, legislation has been enacted recognizing the importance of wetlands to the total environment. The intent of these laws is to protect most existing wetlands from further degradation and to encourage redevelopment of areas that were formerly wetlands. Before any area that might be considered a wetland is altered, land users should make sure they are in compliance with existing laws. The Natural Resources Conservation Service can provide assistance in evaluating such compliance.

Flooding is a hazard in areas of Bloomsdale, Cedargap, Deible, Freeburg, Gabriel, Haymond, Higdon, Horsecreek, Huzzah, Kaintuck, Racket, Racoon, Razort, Relfe, and Sturkie soils.

#### **Soil Fertility**

Soil fertility is naturally low in most of the eroded and shallow soils in the survey area. All of the soils, however, need additional plant nutrients for maximum production. Excessive nutrient levels can adversely affect ground water and surface water quality. Knowledgeable expertise can help formulate nutrient management plans that optimize crop growth while protecting water quality.

Because most of the soils are naturally acidic in the upper part of the rooting zone, applications of lime are required to raise the pH and calcium level sufficiently for optimum growth of legumes. On all of the soils, additions of lime and fertilizer should be based on the results of soil tests, on the needs of the crop, and on the production level desired. The Cooperative Extension Service can help in determining these values. This soil survey can be a useful tool for identifying the location of contrasting soils for sampling.

#### Soil Tilth

Soil tilth affects seedbed preparation, seed germination, and water infiltration. Soils that have good tilth are granular and porous. Regular additions of organic matter help to maintain good tilth.

Most of the cultivated soils in the county have a surface layer of silt loam that is low or moderate in content of organic matter. If these soils are frequently cultivated, soil structure becomes weak and intense rainfall can cause the formation of a crust on the surface. The crust hardens when it dries. As a result, the rate of water infiltration is reduced, the runoff rate is increased, and inhibiting seedling emerges. Returning crop residue to the soil or regularly adding other organic material improves fertility, minimizes crusting, and increases the rate of water infiltration.

The bearing weight of machinery as it travels over the soil surface tends to compact the surface if the soil is moist or wet. This compaction reduces infiltration of water into the soil and makes the resulting seedbed less favorable for root penetration. Using machinery only during periods of optimum soil moisture minimizes the effects of compaction. Periodic deep tillage can improve existing compacted areas.

In times past, fall tillage was common. This practice provided tilth for spring planting, but the cultivation of the more sloping soils in the uplands resulted in serious soil losses. Such losses can be catastrophic when intense spring rains follow partial thawing of the bare, frozen surface layer. Planting winter cover crops

and maintaining a cover crop residue on the surface can reduce the hazard of erosion and improve tilth.

#### **Pasture and Hayland**

A combination of different kinds of grasses and legumes is necessary to obtain maximum forage production for the climate in Washington County. Cool temperatures in the spring and fall are favorable for the production of cool-season grasses. The hot summer months are more favorable for production of warm-season grasses. Both kinds of grasses are suitable for many of the soils in the survey area. Legumes are suitable for some of the soils in the county. A management system that includes coolseason grasses, warm-season grasses, and legumes takes advantage of the entire growing season for forage production.

#### **Cool-Season Grasses**

Tall fescue is the most commonly grown cool-season grass in Washington County. A limited acreage of orchardgrass, timothy, smooth bromegrass, reed canarygrass, and Kentucky bluegrass also is grown. All of these grasses are commonly grown on upland soils, except for reed canarygrass, which is planted primarily on the wetter sites in areas of bottomland. These cool-season grasses can provide top production only when properly managed. Rotational grazing systems help to keep forage crops at an optimum height for the highest production. Supplemental fertilization and timely weed control are also essential for top production.

Cool-season grasses grow vigorously when temperatures are cool (between 50 and 85 degrees F). These grasses generally start growing in late March and can be grazed by late April. Timothy and bromegrass will not produce tillers unless a seedhead is allowed to develop. Therefore, overgrazing or haying too early in the growing season can reduce the total production of these forage crops. Orchardgrass will regrow vigorously with or without development of a seedhead, so the timing of grazing or haying is less critical. Bluegrass is generally less productive than the other cool-season grasses but can better withstand overgrazing and poor management. Fescue can also withstand abuse and severe site conditions, but endophyte-infested stands are widespread and produce less-than-optimum weight gains, especially during summer months. The reestablishment of existing stands with endophytefree seed is an option some managers are selecting. Careful grazing management and interseeding of

legumes can minimize the effects and reduce the spread of the infestation. Some stands of fescue are also poorly palatable to livestock. Reed canarygrass is moderately palatable and is highly productive in areas that would be too wet for other grasses or row crops.

Because of increasing temperatures and day length, cool-season grass production decreases significantly by mid-June. As fall brings cooler temperatures and shorter days, growth increases accordingly. Production continues until the first killing frost occurs, usually in late October. One exception to this growth pattern is tall fescue, which continues growth until sometime in December.

#### **Warm-Season Grasses**

Warm-season grasses that are commonly grown in Washington County include big bluestem, indiangrass, switchgrass, and little bluestem. Gammagrass is grown on some small acreages. This species requires a high or very high available water capacity. This soil survey can help in locating areas of suitable soils.

Warm-season grasses were native to small areas of the county before the arrival of the early pioneers. These grasses were adapted to the soils and climate of the county. Their suitability for the climate is vividly demonstrated during the hot summer months of June, July, and August. As their name implies, the production of these grasses reaches a peak when the temperature reaches 90 degrees F. Growth slows when the temperature falls below 70 degrees F. Warm-season grasses need only 40 percent as much water as cool-season grasses to produce the same amount of forage.

Strict management techniques are necessary for optimum production and longevity of warm-season grasses. Rotational grazing patterns are needed so that these grasses can be utilized when they are growing vigorously and to prevent overgrazing during periods when growth is dormant. Minimum grazing height guidelines and prescribed burn plans must be followed. Supplemental fertilizer needs for warm-season grasses are small compared to those for coolseason grasses. Generally, nitrogen is the only supplement necessary for top production.

#### Legumes

Legumes are included in many forage systems in Washington County. They improve the overall quality and quantity of forage. When included with grasses in a seeding mixture, legumes stimulate growth of the grasses because of nitrogen fixation by bacteria on the roots of the legumes.

Pure legume stands provide sources of high protein forage. Some legumes, such as alfalfa and ladino clover, can cause bloating if unrestricted grazing is allowed; therefore, most pure legume stands are used as hayland. Alfalfa is the legume most commonly used for hay production. Other legumes, such as red clover, birdsfoot trefoil, and ladino clover, are used in pasture mixes. Crownvetch is used to stabilize steep banks and critically eroding areas.

Use and management of legumes involve selecting soils that are compatible with the growth characteristics of the various plants. For healthy, productive stands of some legumes, such as alfalfa, well drained or moderately well drained, very deep soils that have a high or very high available water capacity are needed. Courtois, Crider, Horsecreek, and Razort soils have such characteristics. Some legumes, such as alsike clover, can tolerate wetter soils. This soil survey can help in selecting the most productive forage crops.

Legumes do not need supplemental nitrogen because of the natural fixation that occurs in the root system. When used for hay, legumes often require large amounts of phosphorus and potassium. Heavy applications of limestone are also needed for optimum production on most soils.

#### **Balanced Management**

The production of cool-season grasses, warm-season grasses, and legumes peaks at different periods of the growing season. Management plans that include all three kinds of forage make optimum use of the entire season. A system that includes rotational grazing or haying of these different crops can increase production and profit while protecting the topsoil with a permanent cover of vegetation.

Certain management practices are needed on all soils in the survey area. Timely mowing or chemical weed control minimizes competition from undesirable plants and encourages uniform grazing. Overgrazing reduces production of grasses and legumes and increases weed growth. Grazing when the soil is too wet causes surface compaction, poor tilth, and excessive runoff. Proper stocking rates, pasture rotation, timely deferment of grazing, and restricted use during wet periods help to keep the pasture and soil in good condition.

An important element of any efficient grazing system is easy access to clean water. Access can be achieved by constructing ponds with freeze-proof livestock watering devices that are fed by buried pipe through the dam. Such arrangements provide abundant clean water throughout the year but allow

fencing of the pond dam and pool area in order to protect the water supply. Streams can be used for watering if access is localized in order to protect the stream from pollution. Filter strips along streams help to filter water entering the stream and help to stabilize channel areas. They also provide habitat for wildlife.

Numerous small springs were historically viewed as bothersome seepy areas. With minimal development, these areas can be easily developed as water sources for livestock. Buried drainage pipes remove water from the wet areas and feed livestock watering tanks, which are often constructed from used heavy equipment tires. Overflow from each facility can be used to feed other similar facilities farther downslope. This method results in an extensive system that helps to evenly distribute grazing of livestock.

#### **Specialty Crops**

Vineyards, orchards, and Christmas tree farms are potential specialty crops in Washington County. These crops require special equipment, management, and propagation techniques. This soil survey can help in identifying areas that are suitable for these and other crops if specific soil-related requirements are known.

#### Yields per Acre

The average yields per acre that can be expected of the principal crops under a high level of management are shown in table 5. In any given year, yields may be higher or lower than those indicated in the table because of variations in rainfall and other climatic factors. The land capability classification of map units in the survey area also is shown in the table.

The yields are based mainly on the experience and records of farmers, conservationists, and extension agents. Available yield data from nearby counties and results of field trials and demonstrations also are considered.

The management needed to obtain the indicated yields of the various crops depends on the kind of soil and the crop. Management can include drainage, erosion control, and protection from flooding; the proper planting and seeding rates; suitable high-yielding crop varieties; appropriate and timely tillage; control of weeds, plant diseases, and harmful insects; favorable soil reaction and optimum levels of nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, and trace elements for each crop; effective use of crop residue, barnyard manure, and green manure crops; and harvesting that ensures the smallest possible loss.

The estimated yields reflect the productive capacity of each soil for each of the principal crops. Yields are likely to increase as new production technology is developed. The productivity of a given soil compared with that of other soils, however, is not likely to change.

Crops other than those shown in the table are grown in the survey area, but estimated yields are not listed because the acreage of such crops is small. The local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or of the Cooperative Extension Service can provide information about the management and productivity of the soils for those crops.

#### **Land Capability Classification**

Land capability classification shows, in a general way, the suitability of soils for most kinds of field crops. Crops that require special management are excluded. The soils are grouped according to their limitations for field crops, the risk of damage if they are used for crops, and the way they respond to management. The criteria used in grouping the soils do not include major and generally expensive landforming that would change slope, depth, or other characteristics of the soils, nor do they include possible but unlikely major reclamation projects. Capability classification is not a substitute for interpretations designed to show suitability and limitations of groups of soils for rangeland, for forestland, or for engineering purposes.

In the capability system, soils are generally grouped at three levels—capability class, subclass, and unit.

Capability classes, the broadest groups, are designated by the numbers 1 through 8. The numbers indicate progressively greater limitations and narrower choices for practical use. The classes are defined as follows:

Class 1 soils have slight limitations that restrict their use.

Class 2 soils have moderate limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require moderate conservation practices.

Class 3 soils have severe limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require special conservation practices, or both.

Class 4 soils have very severe limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require very careful management, or both.

Class 5 soils are subject to little or no erosion but have other limitations, impractical to remove, that restrict their use mainly to pasture, rangeland, forestland, or wildlife habitat. Class 6 soils have severe limitations that make them generally unsuitable for cultivation and that restrict their use mainly to pasture, rangeland, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 7 soils have very severe limitations that make them unsuitable for cultivation and that restrict their use mainly to grazing, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 8 soils and miscellaneous areas have limitations that preclude commercial plant production and that restrict their use to recreational purposes, wildlife habitat, watershed, or esthetic purposes.

Capability subclasses are soil groups within one class. They are designated by adding a small letter, *e*, *w*, *s*, or *c*, to the class numeral, for example, 2e. The letter *e* shows that the main hazard is the risk of erosion unless close-growing plant cover is maintained; *w* shows that water in or on the soil interferes with plant growth or cultivation (in some soils the wetness can be partly corrected by artificial drainage); *s* shows that the soil is limited mainly because it is shallow, droughty, or stony; and *c*, used in only some parts of the United States, shows that the chief limitation is climate that is very cold or very dry.

In class 1 there are no subclasses because the soils of this class have few limitations. Class 5 contains only the subclasses indicated by w, s, or c because the soils in class 5 are subject to little or no erosion. They have other limitations that restrict their use to pasture, rangeland, forestland, wildlife habitat, or recreation.

#### **Pasture and Hayland Suitability Groups**

The soils in Washington County are assigned to a pasture and hayland group according to their suitability for pasture management.

Many different pasture and hayland suitability groups are in the survey area. Over time, the combination of plants best suited to a particular soil and climate has or will become dominant. Plant communities are not static but vary slightly from year to year and from place to place.

The relationship between soils and vegetation was ascertained during this survey. Thus, pasture and hayland suitability groups generally can be determined directly from the soil map. Soil properties that affect moisture supply and plant nutrients have the greatest influence on the productivity of each plant species. Soil reaction, salt content, and a seasonal high water table also are important. The "Field Office Technical Guide," which is available at local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation

Service, can provide specific information about pasture and hayland suitability groups.

Table 6 shows, for each soil, the assigned pasture and hayland suitability group. Specific concerns and recommendations for pasture and hayland management for each group are described in the following paragraphs.

Group WLB—Wet Loamy Bottom. A seasonal high water table and flooding are the main management concerns. Plants should be selected accordingly. A seedbed can be easily prepared. A drainage system can improve the growth of deeprooted species. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed.

Group WCB—Wet Clayey Bottom. Wetness and flooding are the main management concerns. The soils in this group are poorly suited to hay. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed. Maintaining stands of desirable species is difficult in depressional areas. A drainage system can improve the growth of deep-rooted species.

**Group WCU—Wet Clayey Upland.** Wetness is the main management concern. Maintaining stands of desirable species is difficult in depressional areas. A drainage system can improve the growth of deeprooted species.

**Group WLO—Wet Loamy Overflow.** Wetness and flooding are the main management concerns. A seedbed can be easily prepared. A drainage system can improve the growth of deep-rooted species. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed.

**Group LyO—Loamy Overflow.** Flooding is the main management concern. The hazard of flooding should be considered when a grazing system is designed.

**Group LyU—Loamy Upland.** No serious concerns affect pasture and hayland management. Erosion is a hazard in newly seeded areas. Timely seedbed preparation is needed to ensure a good ground cover.

Group CyU—Clayey Upland. Pasture and hay crops are effective in controlling erosion. Erosion during seedbed preparation is the main concern. Timely tillage and a quickly established ground cover reduce the hazard of erosion. The forage species that are tolerant of wetness grow best. The production of deep-rooted legumes is limited because of wetness and a restricted rooting depth.

**Group GrU—Gravelly Upland.** The soils in this group generally are not suited to cultivated crops. Droughtiness and erosion are the main management concerns. Seedbeds should be prepared on the

contour. Timely seedbed preparation helps to ensure rapid plant growth and a protective ground cover.

Group MDU—Moderately Deep Upland. Shallow-rooted species that are tolerant of droughtiness should be selected for planting. Erosion is a serious hazard in newly seeded areas. Timely tillage and a quickly established ground cover reduce the hazard of erosion.

**Group LyP—Loamy Pan.** A few small areas of this group are used for cultivated crops, and some areas are wooded. A dense layer in the subsoil can restrict the rooting depth and result in insufficient soil moisture in dry years. Erosion during seedbed preparation is a hazard. Seedbeds should be prepared on the contour. Timely tillage and a quickly established ground cover reduce the hazard of erosion.

**Group GrO—Gravelly Overflow.** Most areas of this group have been cleared of trees and are used for pasture and hay. Proper stocking rates, pasture rotation, timely deferment of grazing, and restricted use during periods of flooding help to keep the pasture in good condition.

**Group GrP—Gravelly Pan.** If the soils in this group are used for improved pasture, chert on the surface hinders tillage. Because of seasonal droughtiness, timely planting is needed to ensure an adequate stand. Erosion is a hazard in newly seeded areas. Timely seedbed preparation helps to ensure a protective ground cover.

**Group ShU—Shallow Upland.** Most areas of this group are used for native pasture and are best suited to shallow-rooted species. In some areas tillage is nearly impossible. Broadcast seeding may be necessary. The slope and rock outcrop can hinder mowing in places.

**Group GNS—Generally Not Suited.** The soils in this group generally are not suited to pasture and hay. The suitability for forage species and the use of equipment are limited by the slope, a high content of rock fragments, or both.

# Forest Productivity and Management

Douglas Wallace, staff forester, Natural Resources Conservation Service, helped prepare this section.

A forest is more than a group of trees. The trees, the soil, and associated plants and animals form a forest ecosystem with many valuable properties. Wood fiber, water quality, wildlife habitat, and recreational activities, such as hunting and hiking, are useful products from a productive forest ecosystem.

About 406,482 acres of Washington County is forested (Missouri Resource Assessment Partnership, 1992). Oak-hickory, oak-pine, and eastern redcedar communities cover forested uplands in Washington County. White oak, red oak, mockernut hickory, and black oak grow on the better sites. Post oak, blackjack oak, shortleaf pine, eastern redcedar, and shagbark hickory are dominant on the shallower, more acidic, or droughty soils. Areas that are very shallow or shallow to bedrock are dominated by eastern redcedar, blackjack oak, and prairie grasses. These areas are commonly referred to as "glades" or "cedar breaks" (fig. 13). Flood plain sites commonly support black walnut, American elm, silver maple, sycamore, bur oak, hackberry, green ash, and black

willow. The variations in tree species and growth on both uplands and bottomlands are dependent on the interaction of site characteristics, soil properties, and management activities.

Site characteristics that have a strong affect on tree growth include aspect (the direction the slope is facing) and slope position. These site characteristics influence the amount of available sunlight, air drainage, soil temperature, soil moisture, and relative humidity. Typically, north and east aspects and the lower slope positions, which are cooler and have better moisture conditions, are more productive than the south and west aspects and the upper slope positions of the same or similar soil types. Alred, Goss, and Rueter soils exhibit productivity and



Figure 13.—Glades in an area of Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony.

species responses to aspect and slope position. Finally, bottomland sites are generally more productive than upland sites.

Soil properties are fundamentally important for woodland production and management considerations. A quarter or more of a tree's mass is located in the soil, which serves as a reservoir for moisture, provides an anchor for roots, and supplies essential plant nutrients. In Washington County, important soil properties include soil wetness, soil slope, soil clay content, and soil depth.

Soil wetness is the result of a high water table, flooding, poor drainage, or ponding. It causes seedling mortality, limits the use of equipment, and

increases the windthrow hazard by restricting the rooting depth of some trees. Ruts form easily if wheeled skidders are used when these soils are wet. Deep ruts tend to restrict lateral drainage, result in damage to tree roots, and alter soil structure. Flooding and/or surface wetness can be a problem on many soils in Washington County. These soils include Bloomsdale, Deible, Fourche, Freeburg, Gabriel, Gravois, Hartville, Haymond, Higdon, Hildebrecht, Huzzah, Kaintuck, Racoon, Relfe, Tonti, Useful, Viburnum, and Wrengart soils. On all of these soils, equipment should be used only during dry periods or when the ground is frozen.

The slope can limit the use of forestry equipment.



Figure 14.—An area of Tiff gravelly clay, 1 to 20 percent slopes, very rocky, in which low impact timber harvesting reduces erosion and damage to remaining trees.

A slope of 15 percent or greater limits the use of equipment in logging areas, on skid roads, in yarding areas, and on logging roads. Soil erosion is a hazard in these disturbed areas. Steep slopes limit the use of equipment and are highly susceptible to erosion. This includes many areas of Alred, Bender, Coulstone, Frenchmill, Goss, Irondale, Rueter, Sonsac, Taumsauk, and Useful soils. Special erosion-control measures, such as water bars or dips, can reduce the hazard of erosion. Also, the design of logging roads and trails minimizes the steepness and length of slopes. Low impact methods of harvesting timber can reduce erosion, sedimentation, and damage to remaining trees (fig. 14). Moderately steep to very steep slopes indicate a safety hazard and limit the use of equipment. In these areas, equipment should be operated on the contour when possible. Severely sloping sites require moving logs uphill to skid trails and yarding areas.

The content of clay in the topsoil or subsoil can affect equipment use and seedling mortality. Traction is reduced in areas of clayey soils. The seedling mortality rate is moderate or high in these areas, and the soils can easily become compacted when they are wet. Ruts form easily on unsurfaced roads and skid trails, which may be impassable during rainy periods. Soils that have a high content of clay in the subsoil include Caneyville, Gatewood, Hartville, Ocie, and Useful soils. In areas of these soils, activities should be restricted to dry periods or to surfaced areas. Seedling establishment can be increased with mechanical or chemical weed control, mulching, or supplemental water.

Soil depth favorable to rooting is usually one of the most significant soil properties affecting woodland productivity. Soil horizons that are favorable for root development allow a tree to anchor its roots and provide volume for available water and nutrients. Very shallow and shallow Moko and Taumsauk soils limit rooting depth, rooting volume, restrict the use of equipment, and hinder the construction of logging roads. Carefully planning the location of proposed logging roads could minimize most of these limitations. Trees in areas of these soils are prone to water stress during dry years or dry seasons and are susceptible to windthrow during high winds. The effective rooting depth is also restricted to varying degrees on some of the soils in the survey area because of root restricting subsoil layers. These soils include Gatewood, Hildebrecht, Scholten, Tonti, and Yelton soils.

Management activities can influence woodland productivity and should be aimed at eliminating factors causing tree stress. Generally, proper

management involves controlling erosion, thinning overstocked young stands, planting trees where natural regeneration is deficient, harvesting mature trees, and eliminating destructive fire and grazing.

To maximize forestry investment inputs, management activities should concentrate on sites with productive soils and on areas with high-value timber species. The more productive soils in Washington County include Crider, Courtois, Fourche, Gravois, Useful, and Wrengart soils on uplands and Haymond, Horsecreek, Racket, Razort, and Sturkie soils on bottomlands.

Fire and grazing have very negative impacts on forest growth and quality. More than 30 percent of the woodland is still subject to moderate to heavy grazing. Grazing destroys the leaf layer on the surface, compacts the soil, and eliminates or damages tree seedlings. Fire damage to forests is a major concern throughout the Ozarks. Not only are trees damaged by fire, resulting in reduced wood quality and growth, but damage is also caused to soil, water quality, and wildlife habitat. Woodland sites that are protected from grazing and burning have the highest potential for optimum timber, wildlife, and recreational production.

The tables in this section can help forest owners or managers plan the use of soils for wood crops. Potential productivity of the soils for wood crops is provided in table 7. Interpretive ratings are provided for various aspects of forest management in tables 8a and 8b.

#### Forest Productivity

In table 7, the potential productivity of merchantable or common trees on a soil is expressed as a site index and as a volume number. The site index is the average height, in feet, that dominant and codominant trees of a given species attain in a specified number of years. The site index applies to fully stocked, even-aged, unmanaged stands. Commonly grown trees are those that forest managers generally favor in intermediate or improvement cuttings. They are selected on the basis of growth rate, quality, value, and marketability. More detailed information regarding site index is available in the "National Forestry Manual," which is available in local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or on the Internet.

The volume of wood fiber, a number, is the yield likely to be produced by the most important trees. This number, expressed as cubic feet per acre per year and calculated at the age of culmination of the mean annual increment (CMAI), indicates the amount

of fiber produced in a fully stocked, even-aged, unmanaged stand.

Trees to manage are those that are preferred for planting, seeding, or natural regeneration and those that remain in the stand after thinning or partial harvest.

### **Forest Management**

In tables 8a and 8b, interpretive ratings are given for various aspects of forest management. The ratings in the tables are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified aspect of forest management. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified aspect of management. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified aspect of management. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified aspect of management. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified aspect of management. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, special planning, soil reclamation, specialized equipment, or other procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified aspect of management. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, specialized equipment, or other expensive procedures. Poor performance, unsafe conditions, or high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity

of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation class for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

The paragraphs that follow indicate the soil properties considered in rating the soils for forest management factors. More detailed information about the criteria used in the ratings is available in the "National Forestry Manual," which is available in local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or through the Agency's Website.

Ratings in the column hand planting are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, content of sand, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, depth to a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the expected difficulty of hand planting, which includes the proper placement of root systems of tree seedlings to a depth of up to 12 inches, using standard hand planting tools. It is assumed that necessary site preparation is completed before seedlings are planted.

Ratings in the column *mechanical planting* are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, content of sand, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, depth to a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the expected difficulty in using a mechanical planter, which includes proper placement of root systems of tree seedlings to a depth of up to 12 inches. It is assumed that necessary site preparation is completed before seedlings are planted.

Ratings in the column harvest equipment are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, depth to a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the suitability for operating harvest equipment for offroad transport or harvest of logs and/or wood products by ground-based wheeled or tracked equipment.

Ratings in the column *mechanical site preparation* (*surface*) are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, depth to a water table, and ponding. The part of the soil from the surface to a depth of about 12 inches is considered in the ratings. Ratings indicate the suitability of using surface-altering soil tillage equipment to prepare the site for planting or seeding.

Ratings in the column *roads* (*natural surface*) are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture,

depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, and the hazard of soil slippage. The ratings indicate the suitability for using the natural surface of the soil for roads on which trucks transport logs and other wood products from the site.

In table 8b, ratings in the column *erosion* on roads and trails are based on the soil erodibility factor K, slope, and content of rock fragments. The ratings apply to unsurfaced roads and trails.

Ratings in the column off-road or off-trail erosion are based on slope and on the soil erodibility factor K. The soil loss is caused by sheet or rill erosion in off-road or off-trail areas where 50 to 75 percent of the surface has been exposed by logging, grazing, mining, or other kinds of disturbance.

Ratings in the column *soil rutting* are based on depth to a water table, rock fragments on or below the surface, surface texture, depth to a restrictive layer, and slope. Ruts form as a result of the operation of forest equipment. Ratings indicate limitations affecting the hazard or risk of ruts in the uppermost layers of the soil. Soil displacement and puddling (soil deformation and compaction) may occur simultaneously with the formation of ruts.

Ratings in the column *log landings* are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, and the hazard of soil slippage. Ratings indicate the suitability of the soil at the forest site to serve as a log landing and to allow the efficient and effective use of equipment for the temporary storage and handling of logs.

Ratings in the column seedling survival are based on flooding, ponding, depth to a water table, content of lime, reaction, salinity, available water capacity, soil moisture regime, soil temperature regime, aspect, and slope. Ratings indicate the impact of soil, physiographic, and climatic conditions on the survivability of newly established tree seedlings.

# Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings

Douglas Wallace, staff forester, Natural Resources Conservation Service, helped prepare this section.

Living plants play an important role in supporting our life and improving its condition. When properly used and maintained, plants help to provide positive solutions to many problems existing in our contemporary environment. In Washington County, windbreaks and environmental plantings can be utilized throughout the landscape to meet a variety of engineering, climatological, and aesthetic needs.

Windbreaks can be grown successively in many areas of Washington County. Several specific aspects of management should be considered when farmstead and feedlot windbreaks are planned. These include design and layout, species selection, site preparation, seedling handling, weed management, irrigation, and protection from diseases, insects, and livestock.

Farmstead windbreaks make the farmstead area a more comfortable place to live and work, reduce energy costs, increase garden and fruit tree yields, enhance wildlife populations, buffer noises, and raise property values.

Feedlot windbreaks can be used to protect livestock from wind and snow. These windbreaks significantly reduce calf losses, make feeding operations easier, and enable livestock to maintain optimum weight with less feed (Scholten, 1988).

Farmstead and feedlot windbreaks are generally three or more rows wide and dense, and at least two of the rows consist of evergreen tree species. In addition, the windbreaks should be established on the windward side of the area to be protected and as perpendicular as possible to the prevailing winds (Brandle and others, 1988). Well designed farmstead and feedlot windbreaks exist throughout Washington County, especially on cleared upland areas of the Caneyville-Gatewood-Aaron-Courtois soil association.

Environmental plantings can be used for beautification, as visual screens, for flood management, and for control of acoustical, pollution, and climatological problems around buildings and other living spaces. Care should be given to selecting plants that exhibit proper height, shape, form, color, and texture and that are compatible with the surrounding area, structures, and desired use. Establishing trees and shrubs is easy in most areas of Washington County, but adequate site preparation prior to planting and control of competition from weeds after planting are necessary.

In the nearly level Cedargap-Razort soil association in the bottomlands, special use of linear riparian woody buffers, called waterbreaks, is required. Waterbreaks are intended to moderate floodwater problems associated with flood plains. When properly designed, waterbreaks trap debris, reduce sand deposition and scouring, protect levee systems, and reduce damage to roads and ditches. A typical waterbreak system should include primary waterbreaks that parallel stream courses in widths of 50 to 300 feet. Secondary or interior waterbreaks that are 25 to 100 feet in width should be established perpendicular to anticipated flooding along field borders or every half-mile (Wallace and others, 2000).

Table 9 shows the height that locally grown trees and shrubs are expected to reach in 20 years on various soils. The estimates in the table are based on measurements and observation of established plantings that have been given adequate care. They can be used as a guide in planning windbreaks and screens. Additional information on planning windbreaks and screens and planting and caring for trees and shrubs can be obtained from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or of the Cooperative Extension Service or from a commercial nursery.

#### Recreation

The soils of the survey area are rated in table 10 according to limitations that affect their suitability for recreational use. Soils are rated for camp areas, picnic areas, playgrounds, and paths and trails.

The ratings in the table are based on restrictive soil features, such as wetness, slope, and texture of the surface layer. Susceptibility to flooding is considered. Not considered in the ratings, but important in evaluating a site, are the location and accessibility of the area, the size and shape of the area and its scenic quality, vegetation, access to water, potential water impoundment sites, and access to public sewer lines. The capacity of the soil to absorb septic tank effluent and the ability of the soil to support vegetation also are important. Soils that are subject to flooding are limited for recreational uses by the duration and intensity of flooding and the season when flooding occurs. In planning recreational facilities, onsite assessment of the height, duration, intensity, and frequency of flooding is essential.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect recreational site development. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly *limited* indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but

overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. *Very limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

The information in table 10 can be supplemented by other information in this survey, for example, interpretations for building site development, construction materials, sanitary facilities, and water management.

Camp areas require site preparation, such as shaping and leveling the tent and parking areas, stabilizing roads and intensively used areas, and installing sanitary facilities and utility lines. Camp areas are subject to heavy foot traffic and some vehicular traffic. The soil properties that affect the performance of the areas after development are those that influence trafficability and promote the growth of vegetation, especially in heavily used areas. For good trafficability, the surface of camp areas should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

*Picnic areas* are subject to heavy foot traffic. Most vehicular traffic is confined to access roads and

parking areas. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of developing picnic areas and that influence trafficability and the growth of vegetation after development. Slope and stoniness are the main concerns affecting the development of picnic areas. For good trafficability, the surface of picnic areas should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

Playgrounds require soils that are nearly level, are free of stones, and can withstand intensive foot traffic. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of developing playgrounds and that influence trafficability and the growth of vegetation after development. Slope and stoniness are the main concerns affecting the development of playgrounds. For good trafficability, the surface of the playgrounds should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

Paths and trails for hiking and horseback riding should require little or no cutting and filling. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect trafficability and erodibility. These properties are stoniness, a water table, ponding, flooding, slope, and texture of the surface layer. The best soils are not wet, are firm after rains, are not dusty when dry, and are not subject to frequent flooding during the period of use. They have moderate slopes and few or no stones or boulders on the surface.

### Wildlife Habitat

Joe Tousignant, wildlife services biologist, Missouri Department of Conservation, helped prepare this section.

Washington County is in the part of the state known as the Ozark Plateau. The majority of the county is in forest cover consisting of mixed hardwoods and shortleaf pine growing on the steep rocky slopes of the Ozark Mountains. Most of the farmland in the Ozark region of the county is located in the valleys and river bottoms. Of the 487,827 acres that make up Washington County, approximately

406,482 acres is forested (Missouri Resource Assessment Partnership, 1992). The remainder of the farmland is a mixture of land uses such as cropland, pasture and hayland, marsh, and residential or urban use.

There is much discussion regarding historical vegetation (pre-European settlement) found in Missouri's Ozarks. It is generally assumed that much of the Ozarks was forested prior to settlement. However, evidence exists that much of the Ozark Mountains and ridgetops were not predominately forested, but rather a mixture of grasses and trees also known as savannas. The areas with the shallowest soil and prominent rock outcroppings, especially on south- and west-facing slopes, were often in a similar habitat known as glades. Much of the Ozarks was barren, park-like, or contained savannas. The prairie grasses and forbs were dominant, with an intermixing of scattered oaks and shortleaf pine (Beilmann and Brenner, 1951). Bison were common in this landscape. The change in vegetation to a more forested cover type is the result of a reduction in fire since settlement coupled with a general trend of an increase in precipitation (Beilmann and Brenner, 1951). Vast logging and deforestation of the Ozarks occurred in the late 1800s and early 1900s. The logging during that period, therefore, was the harvest of first-generation timber that was established earlier in the 19th century.

Savannas, woodlands, and forested areas have also experienced a dramatic shift in the composition of tree species, which has significant effects on forest management decisions today. Forests and woodlands that burned on a regular basis in pre-settlement times were often dominated by shortleaf pine. The fire-tolerant pine was almost completely removed from the landscape during the Ozark timber boom period. The use of fire decreased substantially over the years, which has resulted in a forest comprised primarily of hardwoods, such as oak and hickory. Trees in the red oak group, such as scarlet and black oak, have invaded sites more suitable for the growth of shortleaf pine.

As these stands of short-lived red oaks are reaching and passing maturity today, their vigor and health declines. The age of the timber coupled with specific disease and insect threats have created conditions where large numbers of red oaks are dying in close proximity to each other, a condition known as Oak Decline. It is now increasingly important to enlist the services of a trained forester to deal with forest management and health issues.

Until the latter quarter of the 20th century, small row-crop farms added an element of wildlife habitat

throughout most of the county. Also, in the late 1960s, the plant composition of hayland and pastureland changed greatly. Native warm-season grasses and wildlife-friendly cool-season grasses, such as Kentucky bluegrass, timothy, and orchardgrass, were replaced with more aggressive pasture grasses of limited value to most wildlife.

Regardless of the historical or present major land uses, Washington County offers excellent habitat potential for wildlife that thrive in woodland, savanna, or edge habitats.

The Big River, St. Francis River, and Meramec River watersheds drain Washington County. Streams in the county are gravel-bottomed and clear running. These streams support thriving populations of sport

fish, such as smallmouth bass, rock bass, and suckers. The river otter is a recently restored species of wildlife that was previously extirpated from the streams and wetlands of Washington County.

Wetland acreage is limited in Washington County and primarily exists as old river channels and cutoffs, fens, and seeps. Waterfowl, such as blue and greenwinged teal, migrate through much of the county and make use of wetlands primarily in the spring and fall. Other species, such as wood ducks, nest and raise their young on the ponds, streams, and wetlands and are present in all but the winter months. Large numbers of farm ponds and small lakes have been built by landowners for livestock water, erosion control, and recreational uses (fig. 15). They add



Figure 15.—This lake offers recreational opportunities; the foreground is an area of Waben gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes.

diversity to the wetland habitats and support birds, such as kingfishers, great blue herons, and other wading birds.

Historical accounts from early 20th century often tell of small springs and running streams that have disappeared completely or dried up in the last 100 years. This occurrence is the result of an increasing trend in woodland acreage in the Ozarks (Beilmann and Brenner, 1951). Also, it is claimed that more deep percolation and runoff occur from grasslands than forested areas where a larger amount of precipitation is lost to evaporation (Beilmann and Brenner, 1951). Wildlife use of dry ridges and the upper end of stream valleys may be diminished by lack of water or, conversely, the habitat can be improved with the addition of new water sources to replace those lost over the last century. Small wildlife ponds constructed very close to the top of wooded ridges where adequate soil can be found are often heavily used by mammals, birds, and amphibians.

The forestland typically occurs as stands of polesized oak and hickory. The stands have a closed canopy and generally do not have a diverse, welldeveloped understory. Most stands have been under short- and high-grade logging rotations. A decrease in the number of tree cavities often occurs under this type of management. The creation of tree snags, the protection of den trees, and the placement of wooden nest boxes can enhance habitat for cavity-nesting wildlife, such as squirrels, raccoons, and woodpeckers.

Great expanses of unbroken woodland are important to the wildlife species that inhabit the interior of a forest, but there is a scarcity of suitable edge areas where cover types are interspersed. Large, contiguous blocks of timber now exist through much of the county. This is in contrast to presettlement conditions when there was a dispersion of forested and non-forested habitats mixed together. The habitat for both game and nongame species can be improved by the construction of woodland openings in large blocks of contiguous forestland. These openings can effectively replace the natural openings that are rare today, such as glades and ridgetop savannas. Grasses and forbs growing in forest openings are critical for the growth and survival of turkey poults, as well as many insectivorous birds, even those that require an unfragmented forest for

Land devoted to early successional habitat is managed through disturbance, whether fire or ground disturbance associated with agricultural activities. With the loss of row-crop agriculture and the abandonment of farms and fields, this habitat is

virtually nonexistent. It is doubtful that early successional wildlife species, such as quail and rabbits, will ever return to Washington County in the numbers present when row-crop farming was an active land use in the Ozark region.

Overall, populations of game species, such as deer, turkeys, and squirrels, are good in Washington County and attract thousands of hunters every year. However, the habitat can be improved over the long term by habitat management, such as the prescribed use of fire, fencing of livestock out of forest and woodlands, and the establishment of riparian corridors adjacent to streams. With the majority of Washington County being forested, the importance of soliciting the assistance of a professional forester in the management of that forest cannot be understated. Increased use of native grasses in pasture and hay plantings and the restoration of such critical natural communities as wetlands, savannas, and glades, where appropriate, are also techniques that could enhance the wildlife habitat in the county.

Soils affect the kind and amount of vegetation that is available to wildlife as food and cover. They also affect the construction of water impoundments. The kind and abundance of wildlife depend largely on the amount and distribution of food, cover, and water. Wildlife habitat can be created or improved by planting appropriate vegetation, by maintaining the existing plant cover, or by promoting the natural establishment of desirable plants.

In tables 11a and 11b, the soils in the survey area are rated according to their potential for providing habitat for various kinds of wildlife. This information can be used in planning parks, wildlife refuges, nature study areas, and other developments for wildlife; in selecting soils that are suitable for establishing, improving, or maintaining specific elements of wildlife habitat; and in determining the intensity of management needed for each element of the habitat.

The ratings in the tables are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified use. *Not limited* indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Habitat is easily established, improved, or maintained. *Slightly limited* indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Habitat can be established, improved, or maintained. *Moderately limited* indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. Habitat can be established, improved, or maintained in most places. Moderately intensive management is required for satisfactory results.

Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. Habitat is difficult to create, improve, or maintain in most places. Management is difficult and must be very intensive. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. Habitat is usually impractical or impossible to create, improve, or maintain. Management would be very difficult, and unsatisfactory results can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation class for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

The elements of wildlife habitat are described in the following paragraphs.

Grain and seed crops are domestic grains and seed-producing herbaceous plants. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of grain and seed crops are depth of the root zone, texture of the surface layer, available water capacity, wetness, slope, surface stoniness, and flooding. Soil temperature and soil moisture are also considerations. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Grasses and legumes are domestic perennial grasses and herbaceous legumes. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of grasses and legumes are depth of the root zone, texture of the surface layer, available water capacity, wetness, surface stoniness, flooding, and slope. Soil temperature and soil moisture are also considerations. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland wild herbaceous plants are native or naturally established grasses and forbs, including weeds. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of these plants are depth of the root zone, texture of the surface layer, available water capacity, wetness, surface stoniness, and flooding. Soil temperature and soil moisture are also considerations. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland shrubs and vines are bushy woody plants that produce fruit, buds, twigs, bark, and foliage. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of shrubs and vines are depth of the root zone, available water capacity, salinity, and soil moisture. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland deciduous trees and woody understory produce nuts or other fruit, buds, catkins, twigs, bark, and foliage. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of hardwood trees are depth of the root zone, available water capacity, and wetness. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Upland mixed deciduous-conifer trees and woody understory produce nuts or other fruit, buds, catkins, twigs, bark, browse, seeds and foliage. Soil properties and features that affect the growth of these trees are depth of the root zone, available water capacity, and wetness. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Riparian herbaceous plants are annual and perennial native or naturally established grasses and forbs that grow on moist or wet sites. Soil properties and features affecting riparian herbaceous plants are surface texture, wetness, flooding, ponding, and surface stones. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Riparian shrubs, vines, and trees are bushy woody plants and trees that grow on moist or wet sites. Soil properties and features affecting these plants are surface texture, wetness, flooding, ponding, and surface stones. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Freshwater wetland plants are grasses, forbs, and shrubs that are adapted to wet soil conditions. The soils suitable for this habitat generally occur adjacent to springs, seeps, depressions, bottomlands, marshes, or backwater areas of flood plains. Most areas are ponded for some period of time during the year. Soil properties and features affecting these plants are surface texture, wetness, ponding, and soil reaction. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

Irrigated freshwater wetland plants are grasses, forbs, and shrubs that are adapted to wet soil conditions. The soils suitable for this habitat generally occur in areas of cropland, previously cropped areas, and marginal areas associated with cropland and wetlands. These areas may be ponded for some

period of time during the year. These areas are generally suitable for restoring wetland features temporarily or permanently. Soil properties and features affecting these plants are surface texture, permeability, wetness, ponding, and soil reaction. Selection should be made from a list of locally adapted species.

# **Engineering**

This section provides information for planning land uses related to urban development and to water management. Soils are rated for various uses, and the most limiting features are identified. Ratings are given for building site development, sanitary facilities, construction materials, water management, and waste management. The ratings are based on observed performance of the soils and on the data in the tables described under the heading "Soil Properties."

Information in this section is intended for land use planning, for evaluating land use alternatives, and for planning site investigations prior to design and construction. The information, however, has limitations. For example, estimates and other data generally apply only to that part of the soil within a depth of 5 or 6 feet. Because of the map scale, small areas of different soils may be included within the mapped areas of a specific soil.

The information is not site specific and does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation of the soils or for testing and analysis by personnel experienced in the design and construction of engineering works.

Government ordinances and regulations that restrict certain land uses or impose specific design criteria were not considered in preparing the information in this section. Local ordinances and regulations should be considered in planning, in site selection, and in design.

Soil properties, site features, and observed performance were considered in determining the ratings in this section. During the fieldwork for this soil survey, determinations were made about grain-size distribution, liquid limit, plasticity index, soil reaction, depth to bedrock, hardness of bedrock within 5 or 6 feet of the surface, soil wetness, depth to a seasonal high water table, slope, likelihood of flooding, natural soil structure aggregation, and soil density. Data were collected about kinds of clay minerals, mineralogy of the sand and silt fractions, and the kinds of adsorbed cations. Estimates were made for erodibility, permeability, corrosivity, shrink-swell potential, available water capacity, and other behavioral characteristics affecting engineering uses.

This information can be used to evaluate the potential of areas for residential, commercial, industrial, and recreational uses; make preliminary estimates of construction conditions: evaluate alternative routes for roads, streets, highways, pipelines, and underground cables; evaluate alternative sites for sanitary landfills, septic tank absorption fields, and sewage lagoons; evaluate sites for agricultural waste management; plan detailed onsite investigations of soils and geology; locate potential sources of gravel, sand, earthfill, and topsoil; plan drainage systems, irrigation systems, ponds, terraces, and other structures for soil and water conservation; and predict performance of proposed small structures and pavements by comparing the performance of existing similar structures on the same or similar soils.

The information in the tables, along with the soil maps, the soil descriptions, and other data provided in this survey, can be used to make additional interpretations.

Some of the terms used in this soil survey have a special meaning in soil science and are defined in the Glossary.

### **Building Site Development**

Soil properties influence the development of building sites, including the selection of the site, the design of the structure, construction, performance after construction, and maintenance. Table 12 shows the degree and kind of soil limitations that affect dwellings with and without basements, small commercial buildings, local roads and streets, and lawns and landscaping.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect building site development. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but

overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. *Very limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Dwellings are single-family houses of three stories or less. For dwellings without basements, the foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. For dwellings with basements, the foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of about 7 feet. The ratings for dwellings are based on the soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs. The properties that affect the load-supporting capacity include a water table, ponding, flooding, subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), and compressibility. Compressibility is inferred from the Unified classification. The properties that affect the ease and amount of excavation include a water table, ponding, flooding, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, and the amount and size of rock fragments.

Small commercial buildings are structures that are less than three stories high and do not have

basements. The foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs. The properties that affect the load-supporting capacity include a water table, ponding, flooding, subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), and compressibility (which is inferred from the Unified classification). The properties that affect the ease and amount of excavation include flooding, a water table, ponding, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, and the amount and size of rock fragments.

Local roads and streets have an all-weather surface and carry automobile and light truck traffic all year. They have a subgrade of cut or fill soil material; a base of gravel, crushed rock, or soil material stabilized by lime or cement; and a surface of flexible material (asphalt), rigid material (concrete), or gravel with a binder. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of excavation and grading and the traffic-supporting capacity. The properties that affect the ease of excavation and grading are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, a water table, ponding, flooding, the amount of large stones, and slope. The properties that affect the trafficsupporting capacity are soil strength (as inferred from the AASHTO group index number), subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), the potential for frost action, a water table, and ponding.

Lawns and landscaping require soils on which turf and ornamental trees and shrubs can be established and maintained. Irrigation is not considered in the ratings. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth and trafficability after vegetation is established. The properties that affect plant growth are reaction; a water table; ponding; depth to bedrock or a cemented pan; the available water capacity in the upper 40 inches; the content of salts, sodium, or calcium carbonate; and sulfidic materials. The properties that affect trafficability are flooding, a water table, ponding, slope, stoniness, and the amount of sand, clay, or organic matter in the surface layer.

## **Sanitary Facilities**

The soils of the survey area are rated in table 13 according to limitations that affect their suitability for

sanitary facilities. Soils are rated for septic tank absorption fields, sewage lagoons, sanitary landfills, and daily cover for landfill.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect sanitary facilities. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Septic tank absorption fields are areas in which effluent from a septic tank is distributed into the soil

through subsurface tiles or perforated pipe. Only that part of the soil between depths of 24 and 60 inches is evaluated. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect absorption of the effluent, construction and maintenance of the system, and public health. Permeability, a water table, ponding, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and flooding affect absorption of the effluent. Stones and boulders, ice, and bedrock or a cemented pan interfere with installation. Subsidence interferes with installation and maintenance. Excessive slope may cause lateral seepage and surfacing of the effluent in downslope areas.

Some soils are underlain by loose sand and gravel or fractured bedrock at a depth of less than 4 feet below the distribution lines. In these soils the absorption field may not adequately filter the effluent, particularly when the system is new. As a result, the ground water may be contaminated. Unsatisfactory performance of septic tank absorption fields, including excessively slow absorption of effluent, surfacing of effluent, hillside seepage, and contamination of ground water, can affect public health.

Sewage lagoons are shallow ponds constructed to hold sewage while aerobic bacteria decompose the solid and liquid wastes. Lagoons should have a nearly level floor surrounded by cut slopes or embankments of compacted soil. Nearly impervious soil material for the lagoon floor and sides is required to minimize seepage and contamination of ground water. Considered in the ratings are slope, permeability, a water table, ponding, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, flooding, large stones, and content of organic matter.

Soil permeability is a critical property affecting the suitability for sewage lagoons. Most porous soils eventually become sealed when they are used as sites for sewage lagoons. Until sealing occurs, however, the hazard of pollution is severe. Soils that have a permeability rate of more than 2 inches per hour are too porous for the proper functioning of sewage lagoons. In these soils, seepage of the effluent can result in contamination of the ground water. Ground-water contamination is also a hazard if fractured bedrock is within a depth of 40 inches, if the water table is high enough to raise the level of sewage in the lagoon, or if floodwater overtops the lagoon.

A high content of organic matter is detrimental to proper functioning of the lagoon because it inhibits aerobic activity. Slope, bedrock, and cemented pans can cause construction problems, and large stones can hinder compaction of the lagoon floor. If the lagoon is to be uniformly deep throughout, slope must

be gentle enough and the soil material must be thick enough over bedrock or a cemented pan to make land smoothing practical.

A trench sanitary landfill is an area where solid waste is placed in successive layers in an excavated trench. The waste is spread, compacted, and covered daily with a thin layer of soil excavated at the site. When the trench is full, a final cover of soil material at least 2 feet thick is placed over the landfill. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the risk of pollution, the ease of excavation, trafficability, and revegetation. These properties include permeability, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, a water table, ponding, slope, flooding, texture, stones and boulders, highly organic layers, soil reaction, and content of salts and sodium. Unless otherwise stated, the ratings apply only to that part of the soil within a depth of about 6 feet. For deeper trenches, onsite investigation may be needed.

Hard, nonrippable bedrock, creviced bedrock, or highly permeable strata in or directly below the proposed trench bottom can affect the ease of excavation and the hazard of ground-water pollution. Slope affects construction of the trenches and the movement of surface water around the landfill. It also affects the construction and performance of roads in areas of the landfill.

Soil texture and consistence affect the ease with which the trench is dug and the ease with which the soil can be used as daily or final cover. They determine the workability of the soil when dry and when wet. Soils that are plastic and sticky when wet are difficult to excavate, grade, or compact and are difficult to place as a uniformly thick cover over a layer of refuse.

The soil material used as the final cover for a trench landfill should be suitable for plants. It should not have excess sodium or salts and should not be too acid. The surface layer generally has the best workability, the highest content of organic matter, and the best potential for plants. Material from the surface layer should be stockpiled for use as the final cover.

In an area sanitary landfill, solid waste is placed in successive layers on the surface of the soil. The waste is spread, compacted, and covered daily with a thin layer of soil from a source away from the site. A final cover of soil material at least 2 feet thick is placed over the completed landfill. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect trafficability and the risk of pollution. These properties include flooding, permeability, a water table, ponding, slope, and depth to bedrock or a cemented pan.

Flooding is a serious problem because it can result in pollution in areas downstream from the landfill. If

permeability is too rapid or if fractured bedrock, a fractured cemented pan, or the water table is close to the surface, the leachate can contaminate the water supply. Slope is a consideration because of the extra grading required to maintain roads in the steeper areas of the landfill. Also, leachate may flow along the surface of the soils in the steeper areas and cause difficult seepage problems.

Daily cover for landfill is the soil material that is used to cover compacted solid waste in an area sanitary landfill. The soil material is obtained offsite, transported to the landfill, and spread over the waste. The ratings in the table also apply to the final cover for a landfill. They are based on the soil properties that affect workability, the ease of digging, and the ease of moving and spreading the material over the refuse daily during wet and dry periods. These properties include soil texture, a water table, ponding, rock fragments, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, reaction, and content of salts, sodium, or lime.

Loamy or silty soils that are free of large stones and excess gravel are the best cover for a landfill. Clayey soils may be sticky and difficult to spread; sandy soils are subject to wind erosion.

Slope affects the ease of excavation and of moving the cover material. Also, it can influence runoff, erosion, and reclamation of the borrow area.

After soil material has been removed, the soil material remaining in the borrow area must be thick enough over bedrock, a cemented pan, or the water table to permit revegetation. The soil material used as the final cover for a landfill should be suitable for plants. It should not have excess sodium, salts, or lime and should not be too acid.

#### **Construction Materials and Excavating**

The soils of the survey area are rated in table 14 as a source of roadfill, sand, gravel, or topsoil. Normal compaction, minor processing, and other standard construction practices are assumed. The soils are also rated according to limitations that affect their suitability for shallow excavations. The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical.

Rating class terms, as follows, are used to indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by soil features that affect their use as a source for roadfill, sand, gravel, or topsoil or their suitability for shallow excavations. *Not limited* indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. *Slightly limited* indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The

limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Roadfill is soil material that is excavated in one place and used in road embankments in another place. In this table, the soils are rated as a source of roadfill for low embankments, generally less than 6 feet high and less exacting in design than higher embankments.

The ratings are for the whole soil, from the surface to a depth of about 5 feet. It is assumed that soil layers will be mixed when the soil material is excavated and spread.

The ratings are based on the amount of suitable material and on soil properties that affect the ease of excavation and the performance of the material after it is in place. The thickness of the suitable material is a

major consideration. The ease of excavation is affected by large stones, a water table, and slope. How well the soil performs in place after it has been compacted and drained is determined by its strength (as inferred from the AASHTO classification of the soil) and linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential).

Sand and gravel are natural aggregates suitable for commercial use with a minimum of processing. They are used in many kinds of construction. Specifications for each use vary widely. In the table, only the probability of finding material in suitable quantity is evaluated. The suitability of the material for specific purposes is not evaluated, nor are factors that affect excavation of the material. The properties used to evaluate the soil as a source of sand or gravel are gradation of grain sizes (as indicated by the Unified classification of the soil), the thickness of suitable material, and the content of rock fragments. If the lowest layer of the soil contains sand or gravel, the soil is rated as a probable source regardless of the thickness. The assumption is that the sand or gravel layer below the depth of observation exceeds the minimum thickness.

Topsoil is used to cover an area so that vegetation can be established and maintained. The upper 40 inches of a soil is evaluated for use as topsoil. Also evaluated is the reclamation potential of the borrow area. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth; the ease of excavating, loading, and spreading the material; and reclamation of the borrow area. Toxic substances, soil reaction, and the properties that are inferred from soil texture, such as available water capacity and fertility, affect plant growth. The ease of excavating, loading, and spreading is affected by rock fragments, slope, a water table, soil texture, and thickness of suitable material. Reclamation of the borrow area is affected by slope, a water table, rock fragments, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and toxic material.

The surface layer of most soils is generally preferred for topsoil because of its organic matter content. Organic matter greatly increases the absorption and retention of moisture and nutrients for plant growth.

Shallow excavations are trenches or holes dug to a maximum depth of 5 or 6 feet for basements, graves, utility lines, open ditches, or other purposes. The ratings are based on the soil properties that influence the ease of digging and the resistance to sloughing. Depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, the amount of large stones, and dense layers influence the ease of digging, filling, and compacting. Depth to the seasonal high water table, flooding, and ponding may

restrict the period when excavations can be made. Slope influences the ease of using machinery. Soil texture, depth to the water table, and linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential) influence the resistance to sloughing.

#### **Water Management**

The soils of the survey area are rated in table 15 according to limitations that affect their suitability for water management. Soils are rated for pond reservoir areas, drainage, irrigation, terraces and diversions, and grassed waterways. Restrictive features that affect each soil for the specified use are also listed in the table.

The ratings in the table are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified use. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Pond reservoir areas hold water behind a dam or embankment. Soils best suited to this use have low seepage potential in the upper 60 inches. The seepage potential is determined by the permeability of the soil and the depth to fractured bedrock, or other permeable material. Slope can affect the storage capacity of the reservoir area.

Drainage is the removal of excess surface and subsurface water from the soil. How easily and effectively the soil is drained depends on the depth to bedrock, permeability, depth to a water table, ponding, slope, and flooding. Excavating and grading and the stability of ditchbanks are affected by depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, large stones, slope, and the likelihood that cutbanks will cave. The productivity of the soil after drainage is adversely affected by extreme acidity or by toxic substances in the root zone, such as salts, sodium, and sulfur. The availability of drainage outlets is not considered in the ratings.

Irrigation is the controlled application of water to supplement rainfall and support plant growth. The design and management of an irrigation system are affected by depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, available water capacity, intake rate, permeability, erodibility, and slope. The construction of a system is affected by large stones and depth to bedrock. The performance of a system is affected by the depth of the root zone, reaction, and the amount of salts, sodium, sulfur, lime, or gypsum.

Terraces and diversions are embankments or a combination of channels and ridges constructed across a slope to control erosion and conserve moisture by intercepting runoff. Slope, a water table, ponding, large stones, and depth to bedrock affect the construction of terraces and diversions. A restricted rooting depth, erodibility, an excessively coarse texture, and restricted permeability adversely affect maintenance.

Grassed waterways are natural or constructed channels, generally broad and shallow, that conduct surface water to outlets at a nonerosive velocity. Large stones, a water table, slope, and depth to bedrock affect the construction of grassed waterways.

Erodibility, soil moisture regime, available water capacity, restricted rooting depth, restricted permeability, and toxic substances, such as salts and sodium, affect the growth and maintenance of the grass after construction.

### Waste Management

Soil properties are important considerations in areas where soils are used as sites for the treatment and disposal of organic waste and wastewater. Selection of soils with properties that favor waste management can help to prevent environmental damage.

Table 16 shows the degree and kind of soil limitations affecting the treatment of agricultural waste, including municipal and food-processing wastewater and effluent from lagoons or storage ponds. Municipal wastewater is the waste stream from a municipality. It contains domestic waste and may contain industrial waste. It may have received primary or secondary treatment. It is rarely untreated sewage. Food-processing wastewater results from the preparation of fruits, vegetables, milk, cheese, and meats for public consumption. In places it is high in content of sodium and chloride. In the context of this table, the effluent in lagoons and storage ponds is from facilities used to treat or store food-processing wastewater or domestic or animal waste. Domestic and food-processing wastewater is very dilute, and the effluent from the facilities that treat or store it commonly is very low in content of carbonaceous and nitrogenous material; the content of nitrogen commonly ranges from 10 to 30 mg/l. The wastewater from animal waste treatment lagoons or storage ponds, however, has much higher concentrations of these materials, mainly because the manure has not been diluted as much as the domestic waste. The content of nitrogen in this wastewater generally ranges from 50 to 2,000 mg/l. When wastewater is applied, checks should be made to ensure that nitrogen, heavy metals, and salts are not added in excessive amounts.

The ratings in the table are for waste management systems that not only dispose of and treat organic waste or wastewater but also are beneficial to crops (application of manure and food-processing waste, application of sewage sludge, and disposal of wastewater through irrigation) and for waste management systems that are designed only for the purpose of wastewater disposal and treatment (slow rate treatment of wastewater and rapid infiltration of wastewater).

The ratings in the table are both verbal and

numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the specified use. Not limited indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. Slightly limited indicates that the soil has features that are favorable for the specified use. The limitations are minor and can be easily overcome. Good performance and low maintenance can be expected. Moderately limited indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. Limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are significant limitations for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome, but overcoming them generally requires special design, soil reclamation, or installation procedures that may result in additional expense. Fair performance and moderate or high maintenance can be expected. Very limited indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the table indicate the severity of individual limitations. The numerical ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. Limitation classes are assigned as follows:

Not limited	0.00
Slightly limited	0.01 to 0.30
Moderately limited	0.31 to 0.60
Limited	0.61 to 0.99
Very limited	1.00

The numerical ratings used to express the severity of individual limitations indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation.

Limitation class terms and numerical ratings are shown for each limiting soil feature listed. As many as three soil features may be listed for each component. The overall limitation rating for the component is based on the most severe limitation.

Land application of manure and food-processing waste not only disposes of waste material but also improves crop production by increasing the supply of nutrients in the soils where the material is applied. Manure is the excrement of livestock and poultry, and food-processing waste is damaged fruit and

vegetables and the peelings, stems, leaves, pits, and soil particles removed in food preparation. The manure and food-processing waste are either solid, slurry, or liquid. Their nitrogen content varies. A high content of nitrogen limits the application rate. Toxic or otherwise dangerous wastes, such as those mixed with the lye used in food processing, are not considered in the ratings.

The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, the rate at which the waste is applied, and the method by which the waste is applied. The properties that affect absorption include permeability, a water table, ponding, the sodium adsorption ratio, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and available water capacity. The properties that affect plant growth and microbial activity include reaction, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, and bulk density. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood of wind erosion or water erosion. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of waste.

Land application of municipal sewage sludge not only disposes of waste material but also improves crop production by increasing the supply of nutrients in the soils where the material is applied. In the context of this table, sewage sludge is the residual product of the treatment of municipal sewage. The solid component consists mainly of cell mass, primarily bacteria cells that developed during secondary treatment and have incorporated soluble organics into their own bodies. The sludge has small amounts of sand, silt, and other solid debris. The content of nitrogen varies. Some sludge has constituents that are toxic to plants or hazardous to the food chain, such as heavy metals and exotic organic compounds, and should be analyzed chemically prior to use.

The content of water in the sludge ranges from about 98 percent to less than 40 percent. The sludge is considered liquid if it is more than about 90 percent water, slurry if it is about 50 to 90 percent water, and solid if it is less than about 50 percent water.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, the rate at which the sludge is applied, and the method by which the sludge is applied. The properties that affect absorption, plant growth, and microbial activity include permeability, a water table, ponding, the sodium adsorption ratio, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, available water capacity, reaction,

salinity, and bulk density. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood of wind erosion or water erosion. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of sludge.

Disposal of wastewater by irrigation not only disposes of municipal wastewater and wastewater from food-processing plants, lagoons, and storage ponds but also improves crop production by increasing the amount of water available to crops. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the design, construction, management, and performance of the irrigation system. The properties that affect design and management include the sodium adsorption ratio, a water table, ponding, available water capacity, permeability, slope, and flooding. The properties that affect construction include stones, cobbles, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, a water table, and ponding. The properties that affect performance include depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, bulk density, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, reaction, and the cation-exchange capacity, which is used to estimate the capacity of a soil to adsorb heavy metals.

Slow rate treatment of wastewater is a process in which wastewater is applied to land at a rate normally between 0.5 inch and 4.0 inches per week. The application rate commonly exceeds the rate needed for irrigation of cropland. The applied wastewater is treated as it moves through the soil. Much of the treated water percolates to the ground water, and some enters the atmosphere through evapotranspiration. The applied water generally is not allowed to run off the surface. Waterlogging is prevented either through control of the application rate or through the use of tile drains, or both.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, and the application of waste. The properties that affect absorption include the sodium adsorption ratio, a water table, ponding, available water capacity, permeability, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, reaction, the cation-exchange capacity, and slope. Reaction, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, and bulk density affect plant growth and microbial activity. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood of wind erosion or water erosion. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of waste.

Rapid infiltration of wastewater is a process in

which wastewater applied in a level basin at a rate of 4 to 120 inches per week percolates through the soil, eventually reaching the ground water. The application rate commonly exceeds the rate needed for irrigation of cropland. Vegetation is not a necessary part of the treatment; hence, the basins may or may not be vegetated. The thickness of the soil material needed for proper treatment of the wastewater is more than 72 inches. As a result, geologic and hydrologic investigation is needed to ensure proper design and

performance and to determine the risk of groundwater pollution.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the risk of pollution and the design, construction, and performance of the system. A water table, ponding, flooding, and depth to bedrock or a cemented pan affect the risk of pollution and the design and construction of the system. Slope, stones, and cobbles also affect design and construction. Permeability and reaction affect performance.

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture

(Yields are those that can be expected under a high level of management. They are for nonirrigated areas. Absence of a yield indicates that the soil is not suited to the crop or the crop generally is not grown on the soil.)

Map symbol and soil name	   Land  capability	Corn	Grain sorghum	  Orchardgrass-   red clover	   Soybeans 	  Tall fescue 	  Warm-season   grasses	  Winter wheat 
	ļ	<u>Bu</u>	<u>Bu</u>	Tons	<u>Bu</u>	Tons	Tons	<u>Bu</u>
66014:	 		 		 	 	1	 
Haymond	2w			7.45		6.75	9.20	į
70028:	 					 	 	 
Moko	6s			·		1.35	2.10	į
Rock outcrop	   8s 		   	 	   	   	 	 
73012:	İ			i	İ	İ	i	İ
Gravois	3e	73.00	66.00 	4.80	27.00	5.00	5.75	30.00
73035:	İ					İ	İ	İ
Gravois	4e	65.00	58.00 	4.80	20.00	5.00	5.75	23.00
73039:	! 					İ	İ	
Glensted	2e	96.00	89.00	7.45	32.00	8.25	9.50	38.00
73046:	! 					İ	İ	
Wrengart	3e	100.00	92.00	4.80	33.00	5.00	5.75	39.00
73052:	! 					İ	İ	
Lily	3e 			5.85	 	5.35	6.75	
73053:					 		! 	
Lily	4e		 	5.85	 	5.35	6.75	
Bender	   6e 			5.85 	   	   5.35 	   6.75 	 
73066:				5.05				į
Bender	6e 		 	5.85 	 	5.35 	6.75 	
73067:	7-				 			İ
Bender	7e 		 	5.85 	 	5.35 	6.75	
Rock outcrop	8s						ļ	
73089:					 	 	 	
Rueter	7e			5.85		5.35	6.75	
73159:	 				 	! 		
Yelton	3e			4.80		5.00	5.75	36.00
73162:					 	İ		
Alred	7e			5.85	 	5.35	6.75	
Rueter	   7e 			5.85 	   	   5.35 	   6.75 	 
73166:	į			į	į	į	į	į
Viburnum	3e 		 	7.50	 	7.00 	7.50	30.00
Tonti	   3e 		 	4.80	   	5.00	   5.75 	 
73173:	į			į		į	į	į
Lily	3e 		 	5.85 	 	5.35	6.75	
Yelton	3e			4.80		5.00	5.75	i

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Land    capability	Corn	Grain sorghum	Orchardgrass-	   Soybeans 	Tall fescue	  Warm-season   grasses	  Winter wheat 
	<u> </u>	<u>Bu</u>	<u>Bu</u>	Tons	<u>Bu</u>	Tons	Tons	<u>Bu</u>
73174:				 	 		 	I I
Lily	4e     1			5.85	   	5.35	6.75	 
Yelton	4e			4.80	   	5.00	5.75	i
73200:	i i			j	İ	į	j	i
Sonsac	6s   			5.85	 	5.35	6.75 	 
73201:	!!!			ļ.	ļ	ļ.	ļ.	ļ.
Sonsac	7e   		 	5.85	 	5.35	6.75	
73210:	! _ !					!		
Goss	7e   		 		 		 	
73214:						!		
Moko	i i				 			
Rock outcrop	8s   				 	 	 	 
73215: Crider	   3e   	100.00	   88.00	   7.45 	   39.00 	   6.65 	   8.00 	   41.00
73218: Tiff	   6e   			   5.85	 	   5.35	   6.75	:   
73271: Moko	 			   	   		 	 
Rock outcrop	8s				 			
73272:	 				<u> </u>	 		
Hildebrecht	3e			4.80	i i	5.00	5.75	j
73273:	į į					į	į	į
Coulstone	7e   			5.85	 	5.35	6.75 	
Bender	7e   			5.85	 	5.35	6.75	 
73274: Scholten	   6s     6			   1.10	   	2.25	   2.65	i 
73275: Gravois	   3e			4.80		5.00	   5.75	i !
Goss				5.85	 	5.35	6.75	
73276:	 				 			 
Rueter	4s   		 	5.85 	 	5.35	6.75 	
Hildebrecht	4e			4.80		5.00	5.75	i
73277: Goss	           6e			5.85	 	5.35	6.75	 
73278: Rueter	         7e				   		   	   
73279: Sonsac	         7e			     4.40	   	     4.00	     4.60	   
Moko	į į			i	 	1.00	1.40	i 
	į į			į		į	į	
Rock outcrop	8s							

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Land  capability	Corn	   Grain   sorghum	  Orchardgrass-   red clover	   Soybeans 	  Tall fescue 	  Warm-season   grasses	  Winter wheat 
	[ [	Bu	<u>Bu</u>	Tons	<u>Bu</u>	Tons	Tons	l <u>Bu</u>
73280:	 		 	 	 	] [	I I	l I
Alred	6s			5.85		5.35	6.75	j
73282:	 		 		 	 	 	 
Alred	7e		<u></u>	5.85	<u></u>	5.35	6.75	į
Sonsac	   7e   		   	   5.85 	   	   5.35 	   6.75 	   
73283:	į į			į		į	į	į
Courtois	3e   	95.00	85.00 	7.50	35.00 	7.00	7.50	 
73284:	į į			į		j	j	į
Courtois	4e   		 	7.50	 	7.00	7.50	 
Goss	6e			5.85	ļ	5.35	6.75	į
73285:	 		 		 	 	 	 
Useful	3e			7.50	j	7.00	7.50	j
Courtois	   3e		 	7.50	 	7.00	7.50	 
73286:			 		 	 		
Useful	4e		 	7.50	 	7.00	7.50	
Courtois	   4e		 	7.50	 	7.00	7.50	 
73287:	 		 		 	 	1	
Useful	6e		<u></u>	7.50	<u></u>	7.00	7.50	į
Sonsac	   7e		 	5.85	 	   5.35	   6.75	 
73288:	 		 		 	! 	 	i
Caneyville	4e		 	5.85	 	5.35	6.75	
Rock outcrop	8s     8		   		   		 	 
73289:	i i			İ		İ	İ	i
Fourche	4e   	100.00	88.00 	7.45	39.00 	6.65 	8.00	 
73290:	į į			İ		į	į	į
Gatewood	4e   		 	5.85	 	5.35	6.75	 
Aaron	3e			7.50		7.00	7.50	i
73291:	 		 		 	! 	 	i
Gatewood	6e			5.85		5.35	6.75	
Aaron	4e		 	7.50	 	7.00	7.50	
73292:	 		 		 	 	 	l I
Lily	4e			5.85	ļ	5.35	6.75	į
73293:	! !		<u> </u> 	 	<u> </u> 	 	 	 
Caneyville	] 3e			5.85		5.35	6.75	į
73294:	 		 		 	 	 	 
Ocie	6s		 	5.85	 	5.35	6.75	i
74634:	. ! 		! 		 	 		 
Hartville	3e   	91.00	81.00 	7.45	34.00	8.25	9.50	37.00
74650:						į	į	į
Higdon	2w   	95.00	85.00 	8.50	35.00 	8.00 	9.50	 
			•	•	•	•	•	•

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Land    capability	Corn	Grain sorghum	Orchardgrass-	Soybeans	Tall fescue	Warm-season   grasses	  Winter wheat 
		<u>Bu</u>	<u>Bu</u>	Tons	<u>Bu</u>	Tons	Tons	<u>Bu</u>
74652: Lecoma		85.00	     75.00	     7.45	     32.00	     6.65	     8.00	     35.00
74653: Racoon	           2w	91.00	     81.00	7.10	28.00	8.10	9.50	37.00
Freeburg		108.00	   94.00	8.50	   40.00	8.00	   9.50	   44.00
74656: Deible	           2e   	91.00	     81.00	7.10	   34.00	   8.00	     9.25	     37.00
74661: Waben	   3e   		   	   5.85		   5.35 	   6.75 	i   
74662: Higdon	   2e   	100.00	90.00	7.45	40.00	   6.65 	   8.00 	   
75376: Cedargap	   3w   		   	1.20	 	   2.65	3.65	   22.00
75388: Kaintuck	   3w			7.45		6.75	   9.20	 
Relfe	4s     4s			3.20		3.20	3.35	
75398: Kaintuck	 		   	   7.45		     6.75	     9.20	   
75406: Racket	     2w   	90.00	 	   7.45		   6.75	     9.20	     41.00
75412: Razort	   2w   	95.00	   85.00 	   7.45	35.00	   6.75	   9.20 	   37.00
75427: Gabriel	   2w   	109.00	   102.00 	7.10	36.00	   8.10 	   9.50 	   44.00 
75450: Bloomsdale	   4w   		   	1.20		   2.65	   3.65 	i   
75453: Sturkie	   2w   	115.00	   100.00	7.45	40.00	   6.75	   9.20 	   40.00
75459: Huzzah				   7.45		6.75	     9.20	 
75460: Horsecreek	           2w	110.00	     88.00	7.45	37.00	6.75	     9.20	   44.00
77014: Rock outcrop	 		   				   	   
Taumsauk						1.35	   2.10	
77015: Irondale	 		   	5.85		5.35	     6.75	   
Taumsauk						1.35	2.10	
Rock outcrop	   8s   		   				 	   

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol	Land	Corn	Grain	Orchardgrass-	Soybeans	Tall fescue	Warm-season	Winter wheat
and soil name	capability		sorghum	red clover		L	grasses	L
	!!!	<u>Bu</u>	<u>Bu</u>	Tons	<u>Bu</u>	Tons	Tons	<u>Bu</u>
77016:	 			 		 	 	 
Irondale	7e			i		<u> </u>	j	j
Taumsauk	   7s					! !	<u> </u>	
Rock outcrop	   8s					 	ļ	
77017: Knobtop	 			     5.85		     5.35	     6.75	   
77019: Frenchmill	         7e			   	     <del></del>	   	   	   
99000. Pits, quarries	i i I I			 		 	i I I	i I I
99001. Water	 			 		 	 	   
	<u> </u>					<u> </u>		
99014. Mine tailings	 			 		 	 	 

Table 6.--Pasture and Hayland Suitability Groups

Map symbol		Component name	Pasture and   hayland   suitability   group
66014	 	Harmond	 
	Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	=	HyU
, , , ,		Rock outcrop	GNS
73012	Gravois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	=	LyP
	Gravois silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes		LyP
73039	Glensted silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	Glensted	WCU
73046	Wrengart silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	Wrengart	LyP
73052	Lily loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Lily	MDU
73053	Lily-Bender complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes	Lily	MDU
		Bender	MDU
	Bender very cobbly fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony		MDU
73067	Bender-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony		MDU
		Rock outcrop	GNS
	Rueter very gravelly silt loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony		GrU
	Yelton silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes		LyP
/3102		Rueter	GrU   GrU
73166	Viburnum-Tonti complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes		CyU
. 5100		Tonti	LyP
73173	Lily-Yelton complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes		MDU
		Yelton	LyP
73174	Lily-Yelton complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Lily	MDU
		Yelton	LyP
73200	Sonsac gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	Sonsac	MDU
73201	Sonsac gravelly silt loam, 15 to 40 percent slopes, very stony	Sonsac	MDU
73210	Goss very cobbly silt loam, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony	Goss	GNS
73214	Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony	Moko	GNS
		Rock outcrop	GNS
	Crider silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes		Lyu
	Tiff gravelly clay, 1 to 20 percent slopes, very rocky		GrU
73271	Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 50 to 90 percent slopes, extremely stony		GNS
E20E0		Rock outcrop	GNS
	Hildebrecht silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes		LyP
13213	Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony	Bender	GrU   MDU
73274	  Scholten very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes		GrP
	Gravois-Goss complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony		LyP
,,,,,		Goss	GrU
73276	Rueter-Hildebrecht complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony		GrU
		Hildebrecht	LyP
73277	Goss gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony	Goss	GrU
73278	Rueter very gravelly silt loam, 35 to 65 percent slopes, very stony	Rueter	GNS
73279	Sonsac-Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony	Sonsac	GNS
		Moko	GNS
		Rock outcrop	GNS
	Alred very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony		GrU
73282	Alred-Sonsac complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, very rocky		GrU
72002	Countain wilt loom 2 to 9 neuront slaves and 3	Sonsac	MDU
	Courtois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded		CyU
13284		Goss	CyU   GrU
73285	Useful-Courtois complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes		CyU
. 5205		Courtois	CyU
73286	Useful-Courtois complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded		CyU
		Courtois	CyU
73287	Useful-Sonsac complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, eroded		CyU
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sonsac	MDU
73288	Caneyville-Rock outcrop complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Caneyville	, MDU
		Rock outcrop	GNS
73289	Fourche silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes	Fourche	LyU
73290	Gatewood-Aaron complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Gatewood	MDU
		Aaron	CyU

Table 6.--Pasture and Hayland Suitability Groups--Continued

Map symbol	   Soil name 	Component name	Pasture and   hayland   suitability   group
			1
73291	Gatewood-Aaron complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, severely eroded	Gatewood	MDU
	<u> </u>	Aaron	CyU
73292	Lily fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, rocky	Lily	MDU
73293	Caneyville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, rocky	Caneyville	MDU
73294	Ocie very cobbly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	Ocie	GrU
74634	Hartville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Hartville	WCU
74650	Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	Higdon	WLO
74652	Lecoma silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes	Lecoma	LyU
74653	Racoon-Freeburg complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	Racoon	WLB
	İ	Freeburg	WLO
74656	Deible silt loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes, rarely flooded	Deible	WCB
74661	Waben gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Waben	GrU
74662	Higdon silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	Higdon	LyU
75376	Cedargap gravelly silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	Cedargap	GrO
75388	Kaintuck-Relfe complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	Kaintuck	LyO
		Relfe	SyO
75398	Kaintuck fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	Kaintuck	LyO
	Racket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded		LyO
	Razort silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded		LyO
	Gabriel silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, gravelly		i -
	substratum phase	Gabriel	i wlb
75450	Bloomsdale silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded		GrO
	Sturkie silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded		LyO
	Huzzah silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded		LyO
	Horsecreek silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, wet		-20
75100	substratum phase	Horsecreek	LyO
77014	Rock outcrop-Taumsauk complex, 3 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony		GNS
77011	Note outclop-laminatur complex, 3 to 33 percent slopes, extremely stony	Taumsauk	Shu
77015	Irondale-Taumsauk-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes,	laumsauk	1 5110
77013	very bouldery	Irondale	I MDU
	very boundery	Taumsauk	MDU
		Rock outcrop	GNS
77016	Irondale-Taumsauk-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes,	ROCK OUTCIOD	l GN5
77016	extremely bouldery	Irondale	   GNS
	extremely bourdery	Taumsauk	!
			GNS
77017		Rock outcrop	GNS
	Knobtop silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, bouldery	Knobtop	MDU
,,,,,	extremely stony	Frenchmill	I GNS
99000	Pits, quarries	Pits, quarries	GNS
	Water	Water	   GNS
	Mine tailings	water   Mine tailings	GNS   GNS
<b>JJU14</b>	mine callings	mine callings	l GN2

Table 7.--Forest Productivity

(Only the soils suitable for production of commercial trees are listed. Absence of an entry indicates that information was not available.)

	Potential produ	Í		
Map symbol and	Common trees	Site	Volume	Trees to manage
soil name		index	of wood	l
			fiber	
		l	cu ft/ac	
	<u> </u>			
66014:	!	!	<u> </u>	
=	American sycamore	:	:	black walnut,
	black walnut	:	:	northern red oak,
	white oak	90 	72 	white ash, white oal
70028:	 	l I	l I	 
	  eastern redcedar	l   30	l   29	  eastern redcedar
	1	30	i	
Rock outcrop.	i	İ	İ	
-	İ	İ	İ	
73012:	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	
Gravois	black oak	60	43	black oak, northern
	northern red oak	60	43	red oak, white oak
	white oak	57	43	
		ļ	ļ	
73035:				
	black oak	:	:	northern red oak,
	northern red oak  white oak	:	:	white oak
	white Oak	J,	<del>1</del> 3	 
73046:	i I	i i	i i	 
	black oak	l   63	43	  black oak, northern
=	northern red oak	:	:	red oak, white oak
	shagbark hickory	•	•	
	white oak	53	43	İ
		l		l
73052:	l			
-	black oak	•		northern red oak,
	northern red oak	:	!	scarlet oak,
	scarlet oak	:	:	shortleaf pine,
	shortleaf pine  white oak	•	:	white oak
	white Oak	45 	29 	 
73053:	i i	l I	 	 
	black oak			northern red oak,
	northern red oak	•	:	scarlet oak,
	scarlet oak	i	j	shortleaf pine,
	shortleaf pine	58	43	white oak
	white oak	45	29	
	black oak		!	black oak, scarlet
	scarlet oak			oak, shortleaf pine
	shortleaf pine			l I
	white oak	50 	29 	] 
73066:	<u> </u>	l I	¦	 
Bender	l black oak	l   52	l   29	  black oak, scarlet
	scarlet oak	:	:	oak, shortleaf pine
	shortleaf pine	•	:	
	white oak		:	
	i	l		
	1			i
73067:	 			
73067: Bender	    black oak	   52	   29	  black oak, scarlet
Bender	scarlet oak		•	  black oak, scarlet   oak, shortleaf pine
Bender	scarlet oak  shortleaf pine	   53	   71	
Bender	scarlet oak	   53	   71	
Bender	scarlet oak  shortleaf pine	   53	   71	

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	ıctivi	 ty	
Map symbol and			Volume	Trees to manage
soil name	İ	index	of wood	İ
			fiber	
			cu ft/ac	
	<u> </u>			ļ
73089:				
	black oak	•		black oak,
	hickory	:	•	shortleaf pine
	post oak	45 	29 	 
73159:	! !	l I	 	 
Yelton	  black oak	l   60	43	  black oak,
	white oak	:	!	shortleaf pine
	İ	İ	İ	İ
73162:	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	İ
Alred	black oak	60	43	black oak,
	shortleaf pine	60	86	shortleaf pine,
	white oak	56	43	white oak
Rueter	•	•	•	black oak,
	hickory	•	:	shortleaf pine
	post oak	45 	29 	 
73166:	 	l I	l I	 
	  black oak	l I 58	l   43	  black oak, scarlet
	blackjack oak		•	oak, shortleaf pine
	hickory	•	•	
	post oak	i	i	İ
	scarlet oak		i	İ
				l
Tonti	black oak	60	43	black oak,
	post oak	:	:	shortleaf pine
	shortleaf pine	53	71	
72172 72174.	1	l i	 	] 1
73173, 73174: Lily	  black oak	l I	 	northern red oak,
=	northern red oak	:	:	scarlet oak,
	scarlet oak	•	•	shortleaf pine,
	shortleaf pine	:	:	white oak
	white oak	45	29	İ
	I	l		l
Yelton	black oak	60	43	black oak,
	white oak	55	43	shortleaf pine
		ļ		
73200, 73201:			42	
	black oak  post oak	:	:	black oak, eastern
	white oak	•	!	redcedar, post oak 
	I	i	i	! 
73210:	i	i	i	i
Goss	black oak	56	43	black oak,
	northern red oak	54	43	shortleaf pine,
	white oak	54	43	white oak
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	[
73214:				
Moko	eastern redcedar	27	29	eastern redcedar
Posk outgron	] 	 	 	] 
Rock outcrop.	I I	l I	! !	I I
73215:	I 	l I	 	1 
Crider	  black oak	i   65	43	northern red oak,
	northern red oak	•		scarlet oak, white
	scarlet oak	•		oak
	white oak	63	43	

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	uctivi	ty	
Map symbol and			Volume	Trees to manage
soil name		index	of wood	[
		<u> </u>	fiber	
ļ		 	cu ft/ac	1
73218:		 	l I	<b> </b> 
	black oak	¦ 	 	  black oak, white oak
	blackjack oak	:	:	
j	post oak	j	j	İ
ļ	white oak	60	43	
F20F1		!		1
73271:   Moko	eastern redcedar	   30	l l 29	  eastern redcedar
MORO	eastern reutedar	30 	25	eastern redcedar
Rock outcrop.		İ	j	
ļ		!	<u> </u>	
73272:	blash sab		43	
Hildebrecht	white oak	:	:	black oak,   shortleaf pine,
i	willce oak	33 	<del>1</del> 5	white oak
i		i	İ	
73273:			l	
	black oak	:	:	black oak, scarlet
	scarlet oak		:	oak, shortleaf pine
	shortleaf pine white oak	!	:	[ ]
i	white oak	33 	43	
Bender	black oak	52	29	black oak, scarlet
İ	scarlet oak	ļ		oak, shortleaf pine
	shortleaf pine	:	:	
ļ	white oak	50	29	1
73274:		 	l I	<b> </b> 
	black oak	l   50	l   29	  black oak, eastern
	post oak	:	:	redcedar, shortleaf
I		l		pine
		!		
73275:   Gravois	black oak	l   60	l   43	  black oak, northern
	northern red oak	:	:	red oak, white oak
	white oak	:	:	
I		l		
	black oak	:	•	black oak, northern
	northern red oak white oak	:	:	red oak, white oak
i i	white Oak	3 <del>1</del>	13	
73276:		i	İ	
	black oak	53		black oak, shortleaf
	hickory	•		pine
ļ	post oak	45	29	İ
  Hildebrecht	black oak	I   60	l   43	  black oak, shortleaf
•	white oak		•	pine, white oak
j		İ	j	İ
73277:				
Goss		:	:	black oak, northern
	northern red oak white oak		:	red oak, white oak
i	willce oak	3 <u>-</u>	<del>1</del> 5	
73278:		İ	İ	İ
Rueter		:	!	black oak, shortleaf
	hickory	•	:	pine
ļ	post oak	45 	29 	] 
73279:		! 	! 	[ [
Sonsac	black oak	   54	43	  black oak, eastern
•	post oak		!	redcedar, post oak
I	white oak	42	29	
		I	I	I

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	uct i wit		 I
Map symbol and	:		Volume	   Trees to manage
soil name	!	:	of wood	
	<u> </u>	i	fiber	! 
	İ	Ī	cu ft/ac	
		I		
73279:				
Moko	eastern redcedar	30	29	eastern redcedar
		ļ		
Rock outcrop.		 	  -	 
73280:	 	l I	l I	 
	  black oak	l   60	l 43	  black oak, shortleaf
	shortleaf pine	:	:	pine, white oak
	white oak	56	43	İ
73282:				
	black oak	!	!	black oak, shortleaf
	shortleaf pine  white oak	:	:	pine, white oak
	white Oak	36 	<del>1</del> 3 	 
Sonsac	  black oak	   54	   43	  black oak, eastern
	post oak	45	:	redcedar, post oak
	white oak	42	29	j
		l		
73283:	!	!		
Courtois	!	:	:	northern red oak,
	shortleaf pine  white oak	:	:	white oak
	white Oak	60 	<del>1</del> 3 	 
73284:	! 	i	! 	 
Courtois	northern red oak	i	i	northern red oak,
	shortleaf pine	65	100	white oak
	white oak	60	43	]
_				
	black oak	:	•	black oak, northern
	northern red oak  white oak			red oak, white oak
		31	<u>1</u> 5	! 
73285, 73286:	İ	İ	İ	<u> </u>
Useful	black oak	56	56	black oak, scarlet
	northern red oak		•	oak
	post oak	!	:	1
	white oak	54	43	 
Courtois	northern red oak	l I	l I	northern red oak,
	shortleaf pine	:	:	white oak
	white oak		:	
	İ	ĺ		İ
73287:	!			]
Useful	!	:	!	black oak, scarlet
	northern red oak  post oak		•	oak
	white oak		:	 
		31	<u>1</u> 5	! 
Sonsac	black oak	54	43	black oak, eastern
	post oak	45	29	redcedar, post oak
	white oak	42	29	]
<b>F</b> 2000				  -
73288: Caneyville	  black oak-	   56	   43	  black oak, eastern
_	chinkapin oak		:	redcedar, scarlet
	eastern redcedar	!	:	oak
	hickory		•	İ
	scarlet oak	53	43	I
	white oak			[
Dools and arrest				  -
Rock outcrop.	 	l I	] 	 
	ı		1	ı

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

·				
	Potential produ	uctivi	ty	
Map symbol and	Common trees	Site	Volume	Trees to manage
soil name	l	index	of wood	
			fiber	
	l		cu ft/ac	
	l		l	
73289:	l		l	
Fourche	black oak			black oak, northern
	northern red oak			red oak, white
	white ash			ash, white oak
	white oak	62	43	
	l		l	
73290, 73291:	ļ		<u> </u>	
Gatewood	black oak	:	!	eastern redcedar,
	eastern redcedar	:	!	shortleaf pine
	post oak	•	!	
	white oak	45	29	
_	<u> </u>		!	
	black oak	:	:	black oak, scarlet
	northern red oak	:	:	oak
	post oak	•	:	]
	white oak	54	43	
T2000	  -		!	<u> </u>
73292:	 	l I	!	
=	black oak	:	•	northern red oak,   scarlet oak,
	northern red oak  scarlet oak	:	!	shortleaf pine,
	shortleaf pine	:	:	white oak
	white oak	•	!	WIIICE Oak
	WIII CO COR	<del>1</del> 5	<u>2</u> 5	 
73293:	İ	i i	i	
	  black oak	l   56	43	  black oak, eastern
<del>-</del>	chinkapin oak	:	:	redcedar, scarlet
	eastern redcedar	:	:	oak
	hickory	:	i	
	scarlet oak	:	:	
	white oak	i	i	İ
	İ	ĺ	ĺ	
73294:	l		l	
Ocie	black oak	60	43	northern red oak,
	northern red oak	•	:	white oak
	white oak	57	43	
	!	!	!	
74634:	 		!	 
	green ash	:	:	green ash, pin oak,
	pin oak  white oak	•	   43	white oak
	white Oak	l 22	<del>1</del> 3	 
74650:	! 	l İ	i i	 
Higdon	  American sycamore	i		  black walnut, green
	black walnut			ash, pecan, white
	green ash			oak
	white oak	•	:	
	İ	İ	İ	İ
74652:	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	
Lecoma	black oak	65	43	northern red oak,
	northern red oak	65	43	white oak
	white oak	60	43	
	ļ	!	!	
74653:	_		ļ	
	green ash	•		green ash, pin oak
	pin oak	•	:	 
	white oak			] ]
Freeburg	  black walnut	l I <b>-</b>	 	  eagtern_cottonwood
_	green ash	:	!	eastern cottonwood, green ash, northern
	white oak	•	:	red oak, pecan,
		,	. <u></u>	white oak
	İ	İ		

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ			<u> </u>
Map symbol and soil name	•		Volume  of wood	•
		 	fiber	
			cu ft/ac	 
		l		
74656:	!	!	!	!
Deible	green ash	:	:	eastern cottonwood,
	northern red oak  pin oak	:	   57	green ash, pin oak,
	silver maple	:	37 	Silver mapre
		i	i	 
74661:	j	İ	İ	İ
Waben	black oak			eastern redcedar,
	eastern redcedar	:	:	shortleaf pine
	post oak	:	:	 
	shortleaf pine	 		 
74662:	! 	i i	! 	! 
	American sycamore	i	i	black walnut, green
	black walnut	ļ	ļ	ash, pecan, white
	green ash			oak
	white oak	65	43	
75376:	 	 	 	 
	  black oak	l I 66	   43	  black walnut,
	black walnut	:		Shumard's oak, white
	green ash	:	i	oak
	Shumard's oak	j	j	İ
		l		
75388:		!		!
Kaintuck	American basswood	:	:	American sycamore,
	American sycamore  black walnut	:	100 	black walnut, green   ash
	green ash			asii
		i	i	 
Relfe	American sycamore	i	i	black oak,
	black oak	60	43	shortleaf pine
	shortleaf pine	:	:	
	white oak	55	43	
75398:	 	! !	l I	 
	American basswood	! !	 	  American sycamore,
	American sycamore	!	:	black walnut, green
	black walnut	j	j	ash
	green ash			
	!	!	!	!
75406:		!		
Racket	American sycamore  black cherry			black walnut, green   ash, silver maple
	black walnut		:	asir, sirver mapre
	green ash			
	northern red oak	j	j	İ
		l		
75412:				
Razort	<u>-</u>	:	:	black walnut,
	eastern cottonwood		!	northern red oak, white oak
	white oak		!	wille oak
		, , <del>,</del>	, <i>3,</i>	! 
75450:	į	İ	į	İ
Bloomsdale	American sycamore		j	American sycamore,
	black oak	:	:	eastern cottonwood,
	eastern cottonwood		:	northern red oak,
	northern red oak			white oak
	white oak	ı I	 	I 
	I	ı	I	I

Table 7.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	ıctivi	ty			
Map symbol and	Common trees	Site	Volume	Trees to manage		
soil name	İ	index	of wood	ĺ		
	I		fiber			
		l	cu ft/ac			
	1		l			
75453:	1		l	I		
Sturkie	American sycamore	80	86	American sycamore,		
	eastern cottonwood	100	129	black walnut,		
	northern red oak	80	57	eastern cottonwood,		
	white oak	70	57	northern red oak,		
				white oak		
75459:	!	!	!	!		
Huzzah	•	•	:	black walnut,		
	black walnut	'		northern red oak,		
	white oak	90	72	white ash, white oal		
== 4.60				<u> </u>		
75460:		l I		 		
Horsecreek	American sycamore	:	:	black walnut, eastern		
	common hackberry	•	   57	cottonwood, white		
	red maple	•	57 	asn		
	Shumard's oak	•	!	! !		
		33 	, 3, I	! !		
77014:	1	i i	 	i i		
Rock outcrop.	i	i	i	i		
•	i	İ	İ	i		
Taumsauk	eastern redcedar	30	29	eastern redcedar		
	İ	İ	j	İ		
77015, 77016:	1			I		
Irondale	black oak	48	29	black oak, scarlet		
	northern red oak	47	29	oak, shortleaf pine		
	post oak	'				
	shortleaf pine	48	56			
	ļ.			!		
Taumsauk	eastern redcedar	30	29	eastern redcedar		
				!		
Rock outcrop.				  -		
		l	!	!		
77017.	i	l		1		
77017:	    black oak	   50	   42	  black oak oactors		
		•	!	  black oak, eastern   reduceder shortleef		
	northern red oak	47	29	redcedar, shortleaf		
	•	47	!	•		
	northern red oak	47	29	redcedar, shortleaf		
Knobtop	northern red oak  white oak 	47   	29   	redcedar, shortleaf   pine   		
Knobtop77019:	northern red oak	47         62	29         43	redcedar, shortleaf		
Knobtop	northern red oak  white oak          northern red oak	47       62   60	29       43   86	redcedar, shortleaf   pine          northern red oak,		

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planti 	ng	Use of harvesting equ 	ipment	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	aration	Roads (natural surf 	ace)
soil name	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value		Value	Rating class and	Value
66014: Haymond	     	           	    Not limited     	           	    Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	        0.50   	      Not limited     		  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      1.00    0.50
70028: Moko	  slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)   	    0.13       	  Very limited  ~restrictive layer   (very limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.34	  Not limited         	             	  Very limited  ~restrictive layer   (very limited)     	    1.00     	  Moderately limited  ~slippage potential  (moderately limited)  ~slope  (moderately limited) 	0.45
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
73012: Gravois	  Not limited         	           	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)   	      0.10     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	    0.26   	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.26
73035: Gravois	  Not limited             	           	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)     		  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 		  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)     	  0.26     	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.68    0.50    0.26
73039: Glensted	  Moderately limited  ~seasonal wetness   (moderately limited) 	1	   Moderately limited  -seasonal wetness   (moderately limited) 		  Limited  -seasonal wetness   (limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Limited  ~seasonal wetness   (limited)   	    0.76   	  Limited  -seasonal wetness   (limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)	      0.76    0.50

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical plantin	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73046: Wrengart	    Not limited     		    Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	    Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	      0.11   	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.11
73052: Lily	    Not limited   		  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      0.50 	  Not limited   		  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      0.50
73053: Lily	    Not limited         		  slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited) 	    0.30   	  Moderately limited  -low strength   (moderately limited) 	      0.50   	  Not limited       		  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.30
Bender	  Slightly limited  ~large stones   (slightly limited)   		(moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	0.45	  Not limited         	             	  Slightly limited  ~large stones   (slightly limited)   	    0.17       	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	  0.30       
73066: Bender	  Slightly limited  ~large stones   (slightly limited)     		(moderately limited)	0.45	  Not limited 	               	  slightly limited  -large stones   (slightly limited)   	    0.17       	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	    0.30       
73067: Bender	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited) 	0.25	(very limited)  ~large stones   (moderately limited)	1.00    0.45	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)   	    0.91       	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -large stones   (slightly limited)  -	  0.91    0.17   	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	    1.00       
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   

Table	8aForest	Management Continued	

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planting		Use of harvesting equ	ipment	Mechanical site prepar   (surface)	aration  Roads (natural surface)		
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   
73089: Rueter	(moderately limited)	İ	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -small stones   (moderately limited)  -surface stones   (moderately limited)	0.99    0.53	    Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)     	•	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited) 	  0.49	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited) 	    1.00    0.50   
73159: Yelton	  Not limited         	         	Not limited	           	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	    0.28     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.28
73162: Alred	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited) 	•	Limited  -slope   (limited) -surface stones   (moderately limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	0.60	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	•	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited) 	    1.00     
Rueter	(moderately limited)	İ	Limited <pre> ~slope (limited)  ~small stones (moderately limited)  ~surface stones (moderately limited)</pre>	  0.53	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)     	•	   Moderately limited   ~slope   (moderately limited)   ~small stones   (moderately limited) 	    0.49	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited) 	  1.00    0.50   
73166: Viburnum	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited) 	      0.11   	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited) 		  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	      0.26   	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.26
Tonti			Limited  ~small stones   (limited) 	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Limited  ~small stones   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.65    0.26	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.50    0.26

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting	Hand planting		Mechanical planting		Use of harvesting equipment		aration	n  Roads (natural surface) 	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73173: Lily	    Not limited   		  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)	      0.10	    Not limited   	       	    Not limited 		    Not Limited 	       
Yelton	  Not limited       		Not limited		  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	  0.28   	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.50     0.28
73174:	] 		[ ]	i	! 	ŀ		i	 	i
Lily	Not limited   		Moderately limited ~slope (moderately limited)	0.47	Not limited   	;     	Not limited	 	Limited  ~slope   (limited)	  0.76 
Yelton	Not limited 		Moderately limited rslope (moderately limited)		   Moderately limited   ~low strength   (moderately limited)   ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	•	Slightly limited   ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	  0.28     	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.76
73200:	 		 	 	 	 	 	l I	 	 
	Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited) 	•	Moderately limited  -surface stones  (moderately limited)  -slope  (slightly limited)  -small stones  (slightly limited)	:	Moderately limited   -low strength   (moderately limited)	0.50	Not limited             	         	Moderately limited  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -slope   (moderately limited)	0.30
73201: Sonsac	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited) 	0.20	  Very limited   ~slope   (very limited)   ~surface stones   (moderately limited)   ~small stones   (slightly limited)	  0.45	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	0.79    0.50	  Limited  rslope   (limited) 	    0.79       	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	    1.00    0.50

Table	8aForest	ManagementContinued
TUDIC	ou. rorese	management continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planting		Use of harvesting equ: 	ipment	Mechanical site prepa: 	ration	n  Roads (natural surface)	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value    	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   
73210:   Goss	    Moderately limited	 	    Very limited	   	    Limited	   	    Limited	   	    Very limited	 
	~surface stones   (moderately limited)	0.42	very limited  rslope   (very limited)	1.00	~slope   (limited)		rainteed   rainteed   (limited)	•	very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00
	<pre>~slope (slightly limited) ~large stones (slightly limited)</pre>	  0.23   	<pre>~surface stones (limited) ~large stones (moderately limited)</pre>	  0.45	<pre>~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.60   		j		  0.42
73214:		j j I j		j I	[ [		[ [	 	[ [	İ İ
Moko    	Moderately limited -surface stones (moderately limited)	0.42	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00	Limited  ~slope   (limited)	  0.87 	Limited  ~slope   (limited)	•	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00
	<pre>~slope (slightly limited) ~small stones (slightly limited)</pre>	i i	<pre>~surface stones (limited) ~small stones (slightly limited)</pre>	0.79    0.03	~large surface stones   (moderately limited)	0.60   	~large surface stones   (moderately limited)	0.60   	~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)	  0.50
  Rock outcrop			(Slightly limited)    Not rated	   	    Not rated	   	    Not rated	   	(moderatery fimited)    Not rated	   
73215:     Crider  	Not limited		   Slightly limited   ~slope   (slightly limited)	      0.10	    Moderately limited  -low strength   (moderately limited)	      0.50	    Not limited   	•	    Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      0.50
73218: Tiff	Moderately limited  -stickiness (surface)  (moderately limited)  -small stones  (slightly limited)	  0.50   	Moderately limited  -stickiness (surface)  (moderately limited)  -slope  (moderately limited)  -small stones  (slightly limited)	  0.39	  Moderately limited  ~stickiness (surface)   (moderately limited)     	      0.50       	  Moderately limited  ~stickiness (surface)   (moderately limited)     	•	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~stickiness (surface)   (moderately limited) 	0.50
73271:     Moko	  Very limited	j j I j	  Very limited	i I	    Very limited	 	    Very limited	 	  Very limited	j I
	<pre>~slope   (very limited)   very sandy (surface)   (moderately limited)</pre>	  0.50   	<pre>~slope   (very limited)   surface stones   (limited)</pre>	  0.79 	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)	  0.60 	~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)	  0.60 	~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)	İ
	<pre>~surface stones   (moderately limited)</pre>		<pre> ~very sandy (surface)   (moderately limited)</pre>		<pre> ~very sandy (surface)   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.50   	~small stones   (slightly limited)	0.30 	<pre> ~very sandy (surface)   (moderately limited)</pre>	
Rock outcrop	Not rated	 	Not rated	! !	  Not rated	 	Not rated	 	  Not rated	

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting	Hand planting		ng	Use of harvesting equ: 	ipment	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	ration	n  Roads (natural surfac		
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	
73272: Hildebrecht	    Not limited       	           	    Not limited     	           	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.50	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	      0.28     	   Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.28	
73273: Coulstone	  Moderately limited  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	  0.23 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~surface stones   (limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	  0.79 	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.87    0.60	Limited  -slope (limited)  -large surface stones (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	  0.60	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)	0.42	
Bender	  Moderately limited  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~surface stones   (limited)	İ	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited) 	0.87 	Limited  -slope   (limited) -large surface stones   (moderately limited)	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)	0.42	
73274: Scholten	  Moderately limited  ~small stones   (moderately limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited) 	0.32	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   		  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	į	  Moderately limited  ~slippage potential  (moderately limited)  ~slope  (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness  (slightly limited)	0.45	
73275: Gravois	  Not limited         	         	  Slightly limited  -slope   (slightly limited) 	      0.10   	  Moderately limited  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.50	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	      0.26   	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.26	
Goss	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)   	    0.13         	Moderately limited   -slope   (moderately limited)   -small stones   (slightly limited)   -surface stones   (slightly limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)     	0.50	  Not limited         	               	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	  0.76    0.50     	

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planti	ng	Use of harvesting equ 	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surface) 		
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value  	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73276: Rueter		0.53	Moderately limited <pre></pre>	      0.53    0.20    0.02	      Not limited         	             	    Moderately limited  ~small stones   (moderately limited)   	•	    Moderately limited  ~slippage potential  (moderately limited)  ~slope  (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.15
Hildebrecht	Not limited 		Not limited	         	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	  0.28       	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.50    0.28
73277: Goss	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)   		Moderately limited  -slope   (moderately limited)  -small stones   (slightly limited)  -surface stones   (slightly limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)     	    0.50       	  Not limited         	             	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	  0.76    0.50
73278: Rueter	(moderately limited)	0.37   	Very limited <pre>~slope (very limited)  ~surface stones (moderately limited) ~large stones (slightly limited)</pre>	  0.45	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	    1.00         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited) 	    1.00         	  Very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -slippage potential   (moderately limited) 	  1.00    0.50
73279: Sonsac	(moderately limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	0.42      0.15	Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~surface stones   (limited) ~large stones   (slightly limited)	j	  Moderately limited  ~large surface stones  (moderately limited)  ~slope  (moderately limited) 	  0.30	  Moderately limited  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited) 	  0.30	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)	  0.42

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planti 	ng	Use of harvesting equ 	ipment	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   
73279: Moko	(moderately limited)  -stickiness (surface)   (moderately limited)	  0.50 	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~surface stones   (limited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited)	0.95    0.79    0.60	  Moderately limited  -large surface stones   (moderately limited)  -slope   (moderately limited)  -stickiness (surface)   (moderately limited)	  0.54 	(moderately limited)	  0.60    0.54	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)	  0.50
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	! 	  Not rated		  Not rated	! 	  Not rated	! 	  Not rated	
73280: Alred	    Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)   	      0.28       	   Moderately limited  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	    0.45    0.30    0.28	    Not limited       	               	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited) 	      0.07       	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	      0.30       
73282: Alred	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	İ	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	  0.45	  Moderately limited  -slope   (moderately limited)   		  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	•	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	    1.00       
Sonsac	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited) 	į	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	0.45	  Moderately limited  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -slope   (slightly limited) 	    0.50    0.05   	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)     	    0.05       	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	  0.99    0.50 
73283: Courtois	    Not limited       	           	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)   	      0.10     	(moderately limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	      0.28     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.28 

Table	8aForest	ManagementContinued
Table	oaroresc	Management - Continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planti 	ng	Use of harvesting equ: 	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	aration	n  Roads (natural surface) 		
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73284: Courtois	    Not limited         		  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)     	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.28 	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.45
Goss	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)   	  0.13     	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	    0.50     	  Not limited       	         	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	  0.68    0.50
73285: Useful	    Not limited   	       	  Not limited   	       	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      0.50	  Not limited   	     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	    0.50
Courtois	  Not limited           		  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)     	    0.20       	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	:	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)     	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	  0.50     0.28    0.15
73286: Useful	  Not limited        	         	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	      0.50   	  Not limited       	         	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.45
Courtois	  Not limited           		  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)     	!	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)     	•	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.50

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planti 	ng	Use of harvesting equ 	ipment	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf 	ace)
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
73287: Useful	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited) 	•	  Limited  ~slope   (limited) 	      0.99   	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	0.50	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	•	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      1.00    0.50
	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)   		Limited ~slope (limited) ~surface stones (slightly limited)	į	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	  0.30	  Moderately limited  -slope   (moderately limited)   	    0.30     	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.50
73288: Caneyville	  Not limited  -         		  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	    0.50    0.28 	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	      0.28       	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.45
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	ļ !	Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 
73289: Fourche	  Not limited       	         	  Not limited  -	           	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	      0.15     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.15
73290:				ļ	 	ļ	 		 	į
Gatewood		       	Slightly limited ~slope   (slightly limited)	  0.10     	Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)		Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	  0.15     	Moderately limited  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.50    0.15
Aaron	  Not limited         	         	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)   	    0.10     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	    0.15     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.50    0.15

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planti 	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf 	ace)
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
73291: Gatewood	    Not limited         	             	 		    Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	    slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   		 	      0.76    0.50    0.15
Aaron	  Not limited             	             	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)     	:	   Moderately limited   ~low strength   (moderately limited)   ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	:	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   		Limited  -slope   (limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.76    0.50    0.15
73292: Lily	  -  Not limited  -  -	       	    Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited) 	    0.39 	  Not limited   	         	    Not limited     	       	    Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited) 	    0.60 
73293: Caneyville	  Not limited       	 	  Not limited       	 	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	:	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.28
73294: Ocie	    Moderately limited  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)     	    0.42         	  Limited  ~surface stones   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited) 	0.39	  Moderately limited  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	į	  Moderately limited  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	0.60 	  Moderately limited  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.42
74634: Hartville	  Not limited          	           	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)   		  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.29 

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planti 	ng	Use of harvesting equ 	ipment	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf 	ace)
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
74650: Higdon	    Not limited           		    Not limited           	               	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.25 	    Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)     	•	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.50
74652: Lecoma	    Not limited   	       	    Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited) 	      0.10 	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	      0.50 	  Not limited     	       	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	      0.50 
74653: Racoon	  Moderately limited  ~seasonal wetness   (moderately limited)   	0.60	  Moderately limited  ~seasonal wetness   (moderately limited)     	•	  Very limited  ~seasonal wetness   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.50   	  Very limited  ~seasonal wetness   (very limited)     	    1.00       	  Very limited  ~seasonal wetness   (very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	0.50
Freeburg	  Not limited  -  -  -  -		  Not limited         	             	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)     	  0.25       	   Moderately limited  -flooding   (moderately limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.50
74656: Deible	  Moderately limited  ~seasonal wetness   (moderately limited) 	0.60	  Moderately limited  ~seasonal wetness   (moderately limited)   	!	  Limited  ~seasonal wetness   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      0.91    0.50 	  Limited  ~seasonal wetness   (limited)   		  Limited  ~seasonal wetness  (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      0.91    0.50
74661: Waben	  Moderately limited  ~small stones   (moderately limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~small stones   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	    0.42    0.10 	  Not limited       	           	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)   	  0.30     	  Not Limited       	         

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical plantin	ng	Use of harvesting equ.	ipment	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74662: Higdon	    Not limited       	             	Not limited  -  -	             	(moderately limited)		    Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	      0.25     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.25
75376: Cedargap	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)   		  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited) 	    0.03     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	    0.50     	  Not limited         		  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.50
75388: Kaintuck	  Not limited   	     	Not limited	       	  Not limited   	       	  Not limited   	     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	    1.00
Relfe	  Limited  ~small stones   (limited)  ~very sandy (surface)   (moderately limited)	0.73    0.50	Limited  -small stones   (limited)  -very sandy (surface)   (moderately limited)	İ	  Moderately limited  ~very sandy (surface)   (moderately limited) 		  Limited  ~small stones   (limited)   	•	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~very sandy (surface)   (moderately limited)	•
75398: Kaintuck	    Not limited   	         	  Not limited 	         	    Not limited   	         	    Not limited     	       	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	      1.00
75406: Racket	  Not limited       	         	Not limited	         	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	    0.50     	  Not limited       		  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.50
75412: Razort	  Not limited     -  -  -  -	           	  Not limited   	             	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	    0.50     	  Not limited          		  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	0.50

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planti 	ng	Use of harvesting equ	ipment	Mechanical site prepa   (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
soil name	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value   
75427: Gabriel	  Not limited         	               	    Not limited         		(moderately limited)	  0.49	  Moderately limited  ~seasonal wetness   (moderately limited)   	•	   Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (moderately limited)	0.50    0.49
75450: Bloomsdale	  Not limited         	           	  Not limited       	           	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	0.50	  Not limited       	           	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.50
75453: Sturkie	  Not limited       	           	  Not limited       	         	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	0.50	  Not limited       	           	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	0.50
75459: Huzzah	  Not limited         	           	  Not limited         	         	  Moderately limited  -low strength   (moderately limited)   	0.50	  Not limited       	           	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      1.00    0.50
75460: Horsecreek	    Not limited       	             	  Not limited       	           	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	      0.50     	  Not limited       	             	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	0.50
77014: Rock outcrop Taumsauk	  Limited  ~large stones   (limited)	    0.68    0.42	  Not rated 	        1.00    0.79	  Not rated    Moderately limited  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited) 	    0.60	  Not rated    Limited  ~large stones   (limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)	i	  Not rated    Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)	•
	 	     	~slope   (moderately limited) 	0.43	 	     	 	;     	!	0.5

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Hand planting		Mechanical planti	ng	Use of harvesting equ 	ipment	Mechanical site prepa:   (surface)	ration	Roads (natural surf 	ace)
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
77015: Irondale	      Not limited     		(moderately limited)	0.45	      Not limited     	           	      Not limited     	           	    Limited  ~slope   (limited) 	      0.83   
Taumsauk	  Limited  ~large stones   (limited)     	    0.68       	Very limited  ~large stones >35%  (very limited)  ~slope  (moderately limited)  ~surface stones  (moderately limited)	0.45	  Not limited           	           	  Limited  ~large stones   (limited)     	•	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited) 	  0.91    0.50
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	ļ !	Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
77016: Irondale	  Slightly limited  ~surface stones   (slightly limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	0.30    0.18 	Limited ~slope (limited) ~surface stones (limited) ~small stones (slightly limited)	i	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~large surface stones   (slightly limited) 	į	  Moderately limited  -slope   (moderately limited)  -large surface stones   (slightly limited)	İ	  very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (slightly limited)  ~surface stones   (slightly limited)	  1.00    s 0.30    0.30
Taumsauk	  Limited  ~large stones   (limited)  ~surface stones   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	  0.30 	Very limited  -large stones >35% (very limited)  -slope (limited)  -surface stones (limited)	į	  Slightly limited  ~large surface stones   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited) 	0.30	  Limited  ~large stones   (limited)  -large surface stones   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	  0.30 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)  ~large surface stones   (slightly limited)	•
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	ļ !	Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
77017: Knobtop	  Not limited         		Slightly limited ~surface stones (slightly limited)	      0.02     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	      0.25     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.25

Table 8a.--Forest Management--Continued

	Hand planting		Mechanical planti	ng	Use of harvesting equ:	ipment	Mechanical site prepa	ration	Roads (natural surf	ace)
Map symbol and			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(surface)			
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	L	limiting features	L	limiting features		limiting features	l	limiting features	
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	l	!	l	<u> </u>	ļ
77019:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Frenchmill	Moderately limited	İ	  Very limited	İ	Limited	ĺ	Limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ
	~surface stones	0.42	~slope	1.00	~slope	0.87	~slope	0.87	~slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	~small stones	0.31	~surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.60	-large surface stones	0.60	-large surface stones	0.60
	(moderately limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	l	(moderately limited)	1
	~slope	0.23	~small stones	0.31			~small stones	0.12	~surface stones	0.42
	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	ļ		ļ	(slightly limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)	ļ
99000:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Pits,			I					l		1
quarries	Not rated		Not rated	İ	Not rated	ĺ	Not rated		Not rated	İ
99001:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Water	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99014:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Mine tailings	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails  	Off-road or off-tra erosion	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	al
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
66014: Haymond	    Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	      0.02   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited) 	      0.80   	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)		  Limited  ~flooding   (limited) 	      0.90   
70028: Moko	  Not limited       		Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	    0.18     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	0.50	  Moderately limited  ~slippage potential  (moderately limited)  ~slope  (moderately limited)	  0.45	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)   	    1.00   
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į į	Not rated	•	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	į
73012: Gravois	~slope/erodibility   (limited)	0.67        0.50	Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	      0.15   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	į	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.26	  Not limited       	         
73035: Gravois		1.00         0.50	slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	    0.27         	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	0.80 	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.68    0.50    0.26	  Not limited             	             
73039: Glensted	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	    0.04   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (limited)	į	Limited  -seasonal wetness   (limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)	    0.76    0.50	  Limited  ~seasonal wetness   (limited) 	    0.76   

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	.1
soil name	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 		Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73046: Wrengart	~slope/erodibility   (limited)	0.67    0.50	      Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	        0.15     	   	    0.80    0.11	    Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.11	      Not limited       	
73052: Lily	-slope/erodibility (limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	      0.12     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited) 	    0.80   	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	    0.50     	  Not limited       	         
73053: Lily	-slope/erodibility (limited)	  0.50	  slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	      0.16   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited) 	    0.80   	  Moderately limited  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -slope   (moderately limited)	0.30	    Not limited       	         
Bender	  Not limited   	     	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)	    0.16 	  Not limited   	     	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)	    0.45
73066: Bender	  Not limited   	         	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)	      0.16 	    Not limited   		  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)	      0.45 
73067: Bender	  Not limited   	       	  Limited  ~slope/erodibility   (limited)	      0.65 	  Not limited     		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	    1.00 	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited) 	    0.45 
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į	  Not rated 	į	Not rated	į	  Not rated 	į	  Not rated	į
73089: Rueter	~slope/erodibility   (very limited)		  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)   	      0.49     	  Not limited         		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)	0.50	  slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	    0.19    0.18 

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	al
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73159: Yelton	(moderately limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		Limited ~low strength (limited) ~seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.80	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.28	    Not limited       	         
73162: Alred	    Not limited   	     	Moderately limited ~slope/erodibility (moderately limited)	0.49	Not limited	     	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	      0.08
Rueter	~slope/erodibility   (very limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited) 	0.49	Not limited	         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.50	  slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	  0.19    0.18
73166: Viburnum	(moderately limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		Limited ~low strength (limited) ~seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	0.80	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.26	  Not limited         	
Tonti	(moderately limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	    0.12       	Limited  -low strength (limited)  -seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	    0.80    0.26 	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Slightly limited  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)   	    0.06     
73173: Lily	-slope/erodibility   (limited)	  0.67    0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	    0.12   	Moderately limited ~low strength (moderately limited)	0.50	Not limited    -  -	         	  Not limited         	
Yelton	(moderately limited)	  0.50	Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		Limited  -low strength (limited)  -seasonal wetness (slightly limited)	  0.80    0.28 	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.28 	  Not limited         	

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	1
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   		Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
73174: Lily	~slope/erodibility   (very limited)	  0.50	    Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	      0.24   	    Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	0.50	  Limited  ~slope   (limited) 	      0.76   	    Not limited       	           
Yelton	~slope/erodibility   (very limited)	    1.00    0.50   	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)     	    0.29         	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	į	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.76    0.50    0.28	  Not limited           	             
73200: Sonsac	  Limited  ~slope/erodibility   (limited)  -slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)	    0.89    0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	    0.16     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited) 	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.30	  Not limited       	         
73201: Sonsac	  Very limited  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)  ~slope/erodibility   (limited)	    1.00    0.95	  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited) 	    0.59     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited) 	    0.80     	(very limited)	    1.00    0.50	  Not limited       	           
73210: Goss	  Not limited             	               	  Limited  ~slope/erodibility   (limited)   	    0.63         	  Not limited         	•	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)	į	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)     	    0.31         
73214: Moko	  Not limited             	               	  Limited  ~slope/erodibility   (limited)   	    0.63         	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	:	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)	  0.60	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)     	    0.95         

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra erosion	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	al
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73214: Rock outcrop	 	     	  -  -  Not rated	     	        Not rated	     	        Not rated	       	        Not rated	     
73215: Crider	i I	  0.50	Not rated	        0.12   	Not fated 	      0.80   	      Moderately limited	        0.50   	Not limited	         
73218: Tiff	    Not limited     	           	    Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	      0.20   	    Not limited     		  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~stickiness (surface)   (moderately limited)	  0.50	    Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)   	    0.14   
73271: Moko	  Not limited           	             	  Very limited  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)   	    1.00       	  Not limited  -    -  -  -		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.50	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)     	    0.79       
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
73272: Hildebrecht	  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	      0.10   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	i	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.28	  Not limited       	
73273: Coulstone	  Not limited           	               	  Limited  ~slope/erodibility   (limited)     	    0.63         	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	    0.28       	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  -surface stones   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.42	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited) 	    0.99    0.24   

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	al
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73273: Bender	  Not limited         	               	  Limited  ~slope/erodibility   (limited)   	    0.63     	    Not limited       		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)	0.60	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	    0.86    0.12 
73274: Scholten	  Not limited             	               	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	  0.18       	    Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)     	    0.26       	Moderately limited   "slippage potential   (moderately limited)   "slope   (moderately limited)   "seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.45	  Not limited             	           
73275: Gravois	~slope/erodibility   (limited)	    0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	    0.15   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.80 	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.26	  Not limited       	
Goss	~slope/erodibility   (very limited)	    1.00    0.50 	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	  0.24     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)   	  0.80     	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	    0.76    0.50 	  Not limited         	
73276: Rueter	~slope/erodibility   (limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	    0.14   	  Not limited       		Moderately limited  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	İ	  slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	  0.19    0.18
Hildebrecht	(moderately limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	  0.10     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	  0.80    0.28 	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.28 	  Not limited         	       

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra erosion	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	al
soil name	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Valu
73277: Goss	-  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)	    0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)	        0.24   	   	      0.80   	 	        0.76    0.50	      Not limited       	
73278: Rueter		      1.00    0.95	  Limited  ~slope/erodibility   (limited) 	      0.78     	  Not limited         		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)	    0.50	  Slightly limited  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	  0.30    0.08
73279: Sonsac	  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)	    1.00    0.95   	  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)   	    0.39       	  Not limited           		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.42	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)     	  0.67       
Moko	-  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)	    1.00    0.95   	Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited) 	0.47	  Not limited         		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)	    0.60	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)   	  0.89       
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
73280: Alred	  Not limited  - 	         	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)	      0.16   	    Not limited     	       	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited) 	•	  -  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited) 	      0.00 
73282: Alred	  Not limited 	     	Moderately limited -slope/erodibility (moderately limited)	0.43	  Not limited 	       	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	      1.00	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	    0.00

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviv	al
soil name	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73282: Sonsac	    Very limited  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)  ~slope/erodibility   moderately limited)	  0.50	    Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	    0.29   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)   	      0.80     	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      0.99    0.50	    Not limited       	
73283: Courtois	Limited  -slope/erodibility  (limited)  -slope/erodibility  (moderately limited)	0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	  0.15     	Limited  -low strength  (limited)  -seasonal wetness  (slightly limited)	  0.80    0.28 	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.28 	  Not limited         	
73284: Courtois	  Very limited  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	  0.22     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.80    0.28 	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.45	  Not limited           	
Goss	  Very limited  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)	0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	  0.22     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited) 	  0.80     	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	  0.68    0.50	  Not limited       	         
73285: Useful	  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)	•	    Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)		  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)	    0.80	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	0.50	    Not limited   	       
Courtois	  Limited  ~slope/erodibility  (limited)  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited) 	0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	  0.17       	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	  0.80    0.28   	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	  0.50    0.28    0.15	  Not limited           	

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and t	trails	Off-road or off-trai	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	al
soil name		Value	_	Value		Value		Value		Value
	limiting features	   	limiting features	   	limiting features	   	limiting features	   	limiting features	   
73286: Useful	~slope/erodibility   (very limited)	•	Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)		  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)   		  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.45	  Not limited       	
Courtois	~slope/erodibility   (very limited)	    0.50	Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	0.80 	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.50	  Not limited           	           
73287: Useful	~slope/erodibility   (very limited)		  Limited  ~slope/erodibility   (limited) 		  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)   		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.50	  Not limited       	
Sonsac	-slope/erodibility (very limited)	    1.00    0.95 	  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited) 		  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)   	0.80 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)   	  0.15     
73288: Caneyville	~slope/erodibility   (very limited)	•	Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)		Limited  -low strength  (limited)  -seasonal wetness  (slightly limited)	0.80 	(moderately limited)	0.45	  Not limited 	         
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	
73289: Fourche	(moderately limited)	0.56	  slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.80 	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.15 	  Not limited           	         

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviv	al
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73290: Gatewood	  Limited  ~slope/erodibility   (limited)  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)	  0.50	    Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	    0.15   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.80    0.15	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.15	    Not limited       	
Aaron	~slope/erodibility   (limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	  0.15     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.80    0.15	   Moderately limited   ~low strength   (moderately limited)   ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.15	  Not limited       	  -  -  -  -
73291: Gatewood	-slope/erodibility   (very limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	0.24	Limited  -low strength  (limited)  -seasonal wetness  (slightly limited)	į	  Limited  -slope   (limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.50	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)       	    0.00       
Aaron	  Very limited  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited) 	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   		  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	į	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.76    0.50    0.15	  Not limited           	
73292: Lily	  Very limited  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	:	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	    0.60     	  Not limited         	
73293: Caneyville	(moderately limited)	  0.50	  slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	0.12	Limited  -low strength  (limited)  -seasonal wetness  (slightly limited)	    0.80    0.28	  Moderately limited  -low strength   (moderately limited)  -seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.28 	  Not limited          	

Table 8bForest ManagementContinued
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Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra erosion	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	1
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu   
73294: Ocie	  Very limited  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited) 	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	    0.20     	  Slightly limited  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.42	    slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)     	    0.02       
74634: Hartville	~slope/erodibility   (limited)	    0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.50	  Not limited         	         
74650: Higdon	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	    0.11       	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   		  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited) 	0.80	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.60    0.50	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)     	  0.60       
74652: Lecoma	~slope/erodibility   (limited)	    0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)		  Limited  ~low strength   (limited) 		  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited) 	0.50	  Not limited       	
74653: Racoon	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	    0.22         	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		  Very limited  ~seasonal wetness  (very limited)  ~low strength  (limited)	į	  Very limited  ~seasonal wetness   (very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.50	  Very limited  ~seasonal wetness   (very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited) 	  1.00    0.60

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra erosion	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	1
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
74653: Freeburg	      Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	•	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	      0.02       	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	İ	   Moderately limited   ~flooding   (moderately limited)   ~low strength   (moderately limited)   ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	0.60	    Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)   	      0.60         
74656: Deible	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 		  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	!	  Limited  ~seasonal wetness   (limited)  ~low strength   (limited)	İ	  Limited  ~seasonal wetness   (limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	    0.91    0.50	  Limited  ~seasonal wetness   (limited)   	    0.91     
74661: Waben	~slope/erodibility   (limited)	    0.50	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	    0.12     	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)   	    0.50     	  Not limited       	         	  Not limited       	;           
74662: Higdon	  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited) 	•	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)	    0.10   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	j	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.25	  Not limited     	           
75376: Cedargap	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	      0.11     	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	    0.02     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)   	      0.80     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)   	      0.90     
75388: Kaintuck	  Not limited   	       	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)	    0.04 	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	•	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	    1.00	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	    0.90
Relfe	  Not limited         	           	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	  0.04     	  Not limited         	           	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~very sandy (surface)   (moderately limited)	į	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~flooding   (limited) 	  1.00    0.90

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	al
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75398: Kaintuck	    Not limited   		Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	      0.04	    Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	•	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)	        1.00	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	      0.90
75406: Racket	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	    0.22     	Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	    0.04   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)   	    0.80   	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.50	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited) 	    0.90   
75412: Razort	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	    0.22     	Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	    0.05   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited) 	    0.80     	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)   	    0.60
75427: Gabriel	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	0.11	Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	  0.02     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (moderately limited) 	  0.49	   Moderately limited   ~flooding   (moderately limited)   ~low strength   (moderately limited)   ~seasonal wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.50    0.49	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (moderately limited) 	0.39
75450: Bloomsdale	    Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	    0.22     	Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	    0.04   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited) 	      0.80     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	      1.00    0.50	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited) 	      0.90   
75453: Sturkie	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	  0.11   	Slightly limited ~slope/erodibility (slightly limited)	    0.02   	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited) 	    0.80     	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)   	    0.60     

Table 8b.--Forest Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	ail	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	1
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value		Value		Value		Valu
	limiting features		limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	 	limiting features	I	limiting features	- <del> </del>
75459:	 		] 	 	 		 	 	] 	 
Huzzah		  0.11   	slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)	0.02	Limited  ~low strength   (limited)	  0.80   	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -low strength   (moderately limited)	  0.50	Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	  0.90   
75460:	    -		   		 		(moderatery rimited)		 	
Horsecreek	   Not limited     	         	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	  0.02     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)   	  0.80   	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~low strength   (moderately limited)	0.60    0.50	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)   	  0.60   
77014:	 		 		 		 	İ	 	i
Rock outcrop	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
Taumsauk	Not limited   		Slightly limited   rslope/erodibility   (slightly limited)     	  0.22       	Not limited 		Limited  -slope   (limited)  -large surface stones   (moderately limited)  -slippage potential   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.50	Limited  -droughty   (limited)  -soil reaction   (slightly limited)	  0.89    0.18 
77015:	 		 		 		 	 	 	
Irondale	Not limited       	       	Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	  0.25   	Not limited         		Limited  ~slope   (limited)   	  0.83     	Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	  0.38    0.06
Taumsauk	  Not limited       	       	  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited)   	  0.27   	  Not limited       	       	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	  0.89    0.18
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	1	  Not rated	1	  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated	

			Table 8	bFo	rest ManagementConti	nued				
Map symbol and	Erosion on roads and	trails	Off-road or off-tra	il	Soil rutting		Log landings		Seedling surviva	al
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77016: Irondale	    Not limited         		  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)   	    0.45       	    Not limited         		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (slightly limited)  ~surface stones   (slightly limited)	İ	    Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)     	    0.22     
Taumsauk	  Not limited           	           	  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)   	  0.33         	  Not limited           		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~slippage potential   (moderately limited)  ~large surface stones   (slightly limited)	  0.50 	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited) 	  0.89    0.18   
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
77017: Knobtop	  Moderately limited  ~slope/erodibility   (moderately limited)   		  Slightly limited  ~slope/erodibility   (slightly limited) 	      0.10     	  Limited  ~low strength   (limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	j	  Moderately limited  ~low strength   (moderately limited)  ~seasonal wetness   (slightly limited)	      0.50    0.25	  Not limited         	
77019: Frenchmill	  Very limited  ~slope/erodibility   (very limited)  ~slope/erodibility   (limited)	    1.00    0.95   	  Limited  ~slope/erodibility   (limited)   	    0.63         	  Not limited             		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (moderately limited)  ~surface stones   (moderately limited)	  0.42	  Not limited             	
99000: Pits, quarries	    Not rated  Not rated	       	      Not rated 		    Not rated  Not rated	       	      Not rated 	         	      Not rated 	       
Water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
99014: Mine tailings	    Not rated	     	    Not rated	   	    Not rated		    Not rated	   	    Not rated	

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings

(Only the soils suitable for windbreaks and environmental plantings are listed. Absence of an entry indicates that trees generally do not grow to the given height.)

:	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of-											
Map symbol and soil name	   <8	8-15	   16-25	   26-35	   >35							
66014:		1	 									
Haymond	fragrant sumac;	blackhaw; gray	nannyberry;	sweetgum; green ash;	pin oak; eastern							
	American plum	dogwood	Washington	white fir	white pine							
			hawthorn; eastern									
		 	redcedar		[ ]							
3012, 73035:		i I	! [		! [							
Gravois	common lilac;	American plum; gray	common hackberry;	eastern white pine;								
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	eastern redcedar	green ash;								
				honeylocust; Norway								
		 	 	spruce; pin oak	[ ]							
3039:		i I	! [		! [							
Glensted	American plum;	common chokecherry	common hackberry;	golden willow; green	eastern cottonwoo							
	redosier dogwood	!	eastern redcedar	ash; honeylocust;								
				northern red oak;								
		 	 	Norway spruce; silver maple	 							
			! 	biivei mapie								
3046:		İ	İ		İ							
Wrengart	fragrant sumac;	American plum;	•	green ash; northern	eastern white pin							
	redosier dogwood;	southern arrowwood	Washington hawthorn	red oak; white fir								
	silky dogwood	 	 									
3052:		İ										
Lily	American hazelnut	American plum; gray	persimmon	black oak; eastern								
		dogwood		redcedar; Norway								
		 	 	spruce; shortleaf   pine	] 							
3053:												
Lily	American hazelnut;	· -	common serviceberry;	=								
	coralberry; flameleaf sumac	spruce; eastern   redcedar; gray	persimmon; post oak; shingle oak	oak	 							
		dogwood; Washington	· -									
		hawthorn										
B 4	11				1							
Bender	coralberry;   fragrant sumac;	eastern redbud;	common serviceberry; persimmon; post	black oak; mockernut hickory; northern	<del></del>							
	ninebark	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash								
İ		gray dogwood	shingle oak;		İ							
			shortleaf pine									
3066:			 		] 							
Bender	common lilac;	American plum; gray	Austrian pine; bur		 							
j	fragrant sumac	dogwood	oak; common									
İ		!	hackberry; eastern		[							
			redcedar; green ash									
/3067 <b>:</b>			 		[ [							
Bender	coralberry;	eastern redbud;	common serviceberry;	  black oak; mockernut								
j	fragrant sumac;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	ĺ							
	ninebark	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash								
		gray dogwood	shingle oak;									
l			ghortlosf ~:~~									
			shortleaf pine 		 							

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Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

	<u> </u>	Trees having predic	ted 20-year average he	eight, in feet, of-	
Map symbol and soil name	   <8	   8-15	   16-25	   26-35	>35
73089:	l I				
Rueter	  common lilac:	  American plum; gray	  Austrian pine: bur	  shortleaf pine	
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	oak; common		
	İ	İ	hackberry; eastern	j i	
			redcedar; green		
	l I	l i	ash; honeylocust	 	
3159:			! 		
Yelton	coralberry; fragrant	eastern redbud;	common serviceberry;	  black oak; mockernut	
	sumac; ninebark	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
	1	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
	 	gray dogwood 	shingle oak;   shortleaf pine	 	
	! 	! [	shortlear pine	! ! 	
3162:	İ	İ	j	j i	
Alred		American plum; gray	:	ļ ļ	
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	oak; common hackberry; eastern		
	 	 	redcedar; green ash		
Rueter	common lilac;	American plum; gray	Austrian pine; bur	shortleaf pine	
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	oak; common		
	 	 	hackberry; eastern		
	 	 	redcedar; green   ash; honeylocust	 	
3166:	İ	İ	İ	İ	
Viburnum	fragrant sumac;		Austrian pine;	Norway spruce; pin	
	ninebark 	dogwood; possumhaw	common hackberry;	oak 	
	! 	! 	eastern reacedar	! 	
Tonti	fragrant sumac	gray dogwood	Austrian pine;	j j	
		]	common hackberry;	! !	
	 		eastern redcedar;		
	 	 	green ash;   Manchurian	 	
			crabapple		
3173:			 		
Lily	coralberry; fragrant sumac;	eastern redbud; eastern redcedar;	common serviceberry;   persimmon; post	black oak; mockernut    hickory; northern	
	ninebark	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
	İ	gray dogwood	shingle oak;	j i	
			shortleaf pine		
Yelton	  common lilace	  American plum; gray	  Augtrian nino:	 	
161011	fragrant sumac	dogwood	common hackberry;	<b>-</b>   	
			eastern redcedar;	i	
		!	green ash;	ļ İ	
			Manchurian		
	 	 	crabapple	 	
3174:	1 	! 	! 	 	
Lily	coralberry;	eastern redbud;	common serviceberry;	  black oak; mockernut	
	fragrant sumac;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	
	ninebark	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
	[ ]	gray dogwood	shingle oak;   shortleaf pine	 	
	i		I SUCCESSOR DITTE		

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	l		ted 20-year average h	ergne, in reet, or-	teet, of-		
and soil name	   <8	8-15	16-25	   26-35	>35		
	  -						
73174:	 		 	 			
Yelton	!	American plum; gray	!				
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	common hackberry;				
	 		eastern redcedar;   green ash;	 			
			Manchurian				
	İ	j	crabapple	į			
73200:	 						
Sonsac	coralberry;	eastern redbud;	common serviceberry;	  black oak; mockernut			
	fragrant sumac;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern			
	ninebark	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash			
	l I	gray dogwood	shingle oak;   shortleaf pine	 			
	! 		Shortlear pine	! 			
73201:	İ	j	İ	j i			
Sonsac	·	eastern redbud;	!	black oak; mockernut			
	fragrant sumac;   ninebark	eastern redcedar; flowering dogwood;	persimmon; post   oak; red pine;	hickory; northern   red oak; white ash			
		gray dogwood	shingle oak;				
		į	shortleaf pine	İ			
73210:	 			 			
	  fragrant sumac	  American plum; gray	eastern redbud;	  green ash; northern			
		dogwood; southern	eastern redcedar;	red oak			
	!	arrowwood	Washington hawthorn	!			
73215:	] 		 	 			
Crider	common lilac;	American plum; gray	common hackberry;	  eastern white pine;			
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	eastern redcedar	green ash;			
				honeylocust; Norway			
	 	 	 	spruce; pin oak			
73218:	İ	j	İ	İ			
Tiff	fragrant sumac	American plum; gray	:	green ash; northern			
	l I	dogwood; southern   arrowwood	eastern redcedar;   Washington hawthorn	red oak			
	 	arrowwood	washington hawthorn				
73272:	İ	i	j	j i			
Hildebrecht	:	American plum; gray	!				
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	common hackberry; eastern redcedar;	 			
	! 	İ	green ash;	! 			
	İ	j	Manchurian	j i			
	 		crabapple				
73273:	1 		 	 			
Coulstone	common lilac;	American plum; gray	Austrian pine; bur	 			
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	oak; common	!			
	 		hackberry; eastern	 			
	! 		redcedar; green ash 	! 			
Bender	!	American plum; gray	:	i i			
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	oak; common				
	 	 	hackberry; eastern   redcedar; green ash	 			
73274:			<u> </u>	ļ			
Scholten	American plum;	Amur maple; gray dogwood; Washington	Austrian pine;	 			
	common lilac;	dogwood; washington   hawthorn	common hackberry; eastern redcedar;	 			
	,,		honeylocust;	i İ			
	1						

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Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

	I	eight, in feet, of-			
Map symbol and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
73275: Gravois	    common lilac;   fragrant sumac 	    Amur maple; gray   dogwood 	    common hackberry;   eastern redcedar 	    eastern white pine;     green ash;   honeylocust; Norway   spruce; pin oak	
Goss	  fragrant sumac 	American plum; gray dogwood; southern arrowwood	  eastern redbud;   eastern redcedar;   Washington hawthorn	green ash; northern     red oak	
73276: Rueter	common lilac;   fragrant sumac 	  American plum; gray   dogwood   	Austrian pine; bur oak; common hackberry; eastern redcedar; green ash; honeylocust	  shortleaf pine     	
Hildebrecht	common lilac;   fragrant sumac    - 	American plum; gray   dogwood         	Austrian pine;   common hackberry;   eastern redcedar;   green ash;   Manchurian   crabapple	         	
73277: Goss	  fragrant sumac   	  American plum; gray   dogwood; southern   arrowwood	  eastern redbud;   eastern redcedar;   Washington hawthorn	  green ash; northern   red oak 	
73278: Rueter	  common lilac;   fragrant sumac   	American plum; gray   dogwood       	Austrian pine; bur oak; common hackberry; eastern redcedar; green ash; honeylocust	  shortleaf pine       	
73280: Alred	  common lilac;   fragrant sumac   	  American plum; gray   dogwood     	Austrian pine; bur oak; common hackberry; eastern redcedar; green ash	         	
73282: Alred	  common lilac;   fragrant sumac   	  American plum; gray   dogwood     	Austrian pine; bur oak; common hackberry; eastern redcedar; green ash	 	
Sonsac	common lilac;   fragrant sumac   	American plum; gray   dogwood     	Austrian pine; bur   oak; common   hackberry; eastern   redcedar; green ash 	     	
73283: Courtois	  common lilac;   fragrant sumac   	  American plum; gray   dogwood     	  common hackberry;   eastern redcedar   	eastern white pine;   green ash;   honeylocust; Norway   spruce; pin oak	
73284: Courtois	  common lilac;   fragrant sumac   	  American plum; gray   dogwood     	  common hackberry;   eastern redcedar   	eastern white pine;     green ash;   honeylocust; Norway   spruce; pin oak	

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

	I	Trees having predict	ted 20-year average he	eight, in feet, of-	
Map symbol and soil name	   <8	   8-15	   16-25	26-35	>35
73284:	 	 	 		
Goss	  fragrant sumac   	American plum; gray   dogwood; southern   arrowwood	eastern redbud; eastern redcedar; Washington hawthorn	green ash; northern red oak	
73285, 73286:	 	! [	 		
Useful	  fragrant sumac;   ninebark 	American plum; gray   dogwood; possumhaw 	Austrian pine;   common hackberry;   eastern redcedar	Norway spruce; pin oak	
Courtois	  common lilac;   fragrant sumac     	  American plum; gray   dogwood     	  common hackberry;   eastern redcedar   	eastern white pine; green ash; honeylocust; Norway spruce; pin oak	
73287:	  fragment gumage	   Amonicon nlum, cross	   Augtrian nino.	Norman grange sin	
oserur	fragrant sumac;   ninebark   	American plum; gray   dogwood; possumhaw 	common hackberry;   eastern redcedar	Norway spruce; pin     oak 	
Sonsac	common lilac;   fragrant sumac   	American plum; gray   dogwood   	Austrian pine; bur   oak; common   hackberry; eastern   redcedar; green ash		
73288:	ļ	<u> </u>	!		
Caneyville	fragrant sumac;   ninebark 	American plum; gray   dogwood; possumhaw 	Austrian pine;   common hackberry;   eastern redcedar	Norway spruce; pin oak	
Rock outcrop.		İ			
73289:	 	 	 		
Fourche	   common lilac;   fragrant sumac     	American plum; gray   dogwood 	common hackberry;   eastern redcedar 	eastern white pine; green ash; honeylocust; Norway spruce; pin oak	
73290, 73291:	İ	İ	İ	į	
Gatewood	fragrant sumac;   ninebark; St.   Johnswort	eastern redcedar;   possumhaw;   roughleaf dogwood;   Washington hawthorn	green hawthorn; post oak	Austrian pine; green ash; hackberry; honeylocust; pin oak	
Aaron	  fragrant sumac;   ninebark; St.   Johnswort 	  eastern redcedar;   possumhaw;   roughleaf dogwood;   washington hawthorn	green hawthorn; post oak	Austrian pine; green ash; hackberry; honeylocust; pin oak	
73292:	İ	İ	İ	į	
Lily	American hazelnut       	American plum; gray   dogwood   	persimmon 	black oak; eastern   redcedar; Norway   spruce; shortleaf   pine	
73293: Caneyville	  fragrant sumac;   ninebark 	American plum; gray dogwood; possumhaw	Austrian pine; common hackberry; eastern redcedar	Norway spruce; pin oak	
73294: Ocie	  fragrant sumac;   ninebark 	  American plum; gray   dogwood; possumhaw 	  Austrian pine;   common hackberry;   eastern redcedar	Norway spruce; pin oak	

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Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	! 	rees having predic	ted 20-year average h	erant, in reet, or-	 
and soil name	   <8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
74634:	 		 	 	 
Hartville	fragrant sumac;	American plum; gray	Austrian pine;	Norway spruce; pin	
	ninebark	dogwood; possumhaw	common hackberry;	oak	1
	 	 	eastern redcedar	 	 
74650:	İ	İ	İ	İ	
Higdon	American plum;	blackhaw; gray	eastern redcedar;	baldcypress; green	eastern white pine
	fragrant sumac 	dogwood 	nannyberry;   Washington hawthorn	ash; sweetgum	pin oak 
	İ	İ		İ	
74652:				]	
Lecoma	common lilac;   fragrant sumac	American plum; gray   dogwood	common hackberry;   eastern redcedar	eastern white pine; green ash;	 
				honeylocust; Norway	
	<u> </u>	ļ	!	spruce; pin oak	
74653:	 		 	 	 
Racoon	  buttonbush	possumhaw	eastern arborvitae;	  baldcypress; common	eastern cottonwood
	!	ļ.	eastern redcedar;	hackberry; pin oak	!
	 	1	nannyberry	  -	l I
Freeburg	  American plum;	blackhaw; gray	eastern redcedar;	  baldcypress; green	  eastern white pine;
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	nannyberry;	ash; sweetgum	pin oak
	 		Washington hawthorn	 	l I
74656:	! 		 	! 	! 
Deible	buttonbush	possumhaw	eastern arborvitae;	baldcypress; common	eastern cottonwood
			eastern redcedar;	hackberry; pin oak	 
	 	 	nannyberry 	 	 
74661:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Waben	:	American plum; gray	Austrian pine; bur	shortleaf pine	
	fragrant sumac 	dogwood	oak; common hackberry; eastern	 	 
	İ	j	redcedar; green	İ	
			ash; honeylocust		
74662:	 		 	 	 
	American plum;	blackhaw; gray	eastern redcedar;	baldcypress; green	eastern white pine;
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	nannyberry;	ash; sweetgum	pin oak
	 	 	Washington hawthorn	 	 
75376:	İ	İ	j	İ	İ
Cedargap	:	American plum; gray	<u> </u>	shortleaf pine	
	fragrant sumac 	dogwood 	oak; common   hackberry; eastern	 	 
	İ	İ	redcedar; green	İ	İ
			ash; honeylocust		1
75388:	 		 	 	[ 
	American hazelnut;	American plum;	eastern redcedar;	baldcypress; green	eastern white pine;
	American plum;	blackhaw; blue	nannyberry;	ash; sweetgum	pin oak
	fragrant sumac;   ninebark; wild	spruce; gray   dogwood	Washington hawthorn	 	 
	hydrangea		İ		
Relfe	coralberry;   fragrant sumac;	eastern redbud;	common serviceberry;   persimmon	black oak	 
	ninebark	gray dogwood	For Dimmon	 	
	ļ	ļ	ļ.	ļ	[
	l	I	I	l	l

Table 9.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Man gembal	l	Trees having predic	ted 20-year average h	eight, in feet, of-	
Map symbol and soil name	   <8	8-15	16-25	   26-35	l   >35
	İ	i	İ		
<b>5</b> 5300					
75398:   Kaintuck	  American plum;	  blackhaw; gray	  eastern redcedar;	  baldcypress; green	  eastern white pine;
Raincuck	fragrant sumac	dogwood	nannyberry;	ash; sweetgum	eastern white pine;   pin oak
			Washington hawthorn		
		ļ			
75406: Racket	  silky_dogwood	  blackhaw; gray	eastern redcedar;	  baldcypress; common	  eastern_cottonwood:
Rachee		dogwood	nannyberry;	hackberry; green	eastern white pine
	İ	İ	Washington hawthorn	ash; pin oak;	İ
		ļ		sweetgum	
75412:	 	l I	 	 	 
Razort	silky dogwood	blackhaw; gray	eastern redcedar;	baldcypress; common	eastern cottonwood;
	[	dogwood	nannyberry;	hackberry; green	eastern white pine
			Washington hawthorn		
	 	l I	 	sweetgum 	 
75427:	İ	i	İ		İ
Gabriel	buttonbush	possumhaw		baldcypress; common	eastern cottonwood
	l I	l I	eastern redcedar;   nannyberry	hackberry; pin oak	 
	! 	i i	namiyberry	! 	! 
75450:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Bloomsdale	American plum;	blackhaw; gray	eastern redcedar;	baldcypress; green	eastern white pine;
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	nannyberry;   Washington hawthorn	ash; sweetgum	pin oak 
	i İ	i	washington hawthorn	 	! 
75453:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Sturkie	American plum;	blackhaw; gray		baldcypress; green	eastern white pine;
	fragrant sumac	dogwood	nannyberry;   Washington hawthorn	ash; sweetgum	pin oak 
	i İ	i	washington hawthorn	 	! 
75459:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Huzzah	fragrant sumac;	blackhaw; gray	nannyberry;	sweetgum; green ash;	!-
	American plum	dogwood	Washington   hawthorn; eastern	white fir 	white pine 
	İ	i	redcedar		
	į	į	į		İ
75460: Horsecreek			  eastern redcedar;		
HOISECIEEK	sirky dogwood	blackhaw; gray   dogwood	nannyberry;	baldcypress; common   hackberry; green	eastern white pine
	İ		Washington hawthorn		
	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	sweetgum	!
77017:	 	l I	 	[ ]	 
Knobtop	coralberry;	eastern redbud;	common serviceberry;	  black oak; mockernut	 
	fragrant sumac;	eastern redcedar;	persimmon; post	hickory; northern	l
	ninebark	flowering dogwood;	oak; red pine;	red oak; white ash	
	] 	gray dogwood	shingle oak;   shortleaf pine	 	 
	İ				
77019:	ļ.	!	!		ļ
Frenchmill		American plum; gray	· -		
	fragrant sumac	dogwood 	oak; common hackberry; eastern	 	 
	İ	i	redcedar; green ash		İ
	İ	İ	İ		İ

Table 10.--Recreation

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu 
66014: Haymond			    Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	•	    Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	        1.00	    Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	        0.60
70028: Moko	-shallow to bedrock (limited) -large surface stones (limited)	0.79	   (limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)	  0.79 	(very limited)	      1.00    1.00    1.00	  Limited  ~large surface stones   (limited)     	      0.79         
Rock outcrop 73012: Gravois	    Limited  ~wetness   (limited)	0.81	Not rated     Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	0.49    0.39	Not rated	  0.81    0.39	Not rated	          0.49       
73035: Gravois	-wetness   (limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	0.81	(moderately limited)	0.49    0.39    0.37	  very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -wetness   (limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	1.00    0.81    0.39	  Very limited  -erodes easily   (very limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited) 	    1.00    0.49   
73039: Glensted	- -wetness (very limited)	1.00	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.39	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	0.39	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited) 	      1.00     

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
72046	 		 	 	 	 	 	 
73046: Wrengart	-wetness (slightly limited)	0.15    0.13	(slightly limited)	0.13	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~wetness   (slightly limited)  ~percs slowly	•	  Slightly limited  ~wetness   (slightly limited)   	    0.04       
73052:	 	 	 	   	(slightly limited)	 	 	   
Lily	Not limited 		Not limited 	       	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -depth to bedrock   (limited)	  0.98    0.66 	Not limited         	       
73053: Lily			   Moderately limited  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)   	0.57	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	1.00    0.76    0.57	  Not limited           	             
Bender	-too acid   (slightly limited)  -large stones   (slightly limited)	0.18    0.17	(slightly limited)	  0.17 	  Very limited  -large stones >25%   (very limited)  -slope   (very limited)  -depth to bedrock   (limited)	į	  Slightly limited  ~large stones   (slightly limited)  ~large surface stones   (slightly limited) 	  0.17    0.13   
73066: Bender	(slightly limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	0.18    0.17	(slightly limited)	  0.17 	  Very limited  -large stones >25%   (very limited)  -slope   (very limited)  -depth to bedrock   (limited)	1.00 	  Slightly limited  ~large stones   (slightly limited)  ~large surface stones   (slightly limited) 	    0.17    0.13   

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		   Picnic areas 		   Playgrounds 		      Paths and trails 	
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features		limiting features	I	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
73067:					   		!   !	ļ
Bender	Vorus limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	l I	  Very limited	
Bender	~slope		very rimited  ~slope		very limited  ~slope		very limited  ~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	1.00	(very limited)	•	(very limited)	1
	· •		(very rimited)  ~large surface stones	I In 60		•	~large surface stones	I In 60
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	<b></b>	(moderately limited)	•
	<pre>~too acid</pre>		~too acid		-depth to bedrock	I   0.76	~large stones	0.17
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)	
Rock outcrop	Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
73089:			<u> </u>	l i	 	 	 	
Rueter	Very limited		  Very limited	l I	  Very limited	l I	  Limited	!
Ruecel	_				~small stones	•	~slope	0.92
	(very limited)	<b>- • • •</b>	(very limited)	<b></b>	(very limited)	<b>- • • •</b>	(limited)	1
	~small stones	1	-small stones	1	~slope	1	~large surface stones	0.79
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	 	(limited)	
	~large surface stones	0.79		0.79		0.71	~small stones	0.49
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
73159:				 	<u> </u>	l İ	 	
Yelton	Limited		Moderately limited	i	Limited	i	  Moderately limited	i
	~wetness		-wetness	0.56	-wetness	•	-wetness	0.56
	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(limited)	į	(moderately limited)	İ
	~percs slowly	0.39	~percs slowly	0.39	-slope	0.78	İ	İ
	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	İ	İ
		İ	İ	İ	~percs slowly	0.39	İ	İ
					(moderately limited)	ĺ	  -	İ
73162:			[ [	 	 	! 	 	
Alred	Very limited		Very limited		  Very limited	ĺ	Limited	İ
	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	0.92
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	~large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	~small stones	0.80	-large surface stones	0.79
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.40	~percs slowly	0.40	~percs slowly	0.40	l	
	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	 	
Rueter	Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	İ	  Limited	i
	_	1.00	~slope	1.00	~small stones	1.00	~slope	0.92
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
		1.00	~small stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	-large surface stones	0.79
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	~large gurface stones	I	~large surface stones	10.79	laton acid	I 0 71	~small stones	0.49
	(limited)	10.75	(limited)		(limited)	10.7-	(moderately limited)	

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas 		Picnic areas		   Playgrounds 		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
				 		 		!
73166:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Viburnum	Limited		Moderately limited		Very limited		Moderately limited	
	~wetness	0.81	~small stones	0.57	~small stones	1.00	~wetness	0.49
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
	~small stones	0.57	~wetness	0.49	~wetness	0.81		
	(moderately limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)	į į	(limited)	İ	Ì	İ
	-too acid	0.18	-too acid	0.18	-  ~slope	0.78	İ	İ
	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į į	(limited)	į		į
Tonti	  Verv limited	l I	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Limited	l I
		11.00			~small stones	•	~small stones	0.65
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)		(very limited)	 	(limited)	
		l   0 . 81		10.49	~wetness	l   0 . 81	~wetness	0.49
	(limited)	0.0 <u>1</u>	(moderately limited)		(limited)	1	(moderately limited)	
		I In 30	· -		~slope	I  0.78	(moderacery rimiced)	1
	(moderately limited)	0 • 3 5 	(moderately limited)	! !	(limited)	10.70	I 	1
	(moderacely limited)	! !	(moderacery rimited)		(IIMICed)	l I	I I	¦
73173:	! !	¦		 	I I	! !	 	-
Lily	Not limited	i	Not limited	i i	  Limited	i	  Not limited	i
	1	i	 		~slope	0.98		i
	i I	i		;	(limited)	1	i İ	i
	! !	¦			-depth to bedrock	1  0.76	I 	1
	! !	¦			(limited)	1	I 	1
	! !	:			\rimited	10.00	 	-
	! !	:			(slightly limited)	1	 	-
	! !	¦		 	(Slightly limited)	! !	 	-
Yelton	  Limited	i	  Moderately limited	i	  Limited	i	  Moderately limited	i
	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.56	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.56
	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i i	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i
	~percs slowly	0.39	~percs slowly	0.39	~slope	0.78	i ·	i
	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i i	(limited)	i	İ	i
	i ·	i	· · · ·	i i	~percs slowly	0.39	İ	i
	i	i	İ	i i	(moderately limited)	i	İ	i
	i	i		i i		i	İ	i
73174:	i	i		i i	i	i	İ	i
Lily	Limited	i	Limited	i i	Very limited	i	Not limited	i
=	~slope		•		~slope	1.00	İ	i
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	į i	(very limited)	i	İ	i
	i '	i		i i	~depth to bedrock	0.76	İ	i
	i	i		j i	(limited)	i	i	i
	i	i		j i	~small stones	0.00	İ	i
	i .		ı				!	
	1				(slightly limited)			1

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		   Playgrounds 		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu 
73174:		   		   	   	!   		ļ
Yelton		0.90	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	•	  Very limited  ~erodes easily   (very limited)	1.00
	~slope   (limited)	0.63	-  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	į	-wetness (limited)	į	<pre>  (very limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.56
	<pre> ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)</pre>	•	~percs slowly   (moderately limited)		~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	0.39 	 	 
73200: Sonsac	•		    Limited		    Very_limited	   	    Limited	   
	(limited)	j	<pre> ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~percs slowly</pre>	į	(very limited)	1.00    1.00	<pre> ~large surface stones   (limited)</pre>	0.79   
	(moderately limited)	  0.30	(moderately limited)	    0.30	(very limited)	1.00    0.40 	     	   
73201:	 	 	 	   	 	   	i I	į
Sonsac	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)		Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 
	(limited)	İ	-large surface stones   (limited)  -percs slowly	į	(very limited)	1.00    0.40	~large surface stones   (limited) 	0.79   
	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	j I	(moderately limited)	j I	 	į Į
73210: Goss			  Very limited		  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 
	<pre> ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones</pre>	j	~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones	į	(very limited)	į	<pre> ~large surface stones   (very limited)  ~slope</pre>	1.00    1.00
	(very limited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited)	•	(very limited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited)		(very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  0.17 
73214:	 	 	 	 	 	 	<u> </u>	 
Moko			Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)		Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	  1.00
	rlarge surface stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	•	  1.00 		į	(very limited)   (very limited)	  1.00 
	~shallow to bedrock   (limited)	0.90 	~shallow to bedrock   (limited)	0.90 	~small stones   (very limited)	1.00 	 	
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	! !	  Not rated	! !	  Not rated	

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Camp areas 		Picnic areas		   Playgrounds 		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
	 	! 	 		 	 	 	ŀ
73215:	l				l		l	
Crider	Not limited	l	Not limited		Limited		Not limited	l
	l I	 	l I	 	~slope   (limited)	0.98	 	!
	 	! 	 		(IIMICEC)	! 	! 	i
73218:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Tiff	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	İ
	~too clayey	1.00	~too clayey	1.00	~small stones	1.00	~too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~small stones	0.48	~small stones	0.48	~slope	1.00	ĺ	İ
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	İ	İ
	~slope	0.16	~slope	0.16	~too clayey	1.00	ĺ	İ
	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į	(very limited)	į	į	į
73271:	 	 	 	l I	 	 	 	l I
Moko	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i
		•			~slope	1.00	• =	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	i
		1.00	-large surface stones	1.00		1.00	~large surface stones	11.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	-small stones	1.00	-small stones	1.00	~small stones	1.00	~small stones	io.30
	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 
73272:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	l I
Hildebrecht	  Limited	i	  Moderately limited	i	  Limited	i	  Moderately limited	i
					-wetness	0.90	-wetness	0.56
	(limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(limited)		(moderately limited)	
		0.39			~slope	0.78	(	i
	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(limited)		i	i
		i		i	~percs slowly	0.39	i	i
	İ	į	İ	i	(moderately limited)	•	İ	i
73273:	 	 	 		 			
Coulstone	  Verv limited	:	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	1
					~slope	1.00	~large surface stones	1,00
	(very limited)	, 	(very limited)		(very limited)	1	(very limited)	
		1.00	~large surface stones	1.00		1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	~wetness	0.90		0.85	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.56
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i
	İ	İ		İ	j	į	j	İ

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		   Picnic areas 		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73273:		ļ		ļ		ļ		ļ.
Bender			Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	! <del>-</del>	11.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	11.00	-large surface stones	11.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		11.00	-large surface stones	1.00		•	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	l 	(moderately limited)	:	(very limited)	!
	~too acid   (slightly limited)	0.24 	~too acid   (slightly limited)	0.24 	<pre> ~too acid   (slightly limited)</pre>	0.24 	 	 
73274:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Scholten	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Moderately limited	i
		1.00	~percs slowly	1.00	~small stones	1.00	~wetness	0.49
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i
		1.00	~small stones	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00	~small stones	0.14
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i
		0.81	~wetness	0.49		1.00	i star	i
	(limited)	į	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	į	į	į
73275:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Gravois	Limited		Moderately limited		Limited		Moderately limited	1
	~wetness	0.81	~wetness	0.49	~slope	0.98	~wetness	0.49
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.39	~percs slowly	0.39	~wetness	0.81	l	
	(moderately limited)	l	(moderately limited)		(limited)			
	 	 	 	 	<pre> ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.39 	 	
					İ			ļ
İ			Limited	!	Very limited	ļ	Slightly limited	!
	~small stones	0.64	~small stones	0.64	~small stones	1.00	-large surface stones	0.13
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)	ļ.
		0.63	~slope	0.63		1.00	!	!
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	!		!
		0.13	-large surface stones	0.13		!	<u> </u>	!
	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	 	 	 	 
73276: Rueter	  Very limited	 	    Very limited	 	    Very limited		    Moderately limited	
		I   1 . 00	very limited  ~small stones	I I 1 . 00	very limited  ~small stones	I   1 . 00	~small stones	0.49
	(very limited)	±.00	(very limited)	1 <b></b> 00	(very limited)	± • 00	(moderately limited)	
		l   0 . 71	(very limited)  ~too acid	l   0.71	(very limited)  ~slope	I   1 . 00	~large surface stones	•
	(limited)	0 • / ± 	(limited)	J. / I	~slope   (very limited)	± • 00	(slightly limited)	10.13
		I   0 . 1 3	\large surface stones	I   0 . 1 3		  0.71	(Single Final Ced)	1
	(slightly limited)	, 3.13 	(slightly limited)	,	(limited)	V • / ±	i	i
		i		İ		i	İ	i

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
		Value		Value		Value		Valu
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	l	limiting features	 	limiting features	<u> </u> 
73276:	 	l I		i I	 	i I	 	İ I
Hildebrecht	Limited	İ	Moderately limited	į	Limited	İ	Moderately limited	i
	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.56	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.56
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
					-slope	0.78	l	[
	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)		(limited)	ļ	!	!
		0.18	•	0.18	~percs slowly	0.39	!	ļ.
	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	(moderately limited) 	 	 	 
3277:		į		į	<u> </u>	į	<u> </u>	į
Goss			Limited		Very limited		Slightly limited	
	~small stones	0.64 	~small stones   (limited)	0.64 	~small stones	11.00	~large surface stones	10.13
	(limited)  ~slope	   0 63		   0 63	(very limited)  ~slope	  1.00	(slightly limited)	!
	~slope   (limited)	0.63 	~slope   (limited)	0.63 	very limited	1	! !	i
		l   0	\large surface stones	I   0 - 1 3	(very rimited)	i	i I	i
	slightly limited)		(slightly limited)			į		ļ
3278:	 	l I		l I	 	 	 	 
Rueter	Very limited	İ	Very limited	į	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	i
	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~small stones	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		0.99	~too acid	0.99	~slope	1.00	-large surface stones	0.79
	(very limited)		(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(limited)	!
	<pre> ~large surface stones   (limited)</pre>	0.79 	<pre> ~large surface stones   (limited)</pre>	0.79 	~too acid   (very limited)	0.99 	 	l I
		į	(====,	į		į	į	į
3279: Sonsac	  Very limited	l I	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 
	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~small stones	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00
	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	-large surface stones	1.00	~large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	0.50
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
		0.74		0.74	-large stones	0.87	I	I
	(limited) 	 	(limited) 	 	(limited) 	 	 	
Moko	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	i
		1.00	· -	1.00	~small stones	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		11.00	-large surface stones	11.00		11.00	~too clayey	0.84
	(very limited)	  1 00	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	10.02
	~small stones   (very limited)	11.00	~small stones   (very limited)	11.00	<pre> ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)</pre>	1	~slope   (limited)	0.83
	   (set	 	   (seth timited)	! 	   (set		(IIMICed)	
Rock outcrop	Not rated	ļ	Not rated	ļ	Not rated	ļ	Not rated	ļ
		I		I	1	1	1	1

73280:	all stones  ary limited)  age surface stones  mited)  acs slowly  derately limited)	1.00    0.79    0.40	limiting features	•	Rating class and limiting features		limiting features  Limited	Value
73280:  Alred	r limited ill stones iry limited) gg surface stones mited) rcs slowly derately limited)	1.00    0.79    0.40	  Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)	•	      Very limited		        Limited	       
Alred	all stones  ary limited)  age surface stones  mited)  acs slowly  derately limited)	1.00    0.79    0.40	-small stones   (very limited)  -large surface stones   (limited)	•				   
~sma   (ve:   ~lar:   (lii   ~per:   (model)   73282:	all stones  ary limited)  age surface stones  mited)  acs slowly  derately limited)	1.00    0.79    0.40	-small stones   (very limited)  -large surface stones   (limited)	•				i
~sma   (ve:   ~lar:   (lii   ~per:   (model)   73282:	all stones  ary limited)  age surface stones  mited)  acs slowly  derately limited)	1.00    0.79    0.40	-small stones   (very limited)  -large surface stones   (limited)	•				
~lar;   (lin   ~pers   (most   most	ge surface stones mited) cs slowly derately limited)	  0.40	~large surface stones   (limited)	i	•		-large surface stones	0.79
(lin   ~pero   (moo   )	mited) cs slowly derately limited)	  0.40	~large surface stones   (limited)		(very limited)	i	(limited)	i
(lin   ~pero   (moo   )	mited) cs slowly derately limited)	  0.40	(limited)	0.79	•	1.00	-small stones	0.07
~per.   (mod	cs slowly derately limited)	•		i	(very limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i
(moo	derately limited)	•	~percs slowly	0.40	~percs slowly	0.40	i i	i
Alred	· limited	1	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	İ	į
Alred	· limited	i i	 	 	 	 	 	 
~slo;   (ve:   ~sma:   (ve:   ~lar:   (li:   Sonsac	++m+cea	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Limited	i
(ve:  ~sma:   (ve:  ~lar:   (li:     Sonsac		•	~slope	1.00	~small stones		~large surface stones	0.79
~sma   (ve:   ~lar   (li:   Sonsac  Very   ~slo;   (ve:   ~lar   (li:   ~pero	ry limited)		(very limited)	 	(very limited)		(limited)	
(ve:  ~larger   (linger)   Sonsac	-	1.00		1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	0.67
~lar:   (li:   Sonsac  Very   ~slo:   (ve:   ~lar:   (li:   ~pero	ry limited)		(very limited)	 	(very limited)		(limited)	
(ling)   Sonsac	=	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	•	0.40	~small stones	0.07
~slo   (ve:  ~lar:   (li:  ~per:	mited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	•	slightly limited)	
~slo   (ve:  ~lar:   (li:  ~per:	· limited		  Very limited		  Very limited		  Limited	
(ve:  ~lar:   (li:  ~per:		•	very limited  ~slope	  1 00	very limited  ~slope		~large surface stones	   0 70
~larg   (lin  ~per	ery limited)	11.00	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(limited)	10.73
(1ii  ~per	=	l   0 70	(very limited)  -large surface stones	   0 70	•	l l1 00	~slope	0.08
~per	mited)	10.73	(limited)	10.73	(very limited)	1	(slightly limited)	10.00
· -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I In 40	(IIMIted)  ~percs slowly	   0 40	(very limited)  ~percs slowly	  0.40	(slightly limited)	!
	derately limited)	•	moderately limited	•	~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	•	! !	ŀ
(110)	deracery rimited,	i	(moderacery rimited)	i i	(moderacery rimited)	i	! 	
73283:		i	i	i	i	i	i	i
Courtois Limi	ted	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ
~wet	ness	0.90	~wetness	0.56	~slope	0.98	~wetness	0.56
(1i)	mited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ
j		İ	İ	İ	~wetness	0.90	İ	İ
į		į	į	į	(limited)	į	į	į
73284:		 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Courtois Limi	ted	i	  Moderately limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i
	ness	•	-wetness	•	~slope	•	-erodes easily	1.00
1	mited)	i	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	cs slowly	0.40	-percs slowly	•	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.56
! =	derately limited)	:	(moderately limited)	•	(limited)		(moderately limited)	
~slo	=	•	~slope		~percs slowly	0.40	i	i
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(moderately limited)	•	İ	i

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		 		   Playgrounds 		      Paths and trails 	<b>.</b>
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73284:	 	   		   	   	   	   	
Goss	Limited	i	Limited	i	Very limited	i	Not limited	i
	-small stones	0.64	~small stones	0.64	~small stones	1.00	İ	İ
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	İ	İ
	~slope	0.37	~slope	0.37	~slope	1.00	I	1
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)		 	1
73285:	 	! 		İ	 	 	 	
Useful	Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Not limited	
	-percs slowly	0.15	~percs slowly	0.15	~percs slowly	0.15		1
	(slightly limited)	!	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	ļ	!	!
	ļ.	!		ļ	~slope	0.10	!	!
	 	 	 	l I	(slightly limited) 	 	 	l I
Courtois	Limited	i	  Moderately limited	i	Very limited	i	  Moderately limited	i
	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.56	-slope	1.00	~wetness	0.56
	(limited)	į	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	ı İ
	~percs slowly	0.40	~percs slowly	0.40	~wetness	0.90	İ	İ
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)		I	1
	I				~percs slowly	0.40	l	
					(moderately limited)			
73286:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Useful	Slightly limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	İ
	-percs slowly	0.15	~percs slowly	0.15	~slope	1.00	~erodes easily	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	-slope	0.04	~slope	0.04	~percs slowly	0.15	l	
	(slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited)		 	
Courtois	Limited		  Moderately limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	i
	~wetness	0.90	~wetness		~slope	1.00	-erodes easily	1.00
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
			~percs slowly	•	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.56
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	!
	~slope	0.16	~slope	0.16		0.40	!	!
	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	(moderately limited) 	 	 	 
73287:	į	į		į		į		į
Useful	! -	•	Very limited	•	Very limited	•	Very limited	
	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	11.00	~erodes easily	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.15	~percs slowly	0.15	~percs slowly	0.15	~slope	0.92
	(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1	(limited)	1

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Valu
	limiting features		limiting features		limiting features		limiting features	<del> </del>
73287:	İ	j	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Sonsac	· -		Very limited	ļ	Very limited	:	Moderately limited	1
	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	0.50
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(moderately limited)	
	-too clayey	•	-too clayey	•	-too clayey	•	-too clayey	0.48
	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
	~percs slowly	•	~percs slowly	•	~percs slowly		-large surface stones	10.13
	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	(slightly limited) 	l
73288:		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Caneyville	Limited		Moderately limited	l	Very limited	l	Very limited	
	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	•	~slope	1.00	-erodes easily	1.00
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.13	~percs slowly	0.13	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.56
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	!
	~slope	0.04	~slope	0.04	~depth to bedrock	0.30	<u> </u>	!
	(slightly limited)	l I	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited)	 	 	
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	 	  Not rated 	 	  Not rated	
73289:	! 	 	! 	 	 	 	! 	1
Fourche	Moderately limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ	Limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ
	~wetness	0.35	~percs slowly	0.15	~slope	0.78	~wetness	0.13
	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.15	~wetness	0.13	~wetness	0.35	l	
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		l	
	l		l		~percs slowly	0.15	l	
	 		  -		(slightly limited)		  -	
73290:		 	 	 	 	 	 	l
Gatewood	Moderately limited	İ	  Slightly limited	İ	Limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ
	~wetness	0.35	-percs slowly	0.15	~slope	0.98	~wetness	0.13
	(moderately limited)	l	(slightly limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.15	~wetness	0.13	~wetness	0.35	l	
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		l	
	l		l		~percs slowly	0.15	l	
					(slightly limited)			
Aaron	  Moderately limited	 	  Slightly limited	! 	  Limited	! 	  Slightly limited	
	~wetness	•	~percs slowly	•	-slope		~wetness	0.13
	(moderately limited)	•	(slightly limited)	i	(limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i
	~percs slowly	:	~wetness	0.13	~wetness	0.35		i
	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	İ	İ
	1	l	1	I	-percs slowly	0.15	1	
			i		(slightly limited)		i	

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		   Picnic areas 		   Playgrounds 		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
		ļ						
73291:		 	 	 	 	 	 	
Gatewood	Limited		Limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	~slope	0.63	~slope	0.63	~slope	1.00	~erodes easily	1.0
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~wetness	0.35	~percs slowly	0.15	~wetness	0.35	~wetness	0.1
	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.15	~wetness	0.13	~percs slowly	0.15		
	(slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(slightly limited)			
Aaron	  Limited	 	  Limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	
	~slope	0.63	~slope	0.63	~slope	1.00	~erodes easily	1.0
	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~wetness	0.35	~percs slowly	0.15	~wetness	0.35	~wetness	0.1
	(moderately limited)	I	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.15	~wetness	0.13	~percs slowly	0.15		
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		slightly limited)			
3292:		İ	 	! 		 	 	i
Lily	Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Very limited		Not limited	
	~slope	0.16	~slope	0.16	~slope	1.00		
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)			
	1				~depth to bedrock	0.46		
			 		(moderately limited)		 	
73293:		! 	 	 	 	 	 	
Caneyville	Limited		Moderately limited		Limited		Moderately limited	
	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.56	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.5
	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	
	-percs slowly	0.13	~percs slowly	0.13	~slope	0.78	1	
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(limited)		1	
	1		1		~depth to bedrock	0.27	1	
			 		slightly limited)		 	
3294:		! 	 	 	 		 	
Ocie	Very limited	I	Very limited	I i	Very limited		Very limited	
	~large surface stones	1.00	- -large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	- -large surface stones	1.0
	(very limited)	l	(very limited)	I	(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	~wetness	0.96	~wetness	0.60	~wetness	0.96	~wetness	0.6
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ
	-percs slowly	10 40	- -percs slowly	10 40	- -percs slowly	0.40	i I	i
	"Derca prowry	0.40	-percs stowing	10.40	~Percs stowing	10.40		1

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas 		Picnic areas		Playgrounds 		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
				! !				!
74634:	<u> </u>				1		<u> </u>	
Hartville	!		Limited		Limited		Limited	
	~wetness	0.96	~wetness	0.60	-slope	0.98	~wetness	0.6
	(limited)	l	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.39	~percs slowly	0.39	~wetness	0.96		
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)			
					-percs slowly	0.39		
	 	 	l I		(moderately limited)			
74650:	! 	! 	 	! 	 	! 	! 	¦
Higdon	Very limited		Moderately limited		Limited		Moderately limited	
	~flooding	1.00	~wetness	0.45	~wetness	0.75	~wetness	0.45
	(very limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ
	~wetness	0.75	~percs slowly	0.15	~flooding	0.60	ĺ	İ
	(limited)	ĺ	(slightly limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	ĺ	İ
	~percs slowly	0.15	~too acid	0.06	~percs slowly	0.15	İ	ĺ
	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į	į	į
74652:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Lecoma	Not limited	İ	Not limited	i	Limited	İ	Not limited	i
	İ	İ	İ	İ	~slope	0.98	İ	İ
	į	į		į	(limited)	į	į	į
74653:	 	 		 	 	 	 	l I
Racoon	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	i
	-flooding	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~wetness	1.00	- -percs slowly	0.39	~flooding	0.60	i	i
	(very limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	İ	i
	-percs slowly	0.39	İ	i	~percs slowly	0.39	İ	i
	(moderately limited)	į		į	(moderately limited)	į	į	į
Freeburg	  Very limited	 	  Moderately limited	 	  Limited	 	  Moderately limited	
_	- -flooding	1.00	- -wetness	0.45	~wetness	0.75	~wetness	0.45
	(very limited)	i	(moderately limited)		(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	1
	~wetness	0.75	~percs slowly	•	~flooding	0.60	]	i
	(limited)		slightly limited)	i	(moderately limited)		İ	i
	-percs slowly	0.13	l	i	-percs slowly	0.13	İ	i
	(slightly limited)	, <del></del>	! 	i	(slightly limited)	i	i	i

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	<b>I</b>
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
				ļ				<u> </u>
74656:	 	 		 	 	 	 	 
Deible	Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -percs slowly   (very limited)  -flooding (rare)   (limited)	1.00 	Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -percs slowly   (very limited)	1.00 	Very limited   -wetness   (very limited)   -percs slowly   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00   	Very limited   ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00     
74661:	 		 	 	 	 	 	¦
Waben	Very limited   ~small stones   (very limited)		Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited) 		Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)		Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)  - 	  0.30     
74662:	 			<u> </u>			 	i
Higdon	Limited  -wetness   (limited)  -percs slowly   (slightly limited) 	0.75	Moderately limited  -wetness (moderately limited)  -percs slowly (slightly limited)	0.45	Limited  ~wetness   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	0.75    0.40	Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)     	  0.45       
75376:	İ	i	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	i
Cedargap	Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -small stones   (slightly limited) 	1.00 	Moderately limited ~flooding [(moderately limited)  ~small stones [(slightly limited)	0.60 	Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -small stones   (very limited)  -large stones   (slightly limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.01 	Moderately limited  -flooding   (moderately limited)       	  0.60       
75388:		į		į	į	į		į
Kaintuck	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	•	Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	0.60	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 	Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.60 
Relfe	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)		  Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)		  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Limited  ~small stones   (limited)	0.73
	~small stones   (very limited) 	1.00   	~flooding   (moderately limited) 	!	~small stones   (very limited) 	1.00   	<pre> ~flooding   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.60   

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas 		   Picnic areas 		   Playgrounds 		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   
75398:	i I	į į	 	i I	 	i i	i I	i I
Kaintuck	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	•	Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	0.60	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 	Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.60 
75406:	! 	ł	 	! 	 	 	! 	ŀ
Racket	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)		Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)		Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 	Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.60 
75412:	 	1	 	:	 	i	 	i
Razort	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	  1.00 	Not limited   	     	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~small stones	0.60	Not limited   	     
	j	i	İ	j	(slightly limited)	į	j	į
	!	ļ.	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	!	ļ
75427: Gabriel	  Vory limited	!	  Limited	 	  Vory limited	 	  Limited	
Gabriel	-flooding   (very limited)  -wetness   (very limited)  -percs slowly	1.00	wetness   (limited)  -percs slowly   (slightly limited)	į	Very limited    -wetness     (very limited)    -flooding     (moderately limited)    -percs slowly    -percs    -pe	  0.60	-wetness   (limited) 	  0.86       
	(slightly limited)	1	 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	 	
75450: Bloomsdale	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)		  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	0.60	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	    0.60 
75453:		ļ	 	 	 	 	 	
Sturkie	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	1.00	Not limited   	     	Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	0.60	Not limited   	     
75459:	 	1	 	 	 	 	 	
Huzzah	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	•	Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)		  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 	Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.60 
75460:	İ			<u> </u>		i	<u> </u>	i
Horsecreek	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Not limited   	   	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.60 	Not limited   	   

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Map symbol   and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
ļ	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features		limiting features		limiting features	L	limiting features	L
I				I	1	I	1	I
I					I	I		I
77014:			1		l			
Rock outcrop	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	1
_ ,		ļ		ļ		ļ		!
Taumsauk	-		Very limited	•	Very limited	•	Very limited	
 		•	~large surface stones	11.00		11.00	~large surface stones	11.00
 	(very limited)	•	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	10.00
ļ	~shallow to bedrock	10.90		10.90	!	11.00	~large stones	0.68
l T	(limited) ~large stones	   0	(limited)  ~large stones	   0	(very limited)  ~slope	  1.00	(limited)	!
l r	(limited)	10.00	~large stones   (limited)	10.00	~slope   (very limited)	11.00	 	!
I	(limited)	l I	(limited)	 	(very limited)	l I	 	!
77015: I		l I		i	 	i i	! 	l
Irondale	Limited	i	Limited	i	Very limited	i	Limited	i
į	~slope	0.84	-slope	0.84	-slope	1.00	- -large surface stones	0.79
į	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ
į	~large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79	~depth to bedrock	0.83	İ	İ
İ	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	ĺ	İ
İ	~too acid	0.30	~too acid	0.30	~too acid	0.30	Ī	İ
	(slightly limited)	l	(slightly limited)	I	(slightly limited)	l		
_ ,		ļ		ļ		ļ		!
Taumsauk			Limited	•	Very limited		Limited	
I	-	0.96	· -	10.96	-large stones >25%	11.00	~large surface stones	10.79
ļ	(limited)	   0 00	(limited)	   0 00	(very limited)	  1 00	(limited)	1 10.68
l l	~shallow to bedrock (limited)	0.90 	~shallow to bedrock   (limited)	10.90	<pre> ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)</pre>	11.00	~large stones   (limited)	10.00
 		   0 70	(IIMIted)  ~large surface stones	   0 70		  1.00	(IIMICed)	!
ļ	(limited)	0 . 7 3 	(limited)	0 . / <del>3</del> 	(very limited)	1	! !	:
ļ	(IIMICGQ)	i	(IIMICEC)	i i	(very rimited)	! 	i I	ł
Rock outcrop	Not rated	i	  Not rated	i	  Not rated	<u> </u>	Not rated	i
j		ĺ	İ	ĺ	İ	ĺ	İ	İ
77016:				ļ	ļ	!	l	!
Irondale	-	!	Very limited	•	Very limited	•	Very limited	!
ļ	_	1.00		11.00	~small stones	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00
ļ	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
ļ		1.00	-large surface stones	1.00		11.00	~slope	0.75
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	!
	~small stones	10.88	~small stones	U.88	~large stones	0.60	I	1
l I	(limited)	:	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	i	i

Table 10.--Recreation--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		Paths and trails	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
		 	 	   !	 	 	 	 
77016:		ļ		ļ		ļ		ļ.
Taumsauk	<u> </u>	:	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
		11.00	~slope	11.00	~large stones >25%	11.00	~large surface stones	11.00
	(very limited)	  1 00	(very limited)		(very limited)	  1 00	(very limited)	10 60
	rarge surface stones   (very limited)	11.00	<pre> ~large surface stones   (very limited)</pre>	11.00	~slope   (very limited)	11.00	~large stones   (limited)	0.68
	(very limited)  ~shallow to bedrock	   0 00		l  0.90	(very limited)  ~shallow to bedrock	  1 00	(limited)  ~slope	  0.25
	(limited)	0.90	(limited)		(very limited)		~slope   (slightly limited)	
Rock outcrop	Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
77017:		l I	 	 	 	 	 	 
Knobtop	Limited	i	  Moderately limited	! 	  Limited	i	  Moderately limited	i
	~wetness	•	-wetness		~wetness	•		0.45
	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i
	~too acid	0.18	-too acid		~slope	0.40	~large surface stones	
	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(moderately limited)	•	(slightly limited)	i
	~percs slowly	0.15	~percs slowly	0.15	-too acid	0.18	i sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa sa	i
	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į		į
77019:		l I	 	 	 	 	 	 
Frenchmill	  Very limited	i	Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	Very limited	i
	~slope	1.00	-  ~slope	1.00	~small stones	1.00	- -large surface stones	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~large surface stones	1.00	~large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	l	(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~small stones	1.00	~small stones	1.00	-large stones	0.80	~small stones	0.12
	(very limited)	 	(very limited)	 	(limited)		(slightly limited)	
99000:				i	 	i	 	i
Pits, quarries	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99001:		 	! 	 	! 		   	
Water	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99014:		 	[ [	 	 	 	 	
	Not rated	:	Not rated	:	  Not rated	:	Not rated	:

## Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and	Grain and seed crops   use as food and cov		Domestic grasses as legumes (for use as legumes)		Upland wild herbaced plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v   	ines	Upland deciduous t.   	rees
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
66014: Haymond	      Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	        0.90	    Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	        0.90	      Not limited   	         	      Not limited   	         	      Not limited   	       
70028: Moko	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  -droughty   (very limited)  -shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  -high erodibility   (limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.80	(very limited)	    1.00    0.13   	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited) 	i	  Very limited  ~shallow to bedrock  (very limited)  ~droughty  (very limited) 	    1.00    1.00 
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated	i	  Not rated	<u> </u>	  Not rated		  Not rated	
73012: Gravois	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~moderate erodibility   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.50    0.39	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~moderate erodibility   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   moderately limited)	  0.50    0.39	  Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited)     		  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)     		Limited  -wetness   (limited)	    0.85       
73035: Gravois	  Limited  ~high erodibility   (limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.55    0.39	(moderately limited)	0.39	  Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited)     	•	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)     	•	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)     	  0.85       
73039: Glensted	  Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -moderate erodibility   (moderately limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.50    0.39	   (very limited)  ~moderate erodibility   (moderately limited)	  0.50    0.39	  Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)   	      1.00         	  Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)   	      1.00         	    Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)     	    1.00       

Rating class and Value limiting features
limiting features
limiting features
~wetness 0.46
~wetness 0.46
~wetness 0.46
~wetness 0.46
(moderately limited)  
1-1 1 1
Limited
~depth to bedrock   0.66
(limited)
!
!
-
i i
  Limited
~depth to bedrock   0.76
(limited)
-droughty   0.48
(moderately limited)
į į
İ
1
Very limited
~droughty  1.00
(very limited)
~depth to bedrock   0.76
(limited)
~large stones   0.17
(slightly limited)
~droughty  1.00
(very limited)
~depth to bedrock   0.76
(limited)
~large stones   0.17
(slightly limited)
1

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Grain and seed crops   use as food and cov 		Domestic grasses as legumes (for use as legumes and cover)		Upland wild herbaced plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v   	ines	Upland deciduous tr   	ees
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73067:	l I	İ I	 	İ I	] 	 	 	 	] 	İ I
Bender	Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)	  0.91 	  very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)	į	(very limited)	į	Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  0.76 	Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.76    0.17
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
73089: Rueter	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	  0.80    0.60	(moderately limited)	İ	  Moderately limited  ~small stones   (moderately limited)  ~droughty   (moderately limited) 	  0.43	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)     	    0.43       
73159: Yelton	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.80    0.58	  Limited  ~high erodibility   (limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	0.39	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)     	      0.58       	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)     		  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)   	    0.93       
73162: Alred	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	  0.80    0.60	  Limited  ~high erodibility   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.40	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)     	      0.03       	  slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)   	      0.03       	  slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)     	    0.03       
Rueter	Very limited   -droughty   (very limited)   -small stones   (very limited)   -high erodibility   (limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	  0.80    0.60	(moderately limited)	į	Moderately limited   ~small stones   (moderately limited)   ~droughty   (moderately limited)	  0.43	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)     	  0.43         

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Grain and seed crops   use as food and cove		Domestic grasses as legumes (for use as selection)		Upland wild herbaced plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous tr   	ees
soil name	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 	<u> </u>	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Valu
73201:	i I	i I		i I	 	 		į Į	i I	į į
Sonsac			Limited  -high erodibility   (limited)  -slope   (limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	į	Slightly limited   ~droughty   (slightly limited)   ~small stones   (slightly limited) 	į	Slightly limited  ~depth to bedrock  (slightly limited)  ~droughty  (slightly limited)	j	Slightly limited  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited) 	  0.29    0.12 
73210:	1	 		l I	 	l I		¦	1	:
Goss	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)	  1.00        0.87      0.80	Limited <pre> ~slope (limited)  ~high erodibility (limited)  ~large stones (moderately limited)</pre>	  0.80 	Moderately limited   -droughty   (moderately limited)   -large stones   (slightly limited)   -small stones   (slightly limited)	İ	Moderately limited  ~droughty  (moderately limited)  ~large stones  (slightly limited)	j	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited) 	  0.34    0.17   
73214: Moko	-droughty   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00      0.87	(very limited)  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.87	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited) 	į	Very limited  -droughty (very limited)  -shallow to bedrock (very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited) 	  1.00    1.00 
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	! 	  Not rated	! 	Not rated		  Not rated	
73215: Crider	    Limited  ~high erodibility   (limited)		Limited ~high erodibility (limited)	      0.80	    Not limited   	       	Not limited	       	    Not limited   	       
		      1.00      0.81	  Limited  ~too clayey  (limited)  ~moderate erodibility  (moderately limited)	į	  Limited  -too clayey  (limited)  -droughty   (slightly limited)	    0.81    0.24	Limited  -too clayey (limited)  -droughty (slightly limited)	      0.81    0.24	    Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited) 	      0.24   
	~moderate erodibility   (moderately limited)		· · • · ·	0.48	~small stones   (slightly limited)	  0.08   	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	     	;   	   

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Grain and seed crops   use as food and cov 		Domestic grasses as legumes (for use as selection)		Upland wild herbaced plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous tr   	rees
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	<u>_</u>	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73271:	i I	i I		i I	i I	;   	i I	; 	i I	İ
Moko	Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00	(very limited)	  0.42	  very limited  -droughty   (very limited)  -shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  -small stones   (slightly limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.30	  very limited  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited) 	  1.00    1.00   
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
73272: Hildebrecht	  Limited  ~high erodibility  (limited)  ~wetness  (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly  (moderately limited)	  0.58    0.39	(moderately limited)	  0.58    0.39	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	      0.58         	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	•	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)   	    0.93       
73273: Coulstone	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)	  0.87 	Limited  -droughty   (limited)  -slope   (limited)  -high erodibility   (limited)	    0.97    0.87    0.80	(limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.58	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited) 	  0.58	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~wetness   (limited) 	  0.97    0.93 
Bender	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)	  0.87 	Very limited  -droughty   (very limited)  -slope   (limited)  -high erodibility   (limited)	  1.00    0.87    0.80	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)   	    1.00         	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited) 	  0.46	Very limited -droughty (very limited) -depth to bedrock (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.46
73274: Scholten	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)	İ	(moderately limited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited)	0.32	(slightly limited)	i	  Limited  -wetness   (limited)  -droughty   (slightly limited) 	  0.85    0.13 

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Grain and seed crops   use as food and cov 		Domestic grasses as legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbaced plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v:   	ines	Upland deciduous tr   	ees
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Valu   
73275:	 	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	
Gravois	Limited  ~high erodibility   (limited)	  0.80   	Limited  -high erodibility  (limited)	  0.80 	Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.55 	Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.55 	Limited  ~wetness   (limited)	  0.85 
	<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly</pre>	0.55    0.39	(moderately limited)	0.55    0.39	 	   		   	 	   
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		   			i i		
Goss	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~high erodibility	  1.00      0.80	Limited ~high erodibility (limited) ~droughty	į	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~small stones	  0.69    0.13	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)	    0.69 	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited) 	  0.69 
	(limited)  ~small stones   (limited)	  0.64 	(limited)	  0.64 	(slightly limited)	     		     	 	   
73276:				! 	 	! !		! 		ļ
Rueter	~droughty   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00   	Very limited ~small stones (very limited) ~high erodibility (limited)	1.00    0.80	Moderately limited  -small stones   (moderately limited)  -droughty   (moderately limited)	0.53    0.43	Moderately limited   -small stones   (moderately limited)   -droughty   (moderately limited)	  0.49    0.43	Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)   	  0.43   
	~high erodibility   (limited)	0.80 	~droughty (moderately limited)	0.43 	 	   !		 	 	
Hildebrecht	  Limited  ~high erodibility   (limited)	    0.80   	Limited ~high erodibility (limited)	    0.80 	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	    0.58 	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)	    0.93 
	<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.39	<pre>~wetness (moderately limited) ~percs slowly (moderately limited)</pre>	0.58    0.39 	 	     	 	     	 	     
73277:	i I	į į	_	j I	 	i İ		j I	j I	İ
Goss	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00   	Limited ~high erodibility (limited)	  0.80 	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)	    0.69 	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)	    0.69 	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)	  0.69 
	~high erodibility   (limited)	0.80	~droughty (limited)	0.69	~small stones   (slightly limited)	0.13	 	 	 	
	<pre> ~small stones   (limited)</pre>	U.64	~small stones (limited)	0.64 	 	! !		    -	! !	

Map symbol and	Grain and seed crops   use as food and co 		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v   	ines	Upland deciduous to   	rees
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73278:		į	 	 	   	   	   	!   	   	
Rueter	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	Slightly limited	i	Slightly limited	i	  Slightly limited	i
	-  ~slope	1.00	-slope	11.00	-droughty	0.29	-droughty	0.29	-droughty	0.29
	(very limited)		(very limited)		slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
	-droughty	11.00	~high erodibility	0.80	~small stones	0.13	(213::01)	i	(51191101) 1111111000,	i
	(very limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)		! 	i	i I	i
	-high erodibility	0.80	~small stones	0.64	(21191101)	i	i I	i	i I	i
	(limited)		(limited)			į				į
73279:			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Sonsac	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	~high erodibility	0.80	-high erodibility	0.80	~small stones	0.15	~depth to bedrock	0.24	~depth to bedrock	0.24
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	i
	~small stones	0.74	-small stones	0.74	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i
	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	  -	į	  -	į	  -	į
Moko	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	 	  Very limited	
	~droughty	1.00	-droughty	1.00	-droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	-shallow to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	-shallow to bedrock	1.00	~small stones	0.60	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	-droughty	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~small stones	1.00	-small stones	1.00	-too clayey	0.29	~small stones	0.60		I
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	 	
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	į	Not rated	į	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	į	  Not rated 	į
73280:			 		 		 	! 	 	
Alred	Very limited		Very limited		Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Slightly limited	
	~droughty	1.00	~small stones	1.00	~small stones	0.28	~droughty	0.09	-droughty	0.09
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	
	~small stones	1.00	-high erodibility	0.80	~droughty	0.09	~small stones	0.07		
	(very limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)			
	~high erodibility	0.80	-percs slowly	0.40	l					
	(limited) 		(moderately limited)		 	 	 	 	 	
73282:				į		į		į		į
Alred			Very limited		Slightly limited		Slightly limited		Slightly limited	
	~droughty	11.00	~small stones	11.00	~small stones	0.28	~droughty	0.09	-droughty	0.09
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	!
	~small stones	11.00	-high erodibility	0.80	~droughty	0.09	~small stones	0.07	<u> </u>	!
	(very limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)	!	(slightly limited)	!	<u> </u>	!
	~high erodibility   (limited)	0.80	<pre> ~slope   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.42	<u> </u>	!	<u> </u>	!	<u> </u>	!

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Grain and seed crops   use as food and cov 		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbaced plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v   	ines	Upland deciduous tr   	rees
soil name	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
73282:	   	   	   	   	   	   	   	   	   	
Sonsac	Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  -high erodibility   (limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.80    0.40	Limited  -high erodibility   (limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)  -small stones   (moderately limited)	  0.40    0.30	Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited) 	İ	Slightly limited  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)  -	İ	Slightly limited  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited) 	  0.29    0.12   
73283: Courtois	  Limited  -high erodibility   (limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.58	Limited -high erodibility (limited) -wetness (moderately limited)	0.58	  Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited) 	      0.58   	  Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited) 	•	  Limited  -wetness   (limited) 	    0.93   
73284: Courtois	  Limited  ~high erodibility   (limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.58    0.40	  Limited  -high erodibility   (limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.58    0.40	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	      0.58       	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	      0.58       	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)     	    0.93       
Goss	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)  ~small stones   (limited)	  1.00    0.80    0.64	  Limited  ~high erodibility  (limited)  ~droughty  (limited)  ~small stones  (limited)	j	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited) 	    0.69    0.13   	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)     	    0.69         	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)     	  0.69       
73285, 73286: Useful	  Limited  -high erodibility  (limited)  -percs slowly  (slightly limited)  -wetness  (slightly limited)	      0.80    0.15    0.13	(slightly limited)	    0.80    0.15    0.13	    slightly limited  ~wetness   (slightly limited)   	      0.13       	    slightly limited  ~wetness   (slightly limited)   	      0.13       	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	    0.37       

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Grain and seed crops   use as food and cov		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbaced plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous tr   	rees
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73290:	 	 		 	 	 	l I	 	l I	İ I
Gatewood	Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~high erodibility   (limited)	•	Limited  -high erodibility   (limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.36 	Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   		Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)	į	Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)	  0.51    0.09
	<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)</pre>	•	~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	0.15 	 	 	<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	
Aaron	-high erodibility   (limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.36 	  Limited  ~high erodibility   (limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly	  0.36	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   		  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	  0.51      
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	   	   	   	   	!   	 	
73291:						l	[		1	1
Gatewood	Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00	Limited  ~high erodibility   (limited)	  0.80	Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)		Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)		Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.51
	• -	  0.80 	(Timited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	•		0.32		0.32	(moderately limited)  -droughty   (moderately limited)	0.32
	-wetness   (moderately limited)	0.36	-droughty (moderately limited)	0.32	 	İ İ	-depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	0.13	-depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	0.13
Aaron	(limited)	j	  Limited  ~high erodibility   (limited)	    0.80 	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	    0.36 	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)		  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	    0.51
	<pre> ~droughty   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.36	(moderately limited)	0.36    0.15 	 	     	 	     	 	     
73292:		 	 	 	 	 		 		
Lily	Limited  ~droughty   (limited)	j	Limited  -high erodibility   (limited)	  0.80 	Not limited    -	   	Moderately limited  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)		Moderately limited  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)	  0.46 
	(limited)	0.80    0.46	<pre> ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.46   	   	   	   	   	   	   
	(moderately limited)	:		į		į	į	į	į	į

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

	Grain and seed crops		Domestic grasses a		Upland wild herbace	ous	Upland shrubs and v	ines	Upland deciduous to	rees
	use as food and cov	er)	legumes (for use as	food	plants		]		ļ.	
Map symbol and	l		and cover)						<u> </u>	
soil name	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
	 	ļ	 	!	 	 	 	 	 	!
74653:	!	!	]	!		!		ļ.	!	!
Racoon	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	11.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	11.00	~wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	!
	~flooding	•	~flooding	0.60			<u> </u>		!	!
	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•			<u> </u>		!	!
	~percs slowly	0.39		0.39	<u> </u>		] !		1	- !
	(moderately limited)	!	(moderately limited)		 	 	 		l i	-
Freeburg	  Moderately limited	i	  Moderately limited	i	  Moderately limited	i i	  Moderately limited	i	  Limited	i
_	~flooding	0.60	-flooding	0.60	~wetness	0.53	~wetness	0.53	~wetness	0.79
	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	i	(limited)	i
	~wetness	0.53	~wetness	0.53	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i
	~percs slowly	0.13	~percs slowly	0.13		İ	İ	İ	ĺ	İ
	(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)			l			[	
74656:			 	1			 	 		ļ
	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	l I	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	-
20222	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	11.00	-wetness	1	-wetness	1	~wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	 	(very limited)		(very limited)	i
	~percs slowly	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00	(	i	(	i	(100)	i
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	i	i	İ	i	i	i
	~moderate erodibility	0.50	~moderate erodibility	0.50	i	i	İ	i	i	i
	(moderately limited)	:	(moderately limited)	:	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	i
74661:	 		 		 	 	l I	 		
	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Moderately limited	! 	  Slightly limited	i i	  Not limited	-
	~small stones	1.00	~small stones	11.00	~small stones	0.42	~small stones	0.30	I	i
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	i	i
	-droughty	0.70	i	i	1	i		i	i	i
	(limited)	į	İ	i	j	į	İ	į	j	i
B4660										!
74662:	  Modernstels: limited	ļ	  Madamatalin limited	1	  Madamatalin limited		  Madamatal:: limited	1	  Timited	
Higdon	Moderately limited  ~wetness	•	Moderately limited  ~wetness	10 53	Moderately limited	   0 = 2	Moderately limited  ~wetness	 	Limited	  0.79
		0.53	~wetness   (moderately limited)	•	~wetness	10.53			~wetness (limited)	10.79
	(moderately limited)			•	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	1	(TTWITEGG)	-
	<pre> ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)</pre>	10.12	~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	0.15	 	I I	] 	1	] 	-
	(priducty timiced)	1	(sirgincry rimited)	1	I	I	I	I	I	1

Upland deciduous trees

Value

|Value | Rating class and

2011 1141110	limiting features		limiting features		limiting features		limiting features		limiting features	
	i	i	İ			i	 	i	İ	ī
	[	1			[	1				1
75376:	Į	!	l		Į	!			1	
Cedargap	•	!	Limited		Slightly limited	!	Not limited		Slightly limited	!
	~droughty	0.94	-flooding	0.90	~small stones	0.03			~wetness	0.01
	(limited)	!	(limited)		(slightly limited)	!			(slightly limited)	!
	~flooding	0.90	~small stones	0.27	ļ	!			1	!
	(limited)	!	(slightly limited)		ļ	!			1	!
	~small stones	0.27	1		ļ	!			1	!
	(slightly limited)			 	 					!
75388:	 		 	 	 		 		 	
Kaintuck	Limited		Limited		Not limited		Not limited		Not limited	1
	~flooding	0.90	~flooding	0.90	I		l		I	1
	(limited)		(limited)		I		l		I	1
	-droughty	0.34	l		I		l		I	1
	(moderately limited)	ļ		!	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	!		!
Relfe	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	
	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	-droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~small stones	1.00	~small stones	1.00	-small stones	0.73	~small stones	0.73	İ	İ
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	İ	İ
	-flooding	0.90	~flooding	0.90	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
75398:	 		 	 	 		 		 	
Kaintuck	Limited	i	  Limited	i	  Not limited	i	Not limited	i	  Not limited	i
	•		~flooding	0.90	1	i	I	i	I	i
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	i	i	i	i	i	i
	-droughty	0.34	i i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i
	(moderately limited)	i	j	i	j	i	j	i	j	j
FF.406										
75406:	 	!	ledendrod			!	 	!	 	!
Racket	1	1	Limited	1	Not limited	!	Not limited	!	Not limited	!
	~flooding	10.90	-flooding	0.90	1	!	1	!	  -	!
	(limited)	l I	(limited) 	 	 	¦	 		 	-
75412:	İ	i		i	İ	i		i		i
Razort	Moderately limited	I	Moderately limited	I	Not limited	I	Not limited	1	Not limited	1
	~flooding			0.60	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
	I	1	1	I	I	1	1			1

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Upland wild herbaceous

plants

Upland shrubs and vines

|Value | Rating class and

Domestic grasses and

legumes (for use as food

and cover)

| Rating class and | Value | Rating class and | Value | Rating class and

Grain and seed crops (for

use as food and cover)

Map symbol and soil name

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Grain and seed crops   use as food and cov		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbace	eous	Upland shrubs and v	vines	Upland deciduous to	rees
soil name	Rating class and	Value	L	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
75427:	 	   	 	   	 		 		 	   
Gabriel	Limited	i	  Limited	i	Limited	i	  Limited	i	  Very limited	i
	~wetness	•	-wetness	0.86	-wetness	0.86	~wetness	0.86	~wetness	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	~flooding	0.60	/~flooding	0.60	(=====; 	i	(=====; 	i	(100)	i
	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	i	i	i	i	i	i
	~percs slowly	0.13		0.13	i	i	i	i	i	i
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		į	į	İ	į	į	į
75450:	 	 	 	 	 		 		 	
Bloomsdale	Limited	İ	_ Limited	İ	Not limited	ĺ	Not limited	ĺ	Not limited	İ
	~flooding	0.90	-flooding	0.90	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	Ì	İ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	İ
	~droughty	0.72	Ì	İ		ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	İ
	(limited)									
75453:	 		 		 		 		 	
Sturkie	Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Not limited		Not limited		Not limited	
	~flooding	0.60	-flooding	0.60			l		1	
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)							
75459:	 		 		 		 		 	
Huzzah	Limited		Limited		Not limited		Not limited		Not limited	
	~flooding	0.90	~flooding	0.90	l		l		1	
	(limited)		(limited)							
75460:	 		 		 		! 		 	
Horsecreek	Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Not limited		Not limited		Not limited	
	~flooding	0.60	~flooding	0.60					I	
	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)		 		 		 	
77014:	İ									
Rock outcrop	Not rated		Not rated 		Not rated	1	Not rated		Not rated	
Taumsauk		į	  Very limited	į	  Very limited		  Very limited	į	  Very limited	į
	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	!
	-shallow to bedrock	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	-large stones	0.68	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	-droughty	1.00
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(limited)	ļ	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	!
	~large stones >35%	1.00	~large stones >35%	1.00	!	ļ	~large stones	0.68	~large stones	0.68
	(very limited)		(very limited)		l		(limited)		(limited)	

Map symbol and	Grain and seed crops   use as food and cov		Domestic grasses a legumes (for use as and cover)		Upland wild herbaced plants	ous	Upland shrubs and v   	ines	Upland deciduous tr   	rees
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
77015:	 	   	   	   	 	   	    -	   	 	
Irondale	  Normalimited	!	  Very limited	!	  Very limited		  Very limited	 	  Very limited	-
irondale		•		1 00	• -	1		  1 00		1
	<pre> ~droughty   (very limited)</pre>	11.00	<pre> ~droughty   (very limited)</pre>	11.00	<pre> ~droughty   (very limited)</pre>	11.00	~droughty   (very limited)	11.00	<pre> ~droughty   (very limited)</pre>	11.00
	~depth to bedrock	  0.83	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	0.83	(very limited)	!	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	N 83	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	0.83
	(limited)	10.03	(limited)	10.63	] 		(limited)	10.03	(limited)	10.03
	\( \text{IImited} \)   \( \text{high erodibility} \)	10 00	(limited)  ~high erodibility	0.80	! !	!	(IIMICed)		(IIMICed)	-
	(limited)		(limited)				 			
Taumsauk	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	
	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	-droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	-shallow to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	-large stones	0.68	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	-droughty	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~large stones >35%	1.00	~large stones >35%	1.00			~large stones	0.68	-large stones	0.68
	(very limited)	l I	(very limited) 	l I	 	 	(limited) 	 	(limited) 	
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į	  Not rated 	į	Not rated	į	  Not rated 	į	Not rated	į
77016:		i		i		i		i		i
Irondale	Very limited	1	Limited	I	Limited		Limited		Limited	1
	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	0.91	~droughty	0.91	~droughty	0.91	~droughty	0.91
	(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	~small stones	0.88	-small stones	0.88	-small stones	0.18	~depth to bedrock	0.35	~depth to bedrock	0.35
	(limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	)
	-high erodibility	0.80	-high erodibility	0.80			l		I	
	(limited)		(limited) 	 	 	 	] ]	 	 	
Taumsauk	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited		  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	i
	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	-droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	•	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	-large stones	0.68	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	~droughty	1.00
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(limited)	ļ	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	!
	~large stones >35%	1.00	~large stones >35%	1.00	!	ļ.	~large stones	0.68	~large stones	0.68
	(very limited)	 	(very limited) 	 	 	 	(limited) 	 	(limited) 	
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į	  Not rated 	į	Not rated	į	  Not rated 	į	Not rated	į
77017:		i	! 		 	i	! 	 	! 	
Knobtop	Limited	i	  Limited	i	  Moderately limited	i	  Moderately limited	i	Limited	i
=	-high erodibility	•	-high erodibility	0.80	~wetness	0.53	~wetness	0.53	~wetness	0.79
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	!	(limited)	i
	~wetness	0.53	~wetness	0.53	İ	İ	~depth to bedrock	•	~depth to bedrock	0.13
	(moderately limited)	I	(moderately limited)	I	1	1	(slightly limited)	I	(slightly limited)	İ
	~percs slowly	0.15	- -percs slowly	0.15	1		1	I		1
	(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1	I .	1	i .	1	i	

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Table 11a.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

	Grain and seed crops	(for	Domestic grasses a	nd	Upland wild herbaced	ous	Upland shrubs and v	rines	Upland deciduous to	rees
	use as food and co	ver)	legumes (for use as	food	plants				l	
Map symbol and			and cover)		1		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	 I	limiting features	1	limiting features	
77019:	i I	į i	j 	j I	i I	 	i I	į	i I	į į
Frenchmill	Very limited	İ	  Very limited	İ	Moderately limited	ĺ	Slightly limited	İ	Not limited	İ
	~small stones	1.00	~small stones	1.00	~small stones	0.31	~small stones	0.12	I	
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)	1	I	
	~droughty	0.91	~slope	0.87	I		I	1	I	
	(limited)		(limited)		I		l		l	
	~slope	0.87	~high erodibility	0.80	1		l	1	l	
	(limited)		(limited) 			 	 		 	
99000:						 	 		 	i
Pits, quarries	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	 	Not rated		Not rated	
99001:						 	 		 	i
Water	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	 	Not rated		Not rated	
99014:			! 			İ	 		 	
Mine tailings	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and	Upland mixed decidude conifer trees	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p 	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine	es, and	Freshwater wetland r	lants	Irrigated freshwat   wetland plants	er
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value		Value	Rating class and	Value		Value
	limiting features		limiting features	L	limiting features	Value	limiting features		limiting features	Value
66014: Haymond	      Not limited   	       	    Moderately limited  ~infrequent flooding   (moderately limited)	•	      Not limited   	       	      Not limited   	       	      Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	        0.45
70028:	 	 		 	 		 		 	
Moko		  1.00      1.00	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)	  0.80     	Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited) 	  1.00   	Not limited       	     	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.45
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 		  Not rated 		  Not rated 	
73012: Gravois	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 	    0.85       	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -deep to water   (moderately limited)	  0.35	  Not limited       		  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	•	  Limited  ~slope   (limited) 	    0.91     
73035: Gravois	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 	    0.85       	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -deep to water   (moderately limited)	0.80    0.35	  Not limited       	         	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	:	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited) 	    1.00   
73039: Glensted	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	      1.00	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)		  Not limited   	     	    Not limited   	     	    Not limited   	     
73046: Wrengart	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited) 	      0.46     	Limited  -infrequent flooding  (limited)  -deep to water  (moderately limited)	0.80    0.58	    Not limited     		  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	•	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (slightly limited)	    0.91    0.18

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Upland mixed deciduous-		Riparian herbaceous plants		Riparian shrubs, vines, and    trees		l  Freshwater wetland plants		Irrigated freshwater   wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
	   	İ	   	   		   	   	İ	   	į
73052:		i		i		İ	İ	i		i
Lily	Limited	İ	Limited	ĺ	Not limited	ĺ	Not limited	İ	Limited	j
	~depth to bedrock	0.66	~infrequent flooding	0.80			l		~slope	0.91
	(limited)		(limited)				l		(limited)	
									~seepage	0.79
	l I	ļ	1						(limited)	!
73053:	 	 	 	 		 	 		 	
Lily	Limited		Limited		Moderately limited		Not limited		Very limited	
	~depth to bedrock	0.76	-infrequent flooding	0.80		0.48	l		~slope	1.00
	(limited)	!	(limited)	!	(moderately limited)				(very limited)	
	~droughty	0.48		!		!	!	!		ļ
	(moderately limited)		]	 		 	 		 	-
Bender	  Very limited	i	  Limited		  Very limited	! 	  Not limited	1	  Very limited	i
	~droughty	1.00	~infrequent flooding	0.80	~droughty	1.00		İ	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(limited)	1	(very limited)		I		(very limited)	
	~depth to bedrock	0.76	-large stones	0.17	~large stones	0.17	l		~seepage	0.79
	(limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		l		(limited)	
	~large stones	0.17					l			
	slightly limited)									-
73066:	 		 			 	 			
Bender	Very limited		Limited		Very limited		Not limited		Very limited	
	~droughty	1.00	~infrequent flooding	0.80		1.00			~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		l		(very limited)	
	~depth to bedrock	0.76	~large stones	0.17	~large stones	0.17			~seepage	0.79
	(limited)	!	(slightly limited)	!	(slightly limited)	!	!	!	(limited)	ļ
	~large stones	0.17		!		!	!	!		!
	(slightly limited) 	 	 	 		 	 	ļ	 	ļ
73067:		İ		İ		İ	İ	i		i
Bender	Very limited	•	Limited		Very limited		Not limited		Very limited	
	~droughty	1.00	~infrequent flooding	0.80		1.00	!	ļ	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)	[	(limited)	1	(very limited)	l	<u> </u>	Ţ	(very limited)	- [
	~depth to bedrock	0.76	~large stones	0.17	~large stones	0.17	!	!	~seepage	0.79
	(limited)	ļ	(slightly limited)	ļ.	(slightly limited)	ļ	<u> </u>	!	(limited)	ļ
	~large stones	0.17		ļ.		ļ .		ļ		ļ
	(slightly limited) 		 		İ	 	 	I	[ [	
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	1	  Not rated	1	  Not rated	:	  Not rated	-	  Not rated	-

Map symbol and	Upland mixed decidu	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine   trees	s, and	Freshwater wetland p	lants	Irrigated freshwa   wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
73089: Rueter	    Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)   	        0.43       	Limited  -infrequent flooding  (limited)  -small stones  (moderately limited)	0.80 	    Moderately limited  ~small stones   (moderately limited)  ~droughty   (moderately limited) 	0.43	    slightly limited  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)   	        0.18       	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	      1.00    0.79    0.18
73159: Yelton	  Limited  -wetness   (limited) 	      0.93     	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -deep to water   (moderately limited)	      0.80    0.32	    Not limited       	           	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	0.32	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)   	    0.66   
73162: Alred	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	      0.03	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)	    0.80	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	    0.03	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	    1.00
Rueter	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)     	    0.43       	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -small stones   (moderately limited)	į	  Moderately limited  ~small stones   (moderately limited)  ~droughty   (moderately limited) 	0.43	  Slightly limited  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)     	    0.18       	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.79    0.18
73166: Viburnum	  Limited  -wetness   (limited) 	      0.85   	Limited  -infrequent flooding  (limited)  -deep to water  (moderately limited)	    0.80    0.35	    Not limited       	         	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	0.35	  Limited  -slope   (limited)  -seepage   (slightly limited)	    0.66    0.18
Tonti	  Limited  -wetness   (limited)     	    0.85         	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -small stones   (limited)  -deep to water   (moderately limited)	  0.80    0.65    0.35	  Limited  ~small stones   (limited)     	  0.65         	(moderately limited)	į	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited) 	  0.66    0.06   

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Upland mixed deciduous-		Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine   trees	s, and	Freshwater wetland p 	lants	Irrigated freshwater   wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
73173: Lily	      Limited	;   	    Limited	;   	      Slightly limited	 	      Not limited	;   	      Limited	<u> </u> 
	-depth to bedrock   (limited)  -droughty	,	-infrequent flooding   (limited)	0.80   		0.04	 	   	~slope   (limited)  ~seepage	0.91
Yelton	~wetness		Limited		    Not limited 		    Moderately limited  ~deep to water	•	(limited)    Limited  ~slope	      0.66
	(limited)     	     	(limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited) 	  0.32   	   	     	(moderately limited)     	     	(limited)     	     
73174: Lily	  Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	,	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited) 	    0.80     	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited) 	    0.04   	  Not limited       	         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)	    1.00    0.79
Yelton	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)   	    0.93     	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)	0.80    0.32	  Not limited       	         	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	•	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	  1.00     
73200, 73201: Sonsac	  Slightly limited  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)		  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)	      0.80     	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited) 	    0.12     	  Not limited       	         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited) 	    1.00   
73210: Goss	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	0.34	Limited  ~infrequent flooding  (limited)  ~large stones  (slightly limited)	į	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	    0.34    0.17	  Not limited       	         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.45

Map symbol and	Upland mixed decide conifer trees	ious-	Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine	s, and	Freshwater wetland p	lants	Irrigated freshwat   wetland plants	er
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73214: Moko	 	    1.00    1.00	    -  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited) 	      0.80   	    Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited) 	      1.00   	    Not limited     	           	    Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	      1.00   
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	 
73215: Crider	    Not limited     		  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited) 	      0.80     	  Not limited     		  Not limited     	           	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	    0.91    0.45
73218: Tiff	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited) 	    0.24   	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited) 	      0.80   	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited) 	    0.24   	 	         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.16
73271: Moko	Very limited -shallow to bedrock (very limited) -droughty (very limited)	i	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	    0.80    0.30	(very limited)	    1.00    0.30	    Not limited     	           	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.45
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated 	
73272: Hildebrecht	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 	    0.93   	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   moderately limited)	  0.32	  Not limited       		  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	0.32	  Limited  ~slope   (limited) 	    0.66   
73273: Coulstone	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~wetness   (limited) 	į	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited) 	0.32	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)   	    0.97       	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited) 	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.79    0.24

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Upland mixed decidue conifer trees	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine trees	s, and	Freshwater wetland p	lants	Irrigated freshwater   wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73273: Bender		      1.00    0.46   	  Not limited   	 	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)   	      1.00       	  Slightly limited  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)   	    0.12       	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.79    0.12
73274: Scholten	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited) 	    0.85    0.13   	Limited  -infrequent flooding  (limited)  -deep to water  (moderately limited)  -small stones  (slightly limited)	į	  slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	    0.14    0.13   	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	•	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	    1.00       
73275: Gravois	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)   	    0.85   	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -deep to water   (moderately limited)		  Not limited       	;         	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	•	  Limited  ~slope   (limited) 	    0.91   
Goss	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)   	    0.69   	Limited ~infrequent flooding (limited)	    0.80     	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)   	    0.69     	  Not limited     	         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.45
73276: Rueter	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)   	0.43	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -small stones   (moderately limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~small stones   (moderately limited)  ~droughty   (moderately limited)	  0.43	  Slightly limited  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)   	      0.18       	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.79    0.18
Hildebrecht	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 	    0.93     	Limited  rinfrequent flooding  (limited)  rdeep to water  (moderately limited)		  Not limited     	         	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	    0.32     	Limited   Limited	    0.66   

Map symbol and	Upland mixed deciduous- conifer trees		Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine   trees	s, and	Freshwater wetland	plants	Irrigated freshwater   wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value		Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value		Value
73277: Goss	    Limited  ~droughty   (limited) 	        0.69   	    Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)   	        0.80   	    Limited  ~droughty   (limited)   	          0.69   	    Not limited     		 	      1.00    0.45
73278: Rueter	  slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)   	•	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)     	      0.80       	  slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)   	      0.29       	  slightly limited  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)   	    0.30     	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.79    0.30
73279: Sonsac	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)		  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited) 	      0.80   	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited) 	      1.00   	    Not limited       	         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited) 	      1.00   
Moko	  Very limited  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00 	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -small stones   (moderately limited)	  0.60	(very limited)	    1.00    0.60	  Not limited       	         	Very limited  rslope (very limited)  rseepage (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.45
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
73280: Alred	  -  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)   	•	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -small stones   (slightly limited)	i	  slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	      0.09    0.07	  Not limited         		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited) 	    1.00   
73282: Alred	    Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)   		Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -small stones   (slightly limited)	İ	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	      0.09    0.07	    Not limited       	           	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited) 	      1.00   

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Upland mixed decidu conifer trees	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p 	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine   trees	s, and	Freshwater wetland p 	lants	Irrigated freshwater wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73282: Sonsac	  Slightly limited  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)		  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited) 	      0.80   	    Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)   	      0.12   	    Not limited     	           	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited) 	      1.00   
73283: Courtois	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 		Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -deep to water   (moderately limited)	  0.32	  Not limited       	         	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   		  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	    0.91    0.45
73284: Courtois	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 	      0.93   	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)	  0.32	  Not limited        	         	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	      0.32   	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited) 	      1.00   
Goss	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited) 		  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)   	    0.80     	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)   	    0.69   	  Not limited     	         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.45
73285: Useful	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited) 		  Limited  -deep to water   (limited)  -infrequent flooding   (limited)	      0.82    0.80	  Not limited         	         	  Limited  ~deep to water   (limited) 	      0.82   	  Slightly limited  -seepage   (slightly limited)  -slope   (slightly limited)	    0.16    0.08
Courtois	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)   	    0.93     	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)	  0.32	  Not limited       	         	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	  1.00     
73286: Useful	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited) 		  Limited  ~deep to water   (limited)  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)	    0.82    0.80	  Not limited       	         	  Limited  ~deep to water   (limited)   	    0.82     	  Very limited  ~slope  (very limited)  ~seepage  (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.16

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Map symbol and	Upland mixed decidu conifer trees	ous-	Riparian herbaceous p 	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine   trees	es, and	Freshwater wetland p	lants	Irrigated freshwater wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value   
73286: Courtois	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 		  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)	  0.32	    Not limited     		  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited) 	•	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited) 	    1.00   
73287: Useful	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   		  Limited  ~deep to water   (limited)  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)	      0.82    0.80	  Not limited         	         	  Limited  ~deep to water   (limited)   	      0.82     	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage 	    1.00    0.16
Sonsac	Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)		Limited -infrequent flooding (limited)	  0.80   	Limited  ~droughty   (limited) 	  0.65   	Not limited   	       	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	  1.00   
73288: Caneyville	Limited  -wetness (limited)  depth to bedrock (slightly limited)	į	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)	0.32	  Not limited     		  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited) 	•	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.18
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	
73289: Fourche	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	0.51	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)	  0.53	  Not limited         		  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   		  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (slightly limited)	  0.66    0.16
73290: Gatewood	(moderately limited)	į	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -deep to water   (moderately limited)	0.53	  Not limited          		  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	•	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (slightly limited)	  0.91    0.16

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Upland mixed deciduous-		Riparian herbaceous plants		Riparian shrubs, vines, and   trees		l Freshwater wetland plants		Irrigated freshwater wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73290: Aaron	    Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	      0.51     	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)	0.80    0.53	    Not limited     	             	    Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	:	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (slightly limited)	    0.91    0.16
73291: Gatewood	(moderately limited)  ~droughty   (moderately limited)	    0.32	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited) 	  0.53	  Moderately limited  ~droughty   (moderately limited)     		  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	•	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (slightly limited) 	  1.00    0.16
Aaron	  Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited)   	    0.51     	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)		  Not limited     	         	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	:	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.16
73292: Lily	  Moderately limited  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)   	    0.46   	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited) 		  Not limited     	         	  Not limited       	         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)	    1.00    0.79
73293: Caneyville	-wetness (limited)	      0.93    0.27	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -deep to water   (moderately limited)	0.80    0.32	  Not limited       	           	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited) 	•	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (slightly limited)	    0.66    0.18
73294: Ocie	~wetness   (limited)	İ	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding  (limited)  ~deep to water  (slightly limited)	      0.80    0.30	  Slightly limited  ~droughty   (slightly limited)   	      0.14     	  -  slightly limited  ~deep to water   (slightly limited)   	      0.30     	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	    1.00     

Map symbol and	Upland mixed decided conifer trees	uous-	Riparian herbaceous p 	lants	Riparian shrubs, vin	es, and	Freshwater wetland p	lants	Irrigated freshwat   wetland plants	ter
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	<u> </u>	Value
74634: Hartville	 	        0.99   	Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -deep to water   (slightly limited)	        0.80    0.30	      Not limited       		    slightly limited  -deep to water   (slightly limited)   		   	          0.91   
74650: Higdon	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 	    0.79     	  Moderately limited  ~infrequent flooding   (moderately limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)	  0.37	  Not limited       	         	  Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	0.37	  Slightly limited  ~seepage   (slightly limited)   	    0.16   
74652: Lecoma	  Not limited         	         	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited) 	    0.80   	  Not limited       	         	  Not limited       	         	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  0.91    0.45
74653: Racoon	    Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	      1.00	  Moderately limited  ~infrequent flooding   (moderately limited)	•	    Not limited   	     	    Not limited   	       	    Not limited   	
Freeburg	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 	    0.79     	  Moderately limited  ~infrequent flooding   (moderately limited)  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)	0.37	  Not limited       	       	  Moderately limited  -deep to water   (moderately limited)   	•	  Slightly limited  ~seepage   (slightly limited)   	  0.18   
74656: Deible	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	      1.00	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited)	      0.80	  Not limited   	       	  Not limited   	       	  Not limited   	
74661: Waben	  Not limited         	           	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding  (limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	      0.80    0.30	  Slightly limited  ~small stones   (slightly limited)   	    0.30   	  Not limited         	             	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (limited)	    0.91    0.79

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	conifer trees		Riparian herbaceous plants		Riparian shrubs, vines, and trees		d  Freshwater wetland plants		Irrigated freshwater wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
74662: Higdon	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 		  Limited  -infrequent flooding   (limited)  -deep to water   (moderately limited)	0.80    0.37	    Not limited       		    Moderately limited  ~deep to water   (moderately limited)   	•	    Moderately limited  -slope   (moderately limited)  -seepage   (slightly limited)	      0.31    0.16
75376: Cedargap	  slightly limited  ~wetness   (slightly limited) 	  0.01   	  Very limited  ~deep to water   (very limited)  ~infrequent flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Slightly limited  ~deep to water   (slightly limited) 	    0.30   	  Very limited  ~deep to water   (very limited)   	    1.00     	  Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited)  ~deep to water   (slightly limited)	    0.45    0.30
75388: Kaintuck	    Not limited   	     	  Moderately limited  ~infrequent flooding   (moderately limited)	0.50	    Not limited   	       	    Not limited   		  Limited  ~seepage   (limited)	      0.79
Relfe	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)   	  1.00   	  Limited  ~small stones   (limited)  ~infrequent flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~small stones   (limited)	  1.00    0.73	  Not limited       	       	  Limited  ~seepage   (limited) 	    0.79   
75398: Kaintuck	    Not limited   	       	    Moderately limited  ~infrequent flooding    moderately limited)	0.50	  Not limited     	       	    Not limited   	       	  Limited  ~seepage   (limited)	      0.79 
75406: Racket	  Not limited         	         	  Very limited  ~deep to water   (very limited)   	    1.00     	  Very limited  ~deep to water   (very limited)   	    1.00   	  Very limited  ~deep to water   (very limited)   	    1.00   	  Very limited  ~deep to water   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.45
75412: Razort	    Not limited   	       	    Moderately limited  ~infrequent flooding   (moderately limited)	0.50	    Not limited   	       	    Not limited   		    Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited) 	      0.45

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Upland mixed decidu	ous-	Riparian herbaceous plants		Riparian shrubs, vines, and   trees		d  Freshwater wetland plants		Irrigated freshwater   wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77015: Irondale	~droughty		Limited -infrequent flooding	        0.80	!		Slightly limited	        0.06	    Very limited  -slope	        1.00
	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited) 	  0.83     	(limited)       	       	(very limited)         		(slightly limited)	       	(very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	  0.45    0.06
Taumsauk		1.00	Limited  rinfrequent flooding  (limited)  rlarge stones  (limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited)	•	Slightly limited ~soil reaction (slightly limited)	    0.18       	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.45    0.18
Rock outcrop	İ	;   	  Not rated 	     	    Not rated 	i i	Not rated	;   	    Not rated 	i   
77016: Irondale	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)	0.91    0.35	  Limited  ~infrequent flooding   (limited) 	    0.80   	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited) 	    0.91   	Not limited	         	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.45
Taumsauk		1.00 	Limited  -infrequent flooding  (limited)  -large stones  (limited)	į	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited) 		Slightly limited ~soil reaction (slightly limited)	  0.18       	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  -seepage   (moderately limited)  ~soil reaction   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.45    0.18
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 		Not rated	   	  Not rated 	   
77017: Knobtop	-wetness (limited)	j	Limited  -infrequent flooding  (limited)	į	    Not limited   		Moderately limited ~deep to water (moderately limited)	:	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)	•
	<pre> ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)  </pre>	0.13	~deep to water   (moderately limited) 	0.37   	 			   	~seepage   (slightly limited) 	0.16

Table 11b.--Wildlife Habitat--Continued

Map symbol and	Upland mixed decided conifer trees	ious-   I	Riparian herbaceous p	lants	Riparian shrubs, vine   trees	es, and	Freshwater wetland   	plants	Irrigated freshwater   wetland plants	
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features		limiting features		limiting features		limiting features		limiting features	
	 			!	 		  -	-	 	-
77019:	i	1 1			! 		! 	i	! 	
Frenchmill	Not limited	1	Limited	İ	Slightly limited	İ	Not limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	I	-	~infrequent flooding	0.80	~small stones	0.12	l		~slope	1.00
	1		(limited)		(slightly limited)		1		(very limited)	
	1	-	~small stones	0.12			1		~seepage	0.45
	ļ	ļ ļ	(slightly limited)	ļ	!	ļ	[	Ţ	(moderately limited	)
99000:	l I				 	 	 		 	l
Pits, quarries	Not rated	į įı	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99001:	 			l	 	 	 		 	l
Water	Not rated	į įı	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99014:	 				 		 		 	
Mine tailings	Not rated	j j1	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į

## Table 12.--Building Site Development

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buildings		Local roads and streets		Lawns and landscaping	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
66014:	 	j I	i I	j I	 	j I	 	j I	 	į I
Haymond		  1.00 	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 
70028:		<u> </u>	 			ļ	 	İ	 	i
Moko		  1.00 	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 
	~slope   (moderately limited)	•	~slope   (moderately limited)		~slope   (very limited)	1.00	~slope   (slightly limited)	0.04	  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~small stones	11.00
		 	 		 				~small stones   (limited)	0.64
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
73012:	 	 	 	 	 	l I	 	l I	 	¦
Gravois	Limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Limited	İ	  Very limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ
	~wetness	0.85	~wetness	1.00	~slope	0.68	-low strength	1.00	~wetness	0.49
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	1
			-shrink-swell	1	~wetness		~wetness	0.49		1
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	ļ	1
	!	!	!	!	~shrink-swell	•	~shrink-swell	0.45	!	ļ
		!	<u> </u>	!	(moderately limited)	!	(moderately limited)	!	<u> </u>	!
73035:	l I	! !	 	!	 		 		l I	!
	Limited	! !	  Very limited	1	  Very limited	¦	  Very limited		  Moderately limited	i
GIGVOID		I   0.85	~wetness	11.00	~slope	11.00	~low strength	11.00	-wetness	0.49
	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
		0.68	~slope	0.68	~wetness	0.49		0.49	~slope	0.37
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i
	~shrink-swell	0.45	~shrink-swell	i		i 0 4 5		i	· - ·	i
	-smrmk-swerr	0.45	~snrink-swell	0.44	~shrink-swell	0.45	~shrink-swell	0.45		1

Map symbol and soil name	  Dwellings without base 	ements	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buildings		Local roads and streets		Lawns and landscaping	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value  	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73039: Glensted	-wetness (very limited)	  1.00   	Very limited ~wetness (very limited) ~shrink-swell (limited)	i	 	į	 	      1.00    1.00	 	      1.00   
73046: Wrengart	    Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited) 	0.46   	  very limited  ~wetness  (very limited)  ~shrink-swell  (slightly limited)	i	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -shrink-swell   (moderately limited)  -wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.45 	<pre>(very limited)      Very limited  ~low strength (very limited)  ~shrink-swell ((moderately limited)  ~wetness   (slightly limited)</pre>	0.45	    Slightly limited  ~wetness   (slightly limited)   	      0.04     
73052: Lily	  Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited) 		  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited) 	      1.00   	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -depth to bedrock   (limited)	į	Limited  -low strength   (limited)  -depth to bedrock   (limited)	    0.78    0.66	  Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited) 	    0.66   
73053: Lily	  Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited) 	0.76   	Very limited  hard bedrock <40" (very limited)  slope (moderately limited)	  0.30	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited) 	    0.99    0.76   	  Limited  -depth to bedrock   (limited)   	    0.76       	  Limited  -depth to bedrock   (limited)  -droughty   (moderately limited)  -too acid   (slightly limited)	  0.76    0.48    0.06
Bender	  Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	0.76   	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  0.30 	(limited)	i	  Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited) 	j	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited)  -depth to bedrock   (limited)	  1.00    0.99    0.76

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buildings		Local roads and streets		Lawns and landscaping	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value  	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73066:	l I	i i		İ I	 	İ I	l I	İ I	 	Ì
Bender	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76      0.30   	Very limited  -hard bedrock <40"  (very limited)  -slope  (moderately limited)  -large stones  (slightly limited)	  0.30 	Limited  -slope (limited)  -depth to bedrock (limited)  -large stones (slightly limited)	  0.99    0.76    0.09	Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited) 	i	Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)	  1.00    0.99    0.76
72067	(Blighel) limited)	į į	(Blighely limited)	į	(Blightly limited)	į		į		į
73067: Bender	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	1.00      0.76	Very limited  -hard bedrock <40"  (very limited)  -slope  (very limited)  -large stones  (slightly limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  0.76 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  0.76 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.99
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	-
73089: Rueter		1.00   	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)  ~shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited) 	i	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~too acid   (limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.84
73159: Yelton	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 		Very limited  -wetness  (very limited)  -shrink-swell  (slightly limited)	İ	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited	  0.45	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited) 	•	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	    0.56     
73162: Alred	-shrink-swell (very limited)	  1.00   	  very limited  very limited  very limited  very limited	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~slope  (very limited)  ~shrink-swell  (very limited)  ~low strength  (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -large stones   (moderately limited)  -droughty   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.30    0.03

Soil Survey

Table 1	2Building	Site	Development Continued
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soil name		sements	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buildings   		Local roads and str	Lawns and landscaping		
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu   
3162:		į į	   	 		   	i I	 	 	į
Rueter	Very limited  -slope  (very limited)  -large stones  (slightly limited)	i	Very limited   -slope   (very limited)   -large stones   (slightly limited)   -shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	İ	Very limited  -slope  (very limited)  -large stones  (slightly limited)	İ	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited) 	İ	Very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -small stones   (very limited)  -too acid   (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.84
3166:		1	! 			i	! [	i		1
Viburnum	~shrink-swell   (very limited)	i	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Moderately limited  ~small stones   (moderately limited)	•
	~wetness   (limited) 	0.85   	~shrink-swell   (very limited) 	1.00   	<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope</pre>	j	~low strength   (very limited)  ~wetness	İ	<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~too acid</pre>	0.49    0.48
			   	   	Slope   (moderately limited) 	•	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	
Tonti	Limited  ~wetness   (limited)	  0.85 	(very limited)	İ	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)		Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	    0.49 	  Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00 
	 		~shrink-swell   (moderately limited) 	0.33   	~slope   (moderately limited) 	0.45   	   	   	~too acid   (limited)  ~wetness	0.60    0.49
İ		į į	 	 		 	i I	 	(moderately limited)	
3173: Lily	    Limited	j I	  Very limited	 	  Limited	j I	    Limited	 	    Limited	j I
	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76	~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	1.00 	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	İ	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76 	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76 
	 		 	   	~slope   (limited) 	0.68 	 	   	~too acid   (slightly limited)  ~droughty	0.06    0.04
			   	!   			 	!   	droughey   (slightly limited) 	
Yelton	  Limited  ~wetness	0.93	  Very limited  ~wetness		  Moderately limited  ~wetness	    0.56	Moderately limited  ~wetness		  Moderately limited  ~wetness	    0.56
İ	(limited)		(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	  0.12	(moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.45	(moderately limited) 	 	(moderately limited)   	

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base 	ements	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buildings   		Local roads and streets		Lawns and landscaping	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value  	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
'3174 <b>:</b>	 	i I i	 		 	 	 	   		į I
Lily			Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"	  1.00	Very limited  ~slope	  1.00	Limited  ~depth to bedrock		Limited  ~depth to bedrock	  0.76
	(limited)  ~slope	  0.76	(very limited)  ~slope	  0.76	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	  0.76	(limited)  ~slope	  0.63	(limited)  ~slope	  0.63
	(limited)	 	(limited)	İ I	(limited)	i I	(limited)	 	(limited)  ~too acid	0.06
	<u> </u> 		 	į i	 	į į	 	 	(slightly limited)	į
Yelton			  Very limited  ~wetness	 	  Very limited  ~slope	    1.00	  Limited  ~slope		  Limited  ~slope	  0.63
	(limited)	i i	(very limited)  -slope	i	(very limited)	    0.56	(limited)	İ	(limited) 	0.55
	~slope   (limited)	0.76	(limited)	0.76    0.12	wetness   (moderately limited)	•	~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.56	~wetness   (moderately limited)	•
		 	~shrink-swell   (slightly limited)		 			 		
3200:					 	 	 	 		
Sonsac			Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	•	Moderately limited	
		1.00	~hard bedrock <40"	1.00	•	1.00		1.00	~small stones	0.30
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	:
			•	11.00		0.99		0.44	~depth to bedrock	0.29
	(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	!	(slightly limited)	10.04
	~slope   (moderately limited)		~slope   (moderately limited)		~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)	0.44		 	<pre> ~too acid   (slightly limited)</pre>	0.24
3201:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Sonsac	Very limited		Very limited	ļ	Very limited	ļ	Very limited		Very limited	ļ
		1.00	~hard bedrock <40"	1.00		1.00		1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		1.00		1.00		1.00		1.00	~small stones	0.30
	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock		(very limited)  ~slope	1 00	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	  0.44	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock		(moderately limited)  ~depth to bedrock	10.29
	(moderately limited)		~slope   (very limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	0.44	(slightly limited)	
/3210:				! !		! !		 		
Goss			Very limited	ļ	Very limited	ļ	Very limited		Very limited	ļ
		1.00		11.00		1.00		1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		0.70	~large stones	0.70		0.70		1.00	~large stones	0.99
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
		0.45	•	•	~shrink-swell	0.45		10.70	~small stones	0.37
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial buildings   		Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
73214:	i I	i I		j I	i I	j I	 	j I	i I	į į
Moko	~hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)	İ	Very limited  -hard bedrock <40"  (very limited)  -slope  (very limited)  -large stones  (slightly limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited   -hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)   -slope   (very limited)   -large stones   (slightly limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	  Not rated	į	Not rated	į
73215: Crider	  Not limited     	         	  Not limited 	         	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)	      0.68 	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)	      1.00 	  Not limited     	       
73218: Tiff	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	0.60    0.45	Moderately limited  -slope   (moderately limited)  -shrink-swell   (moderately limited)  -large stones   (slightly limited)	  0.45 	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)	  0.45 	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	  0.45 	  Very limited  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.48 
73271: Moko	~hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)	İ	Very limited  hard bedrock <40"  (very limited)  slope  (very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited) 	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 
73272: Hildebrecht	~wetness   (limited)	0.93    0.45	Very limited ~wetness (very limited) ~shrink-swell (moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	  0.45 	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)	  0.56    0.45	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  -too acid   (slightly limited) 	    0.56    0.06   

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial build	dings	Local roads and stre	eets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73273:	j I			j I	j 	j I	 	j I	 	į į
Coulstone	Very limited		Very limited	1	Very limited		Very limited	I	Very limited	I
	~slope	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~wetness	0.93	~slope	1.00	~wetness	0.56	~wetness	0.56	~droughty	0.97
	(limited)	i i	(very limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)	İ
	~large stones	0.01	~depth to bedrock	0.27	- -large stones	0.01	- -large stones	0.01	- -too acid	0.92
	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	į	(limited)	į
Bender	  Very limited		  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	
	~slope	1.00	~hard bedrock <40"	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	~depth to bedrock	0.53	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	0.53	~depth to bedrock	0.53	~droughty	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	1	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	1
	~large stones	0.29	~large stones	0.29	-large stones	0.29	-large stones	0.29	~too acid	0.54
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	
73274:	 				 	 	 	! 	 	i
Scholten	Limited		Very limited		Very limited		Moderately limited		Very limited	
	~wetness	0.85	~wetness	1.00	~slope	1.00	~wetness	0.49	~small stones	1.00
	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	1
	~slope	0.45	~slope	0.45	~wetness	0.49	~slope	0.04	~wetness	0.49
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	1
			~shrink-swell	0.05	1		1	l	~too acid	0.36
			(slightly limited)		  -	 	  -		(moderately limited)	
73275:	 				 	 	 	 	 	
Gravois	Limited		Very limited		Limited		Very limited		Moderately limited	
		0.85	~wetness	1.00	-slope	0.68	~low strength	1.00	~wetness	0.49
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	
	~shrink-swell	0.45	~shrink-swell	0.44	~wetness	0.49	~wetness	0.49		
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	l		
					-shrink-swell	0.45	~shrink-swell	0.45		
	 				(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	 	
Goss			Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited		  Limited	i
		1.00		1.00	•	1.00	-shrink-swell	1.00	~droughty	0.69
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	1
	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.76	~slope	1.00	~slope	0.63	~small stones	0.64
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	1
	<b>I</b>				1		1		~slope	0.63
									(limited)	

Map symbol and   soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial build	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Valu   
73276 <b>:</b>		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Rueter    	Slightly limited ~large stones (slightly limited)	  0.29 	Slightly limited  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  0.29 	Limited  ~slope   (limited)	  0.83 	Slightly limited  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  0.29 	Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00 
	~slope (slightly limited)	0.15   	<pre> ~slope   (slightly limited)  ~shrink-swell</pre>	0.15    0.09	<pre> ~large stones   (slightly limited)  </pre>	0.29   	 	   	~too acid   (limited)  ~droughty	0.84    0.43
		!   	(slightly limited)	   	   	!   	   	   	(moderately limited)	•
Hildebrecht	Limited  wetness (limited)	  0.93	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	1.00	Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)		Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)	1.00	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.56
			(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited) 	  0.57   	~slope   (moderately limited)  ~shrink-swell	0.45    0.45	~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~shrink-swell	  0.45	(moderately limited)  ~too acid   (moderately limited) 	0.48
   		   	 	   	(moderately limited)   	   	(moderately limited)   	   	   	
Goss		    1.00	  Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	1.00	  Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	1.00	  Limited  ~droughty   (limited)	0.69
	· · •	  0.76 	(very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	  0.76 	(very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	  0.63 	~small stones   (limited)	0.64
		   	 	   	 	   	 	   	~slope   (limited) 	0.63
73278:   Rueter		      1.00	    Very limited  ~slope	      1.00	    Very limited  ~slope	      1.00	    Very limited  ~slope	      1.00	    Very limited  ~slope	      1.00
	(very limited)	   	(very limited)   		(very limited)   	   	(very limited) 		(very limited)  ~too acid   (very limited)	1.00
		     	   	     	   	   	   	     	(very limited)  ~small stones   (limited)	0.64
73279:     Sonsac	Very limited	   	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	
	(very limited)	İ	~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell	1.00    1.00	~slope   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell	1.00    1.00	~slope   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell	į	~slope   (very limited)  ~droughty	1.00    1.00
	(very limited)	11.00	(very limited)	11.00	(very limited)	11.00	(very limited)	11.00	(very limited)	11.00

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with baseme	ents	Small commercial buile	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Valu
73279: Moko	-  ~hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)	İ	  -hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  -slope   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  -hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)  -slope   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  -hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)  -slope   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  -droughty   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00 
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
73280: Alred	-  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	İ	(very limited)	    0.30	  Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.24    0.13
73282: Alred	~shrink-swell   (very limited)	1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited) 	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited) 	İ	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.24
Sonsac	~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	  1.00    0.99 	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)	  1.00 	  very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.30    0.29
73283: Courtois	~shrink-swell   (very limited)	İ	(very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)  -slope   (limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	      1.00    1.00    0.56	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)   	    0.56     

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial build	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73284:	 	   	   	   	   	   	   	   	   	
Courtois	  Very limited	l I	  Very limited		  Very limited	 	  Very limited		  Moderately limited	1
Cour corb		•	~wetness	I   1 . 00		l   1 . 00	~shrink-swell	•	-wetness	0.56
	(very limited)	<b>- •</b> • •	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(moderately limited)	•
	-wetness	1  0.93	~shrink-swell	  1.00		1	~low strength	  1.00	~slope	0.04
	(limited)	0 <b>.</b>	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1
	~slope	I   0 . 45	~slope	0.45		0.56	~wetness	0.56	(21131101) 1111111000)	i
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•		į
Goss	  Limited	l İ	  Limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Moderately limited	 	  Limited	
	~slope	0.68	~slope	0.68	~slope	1.00	~shrink-swell	0.45	~droughty	0.69
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
	-shrink-swell	0.45	~shrink-swell	0.30	~shrink-swell	0.45	~slope	0.37	~small stones	0.64
	(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
	1				l		l		~slope	0.37
			 		  -		 		(moderately limited)	
73285:	 	! 	 	! 	 	 	 	! 	 	
Useful	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Not limited	
	-shrink-swell	1.00	~shrink-swell	1.00	~shrink-swell	1.00	~low strength	1.00	l	
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		l	
	~wetness	0.37	~wetness	0.99			-shrink-swell	1.00		
	(moderately limited)		(limited)		l		(very limited)		l	
		 	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.72 	 	 	 	 	 	
	İ								 	i
Courtois			Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	•	Moderately limited	
	1	1.00	~wetness	1.00	•	1.00	~shrink-swell	1.00	~wetness	0.56
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	•
	~wetness	0.93	~shrink-swell	1.00		0.83	~low strength	1.00	~too acid	0.18
	(limited)	ļ 	(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)	!
	~slope   (slightly limited)	0.15	~slope   (slightly limited)	0.15	<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)</pre>		<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.56	 	
	(Slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	 	
73286:	 	ļ		ļ				ļ		
Useful			Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Slightly limited	
		1.00	-shrink-swell	11.00		11.00	~low strength	11.00	~slope	0.04
	(very limited)	   0 45	(very limited)	1	(very limited)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)	!
			~wetness	U.99	•	11.00	•	1.00	  -	!
	(moderately limited)		(limited)	   0 4 E	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	1	!
	~wetness	•	~slope	0.45	] !	1	~slope	0.04	] !	
	(moderately limited)	!	(moderately limited)	!	!	!	(slightly limited)	!	!	!

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial build	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Valu   
73286:	i I	i I	j 	i I	i I	j 	i I	i I	i I	į I
Courtois	~wetness   (limited)	  0.60 	(very limited)	i	(very limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	İ	Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~shrink-swell	  0.56	Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited)  -slope   (slightly limited)	  0.56    0.16 
	(moderately limited)	[ [	(moderately limited) 	 	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	 	 
73287: Useful	~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00    1.00    0.37	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	İ	(very limited)	    1.00    1.00   	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	    1.00           
Sonsac	~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00    1.00 	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~large stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~droughty   (limited)  ~too clayey   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.65    0.48
73288: Caneyville	-shrink-swell (very limited)	  0.93    0.45	(very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~low strength  (very limited)  ~shrink-swell  (very limited)  ~wetness  (moderately limited)	  1.00 	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	    0.56    0.30    0.04
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	<u> </u>	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	<u> </u>	  Not rated	ļ !
73289: Fourche	  Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited)  -shrink-swell   (moderately limited) 	    0.45	(very limited)	  0.32	(moderately limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)	  0.45	(moderately limited)	  0.45	    Slightly limited  ~wetness   (slightly limited)     	      0.13       

soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial build	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	oing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
	limiting reatures		limiting reatures	l	limiting reatures	l	limiting reatures	l	limiting reatures	<u> </u>
	į	į		į	į	į		į		į
73290:		!		!		!		!		!
Gatewood			Very limited		Very limited	•	Very limited		Slightly limited	
	•	1.00	~hard bedrock <40"	11.00	•	1.00	~low strength	11.00	~wetness	0.13
	(very limited)  ~wetness	 	(very limited)  ~wetness	1 00	(very limited)	   0	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell	1 00	(slightly limited)	1 0.09
	~wethess   (moderately limited)		~wetness   (very limited)	11.00	~slope   (limited)	10.00	~snrink-swell   (very limited)	11.00	~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)	10.09
	(moderately limited)  ~depth to bedrock		(very limited)  ~shrink-swell	  1 00		  0.18	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	  0.18	(Slightly limited)	1
	(slightly limited)	10.10	very limited	1	(slightly limited)	10.10	(slightly limited)	10.10	 	1
	(Slightly limited)		(very limiced) 	1	(Slightly limited)	! !	(singuinty number)	1	 	1
Aaron	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Slightly limited	i
	~shrink-swell	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~shrink-swell	1.00	~low strength	1.00	~wetness	0.13
	(very limited)		(very limited)	1	(very limited)		(very limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1
	~wetness	0.51	~shrink-swell	1.00	~slope	0.68	~shrink-swell	1.00	1	1
	(moderately limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)			
			~depth to bedrock	0.75	•	0.13	~wetness	0.13		
			(limited)	ļ	(slightly limited)	ļ	(slightly limited)	ļ		!
73291:	 	l	 	ŀ	 	l I	[ [	ŀ	 	1
Gatewood	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	i	  Limited	i
	-shrink-swell	1.00	-hard bedrock <40"	1.00	-slope	1.00	-  ~low strength	1.00	~slope	0.63
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i
	~slope	0.76	~wetness	1.00	~shrink-swell	1.00	~shrink-swell	1.00	-droughty	0.32
	(limited)		(very limited)	1	(very limited)		(very limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1
	~wetness	0.51	~shrink-swell	1.00	-depth to bedrock	0.25	~slope	0.63	~wetness	0.13
	(moderately limited)	ļ	(very limited)	ļ.	(slightly limited)	!	(limited)	ļ.	(slightly limited)	!
Aaron			  Very limited	!	  Very limited		  Very limited	!	  Limited	!
Aaron		1	very limited  ~wetness	I I1 00	• -	  1 00	very limited  ~low strength	I I 1 00	rimited  ~slope	0.63
	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1.00	(very limited)	1	(limited)	10.03
	~slope	I   0 - 76	~shrink-swell	11.00		1	~shrink-swell	1.00	~wetness	0.13
	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	<b>- 1 - 1</b>	(very limited)		slightly limited)	1
	~wetness	0.51	~slope	0.76		0.13	~slope	0.63	(====================================	i
	(moderately limited)		(limited)	i	(slightly limited)	İ	(limited)	i		i
						l				1
73292:		ļ		ļ.		!		ļ.		İ
Lily	Moderately limited		Very limited		Very limited	•	Moderately limited		Moderately limited	
	~slope		~hard bedrock <40"	1.00	• -	1.00	~depth to bedrock	•	~depth to bedrock	0.46
	(moderately limited)	l	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•
	donth to bedreat	I 0 E 2	l alono						lutos said	10 10
	~depth to bedrock	0.53	~slope   (moderately limited)		~depth to bedrock	•	~slope   (slightly limited)	0.16	~too acid	0.18
	<pre> ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)  </pre>		~slope   (moderately limited) 		<pre> ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)  </pre>	•	~slope   (slightly limited) 	0.16   	~too acid   (slightly limited)  ~slope	0.18    0.16

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without base	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	Small commercial build	dings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	ing
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Valu   
73293:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Caneyville		•	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	  1.00	  Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	•	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)	  1.00	Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.56
	(limited)	İ	~wetness   (very limited)	į	~wetness   (moderately limited)	İ	~shrink-swell   (very limited)	į	~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)	0.27
	<pre> ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)  </pre>	•	~shrink-swell   (very limited) 	1.00   	~slope   (moderately limited) 	0.45   	~wetness   (moderately limited) 	0.56   	 	
73294:	i i	i	i I	i	i i	İ	! 	i	i I	i
Ocie	~shrink-swell	•	  Very limited  ~wetness	    1.00	•	    1.00	  Very limited  ~low strength	    1.00	Limited  ~wetness	0.60
	(very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)	  0.99 	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00	(very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00	(limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	  0.16
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	(very limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)		(very limited)  -wetness   (limited)	  0.60 	(very limited)  -wetness   (limited)	  0.60 	(slightly limited)   (slightly limited)	0.14
74634:	 	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	 
Hartville		  1.00 	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)	  1.00 	Limited  ~wetness   (limited)	  0.60 
	~wetness   (limited)	0.99 	~shrink-swell   (very limited)	1.00 	~slope   (limited)	İ	-shrink-swell (very limited)	1.00 	i I	į Į
	 	   	 	   	~wetness   (limited)	0.60   	~wetness   (limited) 	0.60 	 	
74650:	! 	! 	! 	 	! 	 	 	! 	 	i
Higdon	~flooding	  1.00	Very limited  ~flooding	  1.00		1.00	Very limited  ~flooding	  1.00	Moderately limited  ~flooding	0.60
	(very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)	  0.79 	(very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.45 	(very limited)  ~low strength   (very limited)	  1.00 	(moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.45
			(voly limited)   cslightly limited)	0.29 	<pre>  <moderates 1<="" td=""  =""><td>0.45</td><td>  (weight limited)     continued   (moderately limited)</td><td>•</td><td>  ~too acid   (moderately limited)</td><td>0.36</td></moderates></pre>	0.45	(weight limited)     continued   (moderately limited)	•	~too acid   (moderately limited)	0.36
74652:	 	 	 	 	 	l I	 	 	 	
	  Moderately limited  ~shrink-swell	•	  Moderately limited  ~shrink-swell	    0.45	  Limited  ~slope	    0.68	  Very limited  ~low strength	    1.00	Not limited	į
	(moderately limited)   	   	(moderately limited)   	   	(limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)	  0.45 	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)	  0.45	 	

Rating class and   Value   Rating class and	Map symbol and soil name	  Dwellings without bas 	ements	   Dwellings with basem 	ents	  Small commercial build 	dings	   Local roads and stro 	eets	   Lawns and landscap 	ing			
New   New		Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value			
New Note   New Note		limiting features	<u>i</u>	limiting features	<u>i</u>	limiting features	<u>i</u>	limiting features	<u>i</u>	limiting features	<u>i</u>			
New Note   New Note		İ												
New Note   New Note		Į.		[				!		<u> </u>	ļ			
		!	ļ	!	!	!	ļ	!	!	!	!			
(very limited)     ed)     (very limited)     (very limited)     (very limited)     (very limited)     (very limited)     (very limited)   (	Racoon		ļ		ļ		ļ		ļ		!			
-flooding		!	1.00		1.00		1.00	•	1.00	•	1.00			
(very limited)						• -		•	ļ		!			
Preeburg   Very limited   Calightly lim		!	1.00	•	1.00	•	1.00		1.00		0.60			
		(very limited)				(very limited)				(moderately limited)				
Preeburg   Very limited		1			0.17				1.00					
-flooding   1.00   -flooding			ļ	(slightly limited)	ļ		ļ	(very limited)	ļ		ļ			
-flooding	Frooburg	  Vory limited		  Vory limited		  Vory limited		  Vorw limited		  Moderately limited	!			
(very limited)	rreeDurg		I I1 00		I I1 00	• -	l la 00			-	10.60			
-wetness			1 . 00		11.00		11.00		11.00					
(limited)			  0.70	•	  1 00	•	   0 4 E	•	l la 00		1  0.45			
-shrink-swell			10.79	•	11.00	•	•		11.00					
(moderately limited)   (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)   (slightly limited)			10 45		10.20		•		   0 4 E		0.12			
74656: Deible									10.45	1	10.12			
Deible		(moderately limited)	l I	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	l I	(moderately limited)	i i	(Slightly limited)	¦			
-wetness   1.00   -flooding   1.00   -flooding   1.00   -low strength   1.00   -wetness   1.00   -we	74656:	! 	i	! 	i	! 	i	! 	i	! 	i			
-wetness   1.00   -flooding   1.00   -flooding   1.00   -low strength   1.00   -wetness   1.00   -wetness   1.00   -wetness   1.00   -wetness   1.00   -shrink-swell   1.00   -shri	Deible	  Very limited	i          ed)   (very limited)   (ver		-wetness	1.00	-flooding	1.00	• -	1.00	~low strength	•	• =	11.00
-flooding   1.00   -wetness		(very limited)	i		i		i		i	(very limited)	i			
(very limited)   (ver		~flooding	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	i	i			
-shrink-swell   1.00   -shrink-swell   1.00			i	•	i	•	i	•	i	i	i			
(very limited)   (ver		~shrink-swell	1.00	-shrink-swell	1.00	~shrink-swell	1.00	-shrink-swell	1.00	i	i			
Waben		(very limited)	i		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	į	İ	İ
	74661:	I		I		1		I		I	1			
	Waben	Not limited		Not limited		Limited		Not limited		Very limited				
74662:		1		1		~slope	0.68	l		~small stones	1.00			
Higdon						(limited)				(very limited)	1			
Higdon Limited   Very limited   Moderately limited   Very limited   Moderately limited   Wery limited   Moderately limited   Moderately limited   Moderately limited   Wery limited   Not a strength   1.00   Wetness   0.45   Very limited   Wetness   0.45   Very limited   Wetness   Very limited   Very		[	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ		ļ	<u> </u>	ļ			
~wetness   0.79   ~wetness   1.00   ~wetness   0.45   ~low strength   1.00   ~wetness   (limited)     (very limited)     (moderately limited)   (very limited)     (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)     (moderately limited)       ~slope   0.15   ~shrink-swell   0.45		!	!		!	!	!		ļ.	!	!			
(limited)     (very limited)     (moderately limited)   (very limited)     (moderately ly limited)   (moderately li	Higdon	!	ļ		ļ		ļ		ļ		!			
~shrink-swell  0.45  ~shrink-swell  0.37  ~shrink-swell  0.45   wetness  0.45    (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)    (moderately limited)    			0.79	1	11.00	•			11.00	•	0.45			
(moderately limited)   (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)   (moderately limited)		1 ,	ļ		ļ		•		ļ	(moderately limited)	!			
		1			,	•		•		!	!			
		(moderately limited)	ļ.	(moderately limited)	ļ	!	•			!	!			
(slightly limited)   (moderately limited)		ļ.	!	!			0.15			!	!			
		!	ļ.	!	ļ	(slightly limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)	!	!	!			
		I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I			

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	sements	Dwellings with basem	nents	Small commercial buil	ldings	Local roads and str	eets	Lawns and landscap	oing
	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
75376:	 	į į	   	j I	 	j I	 	į į	 	į I
Cedargap	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~wetness   (slightly limited) 	İ	Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -wetness   (limited)  -	  1.00    0.61 	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	  1.00     	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	  1.00     	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)  ~large stones	  1.00    0.27    0.01
75388: Kaintuck	      Very limited		      Very limited	     	      Very limited	     	      Very limited	     	(slightly limited)        Very limited	     
	<pre> ~flooding   (very limited)</pre>	1.00 	~flooding   (very limited) 	1.00 	<pre> ~flooding   (very limited)</pre>	1.00 	<pre> ~flooding   (very limited)</pre>	1.00 	<pre> ~flooding   (very limited)</pre>	1.00 
Relfe	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)     	  1.00       	Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)   	  1.00       	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)     	  1.00       	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)     	  1.00       	Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -droughty   (very limited)  -small stones   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00
75398: Kaintuck	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	      1.00	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	      1.00	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	      1.00
75406: Racket	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	    1.00     	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -wetness   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.16	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	    1.00     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~low strength   (limited)	  1.00    0.78	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	  1.00   
75412: Razort	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	    1.00 	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	    1.00 	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	    1.00 	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	    1.00 	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited) 	    0.60

Table 12Building Site DevelopmentContinued	Table	12Building	Site	DevelopmentContinued
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Map symbol and soil name	  Dwellings without bas 	ements	Dwellings with basem 	ents	  Small commercial build 	dings	   Local roads and str 	eets	   Lawns and landscap 	ing
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Valu
75427: Gabriel	~wetness   (very limited)  ~flooding   (very limited)	1.00      1.00      0.45	 	  1.00    0.45	 	İ	 	į	 	      0.86    0.60
75450: Bloomsdale	i I	 	    Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	;     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	      1.00   	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	      1.00   	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	      1.00   
75453: Sturkie	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 		  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited) 	      1.00   	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited) 	      1.00   	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -low strength   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)   	    0.60
75459: Huzzah	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)		  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	      1.00 	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	      1.00 	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	      1.00 	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	      1.00
75460: Horsecreek	   Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 		  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~wetness   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.16	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	    1.00     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  -low strength   (very limited)	•	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)   	  0.60     
77014: Rock outcrop	    Not rated	   	    Not rated	   	    Not rated	   	    Not rated	   	    Not rated	
Taumsauk	  Very limited  -hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)  -large stones   (very limited)	1.00	  Very limited  -hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  -large stones   (very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	  Very limited  -hard bedrock <20"   (very limited)  -large stones   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  -large stones >30%   (very limited)  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00
	(very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	0.68	(very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	0.68	(very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)		(very limited)  -droughty   (very limited)	1.00

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	ements	Dwellings with basem	ents	  Small commercial build 	dings	Local roads and stre	eets	Lawns and landscap	oing
	Rating class and	Value		Value		Value	, -	Value		Valu
	limiting features		limiting features	 	limiting features	l 	limiting features	 	limiting features	 
7015:	 		 	 	 	 	 	 		
Irondale	Limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Very limited	1
	-large stones	0.90	~hard bedrock <40"	1.00	~slope	1.00	-large stones	0.90	~droughty	1.00
	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	~slope	0.83	-large stones	0.90		0.90	~slope	0.84	~slope	0.84
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	~depth to bedrock	0.83		0.83		0.83		0.83	~depth to bedrock	0.83
	(limited)		(limited) 	 	(limited) 	 	(limited)	 	(limited)	
aumsauk			  Very limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited		Very limited	i
	-hard bedrock <20"	1.00		1.00	•	1.00		1.00	~large stones >30%	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	
	~large stones	1.00		1.00		1.00	, -	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	~slope	0.91		0.91		11.00	~slope	0.96	~droughty	1.00
	(limited) 		(limited) 	 	(very limited) 	 	(limited) 	 	(very limited)	 
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	į	  Not rated 	į į	  Not rated 	 	Not rated	i i	Not rated	į
7016:	İ	i		<u> </u>		İ	İ	İ		i
Irondale	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	~slope	1.00	~hard bedrock <40"	1.00	~slope	1.00	-slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~depth to bedrock	0.47	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	0.47	-depth to bedrock	0.47	~droughty	0.91
	(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
	1				l		1		~small stones	0.88
	 		] 	 	 	 	 	 	(limited)	
Taumsauk	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	<u> </u>	Very limited	i
	-hard bedrock <20"	1.00	~hard bedrock <40"	1.00	-hard bedrock <20"	1.00	-hard bedrock <20"	1.00	~large stones >30%	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~slope	1.00		1.00	· · · · • ·	1.00	1 "	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	!	(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~large stones	1.00		1.00		1.00	!	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited) 	 	(very limited) 	 	(very limited)	 	(very limited)	
Rock outcrop	Not rated		  Not rated 		  Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
/017:	Limited	i i	Very limited	i	  Moderately limited	i	  Very limited	i	Moderately limited	i
		•		1.00	-wetness	0.45	-low strength		~too acid	0.48
	~wetness	0.79	~ Hard Dedrock < 40"							
	•	0.79 	(very limited)	i	(moderately limited)	l	(very limited)		(moderately limited)	1
	~wetness	i i	(very limited)	İ	•	  0.45		  0.45	<pre>(moderately limited) ~wetness</pre>	  0.45
	-wetness (limited)	0.45	(very limited)	İ	•	0.45			_	0.45
7017: Knobtop	~wetness   (limited)  ~shrink-swell	0.45	(very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 	  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)	0.45	~wetness	İ	~wetness	0.45

Table 12.--Building Site Development--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Dwellings without bas	sements	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buildings   		Local roads and streets		Lawns and landscaping	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77019:	   	   		   	   	   	   	   	 	   
Frenchmill	Very limited	•	Very limited	,	Very limited	•	Very limited		Very limited	
	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	-slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	-large stones	0.01	~large stones	0.01	-large stones	0.01	-large stones	0.01	~small stones	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)	1
	I								~large stones	0.60
							 		(moderately limited)	)
99000:	İ				İ		İ	¦	 	i
Pits,	1				1		1			
quarries	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	
99001:					! 		! 		 	
Water	Not rated	ļ	Not rated	ļ	Not rated	ļ	Not rated	!	Not rated	!
99014:	 	l	 	i	 		 			
Mine tailings	Not rated	i	Not rated	i	Not rated	i	Not rated	i	Not rated	i

## Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpt:   field	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
66014:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Haymond	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~poor filter   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	İ	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited) 	j	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited) 	  1.00    1.00   	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	  1.00       	Very limited  ~seepage   (very limited)     	  1.00     
70028: Moko	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	İ	  Very limited  -depth to bedrock   (very limited)  -slope   (very limited)	j	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	į	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~small stones   (limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.99    0.04
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	
73012: Gravois	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)		  Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -too clayey   (very limited)  -large stones   (slightly limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.02	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 	    0.93       	  Very limited  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited	  1.00    0.57
73035: Gravois	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	  0.93    0.37	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited) 	j	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.37	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited) 	  0.37	  Very limited  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited	0.37

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorp	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
73039: Glensted	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	    1.00    0.71	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited) 	      1.00     	  Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -too clayey   (limited)	    1.00    0.90	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited) 	      1.00   	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (moderately limited)	      1.00    0.48
73046: Wrengart	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited) 	İ	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  0.91    0.50	  Very limited  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)	  1.00    0.82   	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)   	0.63	  Very limited  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited) 	  1.00    0.41 
73052: Lily	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)     	    1.00       	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited) 	  1.00    0.79 	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited) 	  1.00    0.50 
73053: Lily	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)   	    1.00     	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  -depth to bedrock   (very limited)  -seepage   (limited)  -too acid   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.79    0.12	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.50    0.12
Bender	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited) 	İ	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  -depth to bedrock   (very limited)  -seepage   (limited)  -too acid   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.79    0.24	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited) 	i	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~small stones   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.65    0.50

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorp	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu   
73066: Bender	    Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	      1.00	    Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	      1.00	    Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	      1.00	    Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	      1.00	    Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	      1.00
	~large stones   (slightly limited)     	0.09       	~seepage   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00    1.00 	~seepage   (limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)	0.79    0.24 	~seepage   (limited)   	0.75     	~small stones   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	0.65    0.50
73067:	! 	i	! 		! 	i	 	i	! 	i
Bender	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00
	~slope   (very limited)	İ	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	į	~slope   (very limited)	1.00	~slope   (very limited)	1.00
	~large stones   (slightly limited)	0.09	~seepage   (very limited)	1.00	~seepage   (limited) 	0.79 	~seepage   (limited) 	0.75 	~small stones   (limited) 	0.65
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		Not rated	ļ	  Not rated	ļ	Not rated	į	  Not rated	į
73089:	 	l	 	 	 	 	[ [		 	 
Rueter	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	İ	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited) 	į	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)  ~large stones   (limited)	į	Very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -seepage   (limited)	į	Very limited   -slope   (very limited)   -too clayey   (limited)   -small stones   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.83    0.59
73159:	 	 	 	 	 	 	<u> </u>		 	
Yelton	Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -percs slowly   (limited)	i	Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -slope   (limited) 	į	Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -too acid   (slightly limited)  -too clayey   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.30    0.10	Limited  -wetness  (limited)	  0.96     	Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited)  -too acid   (slightly limited)	  0.59    0.30   
73162:	 		 		 	 			 	
Alred	~slope   (very limited)	i	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	į	  very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 
	~percs slowly   (limited) 	0.94	<pre> ~seepage   (moderately limited)  </pre>	•	~too clayey   (limited)  ~too acid	0.94    0.36	 		~too clayey   (limited)  ~hard to pack	0.87    0.70
					(moderately limited)	•	 		(limited)	

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpt	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73162: Rueter	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.29    0.25	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited) 	1.00	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)  ~large stones   (limited)	    1.00    0.92    0.63	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited) 	i	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)	    1.00    0.84    0.83
73166: Viburnum	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	j	  Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -slope   (limited)	į	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~too acid   (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.68	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)   	    0.93     	Very limited -too clayey (very limited) -hard to pack (limited) -too acid (limited)	  1.00    0.70    0.68
Tonti	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	i	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  0.66    0.50	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~too acid   (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.60	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)   	  0.93     	  Very limited  -too clayey   (very limited)  -small stones   (limited)  -too acid   (limited)	  1.00    0.82    0.60
73173: Lily	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)   	    1.00       	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.79    0.12	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited) 	İ	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.50
Yelton	Very limited  -wetness (very limited)  -percs slowly (limited)	i	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	į	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)  ~too clayey   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.30    0.10	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)   	  0.96     	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited) 	  0.59    0.30 

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpt   field	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area) 		Daily cover for landfill	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73174: Lily	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited) 	i	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited ~depth to bedrock (very limited) ~seepage (limited) ~slope (limited)	  0.79 	 	  0.75 	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.63    0.50
Yelton	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)  ~slope   (limited)	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited) 	1.00	Very limited ~wetness (very limited) ~slope (limited) ~too acid (slightly limited)	į	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)  ~slope   (limited) 	į	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)	  0.63    0.59    0.30
73200: Sonsac	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)   	  1.00     	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	į į	Very limited ~depth to bedrock (very limited) ~too clayey (limited)	  1.00    1.00 	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)     	    1.00     	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock  (very limited)  ~small stones >35%  (very limited)  ~too clayey  (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.99
73201: Sonsac	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	į į	Very limited  ~slope (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock (very limited)  ~too clayey (limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones >35%   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00
73210: Goss	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  0.70 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	1.00    0.83    0.50	Very limited ~slope (very limited) ~too clayey (very limited) ~large stones (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.86	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	    1.00     	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.72

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorp	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tr 	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a 	area)	Daily cover for land	dfill
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73214: Moko	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	1.00	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.00	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00   	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	i	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	-	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
73215: Crider	  slightly limited  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)   	    0.25   	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Moderately limited  ~too clayey   (moderately limited)   	      0.54     	  Not limited         	:	  slightly limited  ~too clayey   (slightly limited)   	    0.27   
73218: Tiff	  Limited  ~percs slowly   (limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	İ	  Limited  ~too clayey   (limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.16    0.13	  slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)   	  0.16     	  Limited  ~too clayey   (limited)  ~hard to pack   (limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	  0.99    0.70    0.16
73271: Moko	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited) 	i	  Very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -depth to bedrock   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones >35%   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	
73272: Hildebrecht	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited) 	į	Very limited  -wetness (very limited)  -slope (limited)	į	  Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -too clayey   (very limited)  -large stones   (slightly limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.00	  Limited  -wetness   (limited)   	    0.96       	  Very limited  ~too clayey  (very limited)  ~hard to pack  (limited)  ~wetness  (moderately limited	    1.00    0.70    0.59

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorp	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73273:	   		 	   	   	   	   			
Coulstone	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	Very limited	i
	~slope		~slope		~wetness	1.00	~slope		~slope	11.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~wetness	11.00	~seepage	1.00	~slope	1.00		0.96	~small stones	0.69
	(very limited)		(very limited)	i	(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	~depth to bedrock	0.27	~wetness	0.50	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~seepage	0.75	~too acid	0.60
i	slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
Bender	  Very limited		  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited		Very limited	
ľ	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
ľ	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
ľ	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
ľ	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
ľ	-large stones	0.29	~seepage	1.00	~seepage	0.79	~seepage	0.75	~too acid	0.60
1	(slightly limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
73274:	 			ŀ	 	 	 			
Scholten	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Very limited	
!	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	0.93	~small stones >35%	1.00
!	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
1	~percs slowly	1.00	~slope	1.00	-too acid	•	~slope	0.04	~wetness	0.57
!	(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	)
!	~slope	0.04	~seepage	0.50	-too clayey	0.19			~too acid	0.36
,	(slightly limited) 		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited) 	 	] 		(moderately limited)	)   
73275:		į		į		į				į
Gravois	! <del>-</del>	!	Very limited	!	Very limited	1	Limited	•	Very limited	ļ
1	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	0.93	~too clayey	1.00
1	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ	(limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ
	~percs slowly	0.93	~slope	0.91	~too clayey	1.00	!	!	~wetness	0.57
1	(limited)	!	(limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ	!	!	(moderately limited)	)
1	!	!	<u> </u>	!	-large stones	0.02	!	!		ļ
	 		 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	 	 		l I
Goss	Limited	į	  Very limited	i	  Limited	i	  Limited	i	Very limited	j
i	~slope	0.63	~slope	1.00	-too clayey	0.81	~slope	0.63	~small stones >35%	1.00
i	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	1
i	~percs slowly	0.25	~seepage	0.50	~slope	0.63			~slope	0.63
	(slightly limited)	1	(moderately limited)		(limited)		l		(limited)	1
i i										
İ	ĺ		Ì	1	~too acid	0.48			~too clayey	0.63

<b>Table</b>	13Sanitary	FacilitiesContinued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorp	tion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73276: Rueter	  Slightly limited  ~large stones   (slightly limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	į į	  Very limited  ~seepage   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	į	Limited  -too clayey   (limited)  -large stones   (limited)	      0.92    0.63   	  Limited  ~seepage   (limited)   	      0.75     	Limited  -too clayey   (limited)  -small stones   (moderately limited)  -large stones   (moderately limited)	0.32
Hildebrecht	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited) 	1.00	   Very limited   ~wetness   (very limited)   ~slope   (limited)	į	  very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -too clayey   (very limited)  -too acid   (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.60	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)     	  0.96         	  very limited  -too clayey   (very limited)  -small stones   (limited)  -too acid   (limited)	  1.00    0.72    0.60
73277: Goss	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited) 	į į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Limited  ~too clayey   (limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~too acid   (moderately limited)	  0.63    0.48	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)   	  0.63     	  Very limited  ~small stones >35%   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)	  1.00    0.63    0.63
73278: Rueter	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  1.00      0.25   	  very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)  ~too clayey   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.30    0.05	(very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones >35%   (very limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.30
73279: Sonsac	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	į į	  very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00    1.00	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpt	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area) 		Daily cover for landfill	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73279: Moko	 	İ	      Very limited	j 	      Very limited	į Į	      Very limited	į Į	      Very limited	<u> </u> 
MORO	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)   ~slope	i	~slope   (very limited)  -depth to bedrock	j	very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	İ	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)   ~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope	  1.00    1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	     	(very limited)	     	(very limited)		(very limited)  ~small stones >35%   (very limited)	  1.00  1.00
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	
73280: Alred	  Limited  ~percs slowly	      0.94	  Very limited  ~slope		  Very limited  ~too clayey	    1.00	  Not limited 	•	  Very limited  ~too clayey	      1.00
	(limited)   	       	(very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited) 	•	(very limited)  -too acid  (moderately limited)	  0.42     			(very limited)  -small stones  (limited)  -hard to pack  (limited)	  0.72    0.70
73282:	 	į		į Į		į Į		į Į		į
Alred	very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	į	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  0.50	Very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -too clayey   (very limited)  -too acid	  1.00    1.00    0.42	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)   	1.00	Very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -too clayey   (very limited)  -small stones	  1.00    1.00 
	 	 	 	   	(moderately limited)	1	 		(limited)	
Sonsac	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	11.00	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)		Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00
	~slope   (very limited) 	1.00   	~depth to bedrock   (very limited) 	1.00   	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~too clayey	1.00    1.00	~slope   (very limited) 	1.00	-slope   (very limited)  -small stones >35%	1.00    1.00
73283:	   		   	   	(limited)   	   	   	   	(very limited)   	   
Courtois	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	•	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 	Limited  ~wetness   (limited)	•	Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.59 
	~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	0.25	~slope   (limited)	İ	-too clayey   (moderately limited)		 	İ	~too acid   (moderately limited)	
	 		~seepage   (moderately limited)	•	~too acid   (moderately limited) 	0.36	 		~too clayey   (slightly limited)	0.29

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpt:   field	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tro 	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a: 	rea)	Daily cover for land 	ifill
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
'328 <b>4</b> :	i I			i I	 	i I	 	j I		į I
Courtois	Very limited	İ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ	Limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	~wetness	1.00	-slope	1.00	~wetness	1.00	-wetness	0.96	-too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~percs slowly	0.94	~wetness	1.00	-too clayey	1.00	~slope	0.04	~hard to pack	0.70
	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(limited)	i
	•	0.04		0.50		0.30		i	~wetness	0.59
	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(slightly limited)			į	(moderately limited)	
Goss	  Moderately limited		  Very limited	 	  Limited	 	  Moderately limited	 	  Very limited	
	~slope	0.37	~slope	1.00	~too clayey	0.81	~slope	0.37	~small stones >35%	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	l	(very limited)	1
	~percs slowly	0.25	~seepage	0.50	~too acid	0.48		I	~too clayey	0.63
	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)			I	(limited)	1
	ĺ	İ		ĺ	~slope	0.37		İ	~too acid	0.48
	į			į	(moderately limited)	į		į	(moderately limited)	į
3285:	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Useful	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Moderately limited	l	Very limited	1
	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	0.54	~too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~percs slowly	0.73	~depth to bedrock	0.72	- -too clayey	1.00	-wetness	0.44	~hard to pack	0.70
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(limited)	i
	~depth to bedrock	0.72	-  ~slope	0.08	~wetness	0.69	_	i	-depth to bedrock	0.54
	(limited)		(slightly limited)	į	(limited)	į		į	(moderately limited)	į
Courtois	  Very limited		  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Limited	 	  Very limited	
	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	0.96	~too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~percs slowly	0.94	-slope	1.00	-too clayey	1.00	İ	İ	~hard to pack	0.70
	(limited)	į į	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	İ	İ	(limited)	İ
	j	i	~seepage	0.50	İ	i	İ	i	~wetness	0.59
	į		(moderately limited)	į		į		į	(moderately limited)	į
3286:	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Useful	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Moderately limited	I	Limited	1
	~wetness	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~wetness	0.44	~hard to pack	0.70
	(very limited)	l İ	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(moderately limited)	I	(limited)	1
	~percs slowly	0.73	~wetness	1.00	~too clayey	0.70	~depth to bedrock	0.05	~too clayey	0.45
	(limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	j
		0.32	~depth to bedrock	0.32		0.69	~slope	0.04	~wetness	0.35
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(moderately limited)	•
	1			:		:	. 5	:		1

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Septic tank absorption		Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Valu
73286:	 		 		 	   	 	   	    -	
Courtois		-	  Very limited	!	  Very limited	!	  Limited		  Limited	!
Courtois		1 00		1 00		  1 00	Limited  ~wetness	1		10.70
	~wetness	11.00	-slope	11.00		11.00		10.96	~too clayey	0.72
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	10.00	(limited)		(limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.94	~wetness	1.00		0.86		10.16	-hard to pack	0.70
	(limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)	ļ.	(limited)	
	~slope	0.16	~seepage	0.50	!	0.18		ļ.	~wetness	0.59
	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	 	(slightly limited) 	 	 	 	(moderately limited) 	'   
73287:	į	į	į	į		į		į		į
Useful			Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	•	Very limited	
	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00		1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~wetness	0.44	-hard to pack	0.70
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
	-percs slowly	0.73	~depth to bedrock	0.32	~too clayey	0.70	~depth to bedrock	0.05	-too clayey	0.45
	(limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)		(limited)		slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	1
Sonsac	  Very limited	ļ	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	
	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-slope	1.00	-slope	11.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~large stones	11.00	-large stones	1.00		0.97	· -	i	~large stones	11.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)			į	(limited)	
73288:	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	l I
Caneyville	Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	Very limited	i	Very limited	i	Very limited	i
	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-slope	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	11.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~wetness	0.96	~hard to pack	0.70
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i
	~percs slowly	0.71	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~too clayey	0.67	~slope	0.04	~wetness	0.59
	(limited)	į	(very limited)	į	(limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated 	
73289:	<u> </u>	-	1	¦	 	!	] 	!	 	1
Fourche	  Town limited	-	  Very limited	¦	  Limited	!	  Limited	!	  Moderately limited	1
rour che	very limited  ~wetness	I I1 00	very limited  ~wetness		Limited  ~wetness		Limited  ~wetness	•	moderately limited  ~wetness	0.45
	(very limited)	1 - 00	~wetness   (very limited)	1 - 00	~wetness   (limited)	U.OJ	~wetness   (limited)	U. 03	~wethess   (moderately limited)	
	(very limited)  ~percs slowly	   0 73	(very limited)  ~slope	10.00		10.36	l (TIMICEG)	1	· · ·	   0.30
		10.73		10.66	~too clayey	0.36	 	1	~too acid	10.30
	(limited)	-	(limited)	!	(moderately limited)	1	] 	1	(slightly limited)	1
	!	!	!	!		0.30	1	!	~too clayey	0.18
	I	1	I	I	(slightly limited)				(slightly limited)	1

Table	13Sanitary	FacilitiesContinued
	-	

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorption   field		Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (trench)		Sanitary landfill (area)		Daily cover for landfill	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73290:	İ I	İ	İ I	į I	[ [	j I	[ [	j I	 	į į
Gatewood	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ
	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	~wetness	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-too clayey	1.00	~wetness	0.69	-too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	-percs slowly	0.73	-slope	0.91	~wetness	0.89	İ	İ	-hard to pack	0.70
	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(limited)	į		į	(limited)	į
Aaron	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited		  Limited	 	  Limited	
	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~wetness	0.69	-too clayey	0.78
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
	~depth to bedrock	0.75	~slope	0.91	~too clayey	0.89	~depth to bedrock	0.57	~hard to pack	0.70
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	ĺ	(limited)	İ
	~percs slowly	0.73	~depth to bedrock	0.75	~wetness	0.89		ĺ	~depth to bedrock	0.57
	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(limited)	į		į	(moderately limited)	į.
73291:	 		 	i	 	i i		 	 	
Gatewood	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i
	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	-too clayey	1.00	~wetness	0.69	-too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	~percs slowly	0.73	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~wetness	0.89	-slope	0.63	~hard to pack	0.70
	(limited)	į	(very limited)	į	(limited)	į	(limited)	į	(limited)	į
Aaron	  Very limited		  Very limited	 	  Very limited		  Limited	 	  Limited	
	~wetness	1.00	-slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~wetness	0.69	-too clayey	0.78
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i
	~percs slowly	0.73	~wetness	1.00	-too clayey	0.89	-slope	0.63	~hard to pack	0.70
	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i
	-slope	0.63	~depth to bedrock	0.54	~wetness	0.89	-depth to bedrock	0.39	-slope	0.63
	(limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(limited)	į
73292:	 		 	 	 			 	 	
Lily	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i
	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~slope	0.16	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~seepage	0.79	~seepage	0.75	~seepage	0.50
	(slightly limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	i
	i	i	~seepage	1.00	-too acid	0.24		0.16	-too acid	0.24
	i	i	(very limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i
	į	į	j	i	j	į		į	j	i

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpt   field	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tr 	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a	rea)	Daily cover for land	fill
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 
73293: Caneyville	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.96	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)  ~hard to pack   (limited)	    1.00    0.91    0.70
73294: Ocie	~wetness   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	  0.94    0.48	  Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -large stones   (very limited)  -slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	  very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -depth to bedrock   (very limited)  -too clayey   (very limited)	  1.00 	Limited  -wetness (limited)  -depth to bedrock (moderately limited)  -slope (slightly limited)	  0.33 	  Very limited  -too clayey   (very limited)  -hard to pack   (limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.70    0.60
74634: Hartville		İ	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	į	  very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -too clayey   (moderately limited)  -too acid   (slightly limited)	0.36	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 	    0.99         	Limited  -hard to pack   (limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)  -too clayey   (slightly limited)	    0.70    0.60    0.18
74650: Higdon	<pre> ~wetness   (very limited)  ~flooding   (very limited)</pre>	    1.00    1.00    0.73	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -wetness   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -flooding   (very limited)  -too clayey   (slightly limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.06	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)	    1.00    0.90   	  Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited)   	    0.55       
74652: Lecoma	  Slightly limited  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)   	      0.25     	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited) 	0.50	  Slightly limited  ~too acid   (slightly limited)   	    0.18     	  Not limited         	           	  -  Slightly limited  ~too acid   (slightly limited)   	      0.18     

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpt  field	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tr 	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a. 	rea)	Daily cover for land	ifill
soil name	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
74653:	і І	j I	i I	j I		i I	 	j 	 	į I
Racoon	Very limited	1	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	~wetness	1.00	-flooding	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~flooding	1.00	~wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~flooding	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~flooding	1.00	~wetness	1.00	-too acid	0.36
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	)
	~percs slowly	0.93	I		~too acid	0.36				1
	(limited)	 	 		(moderately limited)	 	 	 	 	
Freeburg	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	ļ	  Very limited	<u> </u>	  Moderately limited	i
	~wetness	1.00	-flooding	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~flooding	1.00	~wetness	0.55
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(moderately limited)	)
	-flooding	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~flooding	1.00	~wetness	0.90		1
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)			
	-percs slowly	0.71	1		~too clayey	0.01	l			
	(limited)				(slightly limited)				 	
74656:	 		 				 	 	 	
Deible	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	1
	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	1	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	-percs slowly	1.00	I		~too clayey	0.74	~flooding (rare)	0.60	~hard to pack	0.70
	(very limited)		I		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
	-flooding (rare)	0.60	1		~flooding (rare)	0.60			-too clayey	0.51
	(moderately limited)				(moderately limited)		 		(moderately limited)	)
74661:	 		! 	i			! 	! 	 	
Waben	Not limited		Very limited	1	Limited		Limited		Limited	1
			~seepage	1.00	~seepage	0.79	~seepage	0.75	~small stones	0.66
			(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	1
	1		-slope	0.91			l		~seepage	0.50
			(limited)				 		(moderately limited)	)
74662:	 		 				 		 	
Higdon	Very limited	1	  Very limited	1	Very limited		  Limited	I	Moderately limited	1
	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.55
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)	)
	~percs slowly	0.73	~slope	0.31	~too clayey	0.19	l		-too clayey	0.06
	(limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1	l		(slightly limited)	1

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpt:   field	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tro	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a 	area)	Daily cover for land	fill
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
75376: Cedargap	~flooding   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	1.00    0.71	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	1.00    0.71    0.50	(very limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)	    1.00    0.78    0.30	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	    1.00     	  Limited  ~small stones   (limited)  ~too clayey   (moderately limited) 	    0.99    0.57 
75388: Kaintuck		      1.00   	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -seepage   (limited)	    1.00    0.75	  Moderately limited  -seepage   (moderately limited) 	      0.50   
Relfe	-flooding (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited) 	İ	(very limited)	  1.00    0.60	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~seepage   (very limited)  ~small stones >35%   (very limited)  ~too sandy   (moderately limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.60
75398: Kaintuck		      1.00   	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)	    1.00    0.75	  Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited)   	      0.50     
75406: Racket	<pre> ~flooding   (very limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)</pre>	  0.30	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited) 	  0.50	(very limited)	    1.00    0.15   	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	    1.00       	  Not limited             	
75412: Razort	~flooding   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)	i	  Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited)  ~small stones   (slightly limited)	    0.50    0.02 

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpt   field	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (t	rench)	Sanitary landfill (a	area)	Daily cover for land 	fill
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75427: Gabriel	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (slightly limited)	į	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)	i	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)  ~too clayey   (slightly limited) 	    0.86    0.12 
75450: Bloomsdale	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.25 	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -seepage   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -too clayey   (slightly limited)  -large stones   (slightly limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited) 	  1.00    0.75	  Moderately limited  -small stones   (moderately limited)   	    0.49       
75453: Sturkie	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -percs slowly   (slightly limited)	•	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -seepage   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited) 	    1.00   	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	    1.00   	  Not limited       	       
75459: Huzzah	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	      1.00     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)	i	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)	i	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~seepage   (limited)	    1.00    0.75	  Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited)   	      0.50     
75460: Horsecreek	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)  -percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  0.30	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -seepage   (moderately limited) 	  0.50	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)  -wetness   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.15 	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	  1.00       	  Not limited           	           
77014: Rock outcrop	    Not rated 	     	    Not rated 	     	    Not rated 		    Not rated 	     	    Not rated 	     

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpti field	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tro	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a 	rea)	Daily cover for land	dfill
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77014:		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Taumsauk	-		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	_	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00		1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	ļ
	. 5	1.00	~large stones	1.00	~too acid	0.83		•	~large stones >35%	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	1	(limited)		(moderately limited)	ļ	(very limited)	1
	<pre>~slope (moderately limited)</pre>		~slope   (very limited)	1.00 	<pre> ~slope   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.37 		 	~too acid   (limited)	0.83 
77015:			 	Ì	 	 		İ	 	İ
Irondale	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i
	_	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00		1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~large stones	0.90	~large stones	1.00	-slope	0.84	~slope	0.84	~large stones	0.84
	(limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i
	~slope	0.84	-slope	1.00	-too acid	0.54	İ	İ	-  ~slope	0.84
	(limited)	į	(very limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	 	į	(limited)	į
Taumsauk	  Very limited	 	  Very limited		  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	
	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~large stones	1.00	~large stones	1.00	-slope	0.96	~slope	0.96	~large stones >35%	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	~slope	0.96	~slope	1.00	-too acid	0.83			~slope	0.96
	(limited)	 	(very limited) 		(limited)	 	 	 	(limited) 	
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į	  Not rated	į	  Not rated	į	  Not rated	į	  Not rated	į
77016:		 	 		 	 	 	l I	 	
Irondale	Very limited	ĺ	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		0.25	~seepage	•	•	0.48			~small stones	0.91
	(slightly limited)	 	(moderately limited) 		(moderately limited)	 	[ ]	 	(limited) 	
Taumsauk	Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i
	_	•	~slope	1.00	• -	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	-	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00		1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)	I	(very limited)		(very limited)	l	(very limited)		(very limited)	İ
j	~large stones	1.00	~large stones	1.00	-too acid	0.83			~large stones >35%	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)		 		(very limited)	
Rock outcrop	Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	! 	  Not rated		  Not rated	-

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities--Continued

Map symbol and	Septic tank absorpt	ion	Sewage lagoons		Sanitary landfill (tro	ench)	Sanitary landfill (a	area)	Daily cover for land	lfill
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		 		<u>†                                      </u>		<u>†                                      </u>
77017:	 		 	 	 	 	 		 	
Knobtop	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	1
	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~wetness	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~wetness	0.90	~wetness	0.55
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	Ì
	~percs slowly	0.73	~slope	0.31	~too acid	0.54		İ	~too acid	0.54
	(limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į		į	(moderately limited)	į
77019:			 		 	 	 		 	
Frenchmill	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	1
	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~percs slowly	0.25	~seepage	0.50	~too acid	0.48		İ	~small stones >35%	1.00
	(slightly limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ		İ	(very limited)	İ
	~large stones	0.01	İ	İ	-too clayey	0.12	İ	i	~too acid	0.48
	(slightly limited)	į		į	(slightly limited)	į		į	(moderately limited)	į
99000:	 		 	 	 	 			 	İ
Pits,	ĺ	İ	İ	İ	ĺ	İ		İ	İ	İ
quarries	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99001:	 		 	 	 	 			 	İ
Water	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ	Not rated	ĺ	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ
99014:	 		[ ]		 	 	[ 		 	
Mine tailings	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į

## Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadfi	11	   Source for sand 	i	   Source for grave 	el	   Source for topsoi 	1	   Shallow excavatio 	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
66014:	    Not limited		    Very limited		    Very limited		    Not limited		    Moderately limited	
наушона		   	very rimited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	very fimited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	  - 	   	~flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.60
	i i	   	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	i I	   	cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	0.29
70028:	l I	l I	 		 	l i	 	l i	 	
Moko	~depth to bedrock	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines	1.00	Limited  ~excess fines	0.75	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock	1.00	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"	1.00
	(very limited)   	   	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	  1.00 	(bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  0.75 	(very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	  0.29 
	i I	į Į	-   	į Į	 	į	~large surface stones   (limited)	0.79	~slope   (slightly limited)	0.04
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 		  Not rated 	 	  Not rated 	 
73012, 73035:	İ		 		İ		İ	İ	İ	i
Gravois	1	  1.00 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00 	Limited  ~area reclaim   (limited)	  0.92 	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 
	~wetness (limited)	0.76	-  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00		1.00	-wetness (limited)	0.76	-cutbanks cave (very limited)	1.00 
	-shrink-swell (moderately limited)	•	~small stones   (thickest layer)	1.00	~small stones   (thickest layer)	1.00	  ~too clayey   (moderately limited)	•	-too clayey   (very limited)	1.00
73039:	 	 	 		 		 	 	 	
Glensted	~low strength	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines	1.00	Very limited  ~wetness	1.00	Very limited  ~wetness	1.00
		1.00	(thickest layer)	1.00	(bottom layer)  ~excess fines	1.00	(very limited)  ~too clayey	1.00	(very limited)  ~too clayey	  0.48
	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (limited)	  0.96 	(bottom layer)   		(thickest layer)    -		(very limited)    -	   	(moderately limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	/   0.29 

Table 1	1Construction	Materials	and	ExcavatingContinued	

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadf:	i11	Source for sand		Source for gravel		Source for topsoi	.1	Shallow excavations	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73046:	 	 	 	 	 				 	 
Wrengart	Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)	•	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	•	Limited  ~too clayey   (limited)	  0.65 	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00
	-  ~wetness   (slightly limited)	0.15 	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00 		1.00 	~wetness (slightly limited)	0.15 	-cutbanks cave (very limited)	1.00 
	~shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	0.12	 	ļ	 		<pre>~area reclaim  (slightly limited)</pre>	0.08	~too clayey   (very limited)	1.00
73052:	 		 	1	 				 	-
Lily	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	  1.00 	Very limited ~depth to bedrock (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	  1.00
	~low strength   (limited)	0.78 	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00 	<pre>~too clayey (slightly limited)</pre>	0.22	~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	0.29 
73053:	! 	i	 		 				! 	i
Lily	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	  1.00 	Very limited ~depth to bedrock (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	  1.00 
	 	     	~excess fines   (bottom layer)   	1.00     	~excess fines   (thickest layer)   	1.00     	<pre>~too acid (slightly limited) ~too clayey (slightly limited)</pre>	0.30    0.04 	~cutbanks cave   (very limited)   	1.00     
Bender			  Very limited		  Possible source		Very limited		  Very limited	
	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00 	~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00 	~possible source   (bottom layer)	0.42 	~depth to bedrock (very limited)	1.00 	~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	1.00 
	~large stones   (slightly limited)	0.09 	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~possible source   (thickest layer)	0.42	<pre>~small stones (very limited)</pre>	i	~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	0.29
	 	 		<u> </u>	 		<pre>~large stones &gt;25%  (very limited)</pre>	1.00	~large stones   (slightly limited)	0.09 
73066:	 		 		 				 	
Bender	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	11.00	Possible source  ~possible source   (bottom layer)	  0.42	Very limited   ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	  1.00
	clarge stones   (slightly limited)	0.09	rexcess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~possible source   (thickest layer)	0.42	respectively   resp	1.00	cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	0.29
	i	j I	 	j I	i I	į I	<pre>~large stones &gt;25%  (very limited)</pre>	1.00	~large stones   (slightly limited)	0.09

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadf:	i11	Source for sand		Source for grave	el	Source for topsoi	1	Shallow excavation	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73067:	i I	į į	 	į į	 	į į	i I	i I	İ I	į į
Bender	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.09	Very limited  -excess fines  (thickest layer)  -excess fines  (bottom layer)	į	Possible source  -possible source   (bottom layer)  -possible source   (thickest layer)	į	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.29
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	ļ ļ	Not rated		  Not rated	ļ	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
73089: Rueter	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)  ~shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	  0.92    0.29    0.09	  Very limited  -excess fines   (thickest layer)  -excess fines   (bottom layer)  -small stones   (thickest layer)	1.00	  Limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~small stones   (thickest layer)	  0.99 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~area reclaim   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.83    0.29
73159: Yelton	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)  ~shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	0.82 	  Very limited  -excess fines   (thickest layer)  -excess fines   (bottom layer)	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	  1.00    1.00 	  Very limited  ~dense layer <20"  (very limited)  ~wetness  (limited)  ~small stones  (moderately limited)	  0.82 	  Very limited  ~dense layer <20"  (very limited)  ~wetness  (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave  (slightly limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.29
73162: Alred	  Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.92	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	i	  Limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	i	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~small stones   (limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.87
Rueter	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -large stones   (slightly limited)  -shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	  0.92    0.29    0.09	  Very limited  -excess fines   (thickest layer)  -excess fines   (bottom layer)  -small stones   (thickest layer)	1.00	  Limited  ~small stones   (thickest layer)  ~small stones   (bottom layer)  ~possible source   (bottom layer)	  0.66    0.66    0.50	(very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.83    0.29

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadfil	11	Source for sand	1	Source for grave	el	Source for topsoi	1	Shallow excavati	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73166:	 	 	 	İ İ	 	į Į	 	İ İ	 	į Į
Viburnum		  1.00 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~too clayey   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 
	~low strength   (very limited)	1.00	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~small stones   (very limited)	1.00	~cutbanks cave   (very limited)	1.00
	~wetness   (limited)	0.76 	 		 		~wetness   (limited)	0.76 	~too clayey   (very limited)	1.00
Tonti	!	    0.76 	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	    1.00	  Possible source  ~possible source   (bottom layer)	    0.50	  Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~dense layer <20"   (very limited)	11.00
	,	•	(chickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	(bottom layer)  ~possible source   (thickest layer)	0.25	(very limited)  -dense layer <20"   (very limited)	1.00	(very limited)  -wetness   (very limited)	1.00
	-   	 	~small stones   (thickest layer)	0.10	~small stones   (thickest layer)	0.10	~area reclaim   (very limited)	1.00	~cutbanks cave   (very limited)	1.00
73173: Lily	    Very limited	   	    Very limited		    Very limited		    Very limited	   	    Very limited	
штту		  1.00 	very rimited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	very fimited   ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	rery limited   repth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00	~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	1.00
			chickest layer)   excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	(bottom layer)  -excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	  ~too acid   (slightly limited)	i	(very limited)  -cutbanks cave   (very limited)	1.00
	 	   	 		 		~too clayey   (slightly limited) 	0.04	 	
Yelton	~wetness	0.82	Very limited  ~excess fines	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines	1.00	  Very limited  ~dense layer <20"	1.00	Very limited  ~dense layer <20"	1.00
	(limited)  ~shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	  0.12 	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	(bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	(very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)	  0.82 	(very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)	1.00
	 		(Boccom Tayer)		(enreade rayer)		(rimited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited)		(very rimited)  -cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	0.29
73174:		 	 	!	 		 	 	 	
Lily		  1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	1.00
	 	   	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	(Bottom Tayer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	(very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	0.63	(very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)	1.00
		   					(limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited)	0.30	(very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	0.63

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadfi	111	Source for sand		Source for grave	1	Source for topsoi	1	Shallow excavation	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73174:	i I	i i	 	į	i I	į I	i I	j I	i I	į
Yelton	Limited  ~wetness   (limited)	0.82	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~dense layer <20"   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~dense layer <20"   (very limited)	1.00
	climited;   shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	0.12	rexcess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	rexcess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	~wetness   (limited)	į	-wetness (very limited)	1.00
	 		   		 	   	~slope   (limited) 	0.63   	~slope   (limited) 	0.63   
3200:	İ	i		İ	İ	i	İ	i	İ	i
Sonsac	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00 	Possible source  ~possible source   (thickest layer)	  0.42 	Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	  1.00 
	~shrink-swell   (very limited)	1.00	~excess fines (bottom layer)	1.00	~possible source   (bottom layer)	0.42	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	į	-cutbanks cave (very limited)	1.00
	 		 		 	   	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.97   	~too clayey   (limited)	0.99
3201:	 		 		 		 	 	 	
Sonsac	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Possible source  ~possible source   (thickest layer)	0.42	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	11.00
	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	1.00	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	(thickest layer)  ~possible source   (bottom layer)	0.42	•	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00
	~slope   (very limited)	1.00	 	 	 	 	~too clayey   (very limited)	1.00 	~cutbanks cave   (very limited)	1.00
3210:	 				 	 	 	 	 	
Goss			Very limited		Limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	~low strength   (very limited)	1	~excess fines   (thickest layer)	11.00	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~slope   (very limited)	1.00 	~slope   (very limited)	1.00
	relation   relation	1.00	rexcess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	remail stones   (thickest layer)	0.83	~large surface stones   (very limited)	  1.00		1.00
	clarge stones   (limited)	0.70	small stones   (thickest layer)	0.83	remail stones   (bottom layer)	0.83		  1.00 	~large stones   (limited)	0.70
/3214:	 	 	[ ]	 	 		 	 	 	
Moko	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	j	  Very limited	j
	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00		1.00	~hard bedrock <40"	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)  ~excess fines		(bottom layer)	  1.00	(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~slope   (very limited)	11.00	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	11.00	~excess fines   (thickest layer)	11.00	~slope   (very limited)	1.00 	~slope   (very limited)	1.00
	(very rimited)  ~large stones	0.16	(Bottom Tayer)  ~small stones	1.00	chickest layer;  ~small stones	1	(very limited)  ~large surface stones	1.00	~cutbanks cave	0.29
	(slightly limited)		(bottom layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(slightly limited)	
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	!	  Not rated	<u> </u>	  Not rated	!
			I			1		I	1	

Map symbol and   soil name	Source for roadfi	11	Source for sand	i 	Source for grave	el	Source for topsoi	1	Shallow excavation	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu   
73215:		 	   	j I	 	į į	 	i I	   	į Į
Crider			Very limited		Very limited		Limited		Slightly limited	
	<pre>~low strength (very limited)</pre>	1.00	~excess fines   (thickest layer)	11.00	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	11.00	~too clayey   (limited)	0.61	<pre> ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)</pre>	0.29
	(very limited)	l I	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines	  1 00	(BOTTOM layer)  ~excess fines	1	(limited)	l i	(Slightly limited)  ~too clayey	0.27
		! !	(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)				(slightly limited)	
73218:		 	 		 		 	 	 	
Tiff	· -		Very limited		Very limited	1	Very limited		Limited	
		1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~too clayey	1.00	~too clayey	0.99
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	<pre>~shrink-swell (moderately limited)</pre>		~excess fines   (bottom layer)	11.00	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	<pre> ~small stones   (very limited)</pre>	11.00	~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	0.29
		•	(Bottom layer)  ~small stones	   0 10	(Bottom Tayer)  ~small stones	  0 10	(very limited)  ~area reclaim	ا ام ده	(Slightly limited)  ~slope	0.16
i	(slightly limited)		(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(limited)		~slope   (slightly limited)	
73271:		 	 		 		 	 	 	
Moko	Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	Limited	i	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	i
i	~slope	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	0.99	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~hard bedrock <40"	1.00
Ì	(very limited)	ĺ	(thickest layer)	ĺ	(bottom layer)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ
I	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	0.99	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
I	(very limited)		(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
			ļ		l		~small stones	1.00	~cutbanks cave	0.29
		l İ	 		 		(very limited) 	 	(slightly limited) 	
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į	  Not rated 	į	  Not rated 	į	Not rated	į	  Not rated 	į
73272:		i	İ	i	İ	i	İ	İ	İ	i
Hildebrecht		!	Very limited		Possible source	!	Very limited	!	Very limited	ļ
		0.82	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	-dense layer <20"	1.00	~dense layer <20"	1.00
	(limited)		(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	<pre>~shrink-swell  (moderately limited)</pre>	•	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	11.00	~possible source   (bottom layer)	0.33	~area reclaim   (very limited)	11.00	~wetness   (very limited)	1.00
	(moderatery rimited)	l I	(BOCCOM Tayer)		(BOCCOM Tayer)	-	(very limited)  ~wetness	   0 82	(very limited)  ~cutbanks cave	1
			 				(limited)		(very limited)	
73273:		 	 		 		 	 	 	l
Coulstone	Very limited	į	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	  Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
Ì	~slope	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
I	(very limited)	l	(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
I		0.82	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~small stones	1.00	~wetness	1.00
I	(limited)	!	(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!
ļ		0.01	<u> </u>	İ	!	!	-large surface stones	1.00	~cutbanks cave	1.00
	(slightly limited)		I	1	I	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	ı

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadfi	11	Source for sand	i	Source for grave	el	Source for topsoi	1.	Shallow excavation	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Valu
73273:	 	 	 	İ İ	 	İ İ	 	 	 	İ
Bender	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	1.00
		  1.00 	(threkest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	(boccom rayer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	(very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00
	• -	  0.29 	cstate layer,   small stones   (thickest layer)	0.30	chickest layer)	0.30	(very limited)	  1.00 	-cutbanks cave   (very limited)	1.00
73274:	 	 	 		 		 	 	 	
Scholten	Limited  ~wetness   (limited)	  0.76 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Possible source  ~possible source   (bottom layer)	0.25	Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	11.00
		0.05 	rexcess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~possible source   (thickest layer)	0.25	~area reclaim   (very limited)	  1.00 	-cutbanks cave (very limited)	1.00
	 	 	 		 	 	~dense layer   (limited)	1.00 	~dense layer   (limited)	1.00
73275:	 	 	 		 		 	 	 	
Gravois	Very limited		Very limited	1	Very limited	1	Limited		Very limited	
	•	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~area reclaim	0.92	~wetness	1.00
	(very limited)  ~wetness	l   0 - 76	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines	1	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines	1	(limited)  ~wetness	l  0.76	(very limited)  ~cutbanks cave	1
	(limited)	0 <b>.</b> 7 0	(bottom layer)		(bottom layer)		(limited)	<b>0.</b> 70	(very limited)	
	~shrink-swell	0.44	~small stones	1.00	~small stones	1.00	-too clayey	0.48	~too clayey	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
Goss	  Very limited	! 	  Very limited		  Possible source		  Very limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	
	! " "	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	0.99	~small stones	1.00	~cutbanks cave	1.00
	(very limited)	ļ	(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	 	l I	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~possible source   (bottom layer)	10.42	~area reclaim   (very limited)	1.00	~slope   (limited)	0.63
	i I	i i	~small stones	0.10	•	0.10	~too clayey	  1.00	~too clayey	0.63
		į	(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(limited)	
73276:	 	 	 		 		 	 	 	
Rueter	Slightly limited		Very limited		Limited		Very limited	l	Limited	
		0.29	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	0.99	~small stones	1.00	~too clayey	0.83
	(slightly limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	•	U. 09	-excess fines	1.00	-excess fines	0.99	•	1.00	cutbanks cave	0.29
	(slightly limited)	!	(bottom layer)  ~small stones	  0.66	(thickest layer)  ~small stones	10.66	(very limited)  ~too acid	  0.36	(slightly limited)  ~large stones	10.29

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadfi	11	Source for sand	i	Source for grave	<b>e</b> l	Source for topso	11	Shallow excavation	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   
73276: Hildebrecht	    -  Limited  ~wetness	      0.82	      Very limited  ~excess fines	        1.00	  -  Possible source  ~excess fines	        1.00	      Very limited  ~area reclaim	        1.00	      Very limited  ~wetness	        1.00
	(limited)  ~shrink-swell	  0.57	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines	İ	(thickest layer)  ~possible source	į	(very limited)  ~dense layer	į	(very limited)	1.00
	(moderately limited)    -	   	(bottom layer)   	   	(bottom layer)   		(limited)  ~wetness   (limited)	  0.82 	(very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)	1.00
73277:	 		<u> </u>		 		 		 	
Goss	Very limited  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Possible source  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  0.99 	Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)	1.00	Very limited  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)	1.00
	 	   	rexcess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~possible source   (bottom layer)	0.42	rarea reclaim   (very limited)	1.00	~slope   (limited)	0.63
	 		~small stones   (thickest layer)	0.10	~small stones   (thickest layer)	0.10	~too clayey   (very limited)	1.00	~too clayey   (limited)	0.63 
73278: Rueter		    1.00       	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	İ	  Possible source  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~possible source   (thickest layer)	i	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited)	i	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00 
73279:		! !								!
Sonsac	-depth to bedrock (very limited) -shrink-swell (very limited)	İ	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer) 	İ	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	į	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00
Moko	  Very limited  -depth to bedrock   (very limited)  -slope   (limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer) 	i	   Possible source   ~excess fines   (thickest layer)   ~possible source   (bottom layer) 	į	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.29
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 		  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadf:	i11	Source for sand	<b>1</b>	Source for grave	el	Source for topsoi	1	Shallow excavation	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Valu
73280:	[ [	İ	[ [	į I	[ [	İ	[ ]	j I	 	İ
Alred	Very limited  -low strength   (very limited)  -shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00 	Very limited  -excess fines  (thickest layer)  -excess fines  (bottom layer)	  1.00    1.00 	Possible source  -excess fines   (bottom layer)  -possible source   (thickest layer)	į	Very limited  -too clayey   (very limited)  -small stones   (very limited)  -large surface stones   (limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited) 	  1.00    1.00
73282:	! 	i	 	i	! 	i	! 	i	! 	i
Alred	Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines	  1.00    1.00	Possible source  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~possible source	į	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too clayey	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave	  1.00    1.00
	(very limited)  ~slope   (limited) 	  0.67   	(bottom layer)     		(thickest layer)     	     	(very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited) 	  1.00   	(very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited) 	  1.00   
Sonsac	Very limited   -depth to bedrock   (very limited)  -shrink-swell   (very limited)  -slope   (slightly limited)	i	Very limited  -excess fines  (thickest layer)  -excess fines  (bottom layer)	  1.00    1.00 	Possible source  ~possible source   (thickest layer)  ~possible source   (bottom layer) 	i	(very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)	į	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00 
73283:	 	1	 	1	 		 	 	 	l
Courtois	~low strength   (very limited)	i	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	i	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	į	  Limited  ~too clayey   (limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00
	~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)	1.00    0.82 	~excess fines   (bottom layer)   	1.00     	~excess fines   (thickest layer)   	1.00     	~wetness   (limited)  ~too acid   (moderately limited)	0.82    0.36 	~too clayey   (slightly limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	0.29    0.29 
73284: Courtois		   	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	   	    Limited	   	    Very limited	   
	~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~low strength	i	~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines	1.00    1.00	~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines	į	~too clayey   (limited)  ~wetness	0.88    0.82	~wetness   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave	1.00    1.00
	(very limited) 	0.82	(bottom layer)		(bottom layer)		(limited)  -area reclaim	İ	(very limited)  -too clayey	11.00

0.29

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadfi	11	Source for sand	đ	Source for grave	el	Source for topso:	i1	Shallow excavation	ons
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>
73284:	1		I		I		I		I	
Goss	Slightly limited		Very limited		Possible source		Very limited		Very limited	
	~shrink-swell	0.30	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	0.99	~small stones	1.00	~cutbanks cave	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(thickest layer)	1	(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		1	~excess fines	1.00	~possible source	0.42	~area reclaim	1.00	-too clayey	0.63
	ĺ	İ	(bottom layer)	İ	(bottom layer)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(limited)	İ
	ĺ	İ	~small stones	0.10	~small stones	0.10	~too clayey	1.00	~slope	0.37
	į	į	(thickest layer)	į	(thickest layer)	į	(very limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į į
73285:	 	l I	 	 	 		 		 	1
Useful	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i
	~low strength	1.00	~excess fines	11.00	~excess fines	1.00	~too clayey	11.00	-too clayey	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~shrink-swell	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	-depth to bedrock	0.12	~wetness	0.99
	(very limited)		(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(slightly limited)		(limited)	
	~depth to bedrock	0.54	(20000 10701)	i	(6112611626 14761)	i	~wetness	0.03	~depth to bedrock	0.72
	(moderately limited)	•	<u> </u>	i	<u> </u>	i	(slightly limited)		(limited)	
	İ	į	İ	į	į	į	İ	į	İ	į
Courtois			Very limited	1	Very limited		Limited		Very limited	
	~shrink-swell	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	-too clayey	0.98	~wetness	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		(limited)		(very limited)	1
	~low strength	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~wetness	0.82	~cutbanks cave	1.00
	(very limited)		(bottom layer)		(bottom layer)		(limited)		(very limited)	1
	~wetness	0.82					-area reclaim	0.68	-too clayey	1.00
	(limited)						(limited)		(very limited)	
73286:	 	 	! 		 	1	! 		 	i
Useful	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	ĺ	Limited	ĺ
	~low strength	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	-too clayey	1.00	~wetness	0.99
	(very limited)	i	(thickest layer)	i	(bottom layer)	i	(very limited)	i	(limited)	i
	~shrink-swell	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	-slope	0.04	-too clayey	0.45
	(very limited)	i	(bottom layer)	i	(thickest layer)	i	(slightly limited)	i	(moderately limited)	ı i
	~depth to bedrock	0.05	i -	i	i i	i	~wetness	0.03	~depth to bedrock	0.32
	(slightly limited)	İ	İ	i	j	i	(slightly limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	•
Courtois	  Verv limited	 	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Limited		  Very limited	
3341 6015	~shrink-swell	1	~excess fines	11.00	-excess fines	1	~too clayey	10.94	~wetness	11.00
	(very limited)	1	(thickest layer)	1	(thickest layer)	1	(limited)	10.54	(very limited)	1
	(very limited)  ~low strength	1 1.00	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines	1	(chickest layer)  ~excess fines	1	(IIMILEG)  ~wetness	   0 02	(very limited)  ~too clayey	0.72
	(very limited)	1	(bottom layer)	1	(bottom layer)	1 - 00	~wethess   (limited)	10.02	(limited)	10.72
	( very rimited)	!	(DOCCOM Tayer)	!	(DOCCOM Tayer)	!	. (TIMICEG)	!	(TIMICEG)	!

|~slope

(slightly limited)

|0.16 |~cutbanks cave

(slightly limited)

~wetness

(limited)

0.82

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadfi	11	Source for sand	1	Source for grave	el	Source for topsoi	.1	   Shallow excavatio 	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73287:	i I	j I	 	į i	i I	į	i I	į	i I	j I
Useful	Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	į	Very limited  -excess fines  (thickest layer)  -excess fines  (bottom layer)	i	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	į	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~wetness   (slightly limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)  ~too clayey   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.99    0.45
Sonsac	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited -excess fines (thickest layer) -excess fines (bottom layer) -large stones (bottom layer)	  1.00 	  Possible source  ~possible source   (bottom layer)  ~possible source   (thickest layer)  ~large stones   (thickest layer)	0.42	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00
73288: Caneyville	~low strength   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)		  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	i	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	i	  Very limited  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)	  0.99 	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (moderately limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.41
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated	ļ	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	ļ
73289: Fourche	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (slightly limited)	1.00    0.32	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	į	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	į	Limited  -too clayey   (limited)  -too acid   (slightly limited)  -wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.30 	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)  ~too clayey   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.29    0.18
73290: Gatewood	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00	Very limited  -excess fines  (thickest layer)  -excess fines  (bottom layer)	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	į	  Very limited  ~too clayey   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~too acid   (limited)	  0.62 	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadfi	11	Source for sand	1	Source for grave	el	Source for topsoi	1	Shallow excavati	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73290:	i I	   	 	į	i I	į 	i I	   	 	i
Aaron		  1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~too clayey   (very limited)		Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	1.00
		1.00	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	(bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	(very rimited)  -too acid   (moderately limited)	•	(very limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)	0.78
		  0.57 	(BOLLOM Tayer)		(thickest layer)		(moderatery limited)  -wetness   (slightly limited)	•	(limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.75
73291:	 	 			 	i	 	 	 	i
Gatewood	Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)	  1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	11.00	Very limited  ~too clayey   (very limited)	1.00	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	1.00
	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~depth to bedrock	0.68	~wetness	1.00
	<pre>(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)</pre>	  1.00 	(bottom layer)   		(thickest layer)   		(limited)  ~slope   (limited)	  0.63 	(very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)	1.00
Aaron	~low strength	    1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines	    1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines	    1.00	  Very limited  ~too clayey	    1.00	  Very limited  ~wetness	    1.00
		  1.00	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines	1.00	(bottom layer)  ~excess fines	1.00	(very limited)  ~slope	0.63	(very limited)  ~too clayey	0.78
	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)	  0.39 	(bottom layer)   	   	(thickest layer)   	   	(limited)  ~too acid   (moderately limited)		(limited)  ~slope   (limited)	  0.63 
73292:	 	 	] ]		 		 	 	 	
Lily		    1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	11.00	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	1.00
	i I	;   		1.00 	~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00 	<pre> -  ~too sandy   (moderately limited)</pre>			0.29 
		 			 		~too acid   (slightly limited)	0.24	~slope   (slightly limited)	0.16
73293:	 	 			 	 	 	 	 	
Caneyville		  1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines	1.00	Very limited  ~too clayey	1.00	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"	11.00
	(very limited)	į	(thickest layer)	į	(bottom layer)	İ	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į,
	<pre> ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)</pre>	1.00 	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00 	~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00 	<pre> ~depth to bedrock   (limited)</pre>	0.93 	~wetness   (very limited)	1.00 
		  1.00 	i I	<u> </u> 	i I	į I	~wetness   (limited)	0.82	~too clayey   (limited)	0.91 

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Source for roadfi 	11	Source for sand	i	   Source for grav	el	   Source for topsoi 	1	Shallow excavatio	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73294:		j I	 	İ	 	İ	 	j I	İ I	İ
Ocie	Very limited  ~low strength	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines	1.00	Very limited  ~too clayey	1.00	Very limited  ~wetness	11.00
	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	1.00	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	(bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	1.00	(very limited)  ~too clayey   (very limited)	1.00
	(very limited)  -wetness   (limited)	0.86	(Boccom Tayer)		(threkest layer)		(very limited)  ~small stones   (limited)	0.88		0.48
74634:	 	 	 		 		 	 	 	
Hartville	Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	Limited  ~wetness   (limited)	0.86	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	1.00
	(very limited)  ~shrink-swell   (very limited)	1.00	(thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	(Bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	(limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)	  0.83 		0.29
	-wetness (limited)	0.86	 	İ	 	İ	rtoo acid (slightly limited)	0.06	-too clayey   (slightly limited)	0.18
74650:	 		 		 		 		 	
Higdon	Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	  1.00	Limited  ~wetness   (limited)	  0.71	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	1.00
	(very limited)  -wetness   (limited)	0.71	(entended layer)   ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	(bettom rayer)  -excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	(Timited)  -too clayey   (moderately limited)	•	(very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.60 
	~shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	0.29 	 	ļ	 	ļ	 	 	~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	0.29
74652:	 	 	 		 		 	 	 	
Lecoma	Moderately limited  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)	į	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	  1.00 	Not limited   	   	Slightly limited  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	  0.29 
	~low strength   (slightly limited)	0.22	~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	 		 	
74653:						-		!		
Racoon	Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	1.00
	wetness   (very limited)	1.00	rexcess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	rexcess fines   (thickest layer)	1.00	 	 	<pre> ~flooding   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.60
	~shrink-swell   (slightly limited)	0.17	 	<u> </u> 		i I	i I	 	~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	0.29

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadfi	11	Source for sand	1	Source for grave	el	Source for topsoi	1	Shallow excavatio	ns
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Valu
74653:	 	 	 	İ İ	l I	İ		   	 	İ I
Freeburg	-low strength (very limited) -wetness (limited)	  0.71    0.39	Very limited  -excess fines  (thickest layer)  -excess fines  (bottom layer)	i	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	i	Limited  -wetness   (limited)  -too clayey   (slightly limited)	  0.71 	Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.60    0.29
74656:	! [	i i	! 	i	i İ	¦	! 	i	! 	i
Deible	-low strength (very limited) -wetness (very limited)	į	Very limited	i	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	i	Very limited  -wetness  (very limited)  -too clayey  (very limited)  -too acid  (slightly limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  -wetness   (very limited)  -too clayey   (moderately limited)  -cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.51    0.29
74661: Waben	  Not limited       	           	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	i	  Limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	i	  Very limited  ~small stones   (very limited)  ~too sandy   (slightly limited)	      1.00    0.12	  Very limited  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited) 	      1.00   
74662:	 		l I	1	 					
Higdon	-low strength (very limited) -wetness (limited)	  0.71    0.37	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	i	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	i	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)  ~too clayey   (moderately limited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited)	0.71    0.59    0.50	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)  ~too clayey   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.29    0.06
75376:	 	<u> </u>				1				i
Cedargap	Not limited	       	Very limited  -excess fines  (thickest layer)  -excess fines  (bottom layer)	i	Possible source  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~possible source   (thickest layer)	i	Very limited  -small stones  (very limited)  -too sandy  (moderately limited)  -too clayey  (moderately limited)	  0.34    0.33	Very limited  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.61 

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Source for roadfi 	11	   Source for sand 	l	   Source for grave 	el	   Source for topsoi. 	1	   Shallow excavatio 	ns
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
75388: Kaintuck	    Not limited       		  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	i	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	    1.00    1.00	  Limited  ~too sandy   (limited) 	•	  Very limited  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	      1.00    0.60
Relfe	  Not limited           		Possible source -excess fines (thickest layer) -possible source (bottom layer)	İ	Possible source   -possible source   (thickest layer)   -possible source   (bottom layer)	  0.50    0.25 	(very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  -cutbanks cave   (very limited)  -flooding   (moderately limited) 	  1.00    0.60   
75398: Kaintuck	  Not limited       		Very limited  -excess fines  (thickest layer)  -excess fines  (bottom layer)	İ	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00    1.00	  Limited  ~too sandy   (limited)   	    0.76     	  Very limited  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.60
75406: Racket	  Slightly limited  ~low strength   (slightly limited)   	•	Very limited  -excess fines  (thickest layer)  -excess fines  (bottom layer)	i	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00    1.00 	  Not limited         	               	  Moderately limited  -flooding   (moderately limited)  -cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)  -wetness   (slightly limited)	    0.60    0.29    0.16
75412: Razort	  Not limited         		  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	i	  Very limited  ~excess fines  (thickest layer)  ~excess fines  (bottom layer)	    1.00    1.00	  Limited  ~area reclaim   (limited)  ~small stones   (moderately limited)	į	  Very limited  ~cutbanks cave  (very limited)  ~flooding  (moderately limited)	      1.00    0.60
75427: Gabriel	   Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)  ~shrink-swell   (moderately limited)	  0.98    0.45	Very limited -excess fines (thickest layer) -excess fines (bottom layer)	İ	  Limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer) 	İ	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited)  ~too clayey   (limited)	į	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.60

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadf:	i11	Source for sand	i	   Source for grave 	el	   Source for topsoi 	1	   Shallow excavatio 	ns
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Valu   
75450: Bloomsdale	    slightly limited  ~shrink-swell   (slightly limited) 	      0.07 	 	į	  Possible source  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~possible source	      1.00    0.33	    Very limited  ~area reclaim   (very limited) 	      1.00 	    Very limited  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)  ~flooding	    1.00    0.60
	 		(bottom layer)  ~small stones   (thickest layer)	  0.10 	(bottom layer)  ~small stones   (thickest layer)	0.10	 	   	(moderately limited)   	
75453:	! 	i	 	i	! 		 	 	! 	i
Sturkie	Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)   	  1.00   	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	İ	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00    1.00	Not limited    -  -  -	       	Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	  0.60    0.29
75459:	 		 		 		 	 	 	
Huzzah	Not limited       	     	Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	į	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00    1.00	Not limited       	       	Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)	  0.60    0.29 
75460:	 		 		 		 	 	 	
Horsecreek	  Very limited  ~low strength   (very limited)     	  1.00       	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer) 	į	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	  1.00    1.00 	  Slightly limited  ~too clayey   (slightly limited)       	  0.13         	Moderately limited  -flooding   (moderately limited)  -cutbanks cave   (slightly limited)  -wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.60    0.29    0.16
77014:										
Rock outcrop	Not rated 		Not rated		Not rated 		Not rated	 	Not rated	1
Taumsauk	Very limited depth to bedrock  (very limited) large stones	İ	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines	:	Very limited  -excess fines   (bottom layer)  -excess fines	İ	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~large stones >25%	İ	Very limited  -hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  -large stones	  1.00    1.00
	(very limited)		(bottom layer)  ~small stones   (thickest layer)	  0.99 	(thickest layer)   ~small stones   (thickest layer)	0.99	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	<pre>(very limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)</pre>	  0.37

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadfi	.11	Source for sand	i	Source for grave	1	Source for topsoi	11	Shallow excavati	ons
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
77015:	 	į į	 	į	i I	į į	i I	į	i I	į
Irondale	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00	Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	  1.00
	~large stones   (limited) 	0.90 	~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~large stones	į	~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~large stones	į	~small stones   (very limited)  ~slope	i	<pre> ~large stones   (limited)  ~slope</pre>	0.90    0.84
	   		(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		"Slope   (limited) 		(limited)	
Taumsauk	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	  1.00
	~large stones   (very limited)	1.00	~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~small stones	i	-excess fines (thickest layer) -small stones	İ	~large stones >25%   (very limited)  ~slope	İ	~large stones   (very limited)  ~slope	10.96
			(thickest layer)		(thickest layer)		Climited)		(limited)	
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	į į	  Not rated 	j I	Not rated 	j I	  Not rated 	į į	Not rated 	į i
77016: Irondale	  Very limited  -depth to bedrock   (very limited)  -slope   (limited)	i	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer) 	i	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~excess fines   (thickest layer) 	i	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~small stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00
Taumsauk	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	•	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)	  1.00	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	1.00	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"   (very limited)	  1.00
	-large stones   (very limited)  -slope   (slightly limited)	i	~excess fines   (bottom layer)  ~small stones   (thickest layer)	i	~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~small stones   (thickest layer)	į	~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones >25%   (very limited)	į	<pre> -slope   (very limited)  -large stones   (very limited)</pre>	1.00    1.00
Rock outcrop		i I	    Not rated	į į	    Not rated	İ İ	    Not rated	į į	    Not rated	į į
77017: Knobtop	Very limited  -low strength  (very limited)  -depth to bedrock  (very limited)  -wetness	i	  Very limited  -excess fines   (thickest layer)  -excess fines   (bottom layer)	i	  Very limited  ~excess fines   (thickest layer)  ~excess fines   (bottom layer)	İ	Limited  -too clayey   (limited)  -wetness   (limited)  -depth to bedrock	  0.71 	  Very limited  ~hard bedrock <40"  (very limited)  ~wetness  (very limited)  ~cutbanks cave	    1.00    1.00

Map symbol and soil name	Source for roadf:	111	Source for sand	Source for sand		1	Source for topsoi	1.	Shallow excavations	
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	1	limiting features		limiting features	1	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	
		ļ						 		
77019:		!		!	!	!		!		!
Frenchmill	Very limited		Very limited	!	Possible source	!	Very limited	•	Very limited	
	~slope	1.00	~excess fines	1.00	~excess fines	0.99	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(thickest layer)		(bottom layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	-large stones	0.01	~excess fines	1.00	~possible source	0.50	~small stones	1.00	~cutbanks cave	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(bottom layer)		(thickest layer)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	I		1	1	1	1	~large surface stones	1.00	~large stones	0.01
	į	į		į	į	į	(very limited)	į	(slightly limited)	į
99000:	 		 		 	l I	 	 	 	
Pits,	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	ĺ	İ	İ
quarries	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99001:	 		 		 	l I	 	 	 	
Water	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99014:	 		<u> </u>		 	 	 	 	 	
Mine tailings	Not rated	i	Not rated	i	Not rated	i	Not rated	i	Not rated	i

Table 14.--Construction Materials and Excavating--Continued

## Table 15.--Water Management

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	   Pond reservoir are 	as	   Drainage 		   Irrigation 		   Terraces and divers: 	ions	   Grassed waterway 	s
	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting reatures	]		!	limiting reatures	<u> </u>	limiting reatures	 	limiting reatures	<u> </u>
66014: Haymond	  Very limited  ~seepage   (very limited)   	•	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited) 	      0.90     	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited) 	      0.60     	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited) 	      0.60     
70028: Moko	  Very limited  ~bedrock <20 in.   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited) 		(very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~slope   (limited)	    0.79 	  Very limited  ~bedrock <20 in.   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.79
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated 	į	  Not rated	į	  Not rated 	į	  Not rated	
73012: Gravois	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)     	•	(limited)	  0.39	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.39	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	  0.55    0.30	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.55    0.30
73035: Gravois	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)   	    0.89         	(very limited)	  0.39	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.39	(moderately limited)	  0.60    0.55	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.55
73039: Glensted	  Not limited     	       	  Moderately limited  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited) 		  Moderately limited  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited) 	•	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited) 	    1.00   	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited) 	      1.00 

Table	15Water	ManagementContinued	

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area	as	Drainage		Irrigation 		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Valu
73046:	i I	 	 	i I	i I	i I	 	j I	j I	į I
Wrengart	Moderately limited  ~seepage		Limited  ~slope	  0.98	Limited  ~slope	  0.98	Moderately limited  ~erodes easily	  0.60	Moderately limited  ~erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)  ~slope		(limited)  ~percs slowly	  0.13	(limited)  ~erodes easily	  0.60	(moderately limited)  ~wetness	•	(moderately limited)  ~wetness	  0.31
	(moderately limited)	•	(slightly limited)	   	(moderately limited)  -percs slowly		(moderately limited)  ~slope	İ	(moderately limited)  ~slope	
		;   		į	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
73052:	İ	i		İ	İ	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	İ	i
Lily		  1.00 	Limited  ~slope   (limited)	  0.98 	Limited  ~slope   (limited)	  0.98 	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 	Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.94
	-depth to bedrock (limited)	0.94	~depth to bedrock (limited)	0.66	-depth to bedrock (limited)	0.66	  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.30	<pre> ~slope   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.30
	~slope   (moderately limited)	0.30		ļ ļ		 		 	 	
73053:	 	 	 	l I	 	 	 	 	 	
Lily	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	Limited	i
		1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	0.95
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.95	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	10.76	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76	<pre> ~slope   (moderately limited)</pre>		<pre> ~slope   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.60
	(IIMIted)  ~slope	I I 0 . 60	(IIMIted)  ~percs slowly	l   0 . 57	(IIMIted)  ~percs slowly	  0.57	(moderacery rimited)	l	(moderatery rimited)  -droughty	10.48
	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)		!   	! !	(moderately limited)	
Bender		 	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	!
		1.00	~slope	1.00	-droughty	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-large stones	1.00
	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	   0 0 E	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	   0.76	(very limited)  ~slope	  1 00	(very limited)  ~large stones	  1 00	(very limited)  ~droughty	1.00
	(limited)	0.95 	(limited)	0 . 7 6 	very limited	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1
	~slope	1  0.60	~large stones	0.51	-depth to bedrock	0.76	~slope	0.60	~depth to bedrock	0.95
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)	
73066:	 	<u> </u>		İ	 	i		i		i
Bender	  Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ	  Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	Ì
		1.00	~slope	1.00	-droughty	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-large stones	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~depth to bedrock	0.95	~depth to bedrock	0.76		1.00	~large stones	1.00	-droughty	1.00
	(limited)	  0.60	(limited)	 	(very limited)	  0.76	(very limited)	  0.60	(very limited)	10.95
	<pre> ~slope   (moderately limited)</pre>		<pre> ~large stones   (moderately limited)</pre>	•	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	U . 76	~slope   (moderately limited)		-depth to bedrock (limited)	U.95
	(moderatery rimited)	! 	(moderacery limited)		(11m1060)		(moderacery rimiced)		(11m1060)	

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage 		Irrigation		Terraces and divers:	ions	Grassed waterways	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Valu
73067:	 	j I	i I	i I	i I	j I	i I	j I	i I	į I
Bender			Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00
	~seepage   (very limited)	İ	~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~large surface stones	i	-droughty (very limited)	  1.00    0.76	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~large stones	į	~large stones   (very limited)  ~droughty	1.00    1.00
	(limited)	   	(moderately limited)	   	(limited)	0.76   	(very limited)	1.00   	(very limited)	
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	l I	Not rated 	İ I	Not rated	l I	Not rated 	l I	Not rated 	ĺ
73089: Rueter	-  ~slope   (very limited)	İ	(very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00
73159:	 	     	~large surface stones   (limited)   	0.79     	<pre> ~droughty   (moderately limited)    </pre>		~large surface stones   (limited)   	0.79     	~large surface stones   (limited)   	0.79       
Yelton	Slightly limited -slope (slightly limited)   		Limited  -slope   (limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.39	(moderately limited)	  0.60    0.39	(moderately limited)	    0.58 	Limited  -rooting depth   (limited)  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)	0.58
73162: Alred		1.00    0.50	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)	    0.79 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~percs slowly	    0.79 	  Very limited  ~slope  (very limited)  -large surface stones  (limited)  ~large stones	    0.79 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~droughty	    1.00       0.79    0.03
Rueter	-  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)	    1.00    1.00	<pre>(moderately limited)    Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~droughty</pre>	    1.00    0.79	(very limited)	  1.00 	(slightly limited)    Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00

Table 15Water	ManagementContinued	

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area	as	   Drainage 		   Irrigation 		   Terraces and divers: 	ions	Grassed waterways	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73166:	і І	 	 	j I	 	j I	i I	j I	 	j I
Viburnum	Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)	•	Limited  ~slope   (limited)		Limited  ~slope   (limited)	  0.78 	Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	•	Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60
	 	 		0.13		!		0.55 		0.55 
	 	   	 	   	~percs slowly   (slightly limited) 	0.13   	~slope   (slightly limited) 	0.20   	~slope   (slightly limited) 	0.20   
Tonti	  Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	0.50	  Limited  ~large stones   (limited	    0.99 	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)	    0.78 	  Limited  ~large stones   (limited)	    0.67 	  Limited  ~rooting depth   (limited)	0.80
	•	•	~slope   (limited)	İ		i	- 	į	  ~large stones   (limited)	0.67
	 	   	<pre> ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.39   	<pre> ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.39   	<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)  </pre>	•	<pre> ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.60   
73173: Lily	    Vory limited	   	    Limited		    Limited		    Very limited		    Limited	į
TIIY	• -	•	Limited   ~slope   (limited)	  0.98 		  0.98 	very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 	Limited   ~depth to bedrock   (limited)	  0.95 
	-depth to bedrock (limited)	İ	-depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76 	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	i	-  ~slope   (moderately limited)	!	  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.30 
	~slope   (moderately limited)	0.30 	 	 	~droughty   (slightly limited)	0.04 	 	 	~droughty   (slightly limited)	0.04
Yelton	• -	    0.20	•	    0.78	  Limited  ~slope	    0.78	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily	•	  Limited  ~rooting depth	0.80
	(slightly limited)   	   	(limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.39 	(limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60 	(moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.58	(limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60 
	 	   	 	 	~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	0.39 	~slope   (slightly limited)	0.20 	~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.58
73174: Lily	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	   	    Limited	
	~seepage   (very limited)	  1.00 	  ~slope   (very limited)	1.00 	~slope   (very limited)	1.00 	- -depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00 	  ~slope   (limited)	0.99
	(limited)	į	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76 	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	į	~slope   (limited)	0.99 	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.95
	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.95   	 	   	~droughty   (slightly limited) 	0.04 	 	   	~droughty   (slightly limited)	0.04

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area	as	   Drainage 		   Irrigation 		   Terraces and divers: 	ions	   Grassed waterway: 	s
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
73174: Yelton	Limited  ~slope   (limited)		(very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	1.00    0.60	(limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	0.99    0.60	(limited)  ~rooting depth   (limited)	      0.99    0.80    0.60
73200: Sonsac	~depth to bedrock (limited)	0.85    0.60	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)	  0.79    0.40	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)	  0.79    0.40	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)	1.00    0.79    0.60	  Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	  0.60
73201: Sonsac		i i	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)	    0.79 	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)	  0.79    0.40	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)	  1.00    0.85    0.79
73210: Goss	<pre>~slope (very limited)</pre>	1.00    0.50	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	1.00    1.00  1.00	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	1.00    1.00	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00    1.00
73214: Moko	~bedrock <20 in. (very limited)	1.00   	(very limited)	1.00    1.00 	(very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00    1.00	(very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	   

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area 	as	   Drainage 		   Irrigation 		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73215: Crider	(moderately limited)	•	 	      0.98     	 	      0.98     	    Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	      0.30     	    Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	    0.30
73218: Tiff		    0.80         	(very limited)  ~large stones   (limited	  0.99 	  Very limited  ~slow intake   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	į	  Very limited  ~large stones   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited) 	j	  Very limited  ~large stones   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.80    0.24
73271: Moko	~bedrock <20 in.   (very limited)	İ	(very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~bedrock <20 in.   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00
Rock outcrop 73272: Hildebrecht	      Slightly limited	        0.20       	(limited)  ~large stones   (moderately limited)	  0.51    0.39	  Not rated    Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited) 	i	  Not rated    Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~large stones   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	  0.20 	  Not rated    Limited  ~rooting depth  (limited)  ~wetness  (moderately limited)  ~large stones  (slightly limited)	      0.80    0.58
73273: Coulstone	~slope   (very limited)  ~seepage   (very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)  ~droughty   (limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)  ~large stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)  ~large stones   (very limited)	  1.00    s 1.00    1.00

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area	as	Drainage		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterway	rs
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu   
73273:		i I	[ 	 	 	i I	 	i I	 	İ
Bender	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	1
	~slope	1.00	-slope	1.00	-droughty	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		1.00	-large surface stones	1.00		1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~droughty	1.00
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)		(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	1
	· -	0.89	1 . 5	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	~large surface stones	1.00
	(limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ.	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!
73274:									 	
Scholten	  Timited	 	  Very limited		  Very limited	 	  Limited	! !	  Limited	!
achorcen	~slope	I In 70	~percs slowly	1	very limited  ~percs slowly	I I 1 00	~slope	I In 70	rooting depth	10.80
	(limited)	0 . 7 0 	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	<b></b>	(limited)	0 . 7 0 	(limited)	1
		I   0 - 50	~slope	1	~slope	I   1 . 00	~wetness	I   0 - 55	~slope	0.70
	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(moderately limited)	<b>0.</b> 55	(limited)	1
		i	~large stones	0.30	-droughty	0.13	~large stones	0.01		0.55
		i	(slightly limited		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	
		i	i si si si si si si si si si si si si si	i	i san	i	i star	i		i
73275:		İ	İ	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	į
Gravois	Moderately limited		Limited		Limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited	
	~slope	0.30	~slope	0.98	~slope	0.98	~erodes easily	0.60	~erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1
			-percs slowly		•	0.60	•	0.55		0.55
			(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•
		!	ļ.	!	! -	!	~slope	0.30	~slope	0.30
		ļ	!	ļ	(moderately limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)	!	(moderately limited)	!
Goss	  Limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Limited	 	  Limited	
	~slope	0.99	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	-slope	0.99	-slope	0.99
	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i
	~seepage	0.50	~large stones	0.99	~droughty	0.69	-large stones	0.90	~large stones	0.90
	(moderately limited)		(limited		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	
			-large surface stones	0.13	-large surface stones	0.13	-large surface stones	0.13	~droughty	0.69
			(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	l	(limited)	
		!	!	ļ	!	!	!	!		ļ
73276:		ļ		ļ		ļ		ļ		ļ
Rueter	_		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
		1 . 00	~large stones	1.00		1 . 00	~large stones	1.00	~large stones	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	   0 43	(very limited)		(very limited)	10.45
	-		~slope	1.00		•	~slope	0.45		0.45
	(moderately limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(moderately limited)	I	(moderately limited)	I	(moderately limited)	1
	· ·	i		n 12	l.lamas atomos	10.00		0 12	. dwarrahter	in 42
	-	į	~large surface stones   (slightly limited)	0.13	~large stones   (slightly limited)	0.29	~large surface stones   (slightly limited)	0.13	-  ~droughty   (moderately limited)	0.43

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area	as	   Drainage 		   Irrigation 		   Terraces and divers: 	ions	Grassed waterways		
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
73276: Hildebrecht	Slightly limited ~slope (slightly limited)		(limited) -percs slowly (moderately limited)	0.78    0.39	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited) 	İ	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	İ	  Limited  ~rooting depth   (limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	    0.80    0.58    0.20	
73277: Goss	~slope (limited)	0.99      0.50	(very limited)  ~large stones   (limited	    0.99 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~droughty   (limited)  ~large surface stones   (slightly limited)	    0.69 	(limited)	  0.90 	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -large stones   (limited)  -droughty   (limited)	    0.99    0.90    0.69	
73278: Rueter	<pre>~slope (very limited)</pre>	1.00   	(very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	  0.79 	(limited)	  0.79 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	  1.00        0.79     0.29	
73279: Sonsac		1.00   	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	  1.00    0.40	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -depth to bedrock   (very limited)  -large surface stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00    1.00	
Moko	~bedrock <20 in. (very limited)	1.00      1.00	(very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00 	(very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~bedrock <20 in.   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00	
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 		

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area	as	   Drainage 		Irrigation		Terraces and divers	ions	Grassed waterways	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
73280: Alred	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited) 	0.60    0.50	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.79    0.40	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.79    0.40	  Limited  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited) 	0.79 	  Limited  -large surface stones   (limited)  -slope   (moderately limited)  -droughty   (slightly limited)	  0.60
73282: Alred	~slope   (very limited)	    0.50	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.79    0.40	(limited)	  0.79    0.40	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited) 	į	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	  1.00    0.79    0.09
Sonsac	~slope   (very limited)	İ	Very limited   -slope   (very limited)   -large surface stones   (limited)   -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.79    0.40	Very limited   -slope   (very limited)   -large surface stones   (limited)   -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.79    0.40	(very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited   -slope   (very limited)   -depth to bedrock   (limited)   -large surface stones   (limited)	  1.00    0.85   
73283: Courtois	(moderately limited)	  0.30	  Limited  -slope   (limited)   	    0.98         	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60	Moderately limited  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)  -slope   (moderately limited)	  0.58    0.30	   Moderately limited  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)  -slope   (moderately limited)	0.58
73284: Courtois	~slope   (limited)	0.70    0.50	  Very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)  -large stones   (slightly limited	  0.40 	  very limited  -slope   (very limited)  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.40	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.58	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)	0.58

0.58

Table 15water managementContinued										
Map symbol and soil name	   Pond reservoir areas 		   Drainage		   Irrigation		   Terraces and diversions 		   Grassed waterways 	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73284: Goss	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	0.50	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~droughty   (limited)	İ	  Limited  ~large stones   (limited)  ~slope   (limited)	į	  Limited  ~large stones   (limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~droughty	0.90
73285: Useful	Limited	      0.62       	    Slightly limited  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited) 	į	    Moderately limited  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -percs slowly   (slightly limited)  -slope   (slightly limited)	•	   Moderately limited  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)  -wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.54 	(limited)	  0.62    0.60    0.13
Courtois	  Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited) 	  0.45	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited) 	0.40	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.60    0.40	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	  0.58    0.45	   Moderately limited   ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)   ~wetness   (moderately limited)   ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.58    0.45
73286: Useful	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited) 	0.32	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited) 	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.60    0.15	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.60 	Limited  -slope   (limited)  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)	0.32
Courtois	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	  0.50	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	0.40	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60 	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	0.80

~percs slowly

| (moderately limited)|

|0.40 |~wetness

| (moderately limited)|

0.58 |~wetness

(moderately limited)

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir areas		   Drainage 		   Irrigation 		Terraces and diversions		Grassed waterways	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73287:	j I	j I	j 	i I	і І	i I	і І	j I	i I	į į
Useful	~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	İ	Very limited   ~slope   (very limited)  ~percs slowly	İ	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~erodes easily	  0.60		  0.60	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~erodes easily	  1.00    0.60
	(moderately limited)   		(slightly limited)    -	   	(moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  0.15 	(moderately limited)  ~wetness   (slightly limited)	  0.13 	(moderately limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)	0.32
Sonsac	  ~slope   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (limited  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.99    0.40	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (very limited)  ~droughty   (limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~large stones   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00    1.00	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large stones   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.74
73288: Caneyville	-  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.85	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	    1.00    0.30    0.13	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)	  0.60	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	      1.00    0.70    0.60	  Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.85    0.70    0.60
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
73289: Fourche	    slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)     		  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited) 	i	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  0.60 	   Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	0.36	   Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	0.36
73290: Gatewood	-  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)		  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)	    0.98    0.15    0.09	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  0.60	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.36	  Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.36

Map symbol and soil name	   Pond reservoir areas 		   Drainage 			Grassed waterways				
	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73290: Aaron	      Limited	     	      Limited	     	      Limited	     	      Moderately limited	     	      Limited	     
	(limited)	İ	~slope   (limited)  ~percs slowly	İ	~slope   (limited)  ~erodes easily	0.98    0.60	<pre> ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~depth to bedrock</pre>	•	<pre> ~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~erodes easily</pre>	0.63    0.60
	(moderately limited)   	     	(slightly limited)    -  -	     	(moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  0.15 	(moderately limited)  -wetness (moderately limited)	0.36	(moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.36
73291: Gatewood	    Limited	   	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	   	    Limited	 
	(limited)	į	~slope   (very limited)  ~percs slowly	İ	~slope   (very limited)  ~erodes easily	1.00    0.60	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope	į	~slope   (limited)  ~depth to bedrock	0.99    0.77
	(limited) 	     	(slightly limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)	0.13	(moderately limited)  ~droughty   (moderately limited)	  0.32	(limited)	  0.60	(limited)	  0.60
Aaron	1	      0.99	  Very limited  ~slope	    1.00	  Very limited  ~slope	i I	  Limited  ~slope	i I	  Limited  ~slope	    0.99
	(limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)	  0.50 	(very limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  0.15 	(moderately limited)	  0.60 	(limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	i	(limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	•
	 	   	 	   	~percs slowly   (slightly limited) 	0.15   	~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited) 	0.39   	<pre> ~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.50   
73292: Lily		    1.00 	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	    1.00 	  Very limited  -depth to bedrock   (very limited)	    1.00 	  Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)	    0.89
73293: Caneyville	•	   	    Limited		    Limited	      0.70	    Very limited	      1 00	  -  Limited  -denth to bedrook	
	! -	İ	~slope   (limited)  ~depth to bedrock	0.78	(limited)  ~erodes easily	  0.60	<pre>~depth to bedrock   (very limited)   ~erodes easily</pre>	  0.60	~depth to bedrock   (limited)  ~erodes easily	0.84    0.60
	(slightly limited)    -	   	(slightly limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  0.13 	(moderately limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (slightly limited)	  0.27 	(moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.58	(moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.58

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area	as	Drainage		Irrigation		Terraces and divers:	ions	Grassed waterways		
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
73294:	 	 	 	 	 	 		<u> </u>	 		
Ocie	Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~depth to bedrock	į	Very limited  ~large surface stones   (very limited)  ~slope	  1.00    1.00	Very limited  ~large surface stones   (very limited)  ~slope	į	Very limited   ~large surface stones   (very limited)   ~large stones	İ	Very limited  ~large surface stones   (very limited)  ~large stones	     1.00       1.00	
	(moderately limited)   	•	(very limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	    0.40	(very limited)  -percs slowly   (moderately limited)	İ	range stones   (very limited)   ~slope   (limited)	İ	(very limited)  -slope   (limited)	    0.80	
74634:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	
	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)	•	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)	    0.98 	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)	    0.98 	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60 	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60	
	 	   	~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  0.39 	<pre> -erodes easily   (moderately limited)  -percs slowly</pre>	0.60      0.39	~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope	0.60    0.30	-wetness (moderately limited)	0.60	
		į			(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		
74650: Higdon	    Not limited	   	    Moderately limited	   	    Moderately limited	   	    Moderately limited		    Moderately limited	   	
	   	   	<pre> ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly</pre>	į	<pre> ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~erodes easily</pre>	0.60    0.60	<pre> ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness</pre>	0.60    0.53	<pre> ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness</pre>	0.60     0.53	
	 	   	   (slightly limited)   	   	(moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	  0.15 	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)    -	i I I	
74652:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 		
Lecoma	Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	•	Limited  ~slope   (limited)	  0.98 	Limited  ~slope   (limited)	  0.98 	Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60 	Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60 	
	~slope   (moderately limited)	0.30 	 	 	<pre> ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.60 	~slope   (moderately limited)	0.30 	~slope   (moderately limited)	0.30	
74653:	 	 	 		 	 	 		 	-	
Racoon	NOT limited	   		•	Moderately limited  ~flooding	•	Very limited  ~wetness	  1.00	Very limited  ~wetness	1.00	
		     	(moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited) 	0.39	<pre>(moderately limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.60	(very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited) 	  0.60 	(very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited) 	  0.60   	

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir are	as	Drainage		Irrigation		Terraces and diversions		Grassed waterways	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   
74653: Freeburg	    Not limited         	             	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited) 	į	  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	0.60    0.60	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited) 	0.53	   Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited) 	0.53
74656: Deible	  Not limited     	           	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited) 	      1.00   	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)	  0.60	Very limited  wetness (very limited)  erodes easily (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.60
74661: Waben	Very limited  -seepage   (very limited)  -slope   (moderately limited)	  0.30	  Limited  ~slope   (limited) 	      0.98   	  Limited  ~slope   (limited) 	      0.98   	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	•	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	0.30
74662: Higdon	  Slightly limited  ~slope   (slightly limited)   	    0.10         	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited) 	j	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~percs slowly   (slightly limited)	0.60    0.40	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	0.53	(moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	0.53
75376: Cedargap	  Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	•	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	      0.90	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	      0.90	    Not limited   	       	  Not limited 	 
75388: Kaintuck	  Very limited  ~seepage   (very limited)	      1.00	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	      0.90	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	      0.90	  Not limited   	       	    Not limited   	       

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area	as	Drainage		Irrigation     Irrigation		   Terraces and divers 	ions	Grassed waterways	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value  	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75388: Relfe			  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	      0.90     	(very limited)	      1.00    0.90	    Moderately limited  ~too sandy   (moderately limited)   	      0.60     	    Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)   	      1.00   
75398: Kaintuck			  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	      0.90	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	      0.90	    Not limited   	       	    Not limited   	     
75406: Racket	  Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited)	0.50	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	      0.90 	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)	      0.90 	    Not limited   	       	  Not limited     	       
75412: Razort			  Moderately limited  ~flooding   (moderately limited) 		(moderately limited)	  0.60	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)   	    0.60     	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)   	  0.60      
75427: Gabriel	   Not limited     		Moderately limited  -flooding (moderately limited)  -percs slowly (slightly limited)	i	  Moderately limited  -flooding   (moderately limited)  -percs slowly   (slightly limited)	    0.60    0.13	  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 		  Limited  ~wetness   (limited) 	    0.86     
75450: Bloomsdale			Limited  -large stones   (limited  -flooding   (limited)	    0.99    0.90	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited) 	      0.90     	  Moderately limited  ~large stones   (moderately limited) 	    0.30   	  Moderately limited  ~large stones   (moderately limited)   	0.30
75453: Sturkie	  Moderately limited  ~seepage   (moderately limited) 	0.50	Moderately limited  ~flooding  (moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	  0.60	  Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)   	      0.60   	  Moderately limited  -erodes easily   (moderately limited)   	    0.60   

Map symbol and soil name	Pond reservoir area	as	Drainage 		Irrigation   		Terraces and divers	Grassed waterways		
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
75459:	l				l		l		l	
Huzzah			Limited		Limited		Moderately limited	!	Moderately limited	
		1.00	~flooding	0.90	~flooding	0.90			~erodes easily	0.60
	(very limited)	!	(limited)	!	(limited)		(moderately limited)	!	(moderately limited)	!
	 	 	 	 	<pre> ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.60 	 	 	 	
75460:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
	  Moderately limited	İ	  Moderately limited	i	  Moderately limited	İ	  Moderately limited	i	  Moderately limited	i
	~seepage	0.50	~flooding	0.60	-flooding	0.60	~erodes easily	0.60	~erodes easily	0.60
	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	į	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	· İ
	l		1		~erodes easily	0.60	I		I	1
	 	 	 		(moderately limited)	 	 	 	 	
77014:									 	
Rock outcrop	Not rated 	 	Not rated 	 	Not rated 	 	Not rated 	 	Not rated 	
Taumsauk	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i
	~bedrock <20 in.	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-large stones	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		0.89	~large stones	1.00		1.00		1.00	~bedrock <20 in.	1.00
	(limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!
	 	 	<pre> ~large surface stones   (very limited)</pre>	1.00 	<pre> ~large surface stones   (very limited)</pre>	1.00 	<pre> ~large surface stones   (very limited)</pre>	1.00 	~droughty   (very limited)	1.00
77015:	 	İ	 	İ	 	İ	 		 	İ
Irondale	  Verv limited	l İ	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	l İ	  Very limited	! !	  Very limited	
		1	~slope	•		1	-depth to bedrock	1.00	~large stones	11.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~depth to bedrock	0.96	-large stones	0.99	-slope	1.00	-large stones	1.00	-droughty	1.00
	(limited)	ĺ	(limited	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ
	~seepage	0.50	~depth to bedrock	0.83	-large stones	0.90	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)	 	(limited)		(limited)	 	(very limited)	 	(very limited)	1
Taumsauk			  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	
	!	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00		1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-large stones	1.00
	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)		(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)		(very limited)	1
		11.00	-large stones	11.00		1.00	~large stones	11.00	~bedrock <20 in.	1.00
	(very limited)	<u> </u>	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	 	 	~slope   (very limited)	 	~large stones   (very limited)	1.00 	~slope   (very limited)	  00	<pre> ~droughty   (very limited)</pre>	1.00
Dook outgro-	  Not mated	 	   Not mated		  Not mated	 	  Not mated		  Not mated	ļ
Rock outcrop	NOL Tated	 	Not rated	1	Not rated	!	Not rated	!	Not rated	!

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Table 15.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Pond reservoir area 	as	   Drainage 		Irrigation   		   Terraces and divers: 	ions	Grassed waterways	
	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
77016:	 	 		 	 	   		 	 	İ I
Irondale	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)		Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	  1.00
	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	j j	~large surface stones   (very limited)	İ	~large surface stones   (very limited)	İ	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	į	~large surface stones   (very limited)	į
	~seepage   (moderately limited) 		~depth to bedrock   (moderately limited) 		~droughty   (limited) 	0.91   	~large surface stones   (very limited) 	1.00   	~droughty   (limited) 	0.91   
Taumsauk	  Very limited  ~bedrock <20 in.   (very limited)		  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~large stones   (very limited)	1.00
		į į	<pre>~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)</pre>	İ	-droughty (very limited)	İ	-depth to bedrock (very limited)	į	~bedrock <20 in.   (very limited)	1.00
	 	   	~large stones   (very limited) 	1.00   	~slope   (very limited) 	1.00   	~large stones   (very limited) 	1.00   	~slope   (very limited) 	1.00   
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	[ [	Not rated	İ !	  Not rated 	İ İ	Not rated	į Į	Not rated 	į Į
77017:		! !		ļ		ļ		!		!
Knobtop	'		Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.40	Moderately limited  ~erodes easily   (moderately limited)		Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00 	Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)	  0.77 
	-  ~slope   (slightly limited)	0.10	(slightly limited)	İ	~slope   (moderately limited)		~erodes easily (moderately limited)	į	-erodes easily (moderately limited)	
	 	   	~large surface stones   (slightly limited) 	0.13   	~percs slowly   (slightly limited) 	0.15   	~wetness   (moderately limited) 	0.53   	<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.53   
77019:		i i		i	İ	į		İ	j	i
Frenchmill			Very limited		Very limited	ļ	Very limited	ļ	Very limited	ļ
	~slope	1.00		1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)  ~seepage	 	(very limited)  ~large surface stones	  1 00	(very limited)  ~large surface stones	  1 00	(very limited)  ~large surface stones	  1 00	(very limited)  ~large surface stones	    1 00
	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1.00 	(very limited)	1.00 	(very limited)	1
	(moderatery rimited)		_	0.51	~large stones	0.01		1	~large stones	1.00
		   	(moderately limited)	•	(slightly limited)	   	(very limited)	   	(very limited)	
99000:		į		į	į	į		į	į	į
Pits, quarries	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	
99001: Water	    Not rated	   	  Not rated	;   	    Not rated	 	    Not rated	   	    Not rated	<u> </u> 
99014: Mine tailings	    Not rated	   	    Not rated	!   	    Not rated	   	    Not rated	!   	    Not rated	   

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the potential limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

	Land application of ma		Land application of		Disposal of wastewate	r by	Treatment of wastewat	-	!	-
Map symbol and	and food processing	waste	municipal sewage sl	udge	irrigation		slow rate proces	s	rapid infiltration p	rocess
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	l	limiting features	L	limiting features	L	limiting features	l	limiting features	<u> </u>
66014:				į			   	į		į
Haymond	 	!	  Very limited	!	  Very limited	!	  Very limited	!	  Very limited	-
наушопо				1 00		1 00				1 00
		1.00		11.00	~flooding	11.00	~flooding	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	1
	. •	1.00		1.00	~poor filter	1.00	~poor filter	1.00	~flooding	1.00
	(very limited) 	l I	(very limited) 	l I	(very limited) 	l I	(very limited) 	 	(very limited) 	
70028:	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	i
Moko			Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	l	Very limited	
	-shallow to bedrock	1.00	~droughty	1.00	-droughty	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	l	(very limited)	
	~droughty	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	-large surface stones	0.79	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1	(limited)	I	(very limited)	
	~large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	~slope	0.70	~slope	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)	İ	(limited)	Ì	(limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	į
Rock outcrop	  Not rated	! !	  Not rated	! !	  Not rated	! !	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	!
73012:	 	l I	 	l I	 	l I	 	 	 	
Gravois	Limited	i	Limited	i	  Limited	i	Limited	i	  Very limited	i
	~percs slowly		~percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)	1	(limited)		(limited)	1	(limited)	1	(very limited)	
		1  0.55	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.55	-wetness	0.55		10.55	~wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	1
	(moderatery rimited)	l I	(moderacery rimiced)	¦	~slope	•	~slope	•	~slope	0.91
	! 	 	 		(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(limited)	
73035:										
73035: Gravois	  Limited	l I	  Limited	l I	  Limited	 	  Limited	 	  Very limited	1
	~slope		~slope	0.68	~slope	0.89	~slope	0.89	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)	1	(limited)		(limited)	1	(limited)	1	(very limited)	
	~percs slowly	1   0 60	~percs slowly	IO 60	~percs slowly	10 60	~percs slowly	I In 60	~slope	1.00
	(limited)	0 . 00 	(limited)	10.00	(limited)	1	(limited)	1	(very limited)	1
	(IIMICed)  ~wetness	l In ee	(IIMICed)  ~wetness	   0 = E	(IIMICed)  ~wetness	1  0.55		 	(very rimited)  ~wetness	11.00
	(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)		~wethess   (moderately limited)	1	~wethess   (moderately limited)		~wethess   (very limited)	
	į	İ		İ		İ		İ	ĺ	į
73039:										
Glensted			Very limited	1 00	Very limited	1 00	Very limited	1 00	Very limited	
		11.00	~wetness	1.00	~wetness	11.00	~wetness	11.00	~wetness	1.00
	(very limited)	ı	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	I	(very limited)	1

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Land application of ma		Land application of municipal sewage sli		Disposal of wastewate   irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewate slow rate proces	-	Treatment of wastewat  rapid infiltration pr	-
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value		Value		Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features		limiting features	 	limiting features	 	limiting features	l	limiting features	
73046: Wrengart	   Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited)   	    0.31     	   Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited)   		(moderately limited)	0.30	(moderately limited)	    0.30	  Very limited  ~percs slowly  (very limited)  ~wetness  (very limited)  ~slope	    1.00    1.00    0.91
73052: Lily	•	        0.66	      Limited  ~depth to bedrock	        0.66	      Limited  ~depth to bedrock	        0.66	      Very limited  ~depth to bedrock	        1.00	(limited)        Very limited  ~depth to bedrock	        1.00
	(limited)       	     	(limited)       	       	(limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	  0.30   	(very limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	  0.30     	<pre>(very limited)  ~slope   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)</pre>	  0.91    0.32
73053:	 	 	 	 		 		 	 	
Lily	•	  0.76 	Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)	  0.76 	Limited  ~depth to bedrock   (limited)	  0.76 	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	  1.00	Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00
		•	(Timited)  -droughty   (moderately limited)	•			(very rimited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	•	(very limited)   (very limited)	1.00
	<pre> ~slope   (moderately limited)</pre>	•	~slope   (moderately limited)	•	~droughty   (moderately limited)		~too acid   (slightly limited)	0.06 	~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	0.32
Bender		    1.00	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	    1.00	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	    1.00
	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	İ	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76	~slope   (moderately limited)	•	~slope   (very limited)	1.00
	<pre> ~too acid   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.48   	<pre> ~too acid   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.48   	~slope   (moderately limited) 	0.60   	~too acid   (moderately limited) 	0.48   	<pre> ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)  </pre>	0.32   
73066: Bender	  Very limited	 	    Very limited	 	    Very limited	 	    Very limited	 	    Very limited	
		  1.00 	~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00 		  1.00 	-depth to bedrock (very limited)	1.00	~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	1.00
	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76	~depth to bedrock   (limited)	0.76 	adepth to bedrock (limited)	0.76	  ~slope   (moderately limited)	0.60 	~slope   (very limited)	1.00
	•	0.48	-too acid   (moderately limited)		!		-	0.48		0.32

Table 16Waste ManagementContinued

	Land application of ma		Land application of		Disposal of wastewater	r by	Treatment of wastewate	_	•	_
Map symbol and	and food processing		municipal sewage sl		irrigation		slow rate process		rapid infiltration pr	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Valu
73067:	   	   	   	   		   	   	   	   	
Bender	Very limited	İ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i
	-slope	1.00	-  ~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-slope	1.00
	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ
	~depth to bedrock	0.76	~depth to bedrock	0.76	~depth to bedrock	0.76	~large surface stones	0.60	~large surface stones	0.60
	(limited)	i I	(limited)	į	(limited)	j i	(moderately limited)	i I	(moderately limited)	İ
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	!   	  Not rated 	
73089:	İ	i	i	i	i	! 	i	i	i	i
Rueter	Very limited	i	Very limited	i	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i	Very limited	i
			-  ~slope	1.00		1.00	-  ~slope	1.00	-  ~slope	11.00
	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	-too acid	0.84	-too acid	0.84	~too acid	0.84	-too acid	0.84	-too cobbly	0.95
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	i
	~large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79
	(limited)	 	(limited)	į	(limited)	 	(limited)	İ	(limited)	į
73159:	 	i	 	i	 	 	! 	! 	! 	i
Yelton	Moderately limited	i	Moderately limited	i	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	i	Very limited	i
	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	İ	İ	İ	İ	~slope	0.20	-  ~slope	0.20	~wetness	1.00
	İ	İ	İ	İ	(slightly limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	İ	i	İ	İ	i -	İ	İ	i	-slope	0.66
	 	İ	   	į			 	İ	(limited)	į
73162:		 						!   !		
Alred			Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	1
		1.00	~slope	11.00		1.00		1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
		0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79		0.79	1	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	ļ	(very limited)	
		0.03	~droughty	0.03		0.03	!	!	-large surface stones	10.79
	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited)   	 	 	 	(limited) 	
Rueter	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	ĺ	  Very limited	İ
	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~too acid	0.84	-too acid	0.84	~too acid	0.84	-too acid	0.84	-too cobbly	0.95
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	l	(limited)	
	-large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)					

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

	Land application of ma		Land application o		Disposal of wastewate	r by	Treatment of wastewat	_	•	_
Map symbol and	and food processing	waste	municipal sewage sl	udge	irrigation		slow rate proces	s	rapid infiltration pr	cocess
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features		limiting features	L	limiting features		limiting features		limiting features	
	İ									
				ļ.		ļ		ļ.		ļ
73166:	 	!	 	!	 	!	 	!		!
Viburnum			Limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited	
	~percs slowly	10.60	~percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	10.60	~percs slowly	10.60	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	~wetness	•	~wetness	0.55	~wetness	0.55	•	0.55	•	1.00
	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(very limited)	
	-too acid		~too acid	0.48	-too acid	0.48		•	~slope	0.66
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	!	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	!	(limited)	!
Tonti	  Limited	 	  Limited	ŀ	  Limited		  Limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	1
	~too acid	0.60	~too acid	0.60	~too acid	0.60	~too acid	0.60	~percs slowly	11.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	1	(very limited)	
	~wetness	0.55	~wetness	0.55	~wetness	0.55	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.55		1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
	(	i	(	i	~slope	0.20		•	~slope	0.66
	i	i	i	i	slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(limited)	
	İ	į	İ	İ	j	j	j	İ	j	İ
73173:		ļ		ļ.		ļ		ļ.		ļ
Lily	•	ļ	Limited	!	Limited	ļ	Very limited	!	Very limited	!
	~depth to bedrock	0.76	~depth to bedrock	0.76	~depth to bedrock	0.76	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(limited)	ļ	(limited)	!	(limited)	ļ	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!
	~too acid	0.06	-too acid	0.06	~slope	0.30	~slope		~slope	0.91
	(slightly limited)	ļ	(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	!	(limited)	
	-droughty	0.04	~droughty	0.04	-too acid	0.06	•	0.06		0.32
	(slightly limited)	ļ	(slightly limited)	!	slightly limited)	ļ	slightly limited)	!	(moderately limited)	)
Yelton	  Moderately limited	 	  Moderately limited	ŀ	  Moderately limited		  Moderately limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	1
	~wetness	0.58	-wetness	0.58	-wetness	0.58	-wetness	0.58	~percs slowly	11.00
	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	i
		i	(	i	~slope	0.20	·	•	~wetness	1.00
	i	i	i	i	slightly limited)		slightly limited)		(very limited)	
	İ	i	I I	i	(21191101) 1111111000)	i	(21191101)	i	~slope	0.66
	İ	i	I I	i	! 	i	! 	i	(limited)	1
	İ	i	<u> </u>	i	 	i	 	i		i
73174:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	j	İ
Lily	Limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited		Very limited	1
	-depth to bedrock	0.76	-depth to bedrock	0.76	~slope	0.99	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	-slope	0.76	~slope	0.76	~depth to bedrock	0.76	~slope	0.99	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	1
	-too acid	0.06	-too acid	0.06	-too acid	0.06	-too acid	0.06	~percs slowly	0.32
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	)
	İ				I					

	Land application of ma	anure	Land application of	£	Disposal of wastewater	r by	Treatment of wastewate	er by	Treatment of wastewat	ter by
Map symbol and	and food processing v		municipal sewage slu		irrigation	-	slow rate proces	-	rapid infiltration pr	-
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Valu
			limiting reactives	l		 				
73174:	 	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	l I
Yelton	Limited	į į	Limited	İ	Limited	ĺ	Limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.99	~slope	0.99	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)	į į	(limited)	İ	(limited)	ĺ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)	į į	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
		į į		İ	İ	ĺ	ĺ	İ	~wetness	1.00
				İ		ĺ		ĺ	(very limited)	Ì
73200:	 	i i		 	 	! 	 	! 	 	
Sonsac	Limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited	l	Very limited	
	-large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79	-depth to bedrock	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~percs slowly	0.76	~percs slowly	0.76	~percs slowly	0.76	-large surface stones	0.79	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	l	(very limited)	
	~slope	0.30	~slope	0.30	~slope	0.60	-percs slowly	0.76	~slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	(limited)	 	(very limited)	
73201:										
Sonsac			Very limited	ļ	Very limited	!	Very limited	!	Very limited	ļ
		1.00	_	1.00		1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ
		0.79	_	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)	ļ	(limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ
		0.76	· -	0.76	~percs slowly	0.76	-large surface stones	0.79		1.00
	(limited) 	 	(limited)	 	(limited) 	 	(limited) 	 	(very limited) 	l I
73210:	İ			į		į		į		į
Goss	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	!	Very limited	!	Very limited	ļ
		1.00	~large surface stones	11.00		11.00	~slope	11.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	~large surface stones	1.00	_	11.00	-large surface stones	11.00		11.00		s 1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ .	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ
	<pre> ~large stones   (moderately limited)</pre>		~large stones	•	~large stones	0.45	<pre> ~large stones</pre> <pre>  (moderately limited)</pre>		<pre> ~too cobbly   (very limited)</pre>	1.00
			(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)					

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

	Land application of ma		Land application of				· -		· ·	
Map symbol and	and food processing	waste	municipal sewage sl	udge	irrigation		slow rate process	3	rapid infiltration pr	rocess
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value  	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
	 	 		 		 	[ [	 	[ [	 
73174:	j	i i		į į		į		İ	İ	İ
Yelton	Limited		Limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited	
	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.99	~slope	0.99	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	~wetness	0.58		0.58		0.58	•	•	~slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)	!!	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)	ļ	(very limited)	
	 	 		 		 	 	 	~wetness   (very limited)	1.00 
73200:	 	 		 		 	 	 	 	
Sonsac	Limited	į i	Limited	i	Limited	į	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	i
	-large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	~percs slowly	0.76	~percs slowly	0.76	~percs slowly	0.76	-large surface stones	0.79	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	1
	~slope	0.30				•	~percs slowly	0.76	~slope	1.00
	(moderately limited) 	 	(moderately limited)	 	(moderately limited)	 	(limited) 	l İ	(very limited) 	 
73201:	İ	į į		į		į		į		į
Sonsac			Very limited		Very limited	•	Very limited		Very limited	1
	! -	1.00	~slope	1.00	· -	1.00		1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~large surface stones   (limited)	0.79   	<pre>~large surface stones  (limited)</pre>	10.79	<pre> ~large surface stones   (limited)</pre>	0.79 	~slope   (very limited)	1.00	~slope   (very limited)	1.00
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	  0.76		  0.76		   0.76	(very limited)  ~large surface stones	   0.79	(very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	1
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
73210:	 	 		 		 		 	 	1
Goss	  Very limited	į į	Very limited	į į	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	~slope	1.00	~large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	-large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	~large surface stones	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	-large surface stones	s 1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	<pre> ~large stones   (moderately limited)</pre>		<pre>~large stones   (moderately limited)</pre>		<pre>~large stones   (moderately limited)</pre>	•	<pre> ~large stones</pre>   (moderately limited)	•	<pre> ~too cobbly   (very limited)</pre>	1.00
	(moderacely limited)		(moderacery rimiced)	! !	(moderacery rimiced)	! !	(moderacely limited)	 	(very limited)	
73214:	i	i i		i	İ	i		i		i
Moko	  Very limited	i i	Very limited	i i	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	i
	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)	l Ì	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	l	(very limited)	
	~droughty	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	[	(very limited)	l	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	ļ
		1.00	~large surface stones	1.00		1.00	~large surface stones	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited) 	 	(very limited)	[ [	(very limited)	 	(very limited) 	 	(very limited) 	1
Rock outcrop	Not rated	i i	Not rated	i	Not rated	İ	  Not rated	İ	  Not rated	i

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Land application of ma		Land application of municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewates   irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewate slow rate proces	_	Treatment of wastewat  rapid infiltration pr	_
soil name	'	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
73215: Crider	    Not limited     	           	    Not limited       	             	    Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	0.30	    Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	•	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	      1.00    0.91
73218: Tiff	~percs slowly	      0.60	  Limited  ~percs slowly	•		      0.80		      0.80	  Very limited  ~percs slowly	1
	(moderately limited)	İ	(limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)  ~droughty   (slightly limited)	i	(limited)	  0.60    0.24	(limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)   	  0.60     	(very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)  ~too cobbly   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.39
73271: Moko		İ	(very limited)	į	(very limited)	į	  Very limited  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~slope   (very limited)	İ	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)	    1.00    1.00
Rock outcrop	Not rated	!   	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	!   	  Not rated 	<u> </u>	  Not rated 	į
73272: Hildebrecht	  Moderately limited  ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~too acid   (slightly limited) 	0.58 	  Moderately limited  -wetness   (moderately limited)  -too acid   (slightly limited) 	0.58 	(moderately limited)  ~slope   (slightly limited)	0.58    0.20	Moderately limited  -wetness  (moderately limited)  -slope  (slightly limited)  -too acid (slightly limited)	  0.20 	  Very limited  -percs slowly   (very limited)  -wetness   (very limited)  -slope   (limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.66
73273: Coulstone	  ~slope   (very limited)  ~large surface stones	İ		i	(very limited)  ~large surface stones	İ		i	  Very limited  ~slope   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	    1.00    1.00
	(very limited)  ~droughty   (limited) 	  0.97   	(very limited)  ~droughty   (limited) 	  0.97   	(very limited)  ~droughty   (limited) 	  0.97   	(very limited)  ~too acid   (limited) 	  0.92   	(very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited) 	  1.00 

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

	Land application of ma		Land application o		Disposal of wastewate:	r by	Treatment of wastewat	-		-
Map symbol and	and food processing	waste	municipal sewage sl		irrigation		slow rate proces		rapid infiltration pr	ocess
soil name	Rating class and	Value		Value		Value	Rating class and	Value		Value
	limiting features	 	limiting features		limiting features	l	limiting features	l	limiting features	
73273:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Bender	Very limited		Very limited	1	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	1.00	-droughty	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	1	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	~slope	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)	1	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	
73274:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Scholten	Moderately limited	ĺ	Moderately limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited	1
	~wetness	0.55	~wetness	0.55	~slope	0.70	~slope	0.70	~wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)	I	(moderately limited)	1	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	1
	~slope	0.45	~slope	0.45	~wetness	0.55	~wetness	0.55	~slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
	~too acid	0.36	-too acid	0.36	-too acid	0.36	-too acid	0.36	~percs slowly	0.32
	(moderately limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	
73275:	 	 	 	 	 	 	<u> </u>	 		
Gravois	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Very limited	ĺ
	~wetness	0.55	~wetness	0.55	~wetness	0.55	~wetness	0.55	~percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	ĺ	İ	ĺ	İ	~slope	0.30	~slope	0.30	~wetness	1.00
	ĺ	İ	ĺ	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	ĺ	İ	ĺ	İ	ĺ	İ	İ	İ	~slope	0.91
	į	į	į	į	į	į	  -	į	(limited)	į
Goss	  Limited	 	  Limited	 	  Limited	 	  Limited	 	  Very limited	
	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.99	~slope	0.99	~slope	1.00
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~droughty	0.69	~droughty	0.69	~droughty	0.69	-large surface stones	0.13	~percs slowly	0.32
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(slightly limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	ĺ
	-large surface stones	0.13	-large surface stones	0.13	-large surface stones	0.13	İ	İ	~large surface stones	0.13
	(slightly limited)	ļ	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)				(slightly limited)	
73276:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 		
Rueter	Limited	İ	Limited	İ	Limited	İ	Limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	~too acid	0.84	~too acid	0.84	~too acid	0.84	~too acid	0.84	~slope	1.00
	(limited)	I	(limited)	1	(limited)	1	(limited)	1	(very limited)	1
	~droughty	0.43	~droughty	0.43	~slope	0.45	~slope	0.45	~too cobbly	0.95
	(moderately limited)	I	(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1	(limited)	1
	~slope		~slope	0.15	<u> </u>	•	-large surface stones	•	~percs slowly	0.32
	(slightly limited)	I	(slightly limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1	(moderately limited)	1
	į	İ	j	İ	j	į		i	· ·	İ

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Land application of ma		Land application of municipal sewage slo		Disposal of wastewater	r by	Treatment of wastewate   slow rate process	-	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	-
soil name		Value		Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value		Value
73276:		   	   	   	 	   		   	   	
Hildebrecht	Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Very limited	
1	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~percs slowly	1.00
1	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	l	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
1	~too acid	0.48	-too acid	0.48	~too acid	0.48	-too acid	0.48	~wetness	1.00
1	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
1			l		~slope	0.20	~slope	0.20	~slope	0.66
			 	 	(slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited)	 	(limited)	
73277:			 	<u> </u>		 				
Goss			Limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited	
[	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.99	~slope	0.99	-slope	1.00
[	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
[	~droughty	0.69	-droughty	0.69	-droughty	0.69	-large surface stones	0.13	~percs slowly	0.32
[	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)	
1	~large surface stones	0.13		0.13	-large surface stones	0.13			-large surface stones	3   0.13
	(slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited)	 		 	(slightly limited)	
73278:			 	<u> </u>	İ					i
Rueter	-		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
[	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	-slope	1.00
[	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
1	~too acid	1.00	-too acid	1.00	~too acid	1.00	-too acid	1.00	-large surface stones	s 0.79
1	(very limited)		(very limited)	l	(very limited)		(very limited)		(limited)	
1	~large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79	-large surface stones	0.79	~percs slowly	0.32
	(limited)	 	(limited)	 	(limited)	 	(limited)	 	(moderately limited) 	)
73279:			 	<u> </u>	İ					i
Sonsac	-		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
[	~slope	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
I	(very limited)		(very limited)	l	(very limited)		(very limited)	l	(very limited)	
I	~large surface stones	1.00		1.00	-large surface stones	1.00		1.00	~slope	1.00
I	(very limited)		(very limited)	l	(very limited)		(very limited)	l	(very limited)	
I		1.00		1.00		1.00	~large surface stones	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
I	(very limited)	 	(very limited)	 	(very limited)	 	(very limited)	 	(very limited) 	
Moko	Very limited		  Very limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	i
I		1.00		1.00	1	1.00		1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
Ţ	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
I		1.00	•	1.00		1.00		1.00	-slope	1.00
[	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
1	-	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	•	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	1 1	/	ı	1 ( 13313)	ı	(very limited)	ı	1 / 1 ! ! 1	1
	(very limited)		(very limited)	 	(very limited)	l I	(very limited)	l I	(very limited)	

able	16Waste	ManagementContinued
ante	IUWaste	Management Continue

	Land application of ma		Land application o		Disposal of wastewate	r by	Treatment of wastewate	_	•	_
Map symbol and	and food processing		municipal sewage sl		irrigation	177-1	slow rate process		rapid infiltration pr	
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 	Rating class and   limiting features	Valu
3280: Alred	 		T 1 1	ļ	 					!
	Limited  ~large surface stones		Limited  -large surface stones	•	Limited	   0 70	Limited  ~large surface stones	   0 70	Very limited  ~percs slowly	1
	~large surface stones   (limited)	10.79	~large surface stones   (limited)	10.79	~large surface stones   (limited)	10.79	(limited)	10.79	~percs slowly   (very limited)	11.00
	(IIMICed)  ~slope	   0 20	(limited)  ~slope	10 20	(IIMICed)  ~slope	   0 60		   0 60	(very limited)  ~slope	1
	~slope   (moderately limited)	•	~slope   (moderately limited)	•	~slope   (moderately limited)	•	~slope   (moderately limited)	•	~slope   (very limited)	1
	(moderately limited)  ~too acid		(moderately limited)  ~too acid		(moderately limited)  ~too acid	•	(moderately limited)  ~too acid			10 70
	~too acid   (slightly limited)	10.24		10.24	'	10.24	•	10.24	<pre> ~large surface stones   (limited)</pre>	10.75
	(Slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited)	!	slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(limited)	
3282:	 	 		¦	 	l I	! !		! !	<u> </u>
Alred	  Verv limited	 	Very limited	¦	  Very limited	¦	  Very limited	<u> </u>	  Very limited	¦
		I   1 . 00	~slope	1 1 00	very limited  ~slope	l   1 . 00	• -	l   1 . 00	~percs slowly	11.00
	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1
		   79	· •	  0.79		   0 79	~large surface stones	   0 79		11.00
	(limited)	10.75	(limited)	10.75	(limited)	10.75	(limited)	10.75	(very limited)	1
	~too acid	I I0.24	-too acid	10.24	~too acid	10.24	~too acid	10.24	~large surface stones	10.79
	slightly limited)	0 • 2 ±   	(slightly limited)	10.24	slightly limited)	0 • 2 <del>-</del>	(slightly limited)	0 • 2 <del>-</del>	(limited)	1
	(Blighely limited)	 	(Bilghely limited)	¦	(Blighely limited)	¦	(Brightly limited)	<u> </u>	(IIMICed)	i
Sonsac	ı İlimited		Limited	ł	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i
	~slope		~slope		~slope	1	• -	1	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79	~large surface stones	0.79		1.00	~slope	11.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	i
		0.76	~percs slowly	0.76	~percs slowly	0.76	~large surface stones	0.79		1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	İ	j j		İ	İ	İ	İ	i	İ	i
3283:	İ	į į		ĺ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Courtois	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Moderately limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)	į į	(moderately limited)	ĺ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
		İ		İ	~slope	0.30	~slope	0.30	~wetness	1.00
		İ		ĺ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
		İ		ĺ		İ		İ	~slope	0.91
		ĺ		İ		İ	ĺ	İ	(limited)	İ
									I	
3284:									I	
ourtois	Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Limited		Limited		Very limited	
	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~slope	0.70	~slope	0.70	~percs slowly	1.0
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	~slope	0.45	~slope	0.45	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
	l				l		I		~wetness	1.0
	l				l		I		(very limited)	

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Land application of male and food processing		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate:   irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewat slow rate proces	_	Treatment of wastewat  rapid infiltration pr	_
soil name	Rating class and	Value		Value		Value		Value	<del></del>	Valu
BOII Hame	limiting features	varue 	limiting features	varue	limiting features	varue	limiting features	varue 	limiting features	Valu
	į	İ	<u> </u>	İ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	į	<u> </u>	İ
73284:	 	 	 	 		 		 	 	
Goss	Limited	i	Limited	i i	Limited	i	Limited	i	Very limited	i
	-droughty	0.69	-droughty	0.69	~slope	0.89	- -slope	0.89	-  ~slope	11.00
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~slope	0.68	-  ~slope	0.68	-droughty	0.69	İ	i	~percs slowly	0.32
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i i	(limited)	i	İ	i	(moderately limited)	) İ
	İ	i	İ	i i		i	İ	i	- -too acid	0.07
	j	İ	İ	į į		j		İ	(slightly limited)	j
73285:		 	 			 		 	 	
	  Slightly limited	! 	  Slightly limited		  Slightly limited	 	  Moderately limited	! 	  Very limited	
	~wetness	0.13	~wetness	0.13	~wetness	0.13	~depth to bedrock	0.54	~percs slowly	1.00
	(slightly limited)	i	(slightly limited)	i i	(slightly limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	i	i	i	i		i	~wetness	0.13	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	İ	i	İ	i i		i	(slightly limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	İ	i	İ	i i		i		i	~wetness	1.00
	j	İ	İ	į į		İ	İ	İ	(very limited)	j
Countrie	  Moderately limited		  Wadamatalu limitad		  Wodowstoler limited		  Modematel: limited		 	
Courtois	•		Moderately limited  ~wetness		Moderately limited  ~wetness	•	Moderately limited  ~wetness	 	Very limited	1 00
	(moderately limited)	•	~wethess   (moderately limited)		~wethess   (moderately limited)	•	~wethess   (moderately limited)	•	~percs slowly   (very limited)	1.00
	\text{moderatery rimited}   \text{\$\dagger}	•	(moderatery rimited)  ~too acid		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	  0.45		I  0.45		1
	(slightly limited)	10.10	(slightly limited)	10.10	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	1
	\slightly limited)  ~slope	   0 1	(Slightly limited)  ~slope	  0 15	•	:	(moderacely limited)  ~too acid	  0.18	! ' -	11.00
	(slightly limited)	U - 13	(slightly limited)	10.13	slightly limited)	10.10	(slightly limited)	0 • ± 0	(very limited)	1
		<u> </u>						<u> </u>		i
73286:		ļ								!
Useful			Limited	10.60	Limited		Limited		Very limited	
	~percs slowly	10.60	~percs slowly	0.60	~slope	10.70	~slope	10.70	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)  ~slope	   0 4	(limited)  ~slope	10 45	(limited)	10.00	(limited)	I I o c o	(very limited)	1
		•			<pre>~percs slowly (limited)</pre>	10.60	~percs slowly   (limited)	0.60	~slope	11.00
	(moderately limited)  ~wetness	•	(moderately limited)  ~wetness			10 12	(limited)  ~wetness	  0.13	(very limited)	1
	~wethess   (slightly limited)	10.13	~wethess   (slightly limited)	10.13	~wethess   (slightly limited)	10.13	~wethess   (slightly limited)	10.13	<pre> ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)</pre>	11.00
	(Slightly limited)	 	(slightly limited) 		(singuciy limiced) 	 	(slightly limited)	 	(very limited)	
Courtois	Moderately limited	[	Moderately limited	<u> </u>	Limited	ļ	Limited		Very limited	1
	~slope	•	-slope		~slope	0.80	~slope	0.80	~percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)		(limited)		(limited)	ļ	(very limited)	1
	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58		1.00
	(moderately limited)	[	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	ļ	(very limited)	1
			ļ					ļ	~wetness	1.00
	1					I		1	(very limited)	1

	Land application of m	anure	Land application of	£	Disposal of wastewate:	r by	Treatment of wastewate	er by	Treatment of wastewa	ter by
Map symbol and	and food processing	waste	municipal sewage sl	udge	irrigation		slow rate proces	s	rapid infiltration p	rocess
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Valu						
	limiting features		limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features		limiting features		limiting features	
73287:				   						į
Useful	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	l I	  Very limited		  Very limited	-
USELUI				I I 1 00		I I 1 00	very rimited  ~slope	l la 00	~percs slowly	11.00
	(very limited)	1 1	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	<b></b>	(very limited)	1	(very limited)	1 - 00
		I I		1  0.60	-percs slowly	l  0.60	(very limited)  ~percs slowly	I I 0 . 60	~slope	11.00
	(limited)		(limited)	1	(limited)	0.00 	(limited)	1	(very limited)	1
	•	I I   0.13		I I 0 . 1 3	~wetness	0.13	•	0.13	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)	
Sonsac	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	
	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)	į į	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	ĺ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~droughty	0.65	~droughty	0.65	~droughty	0.65	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	-
	-large surface stones	0.13	~large surface stones	0.13	-large surface stones	0.13	~large surface stones	0.13	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)		(very limited)	
73288:	 	 			 			 	 	i
Caneyville	Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Limited		Very limited		Very limited	
	~wetness	0.58	~wetness	0.58	~slope	0.70	~depth to bedrock	1.00	-percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	-
			· -	•	~wetness	0.58	~slope	0.70	~slope	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	-
	~depth to bedrock	0.30	~depth to bedrock	0.30	~depth to bedrock	0.30	~wetness		~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	(moderately limited)	 	(very limited) 	
Rock outcrop	  Not rated 		  Not rated 		  Not rated 		  Not rated 		  Not rated 	į
73289:	 	; ;		 	 	 		 	 	i
Fourche	•		Limited		Limited	•	Limited		Very limited	ļ
		0.60		0.60	~percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	1
	•		•	•	~wetness	0.36	!		~wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)	!!	(moderately limited)	ļ	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
	<u> </u>	!!		ļ	~slope	0.20	~slope	0.20	-slope	0.66
	 	 		 	(slightly limited) 	 	(slightly limited) 	 	(limited) 	
73290:	į	į i		į	į	İ		į	į	į
Gatewood	Moderately limited		Moderately limited	1	Moderately limited		Very limited		Very limited	Ţ
	~wetness		•		~wetness		~depth to bedrock	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)		(very limited)	ļ.	(very limited)	!
	!	0.09	~depth to bedrock	0.09	~slope	•	•	•	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(slightly limited)	!!!	(slightly limited)	!	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(very limited)	1
	!	!!!		ļ.	~depth to bedrock	0.09		•	~wetness	1.00
					(slightly limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Man armbal and	Land application of male and food processing		Land application o		Disposal of wastewate   irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewat   slow rate proces	_	Treatment of wastewat  rapid infiltration pr	_
Map symbol and	·		municipal sewage sl				<del></del>			
soil name	Rating class and	Value		Value		Value		Value		Value
	limiting features		limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	l	limiting features	l	limiting features	<del> </del>
73290:	į	į	   	į	 	į		į	 	į
Aaron	  Timited		  Limited	:	  Limited	¦	  Limited	:	  Very limited	-
Maron	~percs slowly	   0 60	rmmrced  ~percs slowly	  0.60	rmmrced  ~percs slowly	   0 60	rpercs slowly	10 60	very limited  ~percs slowly	1
		10.60	~percs slowly   (limited)	10.00	~percs slowly   (limited)	10.60	~percs slowly   (limited)	10.60		11.00
	(limited)	10.26		10.20		10.26			(very limited)	1 00
	~wetness		~wetness	1	~wetness	0.36		0.57	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(moderately limited)	!	(moderately limited)	!	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)	•	(very limited)	
	!	!		ļ.	-slope	0.30	~wetness	0.36	!	1.00
	 	 	 	 	(moderately limited) 	 	(moderately limited) 	 	(very limited) 	l I
73291:	İ	į		į		į		į		į
Gatewood	!	I	Limited	!	Limited		Very limited	!	Very limited	1
	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.76	~slope	0.99	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	-percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	0.60	~slope	0.99	~slope	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
	~wetness	0.36	~wetness	0.36	~wetness	0.36	~percs slowly	0.60	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(limited)		(very limited)	
Aaron	  Limited	 	  Limited	 	  Limited	l I	  Limited	 	  Very limited	
	~slope	0.76	-  ~slope	0.76	-  ~slope	0.99	~slope	0.99	~percs slowly	11.00
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	0.60	-slope	11.00
	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	~wetness	0.36	~wetness	0.36	~wetness	0.36		0.39		11.00
	(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(moderately limited)		(very limited)	
73292:	 	 	 	l I	 	l I	 	l I	 	l i
Lily	  Moderately limited	i	  Moderately limited	i	Limited	i	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	i
•		0.60	-slope	0.60	-slope	0.80	~depth to bedrock	11.00	~slope	11.00
	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	-depth to bedrock	•	~depth to bedrock	0.46	~depth to bedrock	0.46	~slope	0.80	-depth to bedrock	1.00
	(moderately limited)	!	(moderately limited)	:	(moderately limited)	:	(limited)	1	(very limited)	1
	•	•	~too acid		~too acid	0.18		0.18		0.32
	(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1	slightly limited)	1	(moderately limited)	•
	(Singuely nameda)	 	(Blightly limited)		(Blightly limited)	ļ	(Blightly limited)		(moderacery rimited)	' i
73293:	  Madamatalan limit   3		 		 					
caneyville	Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Moderately limited		Very limited	1 00	Very limited	
	~wetness	•	~wetness		!	0.58	~depth to bedrock	11.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(moderately limited)	•	(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~depth to bedrock	0.27	~depth to bedrock	0.27	~depth to bedrock	0.27	~wetness	0.58		1.00
	(slightly limited)	ļ.	(slightly limited)	!	(slightly limited)	1	(moderately limited)	•	(very limited)	1.
	ļ.		<u> </u>	!		0.20		0.20	!	1.00
	I		l		(slightly limited)	1	(slightly limited)	1	(very limited)	

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Land application of ma		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate   irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewate slow rate process	-	Treatment of wastewat  rapid infiltration pr	_
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73294: Ocie	      Very limited  ~large surface stones		    Very limited		      Very limited  ~large surface stones		Very limited	     	      Very limited  ~percs slowly	      1.00
	(very limited)  -slope	İ	~large surface stolles   (very limited)  ~slope	į	rarge surface stones   (very limited)  rslope	į	~large surface stones   (very limited)  ~slope	j	~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock	11.00
	(moderately limited)	  0.60	(moderately limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.60	(limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited)	  0.60	(limited)  -wetness (moderately limited)	j	(very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)	11.00
74634:	 	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	
Hartville	rpercs slowly (limited)	İ	Limited  ~percs slowly   (limited)	į	Limited  ~percs slowly   (limited)	İ	Limited ~percs slowly (limited)	j	Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)	  1.00 
	<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)    </pre>	1	~wetness   (moderately limited)   	0.60     	<pre> ~wetness   (moderately limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)</pre>	0.30	<pre>~wetness (moderately limited) ~slope (moderately limited)</pre>	İ	~wetness   (very limited)  ~slope   (limited)	1.00    0.91
74650: Higdon	      Limited	;     	    Limited	;     	      Limited	;     	Limited	   	    Very limited	     
	(limited)	  0.53		  0.53	~flooding   (limited)  ~wetness	  0.53		j	~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~wetness	1.00    1.00
	(moderately limited)  ~too acid   (moderately limited)	0.36	(moderately limited)  ~too acid   (moderately limited)	0.36	(moderately limited)  ~too acid   (moderately limited)	0.36	<pre>(moderately limited)  ~too acid   (moderately limited)</pre>	  0.36 	(very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.60
74652: Lecoma	  Not limited     	       	  Not limited   	       	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)		Moderately limited ~slope (moderately limited)	    0.30 	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~slope	    1.00    0.91
74653:	 	   	   	   	   	   		   	(limited)   	   
Racoon		•	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited ~wetness (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)	  1.00 
	~flooding   (limited)	İ	~flooding   (limited)  ~percs slowly	i	~flooding   (limited)  ~percs slowly	İ	~flooding (limited) ~percs slowly	İ	~wetness   (very limited)  ~flooding	1.00    0.60
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(limited)	   	(moderately limited)	1

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Land application of ma		Land application of municipal sewage slo		Disposal of wastewate:   irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewate   slow rate process	_	Treatment of wastewat  rapid infiltration pr	_
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
74653: Freeburg	-flooding   (limited)  -percs slowly   (limited)	0.90    0.60    0.53	(limited)	  0.60    0.53	(limited)	  0.60    0.53	(limited)	  0.60 	  Very limited  -percs slowly   (very limited)  -wetness   (very limited)  -flooding   (moderately limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.60
74656: Deible	-wetness (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~flooding   (slightly limited)	İ	 	İ	  Very limited  ~wetness  (very limited)  ~flooding  (slightly limited)	į	  Very limited  ~percs slowly  (very limited)  ~wetness  (very limited)	    1.00    1.00
74661: Waben	  Not limited       	       	  Not limited     	         	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	    0.30   	  Moderately limited  ~slope   (moderately limited)   	    0.30   	  Limited  ~slope   (limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	    0.91    0.32
74662: Higdon	~percs slowly   (limited)	0.60    0.53	  Limited  ~percs slowly   (limited)  ~wetness   (moderately limited) 	0.53	(moderately limited)	  0.53	Limited  -percs slowly   (limited)  -wetness   (moderately limited)  -slope   (slightly limited)	  0.53 	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~wetness   (very limited)  ~slope   (moderately limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.31
75376: Cedargap	•		  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	    1.00       	  Very limited  -flooding   (very limited)   	    1.00         	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	    1.00         	  Very limited  -percs slowly   (very limited)  -flooding   (very limited)  -wetness   (limited)	  1.00    1.00    0.99
75388: Kaintuck		      1.00     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	      1.00     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	      1.00     	    Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	      1.00     	  Very limited  ~flooding  (very limited)  ~percs slowly  (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.32

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Land application of r   and food processing		Land application of municipal sewage si		Disposal of wastewate	er by	Treatment of wastewar	_	Treatment of wastewat  rapid infiltration pr	_
soil name	Rating class and limiting features	Value		Value	<u> </u>	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value		Value
75388:	i I	i i		į Į		į Į		į Į		į Į
Relfe	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	: :	Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)	  1.00 
	-droughty (very limited)	i i	rflooding (very limited)	i	-  ~flooding   (very limited)	1.00	· -	1.00		0.32
	~poor filter   (very limited) 	1.00     	~poor filter   (very limited) 	1.00   	~poor filter   (very limited) 	1.00   	   		 	
75398: Kaintuck	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 		  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	•	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	    1.00   	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	    1.00   	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.32
75406: Racket	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   		  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	    1.00       	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)     	    1.00       	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)     	    1.00     	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)	    1.00    1.00    0.60
75412: Razort	    Limited  ~flooding   (limited)   		  Limited  ~flooding   (limited) 	    0.90     	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited) 	    0.90     	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited) 	    0.90   	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.60
75427: Gabriel	Limited		    Limited  ~flooding	•	    Limited  ~flooding		    Limited  ~flooding		    Very limited  ~percs slowly	      1.00
	(limited)	į į	(limited)  -wetness	į	(limited)  -wetness	0.90	(limited)  -wetness	İ	(very limited)	1.00
	(limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	  0.60   	(limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	  0.60 	(limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	  0.60 	(limited)  ~percs slowly   (limited)	  0.60 	(very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  0.60

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Land application of m   and food processing		Land application of municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate   irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewat slow rate proces	_	Treatment of wastewat rapid infiltration pr	_
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and	Value
75450: Bloomsdale	    Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   		  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 	      1.00       	    Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	      1.00       	Very limited ~flooding (very limited)	      1.00       	 	    1.00    1.00    0.01
75453: Sturkie	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited) 		  Limited  ~flooding   (limited) 	      0.90     	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)   	      0.90     	Limited  ~flooding  (limited)	      0.90     	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	    1.00    0.60
75459: Huzzah	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited) 		Very limited ~flooding (very limited)	    1.00     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)   	    1.00     	Very limited ~flooding (very limited)	    1.00     	  Very limited  ~flooding   (very limited)  ~percs slowly   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.32
75460: Horsecreek	   Limited  ~flooding   (limited)   		Limited ~flooding (limited)	    0.90       	  Limited  ~flooding   (limited)     	    0.90       	Limited ~flooding (limited)	    0.90       	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~wetness   (limited)  ~flooding   (moderately limited)	  1.00    0.60    0.60
77014: Rock outcrop	    Not rated 		    Not rated	     	    Not rated 	   	Not rated	     	    Not rated 	   
Taumsauk	-shallow to bedrock (very limited)	1.00   	Very limited  -droughty  (very limited)  -shallow to bedrock  (very limited)  -large surface stones  (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~droughty   (very limited)  ~shallow to bedrock   (very limited)  ~large surface stones   (very limited)	  1.00 	Very limited  "depth to bedrock  (very limited)  "large surface stones  (very limited)  "large stones >35%  (very limited)	  1.00 	  Very limited  ~percs slowly   (very limited)  ~depth to bedrock   (very limited)  ~too cobbly   (very limited)	  1.00    1.00    1.00

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

Map symbol and	Land application of ma		Land application o municipal sewage sl		Disposal of wastewate   irrigation	r by	Treatment of wastewate	_	Treatment of wastewa	_
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	<u> </u> 	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u>	limiting features	<u> </u> 	limiting features	<u> </u>
77015:	 	 	 	ļ ļ	 	 	 	 	 	
Irondale		•	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
		11.00	~droughty	11.00	~droughty	11.00	~depth to bedrock	11.00	~too stony	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	1
	~slope	0.83	~slope	0.83	~slope	1.00		1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)	!	(limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	ļ
	~depth to bedrock	0.83	~depth to bedrock	0.83	~depth to bedrock	0.83	-large surface stones	0.79	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(limited) 	 	(limited) 	 	(limited) 	l I	(limited) 	 	(very limited) 	
Taumsauk		į	Very limited	į	Very limited	į	Very limited	į	Very limited	į
	•	1.00	~droughty	1.00	~droughty	11.00	• -	11.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ.	(very limited)	!
		1.00	!	1.00	•	1.00		1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	!	(very limited)	ļ	(very limited)	ļ
	! -	1.00	~large stones >35%	1.00	~large stones >35%	1.00		1.00	-too cobbly	1.00
	(very limited) 	 	(very limited) 	 	(very limited) 	l I	(very limited) 	 	(very limited) 	
Rock outcrop	Not rated	į	  Not rated	į	Not rated	į	  Not rated	į	  Not rated	į
77016:	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	 	
Irondale	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	1	Very limited		Very limited	
	~slope	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	-large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~droughty	0.91	~droughty	0.91	~droughty	0.91	-large surface stones	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(limited)		(limited)		(limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
Taumsauk	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	i	  Very limited	ļ	  Very limited	 	  Very limited	i
		1.00	-droughty	1.00	-droughty	1.00	~depth to bedrock	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	-droughty	1.00	~shallow to bedrock	1.00	~slope	1.00	-slope	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	-slope	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	-shallow to bedrock	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	-depth to bedrock	1.00
	(very limited)	 	(very limited)		(very limited)	 	(very limited) 	 	(very limited)	
Rock outcrop	  Not rated		  Not rated	ļ	  Not rated	ļ	  Not rated		  Not rated	
77017:	 	 	 	i	 	 	 	 	 	İ
Knobtop	Limited	I	_  Limited	1	Limited	I	Very limited	I	  Very limited	İ
	~percs slowly	0.60	-percs slowly	0.60	~percs slowly	0.60	-depth to bedrock	1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ	(very limited)	İ
	~wetness	0.53	~wetness	0.53	~wetness	0.53	~percs slowly	0.60	~depth to bedrock	1.00
	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)		(limited)	İ	(very limited)	i
	~too acid		~too acid	:	~too acid	0.48	~wetness	0.53	~wetness	1.00
	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	i	(moderately limited)	İ	(moderately limited)	i	(very limited)	i
	İ	İ	į	į	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	į

Table 16.--Waste Management--Continued

	Land application of ma	anure	Land application o	£	Disposal of wastewater	r by	Treatment of wastewate	er by	Treatment of wastewat	er by
Map symbol and	and food processing	waste	municipal sewage sl	udge	irrigation		slow rate proces	s	rapid infiltration pr	ocess
soil name	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and	Value
	limiting features	L	limiting features	L	limiting features		limiting features		limiting features	
		I		I	1	I		I	1	1
FF010										
77019:		!		!		!		!		!
Frenchmill		•	Very limited	1	Very limited	ļ	Very limited	•	Very limited	1
	•	11.00	-large surface stones	1.00		1.00		1.00	~percs slowly	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	l	(very limited)	
	-large surface stones	1.00	-slope	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	-large surface stones	1.00	~slope	1.00
	(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)		(very limited)	
	~too acid	0.30	~too acid	0.30	~too acid	0.30	~too acid	0.30	-large surface stones	: 1.00
	(slightly limited)	ļ	(slightly limited)		(slightly limited)	ļ	(slightly limited)	!	(very limited)	!
99000:	 	 	 	 	<u> </u>	 		 	 	
Pits,	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
quarries	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99001:	 	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	
Water	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į
99014:	 	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	
Mine tailings	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į	Not rated	į

# Soil Properties

Data relating to soil properties are collected during the course of the soil survey. The data and the estimates of soil and water features, listed in tables, are explained on the following pages.

Soil properties are determined by field examination of the soils and by laboratory index testing of some benchmark soils. Established standard procedures are followed. During the survey, many shallow borings are made and examined to identify and classify the soils and to delineate them on the soil maps. Samples are taken from some typical profiles and tested in the laboratory to determine grain-size distribution, plasticity, and compaction characteristics.

Estimates of soil properties are based on field examinations, on laboratory tests of samples from the survey area, and on laboratory tests of samples of similar soils in nearby areas. Tests verify field observations, verify properties that cannot be estimated accurately by field observation, and help to characterize key soils.

The estimates of soil properties are shown in the tables. They include engineering index properties, physical and chemical properties, and pertinent soil and water features.

# **Engineering Index Properties**

Table 17 gives estimates of the engineering classification and of the range of index properties for the major layers of each soil in the survey area. Most soils have layers of contrasting properties within the upper 5 or 6 feet.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated. The range in depth and information on other properties of each layer are given for each soil series under the heading "Soil Series and Their Morphology."

Texture is given in the standard terms used by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. These terms are defined according to percentages of sand, silt, and clay in the fraction of the soil that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter (fig. 16). "Loam," for example, is soil that is 7 to 27 percent clay, 28 to 50 percent silt, and less than 52 percent sand. If the content of particles coarser than sand is as much as about 15

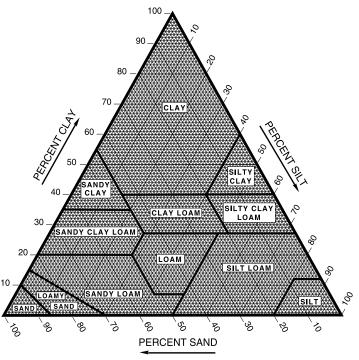


Figure 16.—Percentages of clay, silt, and sand in the basic USDA soil textural classes.

percent, an appropriate modifier is added, for example, "gravelly." Textural terms are defined in the Glossary.

Classification of the soils is determined according to the Unified soil classification system (ASTM, 2001) and the system adopted by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO, 2000).

The Unified system classifies soils according to properties that affect their use as construction material. Soils are classified according to grain-size distribution of the fraction less than 3 inches in diameter and according to plasticity index, liquid limit, and organic matter content. Sandy and gravelly soils are identified as GW, GP, GM, GC, SW, SP, SM, and SC; silty and clayey soils as ML, CL, OL, MH, CH, and OH; and highly organic soils as PT. Soils exhibiting engineering properties of two groups can have a dual classification, for example, CL-ML.

The AASHTO system classifies soils according to those properties that affect roadway construction and maintenance. In this system, the fraction of a mineral soil that is less than 3 inches in diameter is classified in one of seven groups from A-1 through A-7 on the basis of grain-size distribution, liquid limit, and plasticity index. Soils in group A-1 are coarse grained and low in content of fines (silt and clay). At the other extreme, soils in group A-7 are fine grained. Highly organic soils are classified in group A-8 on the basis of visual inspection.

If laboratory data are available, the A-1, A-2, and A-7 groups are further classified as A-1-a, A-1-b, A-2-4, A-2-5, A-2-6, A-2-7, A-7-5, or A-7-6. As an additional refinement, the suitability of a soil as subgrade material can be indicated by a group index number. Group index numbers range from 0 for the best subgrade material to 20 or higher for the poorest.

Rock fragments larger than 10 inches in diameter and 3 to 10 inches in diameter are indicated as a percentage of the total soil on a dry-weight basis. The percentages are estimates determined mainly by converting volume percentage in the field to weight percentage.

Percentage (of soil particles) passing designated sieves is the percentage of the soil fraction less than 3 inches in diameter based on an ovendry weight. The sieves, numbers 4, 10, 40, and 200 (USA Standard Series), have openings of 4.76, 2.00, 0.420, and 0.074 millimeters, respectively. Estimates are based on laboratory tests of soils sampled in the survey area and in nearby areas and on estimates made in the field.

Liquid limit and plasticity index (Atterberg limits) indicate the plasticity characteristics of a soil. The estimates are based on test data from the survey area or from nearby areas and on field examination.

The estimates of grain-size distribution, liquid limit, and plasticity index are generally rounded to the nearest 5 percent. Thus, if the ranges of gradation and Atterberg limits extend a marginal amount (1 or 2 percentage points) across classification boundaries, the classification in the marginal zone is omitted in the table.

# **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Table 18 shows estimates of some physical and chemical characteristics and features that affect soil behavior. These estimates are given for the layers of each soil in the survey area. The estimates are based on field observations and on test data for these and similar soils.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated.

Sand as a soil separate consists of mineral soil particles that are 0.05 millimeter to 2 millimeters in diameter. In the table, the estimated sand content of each soil layer is given as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

Silt as a soil separate consists of mineral soil particles that are 0.002 to 0.05 millimeter in diameter. In the table, the estimated silt content of each soil layer is given as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

Clay as a soil separate consists of mineral soil particles that are less than 0.002 millimeter in diameter. In the table, the estimated clay content of each soil layer is given as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

The content of sand, silt, and clay affects the physical behavior of a soil. Particle size is important for engineering and agronomic interpretations, for determination of soil hydrologic qualities, and for soil classification.

The amount and kind of clay affect the fertility and physical condition of the soil and the ability of the soil to adsorb cations and to retain moisture. They influence shrink-swell potential, permeability, plasticity, the ease of soil dispersion, and other soil properties. The amount and kind of clay in a soil also affect tillage and earthmoving operations.

Moist bulk density is the weight of soil (ovendry) per unit volume. Volume is measured when the soil is at field moisture capacity, that is, the moisture content at <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>- or <sup>1</sup>/<sub>10</sub>-bar (33kPa or 10kPa) moisture tension. Weight is determined after the soil is dried at 105 degrees C. In the table, the estimated moist bulk density of each soil horizon is expressed in grams per cubic centimeter of soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter. Bulk density data are used to compute shrink-swell potential, available water capacity, total pore space, and other soil properties. The moist bulk density of a soil indicates the pore space available for water and roots. Depending on soil texture, a bulk density of more than 1.4 can restrict water storage and root penetration. Moist bulk density is influenced by texture, kind of clay, content of organic matter, and soil structure.

Saturated hydraulic conductivity refers to the ability of a soil to transmit water or air. The term "permeability," as used in soil surveys, indicates saturated hydraulic conductivity ( $K_{\text{sat}}$ ). The estimates in the table indicate the rate of water movement, in

micrometers per second (um/sec), when the soil is saturated. They are based on soil characteristics observed in the field, particularly structure, porosity, and texture. Permeability is considered in the design of soil drainage systems and septic tank absorption fields.

Available water capacity refers to the quantity of water that the soil is capable of storing for use by plants. The capacity for water storage is given in inches of water per inch of soil for each soil layer. The capacity varies, depending on soil properties that affect retention of water. The most important properties are the content of organic matter, soil texture, bulk density, and soil structure. Available water capacity is an important factor in the choice of plants or crops to be grown and in the design and management of irrigation systems. Available water capacity is not an estimate of the quantity of water actually available to plants at any given time.

Cation-exchange capacity is the total amount of extractable bases that can be held by the soil, expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil at neutrality (pH 7.0) or at some other stated pH value. Soils having a low cation-exchange capacity hold fewer cations and may require more frequent applications of fertilizer than soils having a high cation-exchange capacity. The ability to retain cations reduces the hazard of ground-water pollution.

Effective cation-exchange capacity refers to the sum of extractable bases plus aluminum expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil. It is determined for soils that have pH of less than 5.5.

Soil reaction is a measure of acidity or alkalinity. The pH of each soil horizon is based on many field tests. For many soils, values have been verified by laboratory analyses. Soil reaction is important in selecting crops and other plants, in evaluating soil amendments for fertility and stabilization, and in determining the risk of corrosion.

Linear extensibility refers to the change in length of an unconfined clod as moisture content is decreased from a moist to a dry state. It is an expression of the volume change between the water content of the clod at <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>- or <sup>1</sup>/<sub>10</sub>-bar tension (33kPa or 10kPa tension) and oven dryness. The volume change is reported in the table as percent change for the whole soil. Volume change is influenced by the amount and type of clay minerals in the soil.

Linear extensibility is used to determine the shrinkswell potential of soils. The shrink-swell potential is low if the soil has a linear extensibility of less than 3 percent; moderate if 3 to 6 percent; high if 6 to 9 percent; and very high if more than 9 percent. If the linear extensibility is more than 3, shrinking and swelling can cause damage to buildings, roads, and other structures and to plant roots. Special design commonly is needed.

Organic matter is the plant and animal residue in the soil at various stages of decomposition. In the table, the estimated content of organic matter is expressed as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

The content of organic matter in a soil can be maintained by returning crop residue to the soil. Organic matter has a positive effect on available water capacity, water infiltration, soil organism activity, and tilth. It is a source of nitrogen and other nutrients for crops and soil organisms.

Erosion factors are shown in the table as the K factor (Kw and Kf) and the T factor. Erosion factor K indicates the susceptibility of a soil to sheet and rill erosion by water. Factor K is one of six factors used in the Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) and the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation (RUSLE) to predict the average annual rate of soil loss by sheet and rill erosion in tons per acre per year. The estimates are based primarily on percentage of silt, sand, and organic matter and on soil structure and permeability. Values of K range from 0.02 to 0.69. Other factors being equal, the higher the value, the more susceptible the soil is to sheet and rill erosion by water.

*Erosion factor Kw* indicates the erodibility of the whole soil. The estimates are modified by the presence of rock fragments.

Erosion factor Kf indicates the erodibility of the fine-earth fraction, or the material less than 2 millimeters in size.

Erosion factor T is an estimate of the maximum average annual rate of soil erosion by wind or water that can occur without affecting crop productivity over a sustained period. The rate is in tons per acre per vear.

Wind erodibility groups are made up of soils that have similar properties affecting their susceptibility to wind erosion in cultivated areas. The soils assigned to group 1 are the most susceptible to wind erosion, and those assigned to group 8 are the least susceptible. The groups are as follows:

- 1. Coarse sands, sands, fine sands, and very fine sands.
- Loamy coarse sands, loamy sands, loamy fine sands, loamy very fine sands, ash material, and sapric soil material.
- 3. Coarse sandy loams, sandy loams, fine sandy loams, and very fine sandy loams.

4L. Calcareous loams, silt loams, clay loams, and silty clay loams.

- 4. Clays, silty clays, noncalcareous clay loams, and silty clay loams that are more than 35 percent clay.
- 5. Noncalcareous loams and silt loams that are less than 20 percent clay and sandy clay loams, sandy clays, and hemic soil material.
- 6. Noncalcareous loams and silt loams that are more than 20 percent clay and noncalcareous clay loams that are less than 35 percent clay.
- 7. Silts, noncalcareous silty clay loams that are less than 35 percent clay, and fibric soil material.
- 8. Soils that are not subject to wind erosion because of coarse fragments on the surface or because of surface wetness.

Wind erodibility index is a numerical value indicating the susceptibility of soil to wind erosion, or the tons per acre per year that can be expected to be lost to wind erosion. There is a close correlation between wind erosion and the texture of the surface layer, the size and durability of surface clods, rock fragments, organic matter, and a calcareous reaction. Soil moisture and frozen soil layers also influence wind erosion.

#### Water Features

Table 19 gives estimates of various water features. The estimates are used in land use planning that involves engineering considerations.

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The four hydrologic soil groups are:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine

texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

Flooding, the temporary inundation of an area, is caused by overflowing streams, by runoff from adjacent slopes, or by tides. Water standing for short periods after rainfall or snowmelt is not considered flooding, and water standing in swamps and marshes is considered ponding rather than flooding.

Duration and frequency are estimated. Duration is expressed as extremely brief if 0.1 hour to 4 hours, very brief if 4 hours to 2 days, brief if 2 to 7 days, long if 7 to 30 days, and very long if more than 30 days. Frequency is expressed as none, very rare, rare, occasional, frequent, and very frequent. None means that flooding is not probable; very rare that it is very unlikely but possible under extremely unusual weather conditions (the chance of flooding is less than 1 percent in any year); rare that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (the chance of flooding is 1 to 5 percent in any year); occasional that it occurs infrequently under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is 5 to 50 percent in any year); frequent that it is likely to occur often under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is more than 50 percent in any year but is less than 50 percent in all months in any year); and very frequent that it is likely to occur very often under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is more than 50 percent in all months of any year).

The information is based on evidence in the soil profile, namely thin strata of gravel, sand, silt, or clay deposited by floodwater; irregular decrease in organic matter content with increasing depth; and little or no horizon development.

Also considered are local information about the extent and levels of flooding and the relation of each soil on the landscape to historic floods. Information on the extent of flooding based on soil data is less specific than that provided by detailed engineering surveys that delineate flood-prone areas at specific flood frequency levels.

High water table (seasonal) is the highest level of a saturated zone in the soil in most years. The estimates are based mainly on observations of the water table at selected sites and on the evidence of a

saturated zone, namely grayish colors or mottles (redoximorphic features) in the soil. Indicated in the table are the depth to the seasonal high water table; the kind of water table—that is, perched, apparent, or artesian; and the months of the year that the water table commonly is high. A water table that is seasonally high for less than 1 month is not indicated in the table.

An *apparent* water table is a thick zone of free water in the soil. It is indicated by the level at which water stands in an uncased borehole after adequate time is allowed for adjustment in the surrounding soil. A *perched* water table is water standing above an unsaturated zone. In places an upper, or perched, water table is separated from a lower one by a dry zone. An *artesian* water table is under hydrostatic head, generally below an impermeable layer. When this layer is penetrated, the water level rises in an uncased borehole.

Two numbers in the column showing depth to the water table indicate the normal range in depth to a saturated zone. Depth is given to the nearest half foot. The first numeral in the range indicates the highest water level. A plus sign preceding the range in depth indicates that the water table is above the surface of the soil. "More than 6.0" indicates that the water table is below a depth of 6 feet or that it is within a depth of 6 feet for less than a month.

Ponding is standing water in a closed depression. Unless a drainage system is installed, the water is removed only by percolation, transpiration, or evaporation. The table indicates the duration and frequency of ponding. Duration is expressed as very brief if less than 2 days, brief if 2 to 7 days, long if 7 to 30 days, and very long if more than 30 days. Frequency is expressed as none, rare, occasional, and frequent. None means that ponding is not probable; rare that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (the chance of ponding is nearly 0 percent to 5 percent in any year); occasional that it occurs, on the average, once or less in 2 years (the chance of ponding is 5 to 50 percent in any year); and *frequent* that it occurs, on the average, more than once in 2 years (the chance of ponding is more than 50 percent in any year).

## **Soil Features**

Table 20 gives estimates of various soil features. The estimates are used in land use planning that involves engineering considerations.

A restrictive layer is a nearly continuous layer that

has one or more physical, chemical, or thermal properties that significantly impede the movement of water and air through the soil or that restrict roots or otherwise provide an unfavorable root environment. Examples are bedrock, fragipans, dense layers, and frozen layers. The table indicates the hardness and thickness of the restrictive layer, both of which significantly affect the ease of excavation. *Depth to top* is the vertical distance from the soil surface to the upper boundary of the restrictive layer.

Potential frost action is the likelihood of upward or lateral expansion of the soil caused by the formation of segregated ice lenses (frost heave) and the subsequent collapse of the soil and loss of strength on thawing. Frost action occurs when moisture moves into the freezing zone of the soil. Temperature, texture, density, permeability, content of organic matter, and depth to the water table are the most important factors considered in evaluating the potential for frost action. It is assumed that the soil is not insulated by vegetation or snow and is not artificially drained. Silty and highly structured, clayey soils that have a high water table in winter are the most susceptible to frost action. Well drained, very gravelly, or very sandy soils are the least susceptible. Frost heave and low soil strength during thawing cause damage mainly to pavements and other rigid structures.

Risk of corrosion pertains to potential soil-induced electrochemical or chemical action that dissolves or weakens uncoated steel or concrete. The rate of corrosion of uncoated steel is related to such factors as soil moisture, particle-size distribution, acidity, and electrical conductivity of the soil. The rate of corrosion of concrete is based mainly on the sulfate and sodium content, texture, moisture content, and acidity of the soil. Special site examination and design may be needed if the combination of factors results in a severe hazard of corrosion. The steel in installations that intersect soil boundaries or soil layers is more susceptible to corrosion than steel in installations that are entirely within one kind of soil or within one soil layer.

For uncoated steel, the risk of corrosion, expressed as *low, moderate*, or *high*, is based on soil drainage class, total acidity, electrical resistivity near field capacity, and electrical conductivity of the saturation extract.

For concrete, the risk of corrosion is also expressed as *low, moderate,* or *high*. It is based on soil texture, acidity, and amount of sulfates in the saturation extract.

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties

(Absence of an entry indicates that data were not estimated.)

		<u> </u>	Classif:	ication		ments	•		Passi	ng	Liquid	•
	Depth	USDA texture	   Unified		>10	3-10 inches		sieve n			limit	ticity
and soil name	   In	L	Unified	AASHTO	Pct	Inches   Pct	4 	10	40 I	200	l   Pct	index
	<del></del> 	! 	i İ	! 	100	1	 		! 	l İ	1	<u> </u>
66014:	i	İ	İ			i	i		İ	İ	i	İ
Haymond	0-6	•	•	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	90-100	70-90	20-35	5-15
	6-41	•		A-4, A-6	0	0	100		90-100		•	5-15
	41-80 	FSL, L 	SC, SM, SC-SM	A-4 	0	0	95-100  	90-100	70-80 	40-60 	10-30	NP-10
70028:	i	i I	i	i		i	İ		 	 	i	i
Moko	0-3	GR-L	SC, GC, CL	A-6	0-5	0-15	55-80	50-75	45-70	35-60	25-35	10-15
		GRV-L	GC	A-2-6, A-6	0-5	:	35-55		25-45	:	!	10-15
	8-60 	UWB 	 	] ]					 			
Rock outcrop.	i İ	 	! 	] ]		i İ	 		l İ	l İ	i i	i i
_	i	İ	į	j		į	j i		j	İ	į	į
73012, 73035:		<u> </u>	!									
Gravois	!	!		A-4, A-6	0	•	90-100  90-100	•	•	•	•	•
	:	SICL, SIL  SICL, GR-SICL,	!	A-6, A-7  A-6, A-7,	0	•	30-100   35-100		•		•	•
		GRV-SIL, SIL,		A-7-6								
	!	GRX-SIL	ļ.	<u>İ</u>		ļ.	ļ į		ļ		ļ	ļ
	35-50	•	SC, GC-GM, GC		0	0-15	35-85	30-80	25-80	20-75	25-45	10-25
	I   50-80	GRV-SIL, GRV-L CBV-C, GRV-SIC,	CL. GC	A-6  A-7-6, A-2-7,	0	l l 0-60	l  35-80	l   30-75	l   25-70	l   20-65	  45-90	  25-60
		GR-SIC, GRV-C		A-7								
	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	j i	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
73039:												
Glensted	0-9   9-14	!	•	A-6  A-7-6, A-7	0	0   0	100   100		90-100  95-100	:	:	10-25  30-50
	:	SIC, SICL	•	A-7-6, A-7	0		85-100		•	•	•	20-40
	33-60	SICL	CT	A-7, A-7-6	0	j o	85-100	80-100	75-95	65-90	40-50	20-30
	ļ								ļ		ļ	ļ
73046: Wrengart	l l 0-6	   gtt.	CL, CL-ML	  A-4, A-6	0	l I 0	   100	   100	  90-100	   70-90	  20-35	   5-15
Wiengar C	!	SICL, SIL		A-6	0	0	•	•	90-100	•	•	10-20
	26-45	SIL, SICL	CT	A-6	0	j o	100	95-100	90 <b>-</b> 100	70-95	25-40	10-20
	45-60	GRX-SICL,	•	A-2, A-6,	0-5	0-10	25-55	20-50	20-45	15-40	35-45	15-20
	   60_80	GRV-SICL  GR-C, GR-SIC,	•	A-2-7  A-7, A-7-6	0-5	   0_15	  55-95	   50_90	   50_90	   45_95	145-80	125-50
	00-80 	SIC	l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	A-7, A-7-0 	0-3	0-13 	55-95	30-30 	30-30 	   <del>1</del> 3-63	43-80	23-30
	i	İ	j	j		į	j i		j	İ	j	i
73052:		<u> </u>	!									
Lily	0-5   5-9	!	•	A-4   A-4	0	0   0	100   100		85-95  85-95		!	5-10   5-10
	!	L, SL	!	A-4  A-6	0	l 0	100		65-95  65-95		!	10-15
	24-80	•	j	j		i	i i		i	i	j	i
	ļ	ļ	!			ļ	!		!	l	ļ	!
73053: Lily	n-3	   <sub>T</sub>	  CL-ML, ML	  A-4	0	   0-5	  90-100	   05_100	   75_90	   55_65	110-35	   2-15
HIIY	:	L, CL		A-6	0	:	90-100			:	:	:
		!	GC	A-7, A-6	0	:	60-80			:	:	10-20
	21-60	BR	ļ.								ļ	
Bender	   0-4	  CDV_ECT	  SC, SC-SM, SM	 	0-2	120-50	  65-80	   60-75	   50_60	  30-35	110-30	   2-10
Bender		CBV-FSL	SC-SM, SC, SM	•		20-50			!	30-35   30-35	:	2-10
	!	CBX-L, GRX-SL	!	A-2, A-1-a,		10-55				5-45	25-30	5-10
			GW-GC	A-1		ļ			ļ		ļ	ļ
	23-60 	BR 	 	 					 	 		
73066:	! 	I 	! 	 	 	! 	 		! 	 		
Bender	0-4	CBV-FSL	SC, SC-SM	A-2, A-2-4	0-2	20-50	65-80	60-75	50-60	30-35	10-30	2-10
	:	!	!	A-2		20-50				:	:	2-10
	:	!	GC, GC-GM	A-2, A-1-a		10-55	:		:	:	25-30	5-10
	23-60 	UMD	! 	 			 	 	 	 	 	 
	1	ı	1	1	1	1	'	ı	'	'	1	1

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif:	ication		ments_	:	_	e Passi	ng	Liquid	•
	Depth	USDA texture		 	>10	3-10		sieve n			limit	ticity
and soil name	In	<u> </u>	Unified	AASHTO	Inches Pct	inches   Pct	4	10	40 I	200	   Pct	inde
		! 	! [	] 	1	<u>100</u> 	! 		! 	! [	1	! 
73067:			İ	İ		i	i		j	i	i	i
Bender		•	SC, SC-SM, SM		•	20-50	•	•	•	•	•	2-10
			SC-SM, SC, SM GC, GC-GM,	A-2  A-2, A-1-a,	•	20-50  10-55	•	•	•	•	•	2-10   5-10
	12-23	CBA-L, GRA-SL		A-2, A-1-a,   A-1	U-2 	 	25-75 	20-70 	10-60 	3-43 	25-30 	3-10
	23-60	UWB	İ			i	i		i	i	i	i
			ļ			!			!	!	ļ	ļ
Rock outcrop.							 		  -	 		
3089:		[ ]	! [	] 	 	! 	 		l İ	l İ	i i	i
Rueter	0-3	GRV-SIL	GC, GC-GM	A-2-4	0-5	0-10	30-55	25-50	25-50	20-45	10-35	2-15
	3-14		•	A-2-6, A-4,	0-5	0-10	20-55	15-50	15-45	10-40	10-35	2-15
	14 45	GRX-SIL  CBX-L, GRV-L,	•	A-6, A-2-4  A-2-4, A-1-a,	   0 E	  10-50				  10 45	115 40	   5-20
		GRV-SCL	•	A-2-4, A-1-a,   A-2-6	U-3 	 	30-60 	25-55 	25-55 	  10 <b>-4</b> 5	113-40	5-20 
			•	A-2-7, A-7	0-5	10-50	30-60	25-55	25-55	20-50	50-75	25-60
			!	]		[			l	l	I	1
3159:												
Yelton		•	CL-ML, ML  CL, ML, CL-ML	A-4   a-4	0   0		95-100  95-100		•	•	•	2-10 2-10
			!	A-6	0	•	85-100		•	•	•	10-20
j	19-38	L, SL, GR-L,	CL, SC	A-6, A-4	0	0-5	25-95	20-90	10-80	5-60	20-35	5-15
		GRV-SL										
		SCL, L, GR-L,   GRV-CL	SC, CL	A-6 	0	0-5	40-95 	35-90 	30-80 	15-60 	30-40	10-20 
		GRV-CL	! [	] 	 	! 	 		l İ	l İ	i i	i
3162:			İ	İ		i	i		İ	İ	i	i
Alred	0-7	GRV-L	GC-GM, GC, GM		0-5	0-20	35-50	30-45	25-40	20-30	15-30	2-15
	7 15	  GRV-L	•	A-2  A-2-4, A-2,	0-5		  30-50				120.20	   5-15
	/-13	GRV-L	GC-GM, GC 	A-2-4, A-2,   A-1	U-3 	0-20 	30-30 	25 <b>-</b> 45 	25 <b>-</b> 40 	20-30 	20-30 	3-13
	15-21	GRV-L, GRX-SICL	GC-GM, GC	A-2-6, A-2,	0-5	0-20	25-65	20-50	20-50	  15-45	25-40	5-20
			•	A-6		!			<u> </u>	ļ	ļ.	ļ.
	21-80	CB-C, GR-C, C	CH	A-7-6, A-7	0	5-20	60-100	55-100	50-100	40-85 	50-90	30-65
Rueter	0-3	  GRV-SIL	  GC, GC-GM	  A-2-4	   0-5	   0-10	  30-55	   25-50	l   25-50	l   20-45	  10-35	   2-15
				A-2-6, A-4,	0-5	•	20-55	•	•	•	•	2-15
İ		GRX-SIL	İ	A-6, A-2-4		ĺ	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	İ	İ
	14-45		•	A-2-4, A-1-a,	0-5	10-50	25-55	20-50	15-45	10-35	15-40	5-20
	45-80	GRV-SCL CBX-C, GRV-C	•	A-2-6  A-2-7, A-7	   0-5	  10-50	  25-85	   20-80	  20-80	  15-70	  50-75	  25-60
	13 00						23 03	20 00	20 00	-5 70		
3166:		İ	İ	j	İ	İ	j i	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Viburnum			:	A-4	0	•	85-100	•	•	•	•	
	4-7 7-13		•	A-6, A-4  A-7, A-7-6	0   0		85-100  85-100		•	•	•	
		GR-SICL, GR-SIC	•	A-7, A-7-6	0	•	55-80	•	•	•	•	•
			•	A-7-6, A-7	0	•	30-80	•	•	•	•	•
			!			!				ļ	l	
Tonti		•	CL, ML, CL-ML	A-4, A-6  A-4, A-6	0	•	95-100	•	•	•	•	2-15
	3-9 9-23			A-4, A-6  A-7, A-6	0   0-5	•	95-100  75-100	•	•	•	•	2-15 15-20
		GRX-SIL, CBX-SIL	•	A-2, A-2-4	0	•	20-35	•	•	•	•	5-15
İ	44-61	GRV-C	GC	A-2-7, A-7	0	0-25	30-50	25-45	25-45	25-40	50-75	25-50
24.52						!			ļ	ļ		ļ
3173, 73174: Lily	0-3	   ਯੂਫ਼ਰ:	  sc, sm	  A-4	0	   0-5	  90-100	   85_100	  65-80	  40-50	  10-35	   2-10
	3-8		•	A-4, A-6	0	•	90-100	•	•	•	•	2-10
			•	A-6	0	•	90-100	•	•	•	•	10-20
			:	A-7, A-6	0	•	60-80	•	•	•	•	•
	21-23 23-60		GC	A-6	0	:	60-80 		50-70 	40-50 	25-35 	10-15 
		LIWE	i	i								

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif	ication		ments		_	e Passi	ng	Liquid	•
	Depth	USDA texture			•	3-10		sieve n			limit	ticity
and soil name	   Tm		Unified	AASHTO	inches   Pct	inches   Pct	4	10	40	200	Pct	index
	<u>In</u> 		 	l I	l FCC	l <u>PCC</u>	l I	l İ	l I	l I	l PCC	i i
73173, 73174:	<u> </u>		İ		i	i	i	İ	i	i	i	i
Yelton			CL-ML, ML	A-4	0	•		•		•	10-30	•
	:			A-4	0	•	•	•	•	•	10-30	•
	19-38	· -		A-6  A-6, A-4	0   0	•	•	•	•	•	30-45  20-35	•
	:			A-6	0	•	•	•	•	•	30-40	•
			[	]	[	[		l		ļ	1	
73200, 73201:		CD GTT										
Sonsac		GRV-SIL, GRX-SIL	CL, CL-ML, GC	A-4, A-6  A-2, A-2-4	•	•	•	•	•	•	20-35 20-35	•
	!	<u>-</u>	!	A-2-6, A-6,	•	•	•	•	•	•	30-45	•
	ļ	GRX-SIL,	!	A-2	!	!	!		ļ	!	İ	ļ.
	 	GRV-SICL, CBV-SICL		l I				 	 	 		
	  11-32	GRV-C, GRV-SIC	l  GC	  A-7, A-2-7	   0-5	   0-10	  30-55	  25-50	  25-50	  20-45	  60-80	  30-50
	32-60		j	İ	j	i	i	i	j	i	j	i
	!		!		!	!	!		ļ	!	İ	ļ.
73210: Goss	0-3 	CDV_CTT	  GC, GC-GM	  A-4	   0-5	120-45	  50-75	   45-70	  45-65		  20-35	   5_15
GOSS		GRV-SIL, CB-SIL	!	A-4  A-2, A-4	•		•		•	•	20-35	•
	9-80	CBV-C, CB-C,	•	A-7, A-7-6	0-5	15-65	65-90	60-85	60-85	55-75	45-80	25-50
	!	GR-C	<u> </u>		ļ	!	!		ļ	ļ		ļ
73214:	 		 	İ		 	 	 	 	 		
Moko	   0-5	GR-L	CL, GC, SC	  A-6	0-10	0-10	  65-80	  60-75	  55-70	  40-50	30-40	10-20
	5-10	CNX-SIL, CNV-CL,	CL, GC, SC	A-6, A-7	0-10	40-80	65-90	60-85	60-80	45-75	30-45	10-25
		CNV-SICL	<u> </u>		ļ	!	!		ļ	ļ		ļ
	10-60 	UWB	 	 		 	 	 	 	 		
Rock outcrop.	<u> </u>		İ		i	i	i	İ	i	i	i	i
			[	]	[	[		l		ļ	1	ļ
73215:		CTT	lar ar wi	  A-4, A-6			   100	   100	   00 100		  25-35	
Crider	:			A-4, A-6  A-6, A-7,	0   0	I 0	100	•	•	•	30-45	•
	į			A-7-6	į	i	İ		İ	İ		i
	37-60	SICL, SIC, C	CH, CL	A-6, A-7,	0	0-5	80-100	75-100	70-95	65-95	40-65	20-40
	 		 	A-7-6 		 	 	 	 	 		
73218:	<u> </u>		i I	! 	i	¦	<u> </u>	 	¦ 	! 	i	i
Tiff	0-3	GR-C	MH, GC-GM	A-7	į o	0-10	55-80	50-75	50-70	45-65	55-90	25-45
	3-80		MH, GC-GM, GM	A-7, A-2	0-15	0-50	40-85	35-80	30-75	30-70	55-90	25-45
	 	GRV-C, CB-C	 	 	 	l I	l I	l I	 	l I	1	l I
73271:	<u> </u>		İ		i	i	i	İ	i	i	i	i
Moko			SC, GC	A-2	0-5	0-15	30-75	25-70	25-45	10-25	25-35	10-15
	13-60	UWB		 								
Rock outcrop.	 		! [	l İ	i	! !	i i	l İ	i i	l İ	i	i
	İ		j	İ	i	i	i	İ	j	i	i	i
73272:	!		ļ.		İ	!	ļ.	l	!	ļ .	ļ	ļ
Hildebrecht	0-4   4-9		•	A-4  A-4	0   0	•	•	•	•	•	10-30  10-30	•
	9-26		1 -	A-4  A-6	1 0	•	•		•	•	40-50	•
	26-40	GRX-SIL, CB-SIL	•	A-6, A-4	•	•	•	•	•	•	20-35	•
	40-80	GRX-C, CBV-C	CH	A-7	0-15	0-25	25-60	20-55	20-55	15-50	60-85	30-60
73273:	 		 	 		 		 	 	 		
Coulstone	   0-4	GRV-FSL	l IGC	  A-2-4	   0	   0-25	  35-60	ı   30-55	ı   25–45	ı  15-25	   5-25	1-10
		GRV-FSL, GRX-SL	•	A-2-4		•	•		•	•	5-25	•
			•	A-2-4	:	•	•	•	•	•	20-30	•
	39-61	GR-SCL	GC	A-2-6	0-10	•	•	•	•	25-35	30-45	•
	61-80	RD						l				

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif:	ication		ments	:	_	e Passin	ng	Liquid	
	Depth	USDA texture			>10	3-10		sieve n			limit	ticity
and soil name	<u> </u>		Unified	AASHTO		inches	4	10	40	200	<u> </u>	index
	<u>In</u>	 			Pct	<u>Pct</u>	 	l i		 	Pct	
73273:	 	 	 	! !		 	l I	l I	 	l I		l I
Bender	0-2	GRV-SL	GM	  A-1	0	0-10	  35-65	  30-60	20-40	10-20	5-20	1-5
	2-14	GRX-FSL	GM	A-1	0-5	0-20	25-45	20-40	10-25	5-15	5-20	1-5
	•		GC	A-2-4	0-20	:	!	30-65	20-40	10-20	!	5-10
	27-80	BR										
73274:	 	 	 	! 		! !	l I	l I	! !	l I		
Scholten	0-7	GRV-SIL	GC, GC-GM	A-2, A-4,	0	0-10	  30-55	  25-50	25-50	20-40	20-35	5-15
	į	j	İ	A-6, A-2-4	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	j
	!	GRX-SIL, GRV-SIL	!	A-2, A-2-6	0		•	•		•	25-45	:
	:	!	!	A-2-6	0-10		•	•	15-55	•	•	10-15
	33-63 	GRX-CL, GR-SIC	GC 	A-2, A-7,   A-2-7	0-10	5-35 	20-60 	15-55 	15-55 	10-50 	40-65 	20-40
	 	 	 	A-2-7 		! !	l I	l I	! !	l I		
73275:	i	 	i	i		i	i	! 	i	i	i	i
Gravois	0-6	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	j o	90-100	85-100	80-100	70-90	20-40	5-15
	6-25	SICL, SIL	CL	A-6, A-7	0			•	80-100			10-25
	25-35	!	GC, CL, SC	A-6, A-7,	0	0-15	35-100	30-95	25-90	20-80	25-45	10-20
		GRV-SIL, SIL,		A-7-6	İ	 	 	l i	 	 	ļ	
	  35-50	GRX-SIL  GRV-SICL, SICL,	l Isc. cc-cm. cc	   12-7-6	l l 0	l l 0-15	   35-85	   30-80	l   25-80	   20-75	  25-45	  10-25
		GRV-SIL, GRV-L		A-6		0 13		50 00	1	1	23 13	
	50-80	CBV-C, GRV-SIC,	CL, GC	A-7-6, A-2-7,	0	0-60	35-80	30-75	25-70	20-65	45-90	25-60
	ĺ	GR-SIC, GRV-C	ĺ	A-7		ĺ	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	İ	Ì
			<u> </u>				ļ :			ļ		
Goss	:	!	!	A-4	0-5		•	•	50-65	•	•	2-15
	:	GRV-SIL, GRX-SIL  GRX-C, CBV-C,	!	A-4  A-7, A-7-6	0-5 0-5		30-50  30-50	•	20-50  25-45	20-40	•	2-15 20-55
	±0-00	GRV-C	I	K-7, K-7-0	U-3 	±3-30	50-50 	25-15 	25- <del>1</del> 5	25-40 	45-05	<b>2</b> 0-33
	i		İ	İ		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i	İ
73276:												
Rueter	!	!	!	A-2-4	0-5		•	•	25-50	•	•	2-15
	3-14	GRV-SIL, GRX-SIL		A-2-6, A-4,	0-5	0-10	20-55	15-50	15-45	10-40	10-35	2-15
	  14_45	  CBX-L, GRV-L,	:	A-6, A-2-4  A-2-4, A-1-a,	   0-5	  10-50	  30-60	   25-55	  25-55	  10_45	  15-40	   5-20
		GRV-SCL		A-2-6	0 3	1	50 00	23 33	23 33	10 15	10	3 20
	45-80	CBX-C, GRV-C	GC-GM	A-2-7, A-7	0-5	10-50	30-60	25-55	25-55	20-50	50-75	25-60
Hildebrecht	!	!		A-4	0			•	85-95			2-10
	•	SICL, SIL  GRX-SIL,	•	A-6  A-2	0 1 0		•	•	85-95	•	•	10-25
	25-39 	GRX-SIL,	l GC	A-2 	0	U-13	25 <b>-</b> 45 	20-40 	15-40 	13-30	20-35 	5-15 
	  39-80	•	l  GC	  A-7	0	   0-15	  35-55	  30-50	  30-45	  25-40	60-85	30-60
	į	j	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	j
73277:		]	!	ļ		!	ļ		!	ļ	ļ	!
Goss	:	!	:	A-4	0-5		•	•		•	10-35	:
	:	GRV-SIL, GRX-SIL  GRX-C, CBV-C,	:	A-4  A-7, A-7-6	0-5 0-5		•	•	20-50  25-45	•	•	2-15  20-55
	±0-00	GRV-C	I	K-7, K-7-0	U-3 	±3-30	50-50 	25-15 	25- <del>1</del> 5	25-40 	45-05	<b>2</b> 0-33
	i		İ	İ		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	i	İ
73278:	į	j	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	j
Rueter	:	!		A-2-4	0-5		•	•		•	10-35	:
	3-23	GRV-SIL		A-2-6, A-4,	0-5	0-10	40-55	35-50	35-50	30-40	10-35	2-15
	123-50	  GRV-SIL, GRX-SIL	•	A-6, A-2-4  A-2-4, A-2-6	   0-5	   0_10	  25_55	   30_50	  30-50	  25_40	110-25	   2-15
	:			A-2-4, A-2-0  A-7	0-5		•	•		•	35-50	•
				i ·	· · ·	- <b>-</b> -						<b></b>
73279:	į		İ	İ	j	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	į
Sonsac	0-3	GRX-SIL	GC	A-4, A-6	0-10	0-20	30-55	25-50	25-50	20-40	20-35	5-15
	:	GRX-SIL, GRV-SIL	•	A-2, A-2-4	0-15		•		25-45	•	•	5-15
	6-10	GRV-SICL,	:	A-2-6, A-6,	0-10	0-15 	35-65 	30-60 	30-60 	25-55 	30-45	10-25
	110-33	GRV-SIL  GRV-C, GRV-SIC	!	A-2  A-7	0-10	   0-20	  45 <i>-76</i>	  40-70	  40-70	  35-65	  60-90	  30-60
		GWA-C' GWA-RTC	190	<del>                                    </del>	0-10	1 0-20	122-10	120-70	1-0-70	122-02	100-90	120-00
	32-60	luwb	I	I				l				

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

ļ			Classif	ication		ments_	•	_	e Passi	ng	Liquid	•
	Depth	USDA texture		<u> </u>	>10	3-10		sieve n			limit	ticity
and soil name	<u> </u>		Unified	AASHTO		inches	4	10	40	200	<u> </u>	index
	l <u>In</u>		  -	  -	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	!	<u> </u>	Pct	!
73279:	l I	[ ]	l I	l I	l i	 	l I	l I	l I	l I		
Moko	I I 0-8	  GRV-CL	l IGC	  A-2	l l 0-5	   0-15	I   35-55	I   30-50	I   30-50	I   25-40	  35-48	  15-25
	•	•	•	A-2	0-5	•	•	•	10-20	•	10-30	2-10
	14-60	UWB	İ	İ	j	j	i	j	j	i	j	j
ļ	l		ļ	l	ļ	[	l	ļ		ļ	İ	ļ
Rock outcrop.	ļ				ļ	!	ļ	ļ		ļ		!
73280:	! !	l i	l i	l i	!		 	 	 	 		
Alred	I I 0-3	  GRV-SIL	I  GC, GC-GM, GM	I  A-2	I I 0	   0-15	I  40-60	I   35-55	I   35-55	I   30-45	  15-30	2-15
	•		•	A-2-4, A-2	0		•		35-55	•	•	5-15
į	15-21	GRV-SICL,	GC-GM, GC	A-2-6, A-2,	0	0-10	40-60	35-55	35-55	30-45	25-40	5-20
ļ	!	GRV-SIL	•	A-6	!	!	!	!	!	ļ		
	21-80	GR-C, C	CH	A-7, A-7-6	0	0-10	65-100	60-100	60-95	55-85	50-90	30-65
73282:	l I	 	l I	l I	l i	 	l I	l I	 	l I		
Alred	I I 0-3	I  GRV-SIL	I  GC, GC-GM, GM	I  A-2	l l 0	   0-15	I  40-60	ı   35-55	।   35-55	I   30-45	115-30	2-15
	:			A-2-4, A-2	0	•	•	•	35-55	•	•	5-15
į	15-21	GRV-SIL,	GC-GM, GC	A-2-6, A-2,	0	0-10	40-60	35-55	35-55	30-45	25-40	5-20
ļ	ļ 	GRV-SICL	<u> </u>	A-6	ļ .		ļ 			ļ :		
	21-80	GR-C, C	CH	A-7-6, A-7	0	0-10	65-100	60-100	60-95	55-85	50-90	30-65
Sonsac	   0-3	lar-sti.	  CL, CL-ML, GC	   \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	   0-10	l l 0=10	  55-80	l   50-75	  50-70	  40-60	  20-35	   5-15
Donibae	•	GRV-SIL, GRX-SIL	•	A-2, A-2-4		0-10	•	•	•	•	•	5-15
	•		•	A-2-6, A-6,	0-10	•	•	•	•	•	30-45	10-25
	l	GRX-SIL,		A-2				l	l			
ļ	ļ	GRV-SICL,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	!	ļ	!	!	ļ	ļ	ļ
		CBV-SICL	  aa									
	32-60		GC 	A-7, A-2-7 	0-5 	U-IU	30-55 	25-50 	25-50 	20-45 	60-80 	30-50 
	32 00		i I	i I	i	i	! 	¦ 	<u> </u>	: 	i	i
73283:	į	j	İ	İ	İ	į	į	į	İ	İ	İ	İ
Courtois	0-4	SIL	CL	A-4	0	0	100	100	90-100	70-90	20-35	5-15
	4-13		!	A-6	0	0	100	•	•	•	40-50	•
	1 1 1	SIC, SICL	CL	A-6 	0	0	75-100 	  70-100	65-95 	60-95 	40-60	20-30
73284:	l İ	[ ]	 	 		! 	! 	! 	! !	! 		i
Courtois	0-4	  SIL	CT	  A-4	0	,   0	1 100	100	  90-100	  70-90	15-30	5-10
	4-8	SIL	CT	A-4	j o	j o	100	100	90-100	70-90	15-30	5-10
ļ	•		CL	A-6	0	0	100	•	•	•	30-45	•
ļ	24-80	GRX-C, GR-C, C	CH	A-7	0	0-10	35-95	30-90	30-90	25-80	50-85	25-55
Goss	0-3 	  CD_CTI	  CL	  A-4	   0-5	   0_10	   55_75	   50-70	  50-65	  40_55	110-30	   2-10
GOSS	•	GRV-SIL, GRX-SIL	•	A-4	0-5   0-5	•	•	•	•	•	10-30	•
	:		!	A-7, A-7-6	•	15-50	•		•	•	•	•
į	ĺ	GRV-C	ĺ	ĺ	Ì	İ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	Ì	İ
	ļ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	!	ļ	!	!	ļ	ļ	ļ
73285: Useful	   ^ 0	l ctt	  CL		   0	   0	   100	   100	   00 100	   70 00	125 40	
	0-8   8-13	•	•	A-4  A-4	1 0	0   0	100   100	•	•	•	25-40 25-40	•
	•	C, SIC	•	A-7	1	0-5	•	•	•	•	•	•
	47-80		İ	İ	j	i	:	i	:	:	:	j
	l			l				l	l			
Courtois	•	•	!	A-4	0	0	•	•	•	•	20-40	•
	•		•	A-6	0	0					35-50	
	∡4-80 	GRV-C, GR-C, C,   sic	CH 	A-7 	0	0-10 	   20-T00	45-100 	45-90 	40-80 	60-90 	30-65 
	l I	l sic	 	l I		 	l I	 	! !	l I		
73286:	İ		i	İ	i	i	İ	i	i	i	i	i
Useful	0-6	SIL	CT	A-4	j 0	0	100	100	90-100	70-90	25-40	5-20
İ	6-12	•	•	A-6	0	•	100	•	•	•	40-50	•
			CH	A-7	l 0	0-5	185-100	180-100	190-05	170 OF	LEO CE	125-40
	12-59  59-80		CH	A-/		•	•	•	•	:	:	

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

		[	Classi	fication		ments		_	e Passi	ng	Liquid	•
	Depth	USDA texture	]	Ţ	>10	3-10		sieve n			limit	ticity
and soil name	<u></u>		Unified	AASHTO		inches	4	10	40	200	<u> </u>	inde
	<u>In</u> 	 		1	Pct	Pct		 	 	 	Pct	l i
3286:	<u> </u>	 		i		 	<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	! 	i	ļ
Courtois	•	•	Cr	A-4	0	0	100	•	90-100	•	•	5-15
		SICL, SIC	CT	A-6	0	0	100	•	90-95	•		20-30
	25-80 	GRV-C, GR-C, C,   SIC	CH	A-7 	0 	0-10 	50-100 	45-100 	45-95 	40-95 	50-85 	25-55 
3287:	 	 				 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Useful	0-6	'  sil	CL	A-4	i o	i o	100	100	90-100	70-90	25-40	5-20
	6-12	sicl	CL	A-6	j o	j 0	100	100	95-100	85-95	40-50	15-25
	12-59	c, sic	СН	A-7	0	0-5	85-100	80-100	80-95	70-95	50-65	25-40
	59-80 	BR		1								
Sonsac	0-4	  SICL	CT	  A-6	0-10	0-10	  85 <b>-</b> 100	  80-100	  80-95	  75-90	  35-50	  15-25
	4-38	GR-SIC, GRV-C,	GC	A-7, A-2-7	0-40	0-30	30-55	25-50	25-50	20-45	55-85	30-55
	  38-60	STX-C		1				 		 		 
	38-60							 	 	 		
3288: Caneyville	   0-6	   етт.	CL, CL-ML	  A-4, A-6	   0	   0-3	   100	   100	  90-100	   70-90		   5 <b>-</b> 15
cuncyville	6-11	•	CL-ML, CL	A-6, A-4	i 0	0-3	100	•	90-100	•	•	5-15
		sicL, sic	Cr	A-7, A-7-6	0	0-3	•	•	80-95	•	•	15-25
		sic, c	СН	A-7-6, A-7	0		90-100			•	•	25-40
	30-60	UWB	į	į	į	į	į	į	ļ	i	į	į
Rock outcrop.	 	 	 			 	 	 	 	 		 
3289:	 	 				 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Fourche	0-8	SIL	CL	A-4	0	0	100	100	90-100	70-90	20-35	5-15
	8-20	SIL, SICL	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	90-100	70-95	30-45	10-20
		SICL, SIL	Cr	A-6	0	0	85-100	•	•	•	•	10-15
	27-80 	sicL 	CT	A-6 	0 	0 	85-100 	80-95 	80-95 	75-90 	35-50 	15-25 
3290:	i		İ	i	i	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	İ	İ	<u> </u>	İ	İ
Gatewood	•	•	CT	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	:	90-100	•	•	5-15
	3-7	•	Cr	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	100	90-100	•	•	5-15
	7-37  37-60	•	CH	A-7 	0 	0 	85-100 	80-100 	75-80 	60-70 	65-80 	40-55 
	İ	İ	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
Aaron		•	CT	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	•	90-100	•	•	5-15
	7-12	•	CL	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	:	90-100	•	•	5-15
	•	SIL, SICL	CL	A-7, A-6	0	0	100	100	90-100	•	•	10-20
	45-46   46-60	C, SIC  BR	CH	A-7 	0 	0 			75-100 	70-95 	50-70 	30-45 
3291:	 	 				 	[ 	 	 	 		
Gatewood	   0-1	ı İsil	CL	A-6, A-4	0	   0	1 100	   100	  90-100	  70-90	20-35	   5-15
	1-25	•	СН	A-7	i o	•	85-100	•	•	•	•	40-55
	  25-36	•	СН	A-7	j o	•	60-85			•	:	40-55
	36-60	BR	į	į	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	j
Aaron	   0-2	  SIL	CL	  A-4, A-6	0	   0	   100	   100	  90-100	  70-90	  20-35	   5-15
	2-10	SICL	CL	A-7, A-6	j o	j 0	100	100	95-100	85-95	40-50	20-25
		C, SIC	CH	A-7	0	0	:	:	75-100	:	:	30-45
	52-60 	BR 		1		 	 	 	 	 	 	 
3292:	 	 		j	į	į			 			į
Lily	•	•	CL	A-4	0	0	100	•	85-95	•	•	1-10
	5-11	•	CL	A-4	0	0	100	•	85-95	•	5-25	1-10
	27-80	SCL, SL	CT	A-6	0 	0	100 	100 	65-95 	35-75 	20-35	5-15 
	<u>-</u>	124				, - <del></del>	, - <del></del>	, 	, - <del></del>	, 		

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif	ication	Fragi	ments	Pe	rcentag	e Passir	ng	Liquid	Plas-
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture			>10	3-10	l	sieve n	umber		limit	ticity
and soil name	L	<u> </u>	Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200	L	index
	<u>In</u>	<u> </u>	ļ.	1	Pct	Pct					Pct	
<b>5</b> 2002	!				!							!
73293: Caneyville	   0-3	   атт.	CL, CL-ML	  A-4, A-6	I I 0	l l 0-3	   100	   100	  90-100	   70-90	120-35	   5-15
caney ville	3-8	!	CL-ML, CL	A-6, A-4	1 0	l 0-3	100	!	90-100	:	:	5-15
	:	SICL, SIC	CL	A-7, A-7-6	io	0-3	100	!	:	:	35-50	!
	:	sic, c	CH	A-7-6, A-7	i 0	!	!	!	:	:	50-65	:
	31-60	•	İ	i	i				i			
	Ì	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	İ	Ì
73294:		<u> </u>	!							l 		ļ
Ocie	:	!	CL	A-4	•	•	•	•	65-85	•	•	5-10
	:	CBV-L	GC	A-4	10-20	:	:	:	:	:	:	5-10
	:	CBV-L, GRV-L	GC	A-6	:	:	:	:	:	:	25-35	:
	:	GR-C, C	CH	A-7	:	:	:	50-80	50-80	45-70	60-85	:
	54-60 	BK	l I	I I								
74634:		İ		i	i	i	i	i	i	! 	i	<u> </u>
Hartville	0-7	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	j o	j 0	100	95-100	85-100	65-90	25-40	5-15
	7-12	SIL	CL-ML, CL	A-6, A-4	j o	j o	100	95-100	85-100	65-90	25-40	5-15
	12-48	SICL, SIC	CH, CL	A-7-6	0	0	100	95-100	90-100	80-95	45-55	20-30
	48-80	C, SICL	CL	A-7-6, A-6	0	0	95-100	90-100	85-100	75-95	40-60	20-30
	ļ		!	ļ	ļ	ļ					ļ	ļ
74650:			   GT									
Higdon	:	!	CL	A-4	0	0	100		90-100		•	5-15
	10-19	!	CL	A-4	0	0	100	!	90-100		:	5-15
	119-80	SICL, SIL 	CL	A-5, A-6	0	0	  95-100	  90-100	75-100	70-95 	30-45 	10-20
74652:	i	! 	i	i	i	İ	! 	¦ 	<u> </u>	 	1	i
Lecoma	0-9	SIL	CL-ML, ML,	A-4	j o	j o	100	100	90-100	70-90	10-30	2-10
	İ	j	SC-SM	j	İ	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	į
	9-31	SIL, SICL	CT	A-6	0	0	95-100	90-100	85-95	75-85	25-40	10-20
	31-60	L, CL	Cr	A-6	0	0	85-100	80-100	75-90	55-65	30-45	10-20
	ļ	<u> </u>	!	!	ļ	ļ.	!	!	!	ļ	ļ	ļ.
74653:												
Racoon	:	!	CL-ML, CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	•	90-100	•	•	5-15
	6-26	!	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0   0	100	:	90-100	:	:	5-15
	26-60	I   PICT	CL	A-6, A-7,   A-7-6	0	0	100 	100 	  95-100	05-95 	35-50 	122-23
	i	! 		A-7-0 	1	i i	! !	! !	i	l İ	i i	i
Freeburg	0-9	sil	CL-ML, CL	A-6, A-4	j o	j 0	100	100	90-100	70-90	20-35	5-15
	9-13	SIL	CL, CL-ML	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	100	90-100	70-90	20-35	5-15
	13-52	SIL, SICL	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	90-100	70-95	30-50	10-25
	52-80	sicl	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	95-100	85-95	35-45	15-20
	ļ				!		!	ļ				ļ
74656: Deible	   0-10	lett	CL, CL-ML	  A-6, A-4	I I 0	   0	   100	   100	   00_100	   70_90	  20-35	   5-15
Derpre	10-15	•	CL, CL-ML	A-6, A-4	0	0	100			•	20-35	•
	•	sic, c	CH	A-7, A-7-6	0	0	100	•		•	50-85	•
		SICL, SIC	CL, CH	A-7, A-7-6	0	0	100	•		•	35-65	•
					i	i						
74661:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	j	į
Waben	•	•	GC	A-4	0	•			50-70	•	•	2-10
		GRV-L, GR-SIL	GC	A-2, A-4	0	•			25-50	•	•	5-10
	36-80	L, SIL	CT	A-4	0	0	85-100	80-100	75-95	55-85	20-30	5-10
74662.			1	1	ļ		[	ļ		 		ļ
74662: Higdon	106	I I ятт.	CL	  A-4	   0	   0	   100	   100	   90-100	   70-90	  25-35	   5-15
			100	**- <del>-</del>	1	, ,	1 -00	1 -00	120-T00	1,0-50	125-55	•
niguon		•	:	A = 4	I 0	I 0	100	1 100	190-100	70-90	25-35	5-15
11194011	6-14	SIL	CL	A-4  A-6. A-5	0   0	0   0	100  95-100	•		•	25-35 30-45	•
niguen	6-14  14-26	•	:	A-4  A-6, A-5  A-6, A-5	0   0   0	j o	95-100	90-100	75-100	70-95	25-35  30-45  30-45	10-20

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif	ication		ments	:	_	e Passiı	ng	Liquid	•
	Depth	USDA texture	********	 	>10	3-10		sieve n		1 200	limit	ticity
and soil name	   In	<u> </u>	Unified	AASHTO	Inches   Pct	inches   Pct	<u>4</u> 	10	40 	200 	Pct	index
	<del></del> 		! 	! 	1	<u>100</u>	! 	 	 	! 	1	i
75376:	i		İ	İ	İ	į	į	İ	į	İ	i	i
Cedargap		•	•	A-4, A-6	0	•	55-80	•		•	•	:
	9-18 	GRV-L, GRV-SCL, GRX-COSL,	GC, GC-GM	A-2-6, A-2-4 	0 	0-10 	30-55 	25-50 	15-50 	10-45 	20-45 	5-25
	İ	GRV-SIL,	i I	İ	İ	i	<u> </u>	! 	i	i	i	i
	į	GRX-SCL	İ	İ	į	ĺ	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	İ	İ
	18-49	GR-COSL,   GRX-COSL, COSL,		A-2-6, A-2-4	0	0-10	25-65	20-60	15-50	10-45	25-45	5-20
	<u> </u>	GRV-COSL,	i I	i I	 	¦	<u> </u>	 	¦	i i	i	1
	į	GRX-CL, GRV-CL,	İ	İ	į	ĺ	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	İ	İ
	 	GRX-SCL,   GRV-SCL, GRV-L,	 		 	 	 	 	 	  -		
	 	GRV-SCL, GRV-L,	 	! 	 	i İ	! 	l İ	l İ	l İ	 	i
	49-60	C, GRV-C,	GC	A-2-7, A-7-6	j o	0-15	30-85	25-80	20-75	10-70	50-85	25-60
		GRX-SCL,										
	 	GRX-SC, GR-C	 	 	l I	 	 	 	 	l I		
75388:	į		İ	j	İ	į	į	İ	į	i	i	i
Kaintuck	0-6	FSL	!	A-4	0	0	80-100	75-100	60-80	35-50	10-30	NP-10
	l   6-80	  SR- FS LFS FSL	SC-SM, SM  CL-ML, SC-SM,	  A-4	   0	   0-5	  80-100	  75-100	l   55-95	l   20-85	  10-30	  NP-10
			ML, SM	i	i	j						
Relfe		•	GC-GM, GM  GC-GM, GW-GM	A-1, A-1-a  A-1-a. A-1	0   0	•	35-50  15-40	•		•	•	2-5   2-5
		GRV-LCOS,								5 -5		
	!	GRV-SL	!	!	!	!	!	ļ	!	!	ļ.	İ
75398:	 	Ī	l I	 	 	 	 	 	 	l I	l i	
Kaintuck	0-6	  FSL	CL-ML, ML,	  A-4	0	0	  80 <b>-1</b> 00	  75-100	  60-80	  35-50	10-30	  NP-10
	İ		SC-SM, SM	İ	į	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	į
	6-80 	SR- FS LFS FSL   L SIL	CL-ML, SC-SM,   ML, SM	A-4	0	0-5	80-100	75-100 	55-95 	20-85 	10-30	NP-10
	<u> </u>	1 511	ML, SM 	i I	 	¦	<u> </u>	 	¦	i i	i	i .
75406:	į		İ	İ	į	ĺ	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	İ	İ
Racket	0-18  18-34	•	CL, CL-ML  CL	A-4, A-6  A-6	0   0	0   0	100   100	•	85-95  85-95	•	•	
	34-60		CL	A-6	0		85-100	•		•	•	•
	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	į
75412: Razort		 	lar wr. ar		   0			 				
Razort	•		CL-ML, CL  CL	A-4  A-6	0   0	•	80-100  80-100	•		•	•	5-15  10-20
	34-80	GR-L, L, GRV-L	CL, CL-ML, GC	A-6, A-4	j o	j o	35-80	30-75	30-70	25-50	20-30	5-15
75427:												
Gabriel	   0-9	  sil	CL	  A-6, A-4	l   0	I I 0	   100	   100	  90-100	l  70-90	  25-35	5-15
	9-42	•	•	A-7, A-6	j 0	j o	100	•	95 <b>-</b> 100	•	•	•
	42-62	•	•	A-6, A-7	0	•	85-95	•		•	•	•
	62-80 	GRV-CL 	GC 	A-6, A-7 	0 	0 	35 <b>-</b> 55 	30-50 	30-50 	25-40 	35-45 	15-25 
75450:	İ		İ	İ	İ	į	į	İ	i	İ	i	i
Bloomsdale		•		A-4	0	0-5	•	•	85-95	•	•	•
	•	SR- GRV-COSL   GRV-L GRV-CL	GC, GC-GM 	A-2, A-2-4 	0 	0-20 	35-55 	30-50 	20-50 	10-40 	25-40 	5-20 
		•	I  GC	  A-2, A-2-7	0	  10-40	  20-40	  15-35	  15-35	  10-30	40-65	20-40
	İ	GRV-CL	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
75453:	 		 	<u> </u>		[ 	[ 	  -	 	 	ļ	
	I I 0-8	I  SIL	  CL, CL-ML	  A-4, A-6	   0	I   0	  95-100	  90-100	।  85-95	ı  75−85	  25-35	5-15
Sturkie								,				
sturkie	•	SIL, L, SICL	CL	A-6	0	0	95-100	90-100	85-95	60-90	30-45	10-20

Table 17.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

	 	<u> </u>	Classif	ication	Fragi	ments	Per	rcentage	e Passi	ng	Liquid	Plas-
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture		[	>10	3-10	ls	sieve n	umber		limit	ticity
and soil name	L	L	Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	<u>In</u>				Pct	Pct	ļ		<u> </u>	ļ	Pct	!
75459:	 	 		 		 	 	 	 	 		
Huzzah	।   0−38	I  SIL	CL, CL-ML	  A-4, A-6	0	I I 0	   100	   100	  90-100	I  70-90	  20-35	   5-15
	•	•		A-4, A-6	j o	j o	100	100	70-90	50-75	10-25	2-20
	ļ				ļ.	ļ	ļ		ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ
75460: Horsecreek	 I ∩_8	   атт.	CL	  A-4	   0	l I 0	   95_100	   95_100	  85-100	   70-100	  20-35	   5-15
HOLDCOLCON	•	SIL, SICL	•	A-6, A-7	0	•	•	•	80-100	•	•	
	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
77014:												
Rock outcrop.	l I	 		l I		l I	l I	l I	l I	l I	l I	l I
Taumsauk	0-4	CBV-SIL	CL	A-4	0-5	  35-65	  65-95	  60-90	  60-85	  50-75	10-30	2-10
	•	CBX-SIL	CL	A-4	0-25	35-65	65-95	60-90	•	50-75	20-35	5-15
	13-60	UWB										
77015:	 	 		 		! !	 	 	! !	l I	 	 
Irondale	0-6	GRV-SIL	GC	A-4	0-10	0-15	  35-55	30-50	30-50	25-40	25-35	5-15
		GRX-SIL		A-2		10-30	•	•		•	•	5-15
	12-22  22-60	STX-SIL	CL	A-6	40-70 	20-40 	50-75 	45-70 	45-65 	35-55 	30-40 	10-15 
	22-00 			i İ		 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Taumsauk	0-4	CBV-SIL	CL	A-4	0-5	35-65	65-95	60-90	60-85	50-75	10-30	2-10
	•	CBX-SIL	CL	A-4	:	35-65	:	•	:	:	:	5-15
	13-60 	UWB	İ	 								
Rock outcrop.	! 	i I		! 	i	i	! 	! 	i	¦ 	i	İ
	İ	İ	İ	į	į	į	İ	İ	į	İ	į	į
77016:		  apri arr	l aa									
Irondale	•	GRV-SIL  GRX-SIL, GRV-SIL		A-4  A-2	0-10   0-10	•	•	•	35-55  35-55	•	•	2-15   2-15
	•		•	A-6	0-30	:	:	:	30-55	:	:	10-15
	29-60	BR		į	j	ļ	l					
Taumsauk		lany att	  CL	  A-4	   0-5	  35-65	 	   60 00	 		110 20	   2-10
Taumsauk	•	CBX-SIL		A-4  A-4		35-65  35-65	•	•	•	•	•	2-10   5-15
	13-60	•	İ	į	j	j	i	i	j	i	i	i
	ļ				ļ.	ļ	ļ		ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ
Rock outcrop.	 	 	Ī	 	l I	l I	l I	l i	l I	l I	 	 
77017:	! 	! 		 	i	¦	 	 	¦	¦ 	İ	<u> </u>
Knobtop	0-2	sir	CL	A-4	j o	j o	100	100	90-100	70-90	25-35	5-15
	2-7	•		A-4	0	0	100	•	90-100	•	•	•
	•			A-6  A-2, A-6	0   0	0   0-15	100  40-85	•	90-100  30-80	•	•	•
		GRV-L			i	i						
	36-60	BR		!	!	!	!		!			
77019:	 	 	] 	i I		 	l I	l I	 	 	I I	I I
Frenchmill	0-3	  GRV-SIL	l  GC	  A-4	   0-5	   5-20	  40-60	ı   35-55	ı   35-55	  30-45	10-30	2-10
	3-8	GRX-SIL	GC	A-4	0-5	5-20	40-60	35-55	35-55	30-45	10-30	2-10
	•	GRV-SIL, GRX-SIL		A-6		10-25	•		•	•	•	•
	58-80 	GRV-SICL, GRV-CL	GC 	A-6 	0-10	10-25 	40-60 	35-55 	35-55 	25-50 	40-45 	15-25 
99000.	<u> </u>	İ		i		i	İ	İ	i	İ	i	i
Pits,	ĺ	İ	İ	İ	İ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	İ	ĺ
quarries	 	 				[ 	 	  -	[ 	 		
99001.	! 	! 		i 		! 	! 	I 	! 	I 	1	! 
Water	İ	İ		i	i	į	İ	j	į	İ	i	i
	ļ	ļ		!		ļ .	!		ļ .	ļ	ļ	ļ
99014. Mine tailings	 	 		 		 	 	 	 	 	1	
	<u></u>	<u> </u> 		<u></u>		<u></u>	' 	<u>.</u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils

(Entries under "Erosion factors--T" apply to the entire profile. Entries under "Wind erodibility group" and "Wind erodibility index" apply only to the surface layer. Absence of an entry indicates that data were not estimated.)

				l	I	I		I	Effective	I	I	I	Erosi	on fac	tors	•	Wind
Map symbol	Depth	Sand	Silt	Clay	Moist	Saturated	Available	Cation	cation	Soil	Linear	Organic					- erodi
and soil name					bulk	hydraulic	water	exchange	exchange	reaction	extensi-	matter	Kw	Kf	T	bility	y bilit
					density	conductivity	capacity	capacity	capacity		bility					group	index
	<u>In</u>	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	<u>In/in</u>	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	рН	Pct	Pct					1
66014:				 													
Haymond	l l 0-6	   10 25	60 90	   10 27	  1 20 1 E0	   4.00-14.00	10 22 0 24	   0 0 10	   5.0-15	   5.1-7.8	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	   .37	l   .37	l I 5	l I 5	l l 56
Haymond	0-6   6-41	10-25    10-25				4.00-14.00			5.0-15	5.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	37	37	1 2	1 2	1 20
	41-80		20-40			42.00-14.00	•		3.0-13	5.6-7.8	1.0-2.9	0.3-2.0	1 .28	1.28	:	l I	¦
	41-00	40-75	20-40	3-20 	1.25-1.40	<del></del>		4.0-10	3.0-7.0	3.0-7.8	1.0-2.9	0.2-0.3	•20	.20	i	i	i
70028:	i	i i	į	j	İ	İ	į	į	į	į	j	į	į	į	İ	į	j
Moko	0-3	25-45	30-50	18-27	1.25-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.07-0.13	15-40	15-45	5.1-7.8	0.1-2.9	2.0-6.0	.24	.37	1	8	0
	3-8	25-45	30-50	18-27	1.25-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.03-0.14	15-40	15-40	6.1-7.8	0.1-2.9	2.0-6.0	.20	.37			
	8-60					0.00-1.40										ļ	ļ
Rock outcrop.	! 	! ! ! !		 	! !	<u> </u>		!		!	!		!	!	! !		!
73012:	 	 		l I	 	 		 	l I	 		l i	 	 	 	 	l
Gravois	l   0-6	   5-15	65-85	   12-27	  1.20-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	   8.0-15	5.0-11	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	4	   5	56
	6-25		50-75			1.40-4.00	0.12-0.18		6.0-19	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.3-1.0	.43	.43	i -	i -	"
	25-35	5-15	45-70			0.42-1.40	0.08-0.12	10-18	6.0-14	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.32	.43	i	i	i
	35-50			•	•	•	0.10-0.13	10-18	6.0-14	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.32	.43	i	i	i
	50-80	5-25	10-42	40-80	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.04-0.10	25-36	25-40	6.6-7.8	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.28	.32	İ	i	j
73035:				  -	 			 								 	
Gravois	l 0-6	   2-10	65-80	I   12-27	I  1.20=1.50	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	   8.0-15	   5.0-11	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	1 .37	1 .37	   4	l I 5	l I 56
GIGVOID	6-25	1		•	•	•	0.12-0.18		6.0-19	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.3-1.0	1.43	.43	-	]	30
	25-35					0.42-1.40	0.08-0.12	•	6.0-14	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	1.32	1 .43	ŀ	ľ	i .
	35-50					1.40-4.00	0.10-0.13		6.0-14	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.32	.43	i	i	i
	50-80					1.40-4.00	0.04-0.10	•	25-40	6.6-7.8	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.28	.32	i	i	i
73039:				ļ													
Glensted	l l 0-9		CE 90	15 07	  1 20 1 50	   4.00-14.00	10 22 0 24	   11-17	8.0-13	5.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	2.0-3.0	.32	   .32	   3	   6	l l 48
Grensted	0-9   9-14		40-58			0.42-1.40	0.11-0.13	11-17	17-22	4.5-6.5	6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	32	32	1 3	0	40
	14-33			•	•	•	0.11-0.18		17-22	4.5-7.3	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	1.32	1.32	!	ľ	-
	33-60			•	•	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.19		10-14	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.32	.32	 	İ	i
	į	į į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
73046:									ļ	!	!	ļ	!			ļ _	!
Wrengart	0-6					4.00-14.00			5.0-12	5.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	4	5	56
	6-26					4.00-14.00	•		10-19	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43	!	ļ	!
	26-45			•	•	1.40-4.00	0.10-0.15		7.0-18	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.43	.43	!	ļ	!
	45-60		45-65				0.05-0.10		7.0-18	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	1.10	.43	!	ļ	!
	60-80	5-15	15-45	40-80	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.08-0.12	25-40	23-38	4.5-7.8	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.17	.28	I		1

.43 | 3 | 5

.37

| 5.0-16 | 3.5-5.5 | 3.0-5.9 | 0.2-1.0 | .37 |

| 5.0-18 | 3.5-5.5 | 3.0-5.9 | 0.1-0.5 | .24 |

| 3.5-5.5 | 0.1-2.9 | 0.1-0.5 | .24 | .28

								1	Effective		1		Erosi	on fac	tors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol and soil name	Depth   	Sand     	Silt	Clay   	Moist   bulk   density	Saturated   hydraulic  conductivity	Available   water  capacity		cation exchange capacity	Soil  reaction 	Linear  extensi-   bility	Organic   matter 	   Kw 	   Kf 	   T 	erodi-  bility  group	bilit
	<u>In</u>	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	рн	Pct	Pct	i	i	i	i	i
73052:		!!!	İ						!		!	!					
	^ =	20 50	)   35 50	0.00	  1 20 1 40	  14.00-42.00	10 20 0 22		1 2 2 1 2		1 0 1 0 0	1 2 2 4 2	1 20	   20		l I 5	
Lily	0-5   5-9	30-50    30-50	35-50 35-50			14.00-42.00	•		2.0-10   2.0-10	5.6-7.3 5.6-7.3	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28   .28	.28   .28	2	] 3	56
	5-9   9-24	30-50    30-65		•	•	14.00-42.00	•		5.0-10	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	1 .28	.28	!		!
	9-24   24-80	30-65  	30-50	15-27 	1.25-1.35 	1 0.00-1.40		9.0-15	5.0-12		0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.20	.28 		 	!
	24-00 		i	 	 	1 0.00-1.40				 				i	!		!
73053:	l İ	 	 	l İ	! 	! 	 	! [		l İ		 	ŀ	 	ŀ	! 	i
Lily	0-3	30-50	25-50	10-27	1.25-1.35	14.00-42.00	0.17-0.19	3.0-12	2.0-10	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-4.0	.28	.28	2	3	56
-	3-15	25-50		•	•	14.00-42.00	•	•	5.0-12	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.28	.28	i	i	i
	15-21	35-50	25-50	15-35	1.20-1.35	14.00-42.00	0.12-0.16	9.0-15	5.0-12	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.15	.28	i	i	i
	21-60	i i		i	j	0.00-1.40	j	j	j	i	j	j	j	j	İ	İ	İ
	ĺ	į į		ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	Ì	ĺ	Ì	ĺ	İ	İ	İ	İ	ĺ	İ	İ
Bender	0-4	50-65	25-45	5-18	1.20-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.07-0.11	3.0-10	2.0-8.0	3.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.10	.24	2	8	0
	4-12	50-65	25-45	5-18	1.20-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.07-0.11	3.0-10	2.0-8.0	3.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.10	.24			1
	12-23	40-65	25-45	12-20	1.20-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.03-0.09	5.0-14	3.0-12	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.10	.32			1
	23-60					0.07-1.40											
								1	1		1						
73066:									1								
Bender	0-4	50-65		•	•	14.00-42.00	•		2.0-8.0	3.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.10	.24	2	8	0
	4-12		25-45		•	14.00-42.00	•		2.0-8.0	3.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	1.10	.24			!
	12-23	40-65		:	!	14.00-42.00	:	!	3.0-12	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.10	.32	ļ .	ļ.	!
	23-60				!	0.07-1.40	ļ	!	!	ļ	!	!		ļ	!	ļ	!
73067:	l	!!!	i		!			!	!	ļ	!	!	!	!	!	!	!
73067: Bender	l l 0-4	   E0 6E	   25-45	 	  1 20 1 E0	  14.00-42.00	10 07 0 11	   2 0 10	1 2.0-8.0	   3.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	1 .10	l   .24	   2	l I 8	I I 0
Bender	0-4   4-12		25-45			14.00-42.00	•		2.0-8.0	3.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.3-2.0	1 .10	.24	4	°	0
	12-23	30-65    40-65		•	•	14.00-42.00	•		3.0-12	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	1.10	1 .32	¦ .	!	!
	23-60	40-65  	25-45	12-20 	1.20-1.50 	0.07-1.40		5.0-14	3.0-12	3.5-0.0 	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.10	.32	¦ .	!	!
	<b>2</b> 5-00 			 	 	0.07-1.40 	 	 		I					¦	<u> </u>	1
Rock outcrop.				!   		    -		<u> </u>	ļ		ļ	į	ļ		į		ļ
73089:	 	 		l I	 	 	 	 		 				 			
Rueter	l   0-3	ı İ 20-45İ	   55-75	I I 4-27	  1.20=1.40	  14.00-42.00	1 0.07-0.12	   2.0=11	1.0-8.0	   3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	1 .28	   .37	   3	l I 8	I I 0
Kuecer	0-3   3-14		55-75			14.00-42.00	•		1.0-6.0	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	37	.37	]	, °	"
	14-45		25-40			14.00-42.00	•		1.0-10	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	1.32	1 .43		i	1
	1 11-12	. 55-00	23-30	. ,-33	120-1-30	1 - 1 - 00 - 42 - 00	10.02-0.10	1 2.0-12	1 1.0-10	1 3.3-0.0	1 3.1-2.3	1 2.1-0.2	1 .52	1 3	1	!	1

45-80 | 15-35 | 15-45 | 40-80 | 1.20-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | 0.02-0.05 | 10-32 | 7.0-29 | 3.5-6.0 | 6.0-8.9 | 0.1-0.5 | .20 | .32 |

3.0-10

3-8 | 15-35 | 45-65 | 5-20 | 1.20-1.40 | 4.00-14.00 | 0.20-0.22 | 3.0-12 | 2.0-9.0 | 3.5-6.5 | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-2.0 | .43 |

Yelton-----| 0-3 | 15-35| 60-80| 5-20|1.20-1.40| 4.00-14.00 | 0.22-0.24| 3.0-12 | 2.0-9.0 | 3.5-6.5 | 0.1-2.9 | 0.5-3.0 | .43 |

8-19 | 15-35 | 40-65 | 20-35 | 1.30-1.50 | 1.40-4.00 | 0.15-0.17 | 8.0-20

| 19-38 | 35-60 | 30-50 | 10-27 | 1.60-1.90 | 0.42-1.40 | 0.03-0.05 | 5.0-15

38-65 | 30-60 | 20-45 | 20-35 | 1.20-1.40 | 1.40-4.00 | 0.14-0.16 | 8.0-20

73159:

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

					l	I	I	I	Effective		1		Erosi	on fact	cors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol	Depth	Sand	Silt	Clay	Moist	Saturated	Available	Cation	cation	Soil	Linear	Organic		I		erodi-	erodi
and soil name					bulk	hydraulic	water	exchange	exchange	reaction	extensi-	matter	Kw	Kf	Т	bility	bilit
					density	conductivity	capacity	capacity	capacity		bility				L	group	index
	<u>In</u>	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	<u>In/in</u>	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	рН	Pct	Pct	!	!	l	!	!
73162:	l i	 			 	 	 	 	 					 	l I	l I	
Alred	l l 0-7	30-50	35-50	7-22	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.08-0.12	5.5-12	2.0-9.0	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.10	.32	4	8	ίο
	7-15	30-50			•		0.06-0.10	•	2.0-9.0	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.10	.32	i -	i	i •
	15-21	18-45			•		0.07-0.12	7.5-13	3.0-10	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.3-0.5	.20	.28	i	i	i
j	21-80	10-35				0.42-1.40	0.08-0.11	•	13-26	4.5-7.8	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.28	İ	i	i
Rueter	   0-3	   20-45	55-75	4 27		114.00-42.00	10 07 0 12		1.0-8.0	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	1 .28	   .37	   3	   8	   0
Rueter	0-3   3-14	20-45    15-35				14.00-42.00			1.0-8.0	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	1 .37	.37   .43	3	0	0
	3-14   14-45	15-35    35-55				14.00-42.00	•	•	1.0-6.0	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	32	.43   .43	l i	!	
	14-45   45-80	35-55    15-35					0.03-0.10	•	7.0-10	3.5-6.0	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	1 .20	.43   .32	l i	!	
	45-80 	15-35  	5-25	40-80 	1.20 <b>-</b> 1.40 	4.00-14.00	0.02-0.05	10-32	7.0-29	3.5-6.0	0.0-0.9	0.1-0.5	.20	•32 	l I	¦	
73166:	İ	i i		i	İ	j	i	İ	i	İ	İ	İ	į	į	İ	i	i
Viburnum	0-4	5-15			•		0.22-0.24	5.0-15	3.0-10	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	4	5	56
	4-7	5-15					0.20-0.22	•	3.0-10	4.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.37	.37			
	7-13	5-15					0.13-0.18	•	10-20	4.5-5.5	3.0-5.9	0.2-0.8	.32	.32			
	13-20	5-15			•	1.40-4.00	0.10-0.15	•	15-25	4.5-5.5	3.0-5.9	0.2-0.8	1.15	.32			
	20-80	5-15	5-30	50-80	1.10-1.40	1.40-4.00	0.02-0.07	25-35	20-30	3.5-7.3	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.24		!	
Tonti	   0-3	   10-30	60-80	   5-25	  1.30-1.50	   4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	5.0-15	3.0-12	3.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.0-4.0	.43	   .43	   4	   5	   56
	3-9	10-30	60-80	5-25	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	5.0-15	3.0-12	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.5	.43	.43	İ	İ	İ
	9-23	5-20	40-65	27-35	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.14-0.17	10-25	10-25	3.5-5.5	3.0-5.9	0.5-0.8	.24	.32	ĺ	İ	İ
	23-44	20-45	50-75	10-25	1.60-1.90	0.42-1.40	0.04-0.06	5.0-15	5.0-15	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.15	.37	ĺ	İ	İ
ļ	44-61	15-35	5-25	40-70	1.20-1.40	1.40-4.00	0.03-0.05	10-30	5.0-25	3.5-5.5	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.32		İ	į
73173, 73174:	 	 			 	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	 	l I	¦	
Lily	l 0-3	45-65	25-50	   4-20	1.20-1.40	14.00-42.00	0.16-0.18	3.0-12	2.0-10	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-4.0	.28	.28	2	3	86
-	3-8	30-50	30-50			14.00-42.00	•	•	2.0-10	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-1.0	.28	.28	i	i	i
	8-15	25-50	25-50				0.17-0.19	•	5.0-12	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.28	.28	i	i	i
	15-21	25-50	25-50				0.12-0.16	9.0-15	5.0-12	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.15	.28	i	i	i
	21-23	30-50	30-50	15-27	1.20-1.35	14.00-42.00	0.12-0.16	9.0-15	5.0-12	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.15	.28	i	i	i
į	23-60	i i		i	i	0.00-1.40	j	i	j	i	j	i	j	i	İ	İ	į
Yelton	   0-3	   15-35	60-80	   5-20	  1 20-1 40	   4.00-14.00	10 22-0 24	3 0-12	2.0-9.0	   3.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-3.0	.43	   .43	   3	   5	   56
Tercon	0-3   3-8	15-35    15-35				4.00-14.00	•	•	2.0-9.0	3.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	1 .43	1 .43	1		1 30
	3-0   8-19	15-35    15-35					0.15-0.17	•	5.0-16	3.5-5.5	3.0-5.9	•	37	37	i i	1	!
	19-38	35-60					0.03-0.05	•	3.0-10	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.24	.28	i i	1	!
	38-65	30-60					0.14-0.16	•	5.0-25	3.5-5.5	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.24	.28		i	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		ļ į				<u> </u>											
73200, 73201:	0.3			0.05			10 10 0 17			1 4 5 6 5		1 0 5 0 0					1
Sonsac	0-3   3-8	5-25    5-25				4.00-14.00	0.12-0.17	•	6.0-12	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	1.32	.37   .43	3	8	0
	3-8   8-11	5-25    5-25					0.12-0.17		2.0-8.0	!	!	0.5-1.0	1.32	.43	 	1	1
	8-11   11-32	5-25    2-15			•	0.40-1.40	0.09-0.15	•	20-54	4.5-6.5   6.6-7.8	6.0-9.0	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	l I	!	!
	11-32   32-60	2-15	20-45	50-65 	1.30-1.50 	0.40-1.40		25-42	20-54	0.0-7.8	6.0-9.0	0.5-1.0	.20	.20 	l I	-	
	32 <b>-</b> 00 	,   			, 	0.07-0.42								, 	l I	1	
							1	1									

					I		1	1	Effective	1		1	Erosi	on fac	tors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol	Depth	Sand	Silt	Clay	   Moist	Saturated	  Available	Cation	cation	Soil	Linear	Organic	i	I	I	erodi-	erodi
and soil name	· · • ·	i		i	bulk	hydraulic	water	•	exchange	•	extensi-	matter	Kw	K£	iт	bility	•
	İ	i i		i	density	conductivity	capacity	capacity			bility		i	i	i	group	•
	<u>In</u>	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in		meq/100 g	рн	Pct	Pct	i	i	i	İ	i
73210:	 																
Goss	l   0-3	   10-25	60-80	   10-27	  1 10_1 50	  14.00-42.00	  0 06_0 10	   5 0_14	2.0-8.0	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-3.0	1 .24	   .37	   4	l l 8	I I 0
GOBB	0-3   3-9	10-25    10-25					0.06-0.10	•	1.0-7.0	4.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	1 .24	1 .32	<del>*</del> 	"	"
	9-80			•	•	•	0.06-0.10		18-28	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.2-1.0	1 .24	1 .28	!	:	:
	J-00 	J- <u>2</u> 5  	10-30	33-30 	 	1.00-11.00 	 	25-55	10-20	4.5-7.5	3.0-3.5	0.2-1.0	•24	1 .20	ŀ	İ	i
73214:		i i		İ	į	İ	į	į	İ	į	İ	i	į	į	İ	i	į
Moko	0-5					4.00-14.00			25-35	6.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	2.0-6.0	.24	.43	1	8	0
	5-10	15-30		•	1.25-1.60		0.07-0.14		25-36	6.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	2.0-6.0	.37	.43			
	10-60					0.00-1.40									!		
Rock outcrop.	 			    -	!	 	! !					! !	!		ļ		!
73215 <b>:</b>	 	 		l I	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	l I	 	
Crider	   0-11	   5-15	60-80	'   15-27	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	10-18	10-18	5.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	5	56
	11-37	5-15		•	•	•	0.18-0.23	•	10-19	5.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.28	.28	i	i	i
i	37-60	5-15	35-60	30-60	1.20-1.55	4.00-14.00	0.08-0.18	13-22	9.0-18	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.2-1.0	.28	.28	İ	į	i
73218:	l i	 		l i	 										ļ		
/3216: Tiff	l   0-3	   10-25	5-25	   50_90	  1 20_1 50	   1.40-4.00	0.10-0.13	   20-45	1 15-40	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.3-1.0	1 .20	1 .28	   5	   8	I I 0
1111	l 3-80	10-25    10-35	5-25		1.10-1.30		0.10-0.13	•	15-30	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.3-1.0	1 .20	1 .28	1	°	"
	3 00 	10 33	3 23	30 30 	1	1.10 1.00 		20 10	1	1.3 7.3			.20	.20	i	i	i
73271:	İ	i i		j	į	İ	į	į	j	į	j	į	i	i	İ	į	i
Moko		50-65	15-35	18-27	1.25-1.50		0.07-0.13	25-40	30-45	6.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	3.0-6.0	.10	.20	1	8	0
	13-60					0.00-1.40											
Rock outcrop.				 	<u> </u>	 	! !	!		!	!	! !		! !	ļ	! !	!
73272 <b>:</b>	 	 		 	 	l I								 			
Hildebrecht	l 0-4	l 2-5 l	60-85	ı İ 5−20	  1.20-1.40	   4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	3.0-15	2.0-10	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	4	l I 5	l l 56
	4-9	- 5     2-5	60-85			4.00-14.00			2.0-10	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.5	1 .43	.43	i -		
	9-26	   2-5	45-65				0.15-0.17	•	5.0-25	3.5-5.5	3.0-5.9	0.2-1.0	.43	.43	i	i	i
	26-40	2-25	60-85	10-27	1.60-1.90	0.42-1.40	0.03-0.05	3.0-10	2.0-10	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.20	.28	i	i	i
į	40-80	5-15	10-35	50-80	1.20-1.40	1.40-4.00	0.03-0.07	15-25	15-25	3.5-6.5	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.20	.28	İ	i	i
73273:	 			  -	 	 								 			
Coulstone	   0-4	l 55-75	20-45	I I 3-15	  1.30=1.50	  14.00-42.00	I   0 . 06=0 . 08	   5.0=15	2.0-5.0	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	3.0-5.0	1 .17	1 .24	   3	l I 8	l l 0
Courbcone	4-24	55 75    55-75				14.00-42.00	•	•	1.0-5.0	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-0.8	1.17	.24		i	ľ
	24-39	55-83					0.05-0.07		1.0-5.0	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.8	0.1-0.2	.17	.24	i	i	i
	39-61	50-75		•			0.12-0.14		1.0-5.0	3.5-5.5	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.2	.32	.32	i	i	i
	61-80					0.07-1.40								i	į	i	i
Bender	   0-2		25-45	210			10.00.0.10			   3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9					   8	   0
pender	0-2   2-14	50-75    50-75	-			14.00-42.00  14.00-42.00	0.08-0.10		2.0-10   1.0-8.0	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	3.0-6.0   1.0-2.0	.17	.24   .24	2	l g	1 0
	2-14   14-27	50-75    60-80	-				0.05-0.07		1.0-8.0	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-0.5	.17	.24			
	14-27   27-80	60-60  	5-30	10-20 		0.07-1.40		1		3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-0.5	•=/	.24	ŀ		
	2,7-00	ı I				1 0.0'-T'-TO									1		1

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

	l				l		1		Effective	<b>:</b>	1	1	Erosi	on fac	tors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol and soil name	Depth 	Sand	silt	Clay 	Moist   bulk	Saturated   hydraulic	Available   water	exchange		Soil  reaction	Linear  extensi-	Organic   matter	   Kw	   K£	   T	erodi-  bility	bilit
					density	conductivity	capacity	capacity	capacity		bility				L	group	index
	<u>In</u>	<u>Pct</u>	Pct	<u>Pct</u>	g/cc	um/sec	In/in	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	<u>на</u>	Pct	Pct					
73274:	 				 	 	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Scholten	0-7	   15-35	50-75	10-27	1.20-1.40	14.00-42.00	0.08-0.13	5.0-15	3.0-12	4.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.15	.37	2	8	i o
	7-21	15-35	50-70	15-27	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.08-0.13	5.0-15	3.0-12	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.37	i	i	i
	21-33	15-35	35-55	15-35	1.60-1.90	0.14-0.42	0.04-0.08	5.0-15	3.0-12	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.43	İ	İ	İ
	33-63	15-35	35-55	30-60	1.30-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.04-0.09	5.0-15	3.0-12	3.5-5.5	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.28	ĺ	ĺ	į
73275:	 				 									 		 	
Gravois	I I 0-6	l 5-15	65-85	   12_27	  1.20-1.50	   4.00-14.00	10.20-0.22	   8.0-15	5.0-11	1 4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	1 .37	   .37	   4	l I 5	l I 56
GIAVOIS	0-0   6-25		50-75				0.12-0.18		6.0-19	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.3-1.0	.43	.43	<del>"</del>	1 2	1 30
	0-25   25-35		45-70		1.50-1.70	•	0.08-0.12		6.0-14	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	1 .32	1 .43	¦	;	1
	35-50	5 20     5-30				•	0.10-0.13		6.0-14	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.32	1.43	i	<u>'</u>	i
	50-80		10-42			1.40-4.00	0.04-0.10		25-40	6.6-7.8	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.28	.32	i	į	i
_			50.00												ļ ,		
Goss	0-3   3-18	10-25					0.12-0.16		8.0-15	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	.28	37	4	8	0
	3-18   18-80	10-25    20-40	60-80 10-30		•	•	0.08-0.13		2.0-7.0	4.5-6.5	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.28   .20	.37   .28		 	!
	10-00 	20-40	10-30	33-00 	1.30-1.00 	4.00-14.00		10-25	0.0-25	3.3-0.0	0.0-0.5	0.2-0.5	.20	.20	i	¦ 	i
73276:	į	į į		İ	j	j	İ	į	İ	i	İ	İ	i	i	İ	į	İ
Rueter	0-3	20-45	55-75	4-27	1.20-1.40	14.00-42.00	0.07-0.12	2.0-11	1.0-8.0	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.28	.37	3	8	0
	3-14	20-45		4-27	1.20-1.40	14.00-42.00	0.07-0.12	4.0-10	1.0-6.0	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.37	.43			
	14-45		25-40			•	0.05-0.10		1.0-10	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.32	.43		l	
	45-80	15-35	15-45	40-80 	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.02-0.05	10-32	7.0-29	3.5-6.0	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.20	.32		 	
Hildebrecht	   0-5	2-5	60-88	   5-20	  1.20-1.40	   4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	3.0-15	2.0-10	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	4	l   5	   56
	5-25	2-5	45-65	20-40	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.21	10-25	5.0-20	3.5-5.5	3.0-5.9	0.2-1.0	.43	.43	İ	İ	İ
	25-39	2-25	50-85	10-27	1.60-1.90	0.42-1.40	0.06-0.09	3.0-15	2.0-13	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.20	.28	ĺ	ĺ	İ
	39-80	5-25	10-35	50-80	1.20-1.40	1.40-4.00	0.04-0.07	15-25	10-20	3.5-6.5	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.20	.28	ļ	!	ļ
73277:	 				 	l I		 	l i	1		l i		 	 	l I	 
Goss	0-3	10-25	60-80	5-27	1.10-1.50	114.00-42.00	0.12-0.16	10-20	8.0-15	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	.28	.37	4	   8	¦ 0
	3-18	10-25	60-80	5-27	1.10-1.70	14.00-42.00	0.08-0.13	3.0-10	2.0-7.0	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.28	.37	İ	İ	İ
	18-80	20-40	10-30	35-80	1.30-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.02-0.05	10-25	8.0-23	3.5-6.0	6.0-8.9	0.2-0.5	.20	.28	ĺ	İ	į
73278:	 				 	 								 		 	 
Rueter	I I 0-3	l 20-45	50-75	l   4-27	  1.20=1.40	  14.00-42.00	10.07-0.12	   5.0-11	1.0-8.0	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	1 .28	l   .37	l   3	I I 8	0
Nuccoi	3-23		55-75			14.00-42.00			1.0-6.0	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	37	.43	i	i	i
	23-50	20-40			•	•	0.05-0.10		1.0-10	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.3	.32	.43	i	i	i
	50-80	20-40	30-50	27-40	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.07-0.11	5.0-20	3.0-15	3.5-6.0	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.32	.37	İ	İ	i
73279:				 													
/32/9: Sonsac	l l 0-3	   5-25	60-80	   9-27	  1.10=1.40	   4.00-14.00	10.07-0.11	   8.0-25	   6.0-23	1 4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	1 3.0-6.0	   .28	l   .37	   3	l I 8	l l 0
DOIIBAC	0-3   3-6	5-25    5-25			1.10-1.40		0.07-0.11		2.0-9.0	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	1 .28	37		, ,	
	5-0   6-10	5-25    5-25			•	•	0.07-0.11		5.0-13	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.8-1.5	.32	.43	l	İ	i
	10-32	2-15			1.30-1.50	•	0.04-0.07	•	20-40	6.6-7.8	6.0-9.0	0.5-1.0	.20	.28	i	i	i
	32-60					0.07-0.42									i	i	i

					İ	l			Effective	I	Ī		Erosi	on fac	tors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol	Depth	Sand	silt	Clay	Moist	Saturated	Available	Cation	cation	Soil	Linear	Organic	i	1	I	erodi-	erodi
and soil name	į -	i i		į -	bulk	hydraulic	water	exchange	exchange	reaction	extensi-	matter	Kw	K£	T	bility	bilit
	İ			İ	density	conductivity	capacity	capacity	capacity	<u>i</u>	bility	İ	į .	<u> </u>	<u>i</u>	group	index
	<u>In</u>	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	<u>In/in</u>	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	Нд	Pct	Pct	ĺ		ĺ		l
73279:				ļ									ļ			ļ	
Moko	I   0-8	l 20-40	25-45	   20 40	  1.25-1.50	   4.00-14.00	  0.07-0.12	   10-25	1 10-25	   6.6-7.8	3.0-5.9	   3.0-6.0	1 .28	1 .43	   1	l l 8	I I 0
MOKO	0-8   8-14	20-40    20-45			11.25-1.50		0.07-0.12	•	10-25	6.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	1 .28	1 .43	+	°	0
	6-14   14-60	20-45  	30-73	5-20 	1.25-1.50 	0.00-1.40		1	10-25	0.0-7.0	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0			 	l I	
	11 00			! 	! 					i	i		i	İ	i	i	i
Rock outcrop.	İ			 	İ	 	İ	İ	İ	 	İ	İ	İ	İ	Ì	İ	Ì
73280:				<u> </u>	! 	İ				! 	<u> </u>			i	i	İ	i
Alred	0-3	5-20	55-85	7-22	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.08-0.12	5.0-12	2.0-9.0	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.10	.32	4	8	0
	3-15	5-20	55-85	10-22	1.40-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.06-0.12	4.0-12	2.0-9.0	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.8	.10	.32			1
	15-21	5-20	45-75	12-35	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.07-0.12	5.0-13	3.0-10	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-0.5	1.10	.32			
	21-80	5-20	5-25	42-90	1.40-1.60	0.42-1.40	0.06-0.10	14-40	10-35	4.5-7.3	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.28			
73282:	 			 	 	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	l I	 	l I	 
Alred	0-3	5-20	55-85	7-22	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.08-0.12	5.0-12	2.0-9.0	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.10	.32	4	8	j o
	3-15	5-20	55-85	10-22	1.40-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.06-0.12	4.0-12	2.0-9.0	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.8	.10	.32	i	İ	i
	15-21	5-20	45-75	12-35	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.07-0.12	5.0-13	3.0-10	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-0.5	.10	.32	İ	İ	İ
	21-80	5-20	5-25	42-90	1.40-1.60	0.42-1.40	0.06-0.10	14-40	10-35	4.5-7.3	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.10	.28	į	İ	ĺ
Sonsac	l l 0-3	   5-25	60-80	   9-27	  1.10-1.40	   4.00-14.00	  0.12-0.17	   8.0-17	   6.0-12	   4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	   .28	   .37	   3	   8	   0
2011240	3-8	5 = 5     5 = 25					0.12-0.17		2.0-8.0	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	1.32	.43	i	•	•
	8-11	5-25				•	0.09-0.15		5.0-13	4.5-6.5	6.0-9.0	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	i	i	i
	11-32	2-15			11.30-1.50	•	0.08-0.12		20-54	6.6-7.8	6.0-9.0	0.5-1.0	.20	.20	i	i	i
	32-60					0.07-0.42									i	i	į
<b>7</b> 2002				ļ									ļ			ļ	
73283: Courtois	l l 0-4		E0 00	   10 27	  1 20 1 40	  14.00-42.00	10 20 0 22	   10-20	   5.0-15	   5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	   .37	   4	l l 5	l   56
Courtois	0-4   4-13		45-70		•	•	0.18-0.20	•	5.0-15	5.1-6.5	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	1 .28	1 .28	<del>1</del> 	] 3	1 20
	13-80						0.10-0.20		5.0-20	4.5-6.5	6.0-8.9	0.3-1.0	.28	.28		i	1
	į	i i		İ	İ	İ	į	į	į	į	İ	į	į	i	į	i	į
73284: Courtois	   0-4	   5-20	60 80	   10 27	  1 20 1 40	  14.00-42.00	10 20 0 22	   10-20	   5.0-15	   5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0		   .37	   4	   5	   56
Courtors	0-4   4-8					•	0.20-0.22		3.0-10	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.5	37	37	<del>-</del>	]	1 30
	4-0   8-24		45-70			•	0.18-0.20		5.0-20	1 4.5-6.5	3.0-5.9	0.2-1.0	1 .28	.28	i	:	:
	24-80	5 ±5    5-20			•	•	0.05-0.10		20-35	1 4.5-6.5	6.0-8.9	0.2-0.5	.24	.28	i	i	ŀ
	00	0 -0		30 00				20 20							i	i	i
Goss	0-3	10-25	60-80	5-27	1.10-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.12-0.16	10-20	8.0-15	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	.28	.37	4	8	j o
	3-18	10-25	60-80	5-27	1.10-1.70	14.00-42.00	0.08-0.13	3.0-10	2.0-7.0	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.28	.37			
	18-80	20-40	10-30	35-80	1.30-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.02-0.05	10-25	8.0-23	3.5-6.0	3.0-5.9	0.2-0.5	.20	.28		ļ	
73285:	 			 	 	I 	 	 	 	 		 		 	 	 	
Useful	0-8	2-10	65-80	15-27	1.35-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	10-20	8.0-18	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.5-3.0	.37	.37	4	5	56
	8-13	2-10	65-80	15-27	1.35-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	•	8.0-18	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.8-1.5	.37	.37	İ	i	i
	13-47	2-10	25-45	50-80	1.40-1.55	1.40-4.00	0.08-0.11	25-40	23-35	5.1-6.5	6.0-8.9	0.2-0.8	.20	.28	İ	İ	İ
				-							-			-			-

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

						l		I	Effective	<b>:</b>	1	l	Erosi	on fac	tors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Sand	Silt 	Clay 	Moist   bulk	Saturated   hydraulic	•	exchange	cation exchange	Soil  reaction	Linear extensi-	Organic   matter	   Kw	   K£	   T	erodi-	bilit
				L	density	conductivity		capacity		ļ	bility		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	group	index
	<u>In</u>	Pct	Pct	<u>Pct</u>	g/cc	<u>um/sec</u>	In/in	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	I DH	Pct	Pct					1
73285 <b>:</b>		 	l I	l I	l I	 	 	l I	l I		 	l I	1	 	 	l I	
Courtois	0-6	5-20	   60-80	   10-27	1.20-1.40	114.00-42.00	0.20-0.22	10-20	5.0-15	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.0-4.0	.37	.37	4	   5	56
	6-24	5-15	45-70	25-40	1.25-1.55	4.00-14.00	0.18-0.20	10-25	5.0-20	4.5-6.5	3.0-5.9	0.2-1.0	.28	.28	i	i	i
į	24-80	5-20	5-45	50-85	1.25-1.55	0.42-1.40	0.05-0.10	25-40	20-35	4.5-6.5	6.0-8.9	0.2-0.8	.24	.28	į	į	į
73286:			 	 	 	 		 				 		 			
Useful	l l 0-6	   2-10	l   65-80	I │ 15-27	1 1.35-1.45	   4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	   10-20	8.0-18	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.5-3.0	.37	   .37	   4	l l 5	l l 56
	6-12	2-10			1.35-1.45		0.18-0.20	10-20	8.0-18	5.1-6.5	3.0-5.9	0.8-1.8	.37	.37	i -	i -	
	12-59	2-10	25-55	40-60	1.40-1.55	1.40-4.00	0.08-0.12	20-40	18-35	5.1-7.3	6.0-8.9	0.2-1.0	.28	.28	i	i	i
į	59-80	i i	i i	j	i	0.07-0.42	j	j	j	j	j	j	j	i	į	İ	İ
Courtois	   0-6	   5-20	   60-80	10 27		  14.00-42.00	10.20-0.22	   10-20	   5.0-15	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0		   .37	   4	   5	   56
Courtois	0-6   6-25	5-20    4-15				14.00-42.00	0.13-0.20	10-20   10-25	5.0-15	4.5-6.5	3.0-5.9	0.2-1.0	1 .28	.37	<del>*</del> 	]	56
	25-80	5-20			1.25-1.55		0.13-0.20		10-25	4.5-6.5	6.0-8.9	0.2-1.0	1 .28	.28		İ	
į		i i	i	j	İ	İ	į	į	j	i	j	j	i	i	i	į	i
73287:						l	I			I	I						
Useful	0-6	2-10			1.35-1.45		0.22-0.24		8.0-18	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.5-3.0	.37	.37	4	5	56
	6-12	2-10			1.35-1.45		0.18-0.20		8.0-18	5.1-6.5	3.0-5.9	0.8-1.8	.37	.37	ļ	!	!
	12-59	2-10			1.40-1.55		0.08-0.12		18-35	5.1-7.3	6.0-8.9	0.2-1.0	.28	.28	ļ	ļ	ļ
	59-80 		 	 	 	0.07-0.42 		 							 	l I	
Sonsac	0-4	5-15	45-70	27-40	1.10-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.18-0.20	20-35	15-30	5.1-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.32	.32	2	8	0
İ	4-38	5-25	20-45	45-80	1.30-1.50	0.40-1.40	0.04-0.08	30-50	25-45	6.6-7.8	6.0-9.0	0.5-1.0	.20	.28			
	38-60		ļ	ļ		0.07-0.42									!	ļ	ļ
73288 <b>:</b>	i	 	l I	l I	l I	 	 	 	l i	1		l i		 	 	l I	
Caneyville	0-6	l 5-20	l   55-80	I   10-27	11.20-1.40	   4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	   5.0-15	3.0-14	   5.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	1 .43	1 .43	2	l l 5	l l 56
	6-11	5-15			1.20-1.40		0.20-0.22		3.0-14	5.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	0.9-2.0	.43	.43	i -	i	i
	11-17	5-15	45-70	27-40	1.35-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.11-0.20	10-25	9.0-25	5.6-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.28	.28	i	i	i
İ	17-30	5-15	35-50	40-60	1.35-1.60	1.40-4.00	0.08-0.12	15-35	15-35	5.6-7.3	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.28	.28	ĺ	İ	İ
	30-60		ļ	ļ		0.42-0.70									!	ļ	ļ
Rock outcrop.			 	 	 	 	<u> </u>	! !	<u> </u>					 	 	 	
73289:			 	 	 	l I		 						 			
Fourche	l l 0-8	l   5-10	ı İ 60-85	I   10-27	I   1 . 30-1 . 50	   4.00-14.00	10.22-0.24	   5.0-15	3.0-12	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.5-3.0	1 .37	.37	l I 5	l l 5	l l 56
1	8-20	5-10				1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20	10-20	7.0-18	5.1-6.5	3.0-5.9	0.2-0.5	37	37			
	20-27	5-10	60-75	15-30	1.30-1.60	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20	10-20	7.0-18	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.3	.37	.37	i	i	i
į	27-80	5-10	45-65	27-40	1.30-1.60	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20	10-25	7.0-23	4.5-6.5	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.3	.37	.37	į	į	į
73290:	<u> </u>			  -	 	 		[ 									
/3290:   Gatewood	l l 0-3	   5-15	l l 60-80	I   10-25	  1.10-1.40	   4.00-14.00	10.22-0.24	   15-25	   15-25	6.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	.37	   .37	   2	l l 5	l l 56
	3-7	5-20				•	0.22-0.24		10-20	6.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	37	37	i -		
i	7-37	1-5	20-35			1.40-4.00	0.08-0.10	30-45	25-40	3.5-6.0	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.28	.28	i	i	i
	37-60	i i		i	i	0.00-1.40	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	:	i	i

									Effective				Erosi	on fac	tors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol and soil name	Depth 	Sand	Silt	Clay 	Moist bulk density	hydraulic	Available   water	exchange	cation exchange capacity	Soil  reaction	Linear  extensi-   bility	Organic   matter	   Kw	   K£	   T	erodi-  bility  group	bilit
	l In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec			meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>		 	 	
İ						I				İ	İ	i —	İ		ĺ	ĺ	İ
73290:						[	ļ	ļ	ļ.	ļ	ļ	I					
Aaron	0-7	10-20			1.10-1.40	•	•		4.0-14	6.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	3	5	56
	7-12	5-15			1.10-1.40		0.22-0.24		3.0-14	6.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.4-0.8	.37	.37	!	!	!
	12-25	5-15			1.10-1.40		0.18-0.22		7.0-17	5.1-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.2-0.5	.43	.43	!	!	!
	25-46	5-15			!		0.08-0.12	!	10-20	4.5-6.0	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.2	.32	.32	!	!	ļ
	46-60 					0.00-1.40									 	 	
/3291:	! 			l I	! 	! 	! 	! 	! 	! 	! 	! 	i		! 	i İ	
Gatewood	0-1	5-15	60-80	10-25	1.10-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	15-25	15-25	6.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.37	.37	2	5	56
	1-25	1-5	20-35	60-75	1.10-1.45	1.40-4.00	0.08-0.10	30-45	25-40	3.5-5.5	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.28	.28	İ	İ	İ
	25-36	1-5	20-35	60-75	1.20-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.06-0.09	30-45	25-40	3.5-5.5	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.2	.20	.28	İ	İ	İ
İ	36-60	i i			i	0.00-1.40	j	j	j	j	j	j	j		İ	İ	İ
   Aaron	   0-2	   10-20	60-80	10 25	  1 10 1 40	   4.00-14.00	  0.22-0.24	   5.0-15	   4.0-14	   6.1-7.3	   0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	   .37	   .37	   3	   5	   56
Aaron	0-2   2-10	10-20    5-15				1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20		7.0-17	5.1-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.3-2.0	.43	.43	l 3	3 	1 30
	2-10   10-52	5-15    5-15			1.10-1.40  1.10-1.45		0.18-0.20		10-20	4.5-6.0	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.2	1 .32	.32	 	!	-
	52-60					0.00-1.40								.32	! 	! 	
		i			İ	İ	i	İ	i	İ	i	i	i	İ	i	İ	i
73292:		İ			ĺ	İ	İ	ĺ	İ	ĺ	ĺ	İ	İ		ĺ	ĺ	İ
Lily	0-5	50-80	15-45			14.00-42.00	0.15-0.17	3.0-12	1.0-10	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	2	3	86
	5-11	50-80	15-45				0.15-0.17	3.0-12	1.0-10	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.28	.28			
	11-27	50-65	10-40		1.25-1.35		0.12-0.17	10-15	5.0-12	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.37	.37			
	27-80					0.00-1.40											
/3293 <b>:</b>	 				 	 	 	 	 	! 	 	 		 	 	! !	
Caneyville	0-3	5-15	60-85	10-27	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	5.0-15	3.0-14	5.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.43	.43	2	,   5	56
-	3-8	5-15	60-85	10-27	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	5.0-15	3.0-14	5.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.43	.43	i	i	i
	8-14	1-10	50-70	27-40	1.35-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.18-0.20	12-25	9.0-25	5.6-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.28	.28	i	i	i
	14-31	1-10	35-50	40-60	1.35-1.60	1.40-4.00	0.08-0.12	25-35	15-35	5.6-7.3	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.28	.28	İ	İ	İ
j	31-60					0.42-0.70									ĺ	ĺ	į
/3294:	 				 	 		 		 	 		1	l i	 	 	
Ocie	l   0-4	l 20-40	50-65	l l 8-20	  1.10-1.40	   4.00-14.00	0.10-0.12	l   10-25	5.0-20	   4.5-6.0	   0.1-2.9	3.0-6.0	1 .28	.37	l   3	I I 8	0
	4-8	35-50	35-50	8-20	1.10-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.09-0.11	5.0-15	2.0-12	4.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.28	.37	i	i	i
	8-18	35-50	35-50	15-27	1.10-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.08-0.10	5.0-15	2.0-12	4.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	0.5-0.8	.28	.37	i	i	i
	18-54	5-25	10-35	50-80	1.10-1.30	0.42-1.40	0.07-0.09	25-50	20-45	4.5-8.4	6.0-8.9	0.2-0.8	.28	.28	i	i	i
j	54-60	i i			j	0.00-0.07	j	j	j	j	j	j	j		İ	İ	į
4624											[						
74634:		1	   65 05		  1 10 1 20		1 22 0 24	10.16						l l 42		   6	
Hartville	0-7   7-12	3-10    3-10				4.00-14.00	•		9.0-15	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43   .43	5	l p	48
	7-12   12-48		65-85 50-70		1.20-1.40  1.20-1.50		0.15-0.20		7.0-18 14-21	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.5	.43	.43   .32	 	[ 	1
	12-48   48-80		35-70		1.20-1.50  1.20-1.50		0.15-0.20		14-21	4.5-7.8   5.6-8.4	6.0-8.9   6.0-8.9	0.2-0.8	1.32	.32   .32	 	[ 	1
	. 40-00	2-12	35-70	30-50	11.20-1.50	0.42-1.40	10.18-0.20	1 10-25	13-24	1 3.0-0.4	0.0-0.9	1 0.2-0.8	1 .32	.3∠	I	I	1

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

					1	I	I	İ	Effective		I		Erosi	on fact	tors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol and soil name	Depth 	Sand     	Silt	Clay 	Moist   bulk   density	Saturated   hydraulic  conductivity	Available   water	exchange	cation exchange capacity	Soil  reaction	Linear  extensi-   bility	Organic   matter	   Kw 	   K£ 	   T 	bility	erodi-  bility  index
	In	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	In/in		meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	1				
		!!!			ļ		<u> </u>		ļ	ļ			!	ļ	ļ		ļ
74650: Higdon	   0-10	l 5-20	60.00	10 07	1 20 1 50	   4.00-14.00	10.22-0.24	   10-15	   7.0-18	   4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.2-3.0	   .37	   .37	l I 5	l l 5	l l 56
HIGGOII	0-10   10-19	5-20    5-20				4.00-14.00	10.22-0.24		3.0-12	5.6-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.37	.37	1 2	1 3	1 20
	19-80	5-20    5-18			•	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20		8.0-12	6.1-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.2-1.0	.43	.43	 	i	 
	ĺ	į		İ	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
74652:															_	! _	
Lecoma	0-9	20-40			•		0.20-0.24		4.0-14	5.6-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	9-31 31-60	15-35					0.18-0.20		5.0-13   7.0-12	5.1-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.43	.43		!	!
	31-60 	30-50  	25-45	18-35 	11.50-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.16-0.20	10-15 	7.0-12	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37 	 		
74653:	İ	j j		İ	į	İ	į	į	İ	į	į	į	i	İ	İ	İ	İ
Racoon	0-6	2-10			•	1.40-4.00	0.22-0.24		16-22	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	6-26	2-10			•	1.40-4.00	0.20-0.22		9.0-14	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.37	.37			!
	26-60 	2-10	50-70	27-40	1.35-1.60	0.42-1.40	0.18-0.20	16-23	5.0-15	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.2-1.0	.37	.37	 		
Freeburg	   0-9	   2-10	60-80	   12-27	1 1.20-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	   14-20	8.0-15	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	l   5	   6	   48
	9-13	2-10	60-80	12-27	1.40-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.18-0.20	11-20	7.0-17	4.5-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.37	.37	i	i	i
	13-52	2-10	50-75	20-40	1.40-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20	13-20	11-18	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.37	.37	i	i	i
	52-80	10-20	50-70	27-35	1.35-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.16-0.19	14-20	11-18	4.5-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.2-0.8	.37	.37	ĺ	ļ	
74656:	 	 			 	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Deible	0-10	5-15	60-80	12-27	1.30-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	7.0-20	5.0-18	4.5-7.8	0.1-2.9	1.0-4.0	.43	.43	,   3	5	56
	10-15	5-15	60-80	12-27	1.30-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	7.0-20	5.0-17	4.5-7.8	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.43	.43	i	i	i
	15-37	2-10	35-55	40-80	1.35-1.50	0.14-0.42	0.08-0.12	20-35	14-30	4.5-7.8	6.0-8.9	0.1-1.0	.32	.32	İ	İ	İ
	37-80	5-20	45-65	27-60	1.35-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.08-0.11	10-20	9.0-16	5.1-7.8	6.0-8.9	0.1-0.5	.32	.32		ļ	ļ.
74661:	 	 		l I	 	 	 	 	 	 	l I	 	 	 	 	l I	l I
Waben	0-6	35-52	30-50	8-20	1.20-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.13-0.17	5.0-15	2.0-12	5.1-6.0	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.37	5	8	i o
	6-36	20-52	30-50	15-25	1.30-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.08-0.13	5.0-15	2.0-12	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.28	.37	i	i	i
	36-80	20-52	30-50	15-25	1.30-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.14-0.17	5.0-15	2.0-12	5.1-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-0.5	.28	.37	į	į	į
74662:	l i	 	İ		 	 	 	 		 				 	 	l i	 
Higdon	l   0-6	l 5-20	60-80	   12-27	11.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	   10-15	7.0-18	4.5-6.5	0.1-2.9	1.2-3.0	.37	.37	   5	5	56
<b>3</b>	6-14	5-20			•	•	0.22-0.24		3.0-12	5.6-6.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.43	.43	i	i	i
	14-26	5-18	55-75	20-35	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20	10-20	8.0-18	6.1-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.2-0.8	.43	.43	i	i	i
	26-80	5-18	55-75	20-35	1.30-1.50	1.40-4.00	0.16-0.20	10-20	8.0-18	6.1-7.3	3.0-5.9	0.2-0.8	.43	.43	į	į	į
75376:	<b> </b> 	 			 	 	1	 		 		 		 	 		
Cedargap	l l 0-9	   15-35	55-75	I   12-27	  1.20-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.16-0.18	   7.0-17	5.0-14	5.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-4.0	.24	.32	l I5	8	i o
	0	40-65			•	4.00-14.00	0.08-0.10		7.0-15	5.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.32	.43	i	i -	i *
	18-49	18-55			1.30-1.50	•	0.08-0.10		7.0-15	5.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.43	i	i	i
	49-60	15-50			•	1.40-4.00	0.04-0.10		15-36	5.6-7.3	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.20	.32	į	İ	İ
75388:	 							 									
Kaintuck	l l 0-6	l   55-75	20-45	   5_10	  1 30-1 F0	  14.00-42.00	10.09-0.17	   4 0-10	1 2.0-10	   5.6-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	1 .24	   .24	l İ5	   3	l l 86
Raintuck	0-8   6-80	33-75    40-90				14.00-42.00			2.0-10	5.6-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.1-1.0	1 .28	.28	1	]	00 
	0-00	40-50  	10-33	J=18				3.0-0.0	2.0-0.0	3.0=7.3	3.1-2.9		.23	•20 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

									Effective				Erosi	on fac	tors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol	Depth	Sand	Silt	Clay	Moist	Saturated	Available	Cation	cation	Soil	Linear	Organic				erodi-	erodi
and soil name	İ	i i		İ	bulk	hydraulic	water	exchange	exchange	reaction	extensi-	matter	Kw	Kf	T	bility	bilit
	İ	İİ		<u> </u>	density	conductivity	capacity	capacity	capacity	<u> </u>	bility	İ	<u>i</u>	İ	Ĺ_	group	index
1	<u>In</u>	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	<u>In/in</u>	meq/100 g	<u>meq/100 g</u>	рН	Pct	Pct				I	
75388:	 				 					 							
Relfe	I I 0-6	l   55-75	15-35	   5_15	  1 10_1 30	1 14.00-42.00	I In 06-0 10	l   6 0-12	4.0-10	   5.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	1 .10	   .17	l I 5	l l 8	I 0
Kelle	6-60	55-75    65-90				42.00-140.00	•	•	2.0-6.0	5.1-7.8	0.1-2.9	0.0-1.0	1 .05	1 .15		i	i
	į	i i		į	İ	İ	į	İ	į	İ	į	i	į	į	i	į	i
75398:															_		
Kaintuck	0-6	1	20-45		•	14.00-42.00	•	•	2.0-10	5.6-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.24	.24	5	3	86
	6-80 	40-90  	10-55	   2-18	1.20-1.50 	14.00-42.00 	0.06-0.20 	5.0-8.0 	2.0-8.0	5.6-7.8 	0.1-2.9	0.1-1.0	1 .28	.28 	 	 	1
75406:	j	i i		į	İ	İ	İ	İ	i	i İ	i	i	i	i	i	İ	i
Racket	0-18	25-45	35-50	15-23	1.25-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.19-0.24	13-20	10-15	6.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	5	56
	18-34	25-40			•	•	0.17-0.19	•	8.0-20	6.1-7.8	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	.32	.32			1
	34-60	25-45	35-50	20-27	1.25-1.45	4.00-14.00	0.15-0.19	11-25	8.0-20	6.1-7.8	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	.32	.32			
75412:	! 	 		i i	 	! 	! 	l İ	! 	<u> </u> 	! 	 	i i	 	 	l I	1
Razort	0-7	15-30	60-80	9-27	1.35-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	6.0-25	6.0-27	5.6-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.43	5	5	56
	7-34	15-40	45-70	18-35	1.35-1.60	4.00-14.00	0.17-0.22	5.0-20	5.0-20	5.6-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.43	İ	İ	į
	34-80	30-50	30-50	10-27	1.35-1.50	14.00-42.00	0.08-0.10	5.0-20	5.0-20	5.6-7.3	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.43	ļ	ļ.	İ
75427:	l i	 		l I	l İ	 	 	l i	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	l i	 
Gabriel	   0-9	   3-10	55-75	   12-27	  1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	   15-25	12-23	6.1-7.3	0.1-2.9	3.0-5.0	.32	.32	5	5	56
	9-42	3-15	45-70	27-35	1.20-1.40	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20	15-25	12-23	6.1-7.8	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	i	i	i
	42-62	25-40	25-45	27-35	1.25-1.45	1.40-4.00	0.13-0.16	10-20	15-25	6.1-7.8	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.37	.37	İ	İ	İ
	62-80	25-40	25-45	27-35	1.25-1.45	1.40-4.00	0.09-0.11	10-20	15-25	6.1-7.8	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.28	.37	į	İ	į
75450:	l i	 		l I	l İ	 	 	l i	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	l i	 
Bloomsdale	   0-20	   10-30	50-80	   10-20	  1.10-1.30	4.00-14.00	0.10-0.24	   5.0-20	3.0-20	5.6-7.3	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.24	.32	5	8	ίο
	20-32		20-40		•	•	0.06-0.09	•	3.0-20	5.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.32	i	i	i
	32-80	25-45	20-40	27-60	1.20-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.03-0.09	10-25	7.0-30	4.5-7.8	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.32	į	į	į
75453:	 			 	 			  -		 				 		ļ	!
Sturkie	I   0-8	   1-5	65-85	   15-27	  1.20=1.40	   4.00-14.00	  0.20=0.24	l l 10-30	1 10-30	l   5.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	1 .37	l   5	l l 5	l l 56
Dourne	l 8-28				•	•	0.18-0.22	•	10-30	5.6-7.8	•	1.0-2.0	37	37			1
	28-80	1-18	65-80	18-35	1.20-1.40	4.00-14.00	0.18-0.22	10-30	10-30	5.6-8.4	0.1-2.9	0.5-2.0	.37	.37	i	i	i
75459:					 											ļ	!
Huzzah	l l 0-38	   10-30	60-80	   10-27	  1 30_1 50	  14.00-42.00	10 22-0 24	   8 ∩_12	1 12-30	   5.1-7.8	   0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	.37	   .37	l I5	l l 5	l l 56
11022a11	38-80		10-55		•	14.00-42.00	•	•	5.0-10	5.6-7.8	0.1-2.9	0.2-2.0	.24	.24			30
				i ===		İ	İ						i	i	i	İ	İ
75460:															_	ļ _	
Horsecreek	0-8	5-10			•	4.00-14.00	•	•	6.0-12	5.6-7.3	0.0-2.9	1.5-3.0	.43	.43	5	5	56
	8-60 	5-10    5-10	60-80	18-34 	1.20-1.50 	4.00-14.00 	0.16-0.23	8.0-15 	7.0-12	5.1-7.3 	0.0-2.9	0.2-1.0	.49	.49 	 	 	 
77014:	İ	i i		i	İ	İ	i	j	i	İ	i	i	i	i	İ		
Rock outcrop.	I	I I		I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	1	I	1

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

l				l				l	Effective	•		I	Erosi	n fact	tors		Wind
Map symbol   and soil name	Depth 	Sand	Silt	Clay 	Moist     bulk	Saturated hydraulic	Available   water	•	cation exchange	Soil reaction	Linear  extensi-	Organic matter	   Kw	К£	   T	erodi-	erodi
				İ	density	conductivity		capacity			bility		i		İ		index
ļ	<u>In</u>	<u>Pct</u>	<u>Pct</u>	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	<u>In/in</u>	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	На	Pct	Pct			ĺ		
77014:	l İ			l İ	 		 	 	 	 		 			 		
Taumsauk	0-4	5-20	65-85				0.07-0.13	10-30	5.0-20	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	.20	.28	2	8	0
I	4-13	5-20	65-85	10-27	1.20-1.50		0.05-0.12	5.0-15	2.0-15	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.20	.28			
ļ	13-60 			 	 	0.00-1.40		 		 					 		 
77015 <b>:</b>				 	; 			<u> </u>		i		<u> </u>			! 		
Irondale	0-6	10-20					0.09-0.12	•	8.0-23	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	.20	.28	4	8	0
I	6-12	10-20					0.07-0.10		8.0-23	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.28			
ļ	12-22	10-20	55-80		1.20-1.50		0.05-0.08	!	8.0-23	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.20	.28		ļ	!
	22-60 			 	 	0.00-1.40		 							 		l I
Taumsauk	0-4	   5-20	65-85	   5-20	  1.20-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.07-0.13	1 10-30	5.0-20	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	.20	.28	2	8	0
I	4-13	5-20	65-85	10-27	1.20-1.50		0.05-0.12	5.0-15	2.0-15	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.20	.28			
ļ	13-60 					0.00-1.40		 							 		
Rock outcrop.	   			   				! 							   		
77016:	 			 			 	! 	 	! 	 	! 			 		
Irondale	0-3	10-45	50-80	5-23	1.20-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.09-0.12	5.0-15	2.0-10	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	.20	.28	4	8	0
I	3-15	10-45					0.07-0.10		2.0-10	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	1.0-3.0	.20	.28			
I	15-29	10-40	45-80				0.05-0.09	5.0-15	2.0-10	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.2-1.0	.20	.28			
ļ	29-60 			 	 	0.00-1.40		 							 		
Taumsauk	0-4	5-20	65-85			4.00-14.00	0.07-0.13	10-30	5.0-20	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	2.0-5.0	.20	.28	2	8	0
I	4-13	5-20	65-85	10-27	1.20-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.05-0.12	5.0-15	2.0-15	3.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.20	.28			
ļ	13-60 					0.00-1.40											
Rock outcrop.	 			   				 		! 		! 			   		
77017:	 			 	 			! 	 	 	 	 			 		
Knobtop	0-2	2-10	60-85	12-27	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.22-0.24	6.0-14	4.0-12	4.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37	4	5	56
I	2-7	2-10	60-85	12-27	1.30-1.50	4.00-14.00	0.20-0.22	6.0-14	4.0-12	4.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.8-1.5	.37	.37			
I	7-30	2-10	50-65	25-40	1.40-1.60	1.40-4.00	0.18-0.20	12-18	10-15	3.5-5.0	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
I	30-36	10-30	45-70	15-27	1.40-1.60	1.40-4.00	0.10-0.16	10-15	8.0-13	3.5-5.0	3.0-5.9	0.1-0.5	.37	.37			
ļ	36-60 			 	 	0.00-1.40		 		 					 		 
77019:	 				' ' 			İ		İ		İ			<u> </u>		
Frenchmill	0-3	10-25				4.00-14.00		•	2.0-10	4.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.43	5	8	0
I	3-8	10-25				4.00-14.00		•	2.0-10	4.5-6.0	0.1-2.9	1.0-2.0	.32	.43		[	
I	8-58	10-25					0.10-0.12	•	4.0-10	3.5-5.5	0.1-2.9	0.1-0.5	.32	.43	ļ	!	ļ
 	58-80 	10-25  	40-60	28-35 	1.20-1.50  	4.00-14.00	0.09-0.11	5.0-20 	4.0-15 	3.5-5.5 	3.0-5.9 	0.1-0.5 	.28 	.43	 	 	 
99000.	i				į i		į	į	į	į	į	į	į		į	į	į
Pits, quarries	I			ı	ı I		1	I	1	1	1	1	1		ı	1	1

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					l	[			Effective	•	1	1	Erosi	on fac	tors	Wind	Wind
Map symbol	Depth	Sand	silt	Clay	Moist	Saturated	Available	Cation	cation	Soil	Linear	Organic	1	I		erodi-	erodi
and soil name					bulk	hydraulic	water	exchange	exchange	reaction	extensi-	matter	Kw	Kf	T	bility	bilit
					density	conductivity	capacity	capacity	capacity		bility					group	index
	<u>In</u>	Pct	Pct	Pct	g/cc	um/sec	<u>In/in</u>	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	Hq	Pct	Pct		I			
						I	1			1	1	1		l			
99001.						[	1					1					
Water						[	1					1					
						[						1					
99014.						[	1					1					
Mine tailings						[	1					1					
	I	1	I	1	I	I	I	1	1	1	1	1	1	I	I	I	I

Table 18.--Physical and Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Table 19.--Water Features

(Absence of an entry indicates that the feature is not a concern or that data were not estimated.)

	Hydro-	F:	looding		High	n Water T	able
Map symbol	logic	l	I		Ī		
and soil name	group	Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth	Kind	Months
		1	1		<u>Ft</u>		
CC014-			!			l	
66014: Haymond	l Ine	  Frequent	  Brief	  Nov-May	   >6 0	l I	 
naymona	i i	rrequenc		 	20.0	 	 
70028:	i	i	i	i	i	! 	i
Moko	D	None	j		>6.0		
		ļ	ļ	[	[		ļ
Rock outcrop.	ļ				ļ		
73021, 73035:	 	l i	l i	 	 	l i	 
Gravois	l Ic	  None	! 	 	  1.5-3.0	  Perched	  Nov-Mav
	i		i	i			
73039:	İ	į	į	į	į	İ	İ
Glensted	D	None			0.5-1.5	Perched	Nov-May
	!	ļ.	ļ.	!	!		
73046:			!			 	
Wrengart	i I	None			2.0-3.5	Perched	NOV-APT
73052:	! !	! !	! !	! 	! 	] 	! 
Lily	'  в	None	i	i	>6.0		i
	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	j	İ
73053:	l	I	I				
Lily	В	None	!		>6.0		
Dan dan						l i	
Bender	l I	None	 		>6.0 	 	
73066:	! !	i	i	! 	i	l İ	i
Bender	'  в	None	i	i	>6.0		i
	İ	j	j	į	į	j	į
73067:	l	I	I				
Bender	В	None	!		>6.0		
Dool out man						l i	
Rock outcrop.	l I	! !	! !	l I	l I	 	
73089:	i	i	i	i	i	! 	<u> </u>
Rueter	В	None	j	i	>6.0		i
	l	I	I				
73159:	!	ļ.	ļ.	!	!		!
Yelton	[C	None			1.5-2.0	Perched	Nov-May
73162:	 	] [	l I	l I	l I	l İ	 
Alred	l Ic	  None	¦ 	 	   >6.0	 	 
	İ	İ	i	i	İ		İ
Rueter	В	None	j	j	>6.0	i	j
	I	Į.	Į.	[	[		[
73166:							
Viburnum	l C	None			11.5-2.5	Perched	Nov-Apr
Tonti	l Ic	  None	 	 	  1.5-2.0	  Perched	  Nov-Apr
101101	i		i				
73173, 73174:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Lily	В	None		ļ	>6.0		ļ
				!			
Yelton	l C	None			11.5-2.0	Perched	Nov-May
73200, 73201:	! 	I I	 	I I	I I	l 	I I
Sonsac	'  В	  None	 	 	   >6.0		
	į	İ	j	į	i	i İ	į
73210:	I			1	I		1
Goss	В	None			>6.0		
	I	I	I	I			I

Table 19.--Water Features--Continued

	Hydro-	l г	looding		l Hial	n Water Ta	
	logic			<u> </u>	 		 
and soil name	group	Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth	Kind	Months
	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>Ft</u>		<u> </u>
73214:	 	 	 	<b> </b>	 	 	 
Moko	!  D	  None	 		   >6.0	 	 
	İ	İ	j	İ	İ	į	İ
Rock outcrop.	ļ	!	!				
73215:	 	l I	l I	l İ	l İ	l I	l İ
Crider	!  В	  None	' 	' 	   >6.0	' 	' 
	İ	İ	ĺ	j	İ	j	İ
73218:							
Tiff	l C	None	 	 	>6.0 	 	 
73271:	i	İ	i	<u> </u>	! 	! 	! 
Moko	D	None	j		>6.0		i
	ļ	!	!				
Rock outcrop.	 	l I	l I	 	l I	l I	l I
73272:	i	i	i	!	! 	!	! 
Hildebrecht	jc	None	j		1.5-2.0	Perched	Nov-May
73273:							
Coulstone	l IB	  None	l I	l I	   >6.0	l I	l l
	i		İ			İ	İ
Bender	В	None			>6.0		
73274:		ļ			 	l i	 
Scholten	l Ic	  None	l I	 	  1.5-2.0	  Perched	  Nov-Apr
	İ		İ				
73275:	ļ.	!	!				
Gravios	l IC	None	 	 	1.5-3.0 	Perched	Nov-May
Goss	I  В	  None	 	 	   >6.0	 	 
	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
73276:							
Rueter	l IR	None 	 	 	>6.0 	 	 
Hildebrecht	c  c	  None	i		1.5-2.0	  Perched	  Nov-May
	!	ļ	ļ		ļ	l	ļ
73277: Goss	 	  None	 	 	   >6.0	  -	 
GOSS	₽ 	None	 	 	>0.0 	 	 
73278:	i	j	j		j	İ	j
Rueter	В	None			>6.0		
73279:	 	l I	l I	 	l I	l I	l I
Sonsac	!  В	  None			   >6.0		 
	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Moko	D .	None			>6.0		
Rock outcrop.	 	! !	! !	 	 	 	 
	į	İ	İ		İ	İ	İ
73280:	[	ļ	ļ				
Alred	C	None			>6.0		
73282:	İ	! 	! 	! 	! 	! 	! 
Alred	c	None			>6.0	i	
_							
Sonsac	ĮΒ I	None 	 	 	>6.0 	 	 
73283:	i						 
Courtois	В	None			>6.0		

Table 19.--Water Features--Continued

	Hydro-		looding		High	n Water Ta	able
Map symbol	logic			ļ	ĺ		
and soil name	group	Frequency	Duration	Months	Depth Ft	Kind	Months
	' 	! 	! 	' 	<u></u>	! 	! 
73284: Courtois	 	  None	 	 	   >6.0	 	 
Courtors		None	 	 	20.0	 	 
Goss	в	None			>6.0		
73285, 73286:	! 			 	 	l I	l I
Usful	ļc	None		ļ	2.0-3.5	Perched	Nov-May
Courtois	  B 	  None 	   	   	   >6.0 	   	   
73287:	i	!	!	İ	İ	İ	İ
Usful	C	None	 		2.0-3.5	Perched	Nov-May
Sonsac	I  В 	  None 	   	   	   >6.0 	   	   
73288:	į	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	İ
Caneyville	l I	None 	 	 	>6.0 	 	 
Rock outcrop.	i I	 	 	   	   	   	   
73289:		   <b>&gt;*</b>					 
Fourche	В 	None 	 	 	1.5-3.0 	Perched 	Nov-May 
73290, 73291:	į	İ	İ	į	İ		İ
Gatewood	l I	None 	 	 	1.5-3.0 	Perched	Nov-May 
Aaron	c 	  None 	   	   	  1.5-3.0 	  Perched 	  Nov-May 
73292:							
Lily	B	None 	 	 	>6.0 	 	 
73293:	į_	<u> </u>	ļ	į		į	į
Caneyville	l I	None 	 	 	>6.0 	 	 
73294:	į	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	İ
Ocie	C 	None 	 	 	1.5-3.0 	Perched 	Nov-May 
74634:	İ	! 	! 	İ	i İ	İ	İ
Hartville	C	None	 		1.0-2.0	Perched	Nov-May
74650:		 	 	! 	 	 	 
Higdon	[C	Occasional	Brief	Nov-Apr	1.0-2.5	Perched	Nov-May
74652:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Lecoma	В	None		i	>6.0		
74653:	 	ļ Ī	ļ Ī	l İ	l I	l I	l I
Racoon	C/D	Occasional	Brief	Nov-May	0.0-0.0	  Apparent	  Nov-May
Freeberg	  c	  Occasional	  Brief	  Nov-May	  1.0-2.5	  Perched	  Nov-May
74656:		 	 	 	 	 	  -
Dieble	  D	  Rare	  Brief	  Jan-Dec	  0.0-1.0	  Apparent	  Nov-May
B4661	!			l			
74661: Waben	I  В	  None	 	 	   >6.0	 	 
<b>-1</b>	ļ			ļ	ļ		
74662: Higdon	  C	  None	 	 	  1.0-2.5	  Perched	  Nov-May
	į			į			
75376: Cedargap	  в	  Frequent	  Very brief	  Nov-Apr	  3.5-5.0	  Perched	  Nov-Apr
	i <sup>-</sup>						

Table 19.--Water Features--Continued

	Hydro-	F:	looding		Higl	h Water Ta	able
	logic	:	Duration	   Months	   Depth	   Kind	Months
and soil name	 	Frequency	Duracion	Months	Ft	KING	Months
=====	ļ			ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ
75388: Kaintuck	  В	  Frequent	  Brief	  Nov-May	   >6.0	 	 
	į	<u>.</u>	į 	į	į	į	į
Relfe	A 	Frequent 	Brief 	Nov-May 	>6.0 	 	 
75398:	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	į 	į	į	į	į
Kaintuck	B 	Frequent 	Brief 	Nov-Nov 	>6.0 	 	 
75406:	į	į	İ	į	j	į	į
Racket	B 	Frequent 	Very brief 	Dec-Mar 	4.0-6.0 	Apparent 	Nov-Apr 
75412:	į	į .		į	į	į	İ
Razort	B 	Occasional	Brief 	Nov-Apr 	>6.0 	 	 
75427:	İ	İ		İ	İ	İ	İ
Gabriel	B/D I	Occasional	Brief 	Nov-Apr	1.0-2.5	Apparent	Nov-May
75450:	 	! 	!		İ	¦	<u> </u>
Bloomsdale	B	Frequent	Very brief	Nov-May	>6.0		 
75453:	İ	! 	! 	! 	İ	<u> </u>	! 
Sturkie	B 	Occasional	Brief	Nov-Apr	>6.0		
75459:	 	 	 	! 	! 	! 	 
Huzzah	в	Frequent	Brief	Nov-May	>6.0		
75460:	 	 	 	l İ	! [	 	 
Horsecreek	B	Occasional	Very brief	Nov-May	4.0-6.0	Apparent	Nov-Apr
77014:	 	 	 	l İ	! [	 	 
Rock outcrop.	ļ			l	ļ	ļ	
Taumsauk	  D	  None	 	 	   >6.0	! 	 
BB015 BB016	ĺ	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	
77015, 77016: Irondale	  C	  None	 	 	   >6.0	 	 
	į.	<u> </u>	ļ	į		į	į
Taumsauk	D 	None 	 	 	>6.0 	 	 
Rock outcrop.	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
77017:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Knobtop	c	None		i	1.5-3.0	Perched	Nov-May
77019:	 	 	 	l I	l I	l I	 
Frenchmill	В	None		i	>6.0	i	
99000.	 	 	 	l I	l I	l I	 
Pits, quarries	į	į		į	į	į	į
99001.	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Water	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
99014:	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Mine	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
tailings	 	None	 	 	0.0-1.0 	Apparent 	Nov-May 
			L	L	L	L	L

Table 20.--Soil Features

(See text for definitions of terms used in this table. Absence of an entry indicates that the feature is not a concern or that data were not estimated.)

Map symbol	I	Restric	tive layer		_  Potential	Risk of corrosion			
and soil name	I	Depth	İ		for	Uncoated	1		
	Kind	to top	Thickness	Hardness	frost action	steel	Concrete		
		<u>In</u>	<u>In</u>						
66014:	 	 	 	 	l	 			
Haymond	i	i	i	i	Moderate	Low	Moderate		
70020-									
70028: Moko	  Bedrock (lithic)	   4-20	! 	  Indurated	  Moderate	  Low	Low		
	İ	i	į			İ	i		
Rock outcrop	Bedrock (lithic)			Indurated	None				
73012, 73035:	I I	 	! 	l İ	l I	! 			
Gravois	Dense material	18-40	10-35	Noncemented	Moderate	Moderate	High		
<b>5</b> 2020				1					
73039: Glensted	  Abrupt textural	   6-19	 	  Noncemented	  Moderate	  High	  High		
01011000	change	0 25	<u> </u>						
<b>70046</b>	ļ		[						
73046: Wrengart	  Dense material	   20-40	   5-35	  Noncemented	  Moderate	  Moderate	  High		
73052:	[	ļ	!			! .	1		
Lily	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40		Indurated 	Moderate 	Moderate	High 		
73053:	i	i	<u> </u>			i	i		
Lily	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40	ļ	Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	High		
Bender	  Podrosk (lithis)	   20-40	 	  Indurated	  Moderate	  Moderate	  High		
Belidel		20-40	 	Induraced	Moderace	Moderace	   		
73066:	į	į	į	į	į	į	į		
Bender	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40		Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	High		
73067:	l İ	I I	 	 		! 	l I		
Bender	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40	j	Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	High		
Rock outcrop	  Podmost (lithis)	 	 	  Indurated		 	 		
ROCK Gutclop		 	 	Induraced		 			
73089:	İ	į	İ	İ	j	İ	İ		
Rueter					Moderate	High	High		
73159:	İ	i i	! 	! 		! 			
Yelton	Fragipan	18-27	16-40	Noncemented	Moderate	High	High		
73162:			 	 					
Alred	  Strongly	   15-39	   41-65	  Noncemented	  Moderate	  Moderate	  High		
	contrasting	į	į	İ	j	İ	i		
	textural   stratification		 	 					
	Stratification	I I	 	 		! 			
Rueter	j	i	j		Moderate	Moderate	  High		
73166:				 					
/3166: Viburnum	 		! 	l 	  Moderate	  High	  High		
	İ	i	į	İ	j	i	i -		
Tonti	Fragipan	18-25	10-36	Noncemented	Moderate	High	High		
73173, 73174:	! 		! 	 		! 			
Lily	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40	i	  Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	  High		
**-11	 				   Maria and the	 			
Yelton	Fragipan 	18-27 	16-40 	Noncemented 	Moderate 	Moderate 	High 		
73200, 73201:	i	i	i		i	i	İ		
Sonsac	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40	ļ	Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	High		
			I			I	I		

Table 20.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol	1	Restric	tive layer		Potential	Risk of	corrosion
and soil name	I	Depth	•		for	Uncoated	I
	Kind	:	Thickness	Hardness	frost action	steel	Concrete
	1	<u>In</u>	<u>In</u>	 		 	1
73210:	] 	i i	 	! [	i	 	] 
Goss	i	i	i	i	Moderate	Moderate	High
	ļ.	ļ.	!	!	!	!	ļ.
73214:	 	4 20		   Too doors a d			
Moko	Bedrock (lithic)	4-20 		Indurated 	Moderate 	Low 	Low
Rock outcrop	  Bedrock (lithic)	i	i	  Indurated	None		i
	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
73215:		ļ				 	
Crider	 			 	Moderate	Moderate 	High 
73218:	! 	i i	! 	! 	İ	! 	i İ
Tiff	j	i	j	i	Moderate	High	High
	ļ.	ļ	!	ļ	İ	ļ	ļ.
73271:	 	4 20		   Tood			
Moko	Bedrock (lithic)	4-20 		Indurated 	Moderate 	Low 	Low
Rock outcrop	  Bedrock (lithic)	i	i	  Indurated	None		i
	İ	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
73272:	<u> </u>			 		<u> </u>	
Hildebrecht	Fragipan	24-36	10-30	Noncemented	Moderate	Moderate	High 
73273:	] 	i i	 	! [	i	 	] 
Coulstone	  Bedrock (lithic)	61-80	j	Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	High
	[	ļ	[	<u> </u>	Į.	l	[
Bender	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40		Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	High
73274:	 	 	l I	 		l I	 
Scholten	  Fragipan	18-27	6-36	  Noncemented	Moderate	  Moderate	  High
	İ	į	į	j	İ	İ	į
73275:							
Gravois	Dense material	18-40	10-35 	Noncemented	Moderate	Moderate 	High 
Goss			 	 	Moderate	  Moderate	  High
	İ	į	į	j	İ	İ	į
73276:	<u> </u>	ļ				<u> </u>	
Rueter				 	Moderate	Moderate	High 
Hildebrecht	  Fragipan	24-36	1 10-30	  Noncemented	  Moderate	  Moderate	  High
	j	į	į	İ	İ	İ	į
73277:	ļ.	ļ	!	ļ	İ	ļ	<u> </u>
Goss					Moderate	Moderate	High
73278:	 	 	 	 		l I	 
Rueter	i	i	i	i	Moderate	Moderate	  High
	[	I	[	!	ļ.	ļ	[
73279:	 			   Too doors a d		   <b>                                  </b>	
Sonsac	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40	 	Indurated 	Moderate	Moderate 	High 
Moko	  Bedrock (lithic)	4-20	i	  Indurated	Moderate	Low	Low
	İ	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Rock outcrop	Bedrock (lithic)			Indurated	None	ļ	ļ
73280:	l I	 	 	 		l i	 
Alred	Strongly	1 15-39	   41-65	  Noncemented	Moderate	  Moderate	  High
	contrasting	į	į	j	i	j	į
	textural	ļ	[	<u> </u>	Į.	l	[
	stratification			 		 	1
73282:	I I	I I	I I	 	1	 	I I
Alred	Strongly	   15-39	41-65	  Noncemented	  Moderate	  Moderate	  High
	contrasting	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
	textural	ļ		ļ	ļ.	ļ	ļ.
	stratification	1	[ 	 	 	 	] 
	I	I	I	I	I	I	I

Table 20.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol		Restric	tive layer		Potential	Risk of	corrosion
and soil name		Depth	I		for	Uncoated	I
	Kind		Thickness	Hardness	frost action	steel	Concrete
	 	<u>In</u> 	<u>In</u> 	 	 	l I	l I
73282:	İ	İ	<u> </u>		İ	İ	
Sonsac	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40		Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	High
73283:	 			l I	 	 	l I
Courtois	 	 	 	 	  Moderate	  Moderate	I  High
	İ	į	į	İ	İ	İ	į
73284:						 	
Courtois	 	 	 	 	Moderate 	Moderate 	High 
Goss	i	i	i		Moderate	Moderate	  High
	ļ	!	!		ļ.	ļ	ļ
73285, 73286:	  Bodwood: (lithia)	40 50	İ	Tndunstad	  Wodowsto	Moderate	  Wodowsto
Useful	Bedrock (IICHIC)	40-59 	 	Indurated 	Moderate 	Moderate 	Moderate 
Courtois	i	i	i		Moderate	Moderate	  High
	!	!	!		ļ.	!	ļ
73287: Useful	  Bedrock (lithic)	   40-59	 	  Indurated	  Moderate	  Moderate	  Moderate
USELUI		40-39	 	Induraced	Moderate	Moderate	Moderace 
Sonsac	  Bedrock (lithic)	20-40	i	Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	High
	!	!	!		ļ.	!	ļ
73288: Caneyville	  Bodwood: (lithia)	   20-40	 	  Tnd::mated	  Modemate	  Modomato	  Wodowsto
Caneyviiie	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40 	 	Indurated 	Moderate 	Moderate 	Moderate 
Rock outcrop	Bedrock (lithic)	i	i	Indurated	None	j	j
	!	!	!		!	!	ļ
73289: Fourche	 	 	 	 	  Moderate	  High	  High
Four che	 	 	 		Moderate	HIGH	 
73290, 73291:	j	į	į	İ	j	İ	İ
Gatewood	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40		Indurated	Moderate	High	Moderate
Aaron	  Bedrock (lithic)	   40-60	 	  Indurated	  Moderate	  High	  Moderate
nar on		10 00	! 				
73292:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Lily	Bedrock (lithic)	20-40		Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	High
73293:	 	 	 		 	l I	 
Caneyville	  Bedrock (lithic)	20-40	i	  Indurated	Moderate	  Moderate	  Moderate
	İ	ĺ	İ	İ	ĺ	İ	İ
73294:	 			 		   <b>                                  </b>	
Ocie	Bearock (lithic)	40-60 	 	Indurated 	Moderate 	Moderate 	High 
74634:	İ	i	İ		İ	İ	
Hartville	!	ļ			Moderate	Moderate	High
74650:	 		 	İ	 	 	l I
Higdon		 	 	 	  Moderate	  High	  Moderate
-	j	į	į	İ	j	İ	İ
74652:	!	!	!		ļ	ļ 	
Lecoma	 			 	Moderate	Moderate 	High 
74653:	! 	! 		 	İ	! 	! 
Racoon	j	j	j		Moderate	High	High
		[	[		 		
Freeburg	 	 	 	 	Moderate 	High 	High 
74656:		i	i		İ	İ	i I
Deible	Abrupt textural	11-22	i	Noncemented	Moderate	High	High
	change		[				
74661:	 	[ [	[ [	] 	I I	l I	 
Waben		¦	 		Low	  Low	  Moderate
	l	I	I		l	l	l

Table 20.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol	<u> </u>		tive layer		_  Potential	:	corrosion
and soil name	   Kind	Depth	  Thickness	   Hardness	for	Uncoated	Congrete
	<u>KING</u>	In	In	nardness	frost action	steel	Concrete
	İ	i —	i —	İ	İ	İ	į
74662:		ļ	[				
Higdon	 	 	 	 	Moderate	High 	Moderate
75376:	İ	i	į	İ	i	j	İ
Cedargap					Moderate	Low	Moderate
75388:	 	i İ	l I	 		! 	
Kaintuck	i	i	i	i	Moderate	Low	Moderate
Relfe	 	 	 	 	Low	Low	  Moderate
Velle	, I	 	 	 	I	 	 
75398:	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
Kaintuck	 			 	Moderate	Low	Moderate
75406:	! 	! 	 	! 	i	! 	İ
Racket		ļ	ļ		Moderate	Low	Moderate
75412:	 	 	 	 		 	 
Razort	 		 	 	  Moderate	  Low	  Moderate
	<u> </u>	!	!	ļ	ļ	!	ļ.
75427: Gabriel	 	 	 	 	  Moderate	  High	Low
Cubi ICI		i	<u> </u>				
75450:	<u> </u>	!	!	ļ	!	!	!
Bloomsdale	 			 	Moderate	Low 	Moderate
75453:		i	<u> </u>		i	i	
Sturkie	!	!	ļ	ļ	Moderate	Low	Moderate
75459:	 	 	 	 		 	 
Huzzah		i	i		  Moderate	Low	  Moderate
	ļ	ļ		ļ	ļ	!	ļ.
75460: Horsecreek	 	 	 	 	  Moderate	  Moderate	  Moderate
	İ	İ	<u> </u>	 			
77014:							
Rock outcrop	Bedrock (lithic) 	 	 	Indurated 	None	 	 
Taumsauk	  Bedrock (lithic)	4-20	i	Indurated	Moderate	  High	  High
		ļ	ļ		1		
77015, 77016: Irondale	  Bedrock (lithic)	   20-40	 	  Indurated	  Moderate	  High	  High
	İ	İ	į		i	İ	İ
Taumsauk	Bedrock (lithic)	4-20		Indurated	Moderate	High	High
Rock outcrop	  Bedrock (lithic)	 	 	  Indurated	None	l 	
-	İ	į	į	İ	i	İ	İ
77017: Knobtop	   Bodmosk (lithis)			Tndunstad	Moderate	  High	  High
KIIODCOP		20-40 	 	Indurated 	Moderate 	HIGH	  mign
77019:	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Frenchmill	 			 	Moderate	High	High
99000.	! 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 		! 	
Pits, quarries	!	ļ.	ļ	!	ļ	ļ	ļ.
99001.	 	[ 	[ 	 		 	
Water	! 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 		! 	
	İ	į	į		İ	į	į
99014. Mine tailings	 	[ 	[ 	 	 	 	
carrings	! 	i i	i I	! 	i	İ	i

# Classification of the Soils

The system of soil classification used by the National Cooperative Soil Survey has six categories (Soil Survey Staff, 1998 and 1999). Beginning with the broadest, these categories are the order, suborder, great group, subgroup, family, and series. Classification is based on soil properties observed in the field or inferred from those observations or from laboratory measurements. Table 21 shows the classification of the soils in the survey area. The categories are defined in the following paragraphs.

ORDER. Twelve soil orders are recognized. The differences among orders reflect the dominant soil-forming processes and the degree of soil formation. Each order is identified by a word ending in *sol*. An example is Alfisol.

SUBORDER. Each order is divided into suborders primarily on the basis of properties that influence soil genesis and are important to plant growth or properties that reflect the most important variables within the orders. The last syllable in the name of a suborder indicates the order. An example is Udalf (*Ud*, meaning humid, plus *alf*, from Alfisol).

GREAT GROUP. Each suborder is divided into great groups on the basis of close similarities in kind, arrangement, and degree of development of pedogenic horizons; soil moisture and temperature regimes; type of saturation; and base status. Each great group is identified by the name of a suborder and by a prefix that indicates a property of the soil. An example is Hapludalfs (*Hapl*, meaning minimal horizonation, plus *udalf*, the suborder of the Alfisols that has a udic moisture regime).

SUBGROUP. Each great group has a typic subgroup. Other subgroups are intergrades or extragrades. The typic subgroup is the central concept of the great group; it is not necessarily the most extensive. Intergrades are transitions to other orders, suborders, or great groups. Extragrades have some properties that are not representative of the great group but do not indicate transitions to any other taxonomic class. Each subgroup is identified by one or more adjectives preceding the name of the great group. The adjective *Typic* identifies the subgroup that typifies the great group. An example is Typic Hapludalfs.

FAMILY. Families are established within a subgroup on the basis of physical and chemical properties and other characteristics that affect management. Generally, the properties are those of horizons below plow depth where there is much biological activity. Among the properties and characteristics considered are particle size, mineral content, soil temperature regime, soil depth, and reaction. A family name consists of the name of a subgroup preceded by terms that indicate soil properties. An example is fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludalfs.

SERIES. The series consists of soils within a family that have horizons similar in color, texture, structure, reaction, consistence, mineral and chemical composition, and arrangement in the profile.

# Soil Series and Their Morphology

In this section, each soil series recognized in the survey area is described. Characteristics of the soil and the material in which it formed are identified for each series. A pedon, a small three-dimensional area of soil, that is typical of the series in the survey area is described. The detailed description of each soil horizon follows standards in the "Soil Survey Manual" (Soil Survey Division Staff, 1993). Many of the technical terms used in the descriptions are defined in "Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 1999) and in "Keys to Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 1998). Unless otherwise indicated, colors in the descriptions are for moist soil. Following the pedon description is the range of important characteristics of the soils in the series.

The map units of each soil series are described in the section "Detailed Soil Map Units."

#### **Aaron Series**

Depth class: Deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from interbedded dolostone, shale, and siltstone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

# **Typical Pedon**

Aaron silt loam, in an area of Gatewood-Aaron complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes; USGS Irondale topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 699610, Northing 4186250.

- Ap—0 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) dry; strong fine platy and weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- BE—7 to 12 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—12 to 18 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; many continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—18 to 25 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine roots; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; common fine manganese or ironmanganese stains on faces of peds; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—25 to 36 inches; 90 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) and 10 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silty clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine roots; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few continuous silt coats on faces of peds; many fine manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt4—36 to 46 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few fine prominent greenish gray (5GY 6/1) and common fine distinct light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) iron depletions; common fine manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

2R—46 inches; Derby Doerun shale.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 40 to 60 inches

Ap horizon:

Color-chroma of 2 or 3

BE horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture—silt loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y and value of 5 or 6 Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1, 2, 3, 4, or 6
Texture—silty clay or clay

#### Alred Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over residuum

weathered from dolostone Slope range: 3 to 35 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal over clayey, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

#### Typical Pedon

Alred very gravelly silt loam, in an area of Alred-Sonsac complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, very rocky; USGS Berryman topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 671570, Northing 4206640.

- A—0 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very gravelly silt loam, light gray (10YR 7/2) dry; moderate very fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct silt coats on faces of peds; many distinct organic stains on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 40 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—3 to 9 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common prominent organic stains on gravel; many distinct silt coats on faces of

- peds; 45 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- EB—9 to 15 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 50 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—15 to 21 inches; 65 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 35 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; common distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 40 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt2—21 to 29 inches; 60 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) gravelly clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; many very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt3—29 to 36 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) gravelly clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt4—36 to 51 inches; 70 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and 30 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) gravelly clay; moderate medium prismatic structure; very firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 25 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt5—51 to 64 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) clay; moderate medium prismatic structure; very firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; neutral.

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A horizon:

Color-chroma of 2 or 3

Texture—very gravelly loam or very gravelly silt loam

#### E and EB horizons:

Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 3 or 4
Texture—very gravelly loam or very gravelly silt
loam

#### Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—very gravelly analogs of silt loam, loam, or silty clay loam

#### 2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4, 6, or 8 Texture—clay, gravelly clay, or cobbly clay

#### **Bender Series**

Depth class: Moderately deep

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Residuum weathered from

sandstone

Slope range: 3 to 35 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Hapludults

#### **Typical Pedon**

Bender very gravelly sandy loam, in an area of Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony; USGS Ebo topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 683270, Northing 4220500.

- A—0 to 2 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) very gravelly sandy loam, gray (10YR 6/1) dry; weak very fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 5 percent quartzite cobbles and 30 percent quartzite gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- E1—2 to 10 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and many medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds and in pores; 10 percent quartzite cobbles and 50 percent quartzite gravel; extremely acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- E2—10 to 14 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely gravelly fine sandy loam; weak fine

subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous prominent silt coats on faces of peds and in pores; 15 percent quartzite cobbles and 50 percent quartzite gravel; extremely acid; clear smooth boundary.

- Bt1—14 to 22 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very cobbly fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds; many continuous prominent silt coats on faces of peds and in pores; 25 percent quartzite cobbles and 30 percent quartzite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—22 to 27 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very cobbly sandy loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous prominent silt coats on faces of peds; 10 percent quartzite stones, 15 percent quartzite cobbles, and 25 percent quartzite gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

R—27 inches; Roubidoux sandstone.

#### **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

A horizon:

Color-chroma of 1 or 2

Texture—very gravelly or very cobbly analogs of sandy loam or fine sandy loam

E horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 3 or 4
Texture—cobbly, very cobbly, or extremely
gravelly analogs of sandy loam or fine sandy
loam

BE horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture—very gravelly, cobbly, or very cobbly analogs of loam, sandy loam, or fine sandy loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—very gravelly, extremely gravelly, cobbly,

very cobbly, or extremely cobbly analogs of sandy loam or fine sandy loam

#### Bloomsdale Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Landform: Flood plain

Parent material: Gravelly alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed,

superactive, mesic Typic Hapludalfs

# **Typical Pedon**

Bloomsdale silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; USGS Ebo topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 684180, Northing 4216820.

- A—0 to 5 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; many fine, medium, and coarse interstitial and tubular pores; 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BA—5 to 11 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; many fine, medium, and coarse interstitial and tubular pores; 15 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt1—11 to 18 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; common fine, medium, and coarse roots; common fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 30 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 2Bt2—18 to 25 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine, medium, and coarse roots; common fine, medium, and coarse interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert cobbles and 65 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—25 to 34 inches; 50 percent dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) and 50 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR

4/4) extremely gravelly sandy loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert cobbles and 75 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

2Bt4—34 to 41 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely gravelly sandy loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; many discontinuous distinct organic stains on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 55 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

3Bt5—41 to 62 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) extremely gravelly sandy clay loam; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert cobbles and 60 percent chert gravel; slightly acid.

# **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

BA horizon (where present):

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 3 or 4 Texture—silt loam or gravelly silt loam

2Bw horizon (where present):

Texture—stratified very gravelly coarse sandy loam to very gravelly loam to very gravelly clay loam

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR and value of 3 or 4 Texture—gravelly, very gravelly, or extremely gravelly analogs of silt loam, sandy loam, or sandy clay loam

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture—extremely gravelly sandy clay loam or extremely gravelly clay loam

# Caneyville Series

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludalfs

## **Typical Pedon**

Caneyville silt loam, in an area of Caneyville-Rock outcrop complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes; USGS Irondale topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 699650, Northing 4186140.

Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

BE—6 to 11 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine roots; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

2Bt1—11 to 17 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; common clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

2Bt2—17 to 24 inches; 80 percent reddish brown (5YR 4/4) and 20 percent reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) silty clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine roots; many clay films on faces of peds; 7 percent chert gravel; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.

2Bt3—24 to 30 inches; reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine roots; many clay films on faces of peds; few manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.

2R—30 inches; dolostone.

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

Ap horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 3 or 4

E horizon (where present) and BE horizon:
Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5,
and chroma of 3 or 4
Texture—silt loam

Bt horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3, 4, or 6

Texture—silt loam, silty clay loam, or silty clay

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR or 5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

## Cedargap Series

Depth class: Very deep
Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Flood plain

Parent material: Gravelly alluvium

Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, mixed, superactive, mesic Cumulic Hapludolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Cedargap gravelly silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; USGS Palmer topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 682820, Northing 4186500.

Ap—0 to 8 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) gravelly silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; moderate very fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 34 percent chert gravel; strongly acid: clear smooth boundary.

A—8 to 15 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) very gravelly loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 40 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bw1—15 to 24 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) very gravelly loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 36 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bw2—24 to 29 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) very gravelly loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 45 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bw3—29 to 38 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) very gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots;

common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 40 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bw4—38 to 50 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) very gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 45 percent chert gravel; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bw5—50 to 60 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 15 percent chert gravel; neutral.

## **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Thickness of the mollic epipedon: 24 to more than 60

inches

Ap horizon:

Color-chroma of 2 or 3

A horizon:

Color—chroma of 2 or 3

Texture—gravelly or very gravelly analogs of silt

loam or loam

Bw horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 3, 4, or 6

Texture—gravelly or very gravelly analogs of loam or sandy clay loam

2Bw horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—clay or gravelly clay

#### Coulstone Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Colluvium over residuum weathered

from sandstone

Slope range: 15 to 35 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults

#### **Typical Pedon**

Coulstone very gravelly fine sandy loam, in an area of Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony; USGS Ebo topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 683250, Northing 4220480.

- A—0 to 4 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very gravelly fine sandy loam, gray (10YR 6/1) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 10 percent quartzite cobbles and 45 percent quartzite gravel; extremely acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E1—4 to 9 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very gravelly sandy loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common prominent organic stains on faces of peds; 55 percent quartzite gravel; extremely acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E2—9 to 15 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) extremely gravelly fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 10 percent quartzite cobbles and 55 percent quartzite gravel; extremely acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E3—15 to 21 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) extremely gravelly sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 60 percent quartzite gravel; extremely acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E4—21 to 32 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) extremely gravelly sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 15 percent quartzite cobbles and 45 percent quartzite gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt1—32 to 39 inches; 55 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) and 45 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/8) very gravelly sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common medium and coarse interstitial pores; few discontinuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert stones, 10 percent chert cobbles, and 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt2—39 to 44 inches; 80 percent yellow (10YR 7/6) and 20 percent reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) very

- gravelly sandy clay loam; strong medium angular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine vesicular and common medium and coarse interstitial pores; few discontinuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; 45 percent quartzite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—44 to 61 inches; 55 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) and 45 percent reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) gravelly sandy clay loam; moderate medium angular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine vesicular and common medium and coarse interstitial pores; common discontinuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent quartzite gravel; extremely acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

2R-61 inches; Roubidoux sandstone.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

E horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 2 or 3 Texture—very gravelly or extremely gravelly analogs of sandy loam or fine sandy loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 4, 6, or 8
Texture—very gravelly sandy loam or very stony sandy loam

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 6 or 8

Texture—gravelly sandy clay loam or very gravelly sandy clay loam

### **Courtois Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

#### **Typical Pedon**

Courtois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded; USGS Belgrade topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 697390, Northing 4184330.

- Ap—0 to 4 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—4 to 8 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; weak very fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—8 to 13 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—13 to 19 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay loam; strong fine prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; few masses of manganese oxide accumulations; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt4—19 to 29 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; many masses of manganese oxide accumulations; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt5—29 to 40 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; common masses of manganese oxide accumulations; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt6—40 to 48 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; many masses of manganese oxide accumulations; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt7—48 to 68 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very firm; few very

fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; few distinct silt coats on faces of peds; common masses of manganese oxide accumulations; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

2Bt8—68 to 80 inches; dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) silty clay; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; many masses of manganese oxide accumulations; strongly acid.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Ap horizon:

Color-value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 3 or 4

BE horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 5YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 or 6
Texture—silt loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR or 7.5YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—silt loam, silty clay loam, or silty clay

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, or 7.5YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—silty clay loam, silty clay, clay, gravelly clay, or very gravelly clay

#### Crider Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum

Slope range: 3 to 8 percent

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

mesic Typic Paleudalfs

## **Typical Pedon**

Crider silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; USGS Palmer topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 686460, Northing 4180330.

Ap—0 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak very fine subangular blocky; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial

- and tubular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BE—7 to 13 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt1—13 to 21 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—21 to 29 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—29 to 36 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt4—36 to 43 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; few prominent manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt5—43 to 53 inches; dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) clay; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to strong very fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; common distinct manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt6—53 to 69 inches; dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) clay; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to strong very fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 2R-69 inches; dolostone.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

BE horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR and chroma of 3 or 4

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR or 7.5YR
Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR or 5YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

#### **Deible Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained Landform: Stream terrace

Parent material: Alluvium over colluvium

Slope range: 1 to 5 percent

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, active, mesic

Typic Albaqualfs

## **Typical Pedon**

Deible silt loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes, rarely flooded; USGS Argo topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 652475, Northing 4229200. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, light gray (10YR 7/2) dry; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; common fine and medium spherical very dark gray (10YR 3/1) iron-manganese concretions throughout; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—8 to 14 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; common fine and medium spherical very dark gray (10YR 3/1) iron-manganese concretions throughout; common fine and medium irregular light reddish brown (2.5YR 6/3) and red (2.5YR 4/6) masses of iron oxide accumulations; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Btg1—14 to 20 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; few

continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium spherical very dark gray (10YR 3/1) iron-manganese concretions throughout; common fine and medium irregular brown (10YR 4/3) and red (2.5YR 4/6) masses of iron oxide accumulations; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

Btg2—20 to 29 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay; strong fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium spherical very dark gray (10YR 3/1) iron-manganese concretions throughout; common fine and medium spherical yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron oxide accumulations; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Btg3—29 to 40 inches; 60 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and 40 percent dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay; weak fine prismatic structure parting to strong fine and medium subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium spherical very dark gray (10YR 3/1) iron-manganese concretions throughout; many fine and medium irregular yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron oxide accumulations; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Btg4—40 to 51 inches; 75 percent brown (7.5YR 5/2) and 25 percent brown (10YR 4/3) silty clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to strong medium and coarse subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium spherical very dark gray (10YR 3/1) iron-manganese concretions throughout; many fine and medium irregular strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of iron oxide accumulations; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

2Btg5—51 to 60 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay loam; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky and strong medium prismatic structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common discontinuous prominent clay depletions throughout; common fine and medium spherical very dark gray (10YR 3/1) ironmanganese concretions throughout; common strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of iron oxide accumulations; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

2Btg6—60 to 71 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky and moderate medium prismatic structure; firm; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common discontinuous prominent clay depletions throughout; many fine and medium spherical very dark gray (10YR 3/1) iron-manganese concretions throughout; many fine and medium irregular strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of iron oxide accumulations; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

2Btg7—71 to 80 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) silty clay loam; moderate medium prismatic and moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous prominent clay depletions on faces of peds; many fine and medium irregular very dark gray (10YR 3/1) ironmanganese concretions throughout; many fine and medium irregular strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of iron oxide accumulations; strongly acid.

## **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Ap horizon:

Color-value of 4 to 6

E horizon:

Color—value of 4 to 6

Bta horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 or 3

Texture—silty clay loam or silty clay

2Btg horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 1 or 2
Texture—clay loam or silty clay loam

#### Fourche Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Footslope

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Glossaquic Paleudalfs

## **Typical Pedon**

Fourche silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes; USGS

Courtois topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 670850, Northing 4189195.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine and fine granular; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—8 to 14 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds; 1 percent subangular chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—14 to 20 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few distinct silt coats on faces of peds; few fine distinct yellowish red (5YR 5/8) iron stains on faces of peds; 1 percent subangular chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt/E—20 to 27 inches; 60 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silty clay loam (2Bt); weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; firm; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam (E) 1 to 5 millimeters thick covering faces of peds; few very fine and fine roots; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; few fine distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; 5 percent subangular chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt1—27 to 33 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; common distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and few red (2.5YR 4/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; 5 percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt2—33 to 48 inches; red (2.5YR 4/8) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium prismatic

- structure; firm; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) clay depletions on faces of peds; few distinct dark red (2.5YR 3/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; 5 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—48 to 60 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/8) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium prismatic structure; firm; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; few distinct dark red (2.5YR 4/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; 5 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt4—60 to 80 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/8) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium prismatic structure; firm; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few fine prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; few distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; 5 percent subangular chert gravel; very strongly acid.

## **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Bt horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 4 or 6 Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

2Bt/E horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 5 or 6 (2Bt); hue of 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 3 or 4 (E)

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2, 3, 4, 6, or 8

#### Freeburg Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Landform: Stream terrace
Parent material: Silty alluvium
Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Aquic Hapludalfs

## **Typical Pedon**

Freeburg silt loam, in an area of Racoon-Freeburg complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded; USGS Leasburg topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 648215, Northing 4211940. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; moderate fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common fine moderate continuity tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) iron stains in root channels and/or pores; few fine black (10YR 2/1) masses of iron-manganese accumulations throughout; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—6 to 11 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common discontinuous prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) iron stains on faces of peds and in pores; few fine black (10YR 2/1) masses of iron-manganese accumulations throughout; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—11 to 23 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common fine moderate continuity tubular pores; common discontinuous faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; few fine and medium light gray (10YR 7/1) iron depletions throughout; few distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) iron stains on faces of peds and in pores; few fine black (10YR 2/1) masses of iron-manganese accumulations between peds; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—23 to 35 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common fine moderate continuity tubular pores; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds and in pores; many distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay depletions on faces of peds and in pores; few fine and medium light gray (10YR 7/1) iron depletions throughout; few distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) iron stains on faces of peds and in pores; few fine and medium black (10YR 2/1) masses of ironmanganese accumulations throughout; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt3—35 to 47 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common distinct dark yellowish

- brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds and in pores; common distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay depletions on faces of peds and in pores; few fine light gray (10YR 7/1) iron depletions throughout; few distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) iron stains on faces of peds and in pores; few fine and medium spherical black (10YR 2/1) masses of iron-manganese accumulations throughout; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt4—47 to 60 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds and in pores; common distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) clay depletions on faces of peds and in pores; few fine and medium irregular gray (10YR 6/1) iron depletions between peds; common distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) iron stains on faces of peds and in pores; few fine and medium black (10YR 2/1) masses of ironmanganese accumulations between peds; neutral; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt5—60 to 70 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; strong medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds and in pores; common distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions on faces of peds and in pores; common fine and medium gray (10YR 6/1) iron depletions between peds; common distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) iron stains on faces of peds and in pores; common medium black (10YR 2/1) masses of iron-manganese accumulations between peds; neutral; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt6—70 to 80 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; strong medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and in pores; common distinct clay depletions on faces of peds and in pores; common medium gray (10YR 6/1) iron depletions between peds; common distinct iron stains on faces of peds and in pores; neutral.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

E horizon and BA horizon (where present):
Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 2 to 4
Texture—silt loam

#### Bt horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 1 to 4 Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

2BCg horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma

of 1 or 2

Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

## Frenchmill Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Colluvium derived from rhyolite

Slope range: 15 to 60 percent

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed,

active, mesic Typic Paleudults

## **Typical Pedon**

Frenchmill very gravelly silt loam, 15 to 60 percent slopes, extremely stony; USGS Irondale topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 700990, Northing 4186800.

- A—0 to 3 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very gravelly silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine granular; friable; many very fine and fine roots; 5 percent rhyolite cobbles and 35 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—3 to 8 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; few distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 5 percent rhyolite cobbles and 55 percent rhyolite gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—8 to 17 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; few distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt coats on faces of peds; 5 percent rhyolite cobbles and 40 percent rhyolite gravel; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—17 to 26 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine platy structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; many distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt coats on faces of peds; 5 percent rhyolite cobbles and 35 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

- Bt3—26 to 32 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine platy structure parting to moderate very fine and fine angular blocky; very firm; common very fine roots; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; many distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt coats on faces of peds; 5 percent rhyolite cobbles and 45 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt4—32 to 41 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very firm; common very fine roots; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; many distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt coats on faces of peds; 15 percent rhyolite cobbles and 50 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt5—41 to 49 inches; 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 50 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine roots; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; many distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt coats on faces of peds; 10 percent rhyolite cobbles and 45 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt6—49 to 58 inches; 55 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) and 45 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/6) very stony silt loam; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine roots; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; common distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt coats on faces of peds; 15 percent rhyolite stones, 5 percent rhyolite cobbles, and 35 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt7—58 to 72 inches; 80 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) and 20 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; few prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt coats on faces of peds; 10 percent rhyolite cobbles and 40 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt8—72 to 80 inches; 60 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 40 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine roots; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; few prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt

coats on faces of peds; 5 percent rhyolite cobbles and 40 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid.

## **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

#### E horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 3 or 4 Texture—very gravelly silt loam or extremely gravelly silt loam

#### Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—very gravelly, extremely gravelly, or very stony analogs of silt loam

#### 2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—very gravelly clay loam or very gravelly

# Gabriel Series

Depth class: Very deep
Drainage class: Poorly drained
Landform: Stream terrace

silty clay loam

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Typic Argiaquolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Gabriel silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, gravelly substratum phase; USGS Berryman topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 668595, Northing 4198120.

- Ap1—0 to 4 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silt loam, dark gray (10YR 4/1) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; common fine prominent iron stains on faces of peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Ap2—4 to 9 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silt loam, dark gray (10YR 4/1) dry; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many interstitial and tubular pores; common fine prominent iron stains on faces of peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Btg1—9 to 18 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silty clay loam, dark gray (10YR 4/1) dry; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to

strong fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; few fine distinct clay films on faces of peds; many fine prominent iron stains on faces of peds; few fine manganese accumulations; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

- Btg2—18 to 27 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silty clay loam, dark gray (10YR 4/1) dry; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to strong fine subangular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; common fine distinct clay films on faces of peds; many fine prominent iron stains on faces of peds; common fine manganese accumulations; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Btg3—27 to 42 inches; gray (2.5Y 5/1) silty clay loam; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; common fine distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent iron stains on faces of peds; common fine manganese accumulations; slightly alkaline; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btg4—42 to 55 inches; gray (2.5Y 6/1) clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; common fine distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent iron stains on faces of peds; common fine manganese accumulations; 2 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btg5—55 to 62 inches; gray (2.5Y 5/1) clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; common fine distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent iron stains on faces of peds; common fine manganese accumulations; 10 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btg6—62 to 80 inches; gray (2.5Y 5/1) very gravelly clay loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common interstitial and tubular pores; common fine distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine prominent iron stains on faces of peds; common fine manganese accumulations; 40 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline.

## **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches Thickness of the mollic epipedon: 21 to 30 inches Btg horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y and value of 3 to 5

2Btg horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6
Texture—silty clay loam, clay loam, or their gravelly or very gravelly analogs

### Gatewood Series

Depth class: Moderately deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum from dolostone

and shale

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Taxonomic classification: Very-fine, mixed, active,

mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

### **Typical Pedon**

Gatewood silt loam, in an area of Gatewood-Aaron complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes; USGS Irondale topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 699300, Northing 4186220.

- Ap—0 to 3 inches: very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- E—3 to 7 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; moderate fine platy and moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt1—7 to 13 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay; strong medium prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt2—13 to 18 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay; strong medium prismatic structure; very firm; few very fine, fine, medium, and coarse roots; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; extremely acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—18 to 28 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) clay; strong coarse prismatic structure; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

2Bt4—28 to 35 inches; 90 percent red (2.5YR 5/6)

and 10 percent reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) clay; strong coarse prismatic structure; very firm; few very fine, fine, medium, and coarse roots; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; many fine manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.

2Cr—35 to 37 inches; 60 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/6), 20 percent gray (2.5Y 6/1), and 20 percent light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) clay shale; strong medium platy rock structure; moderately acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

2R-37 inches; Derby Doerun shale.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

Ap horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 2 or 3

E horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 2 or 3

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR to 5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3, 4, or 6
Texture—silty clay or clay

2Cr horizon:

Color—hue of 10YR to 5GY, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 1, 2, 3, 4, or 6
Texture—clay, gravelly clay, or channery clay

#### Glensted Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum from cherty

dolostone and shale Slope range: 1 to 3 percent

Taxonomic classification: Fine, smectitic, mesic

Vertic Albaqualfs

### **Typical Pedon**

Glensted silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes; USGS Leasburg topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 649540, Northing 4216910. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

Ap1—0 to 4 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine high

continuity tubular pores; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.

- Ap2—4 to 10 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine high continuity tubular and common medium low continuity tubular pores; few distinct very dark gray (10YR 3/1) manganese or iron-manganese stains throughout; few fine and medium spherical weakly cemented black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions throughout; 2 percent chert gravel; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Eg1—10 to 16 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common fine, medium, and coarse high continuity tubular pores; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) manganese or ironmanganese stains throughout; 2 percent chert gravel; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Eg2—16 to 19 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common fine and medium high continuity tubular pores; common distinct dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) organic coats on faces of peds; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) manganese or iron-manganese stains throughout; 2 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Btg1—19 to 26 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) silty clay; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate medium angular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine low continuity tubular pores; many faint clay films on faces of peds; few pale brown (10YR 6/3) iron depletions throughout; common prominent red (10R 4/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains throughout; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Btg2—26 to 36 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay; weak fine prismatic structure parting to weak medium angular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine low continuity tubular pores; many faint clay films on faces of peds; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains throughout; 2 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btg3—36 to 44 inches; dark gray (10YR 4/1) silty clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to weak medium angular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine

- and fine moderate continuity tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; few light gray (10YR 7/2) iron depletions throughout; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) manganese or iron-manganese stains throughout; 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btg4—44 to 50 inches; dark gray (10YR 4/1) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium prismatic structure; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; common fine and medium moderate continuity tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; common distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) manganese or iron-manganese stains throughout; 25 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 2Btg5—50 to 58 inches; dark gray (10YR 4/1) gravelly clay; moderate coarse prismatic structure; very firm; common very fine and fine and few medium moderate continuity tubular pores; many prominent clay films on faces of peds; common continuous prominent dark reddish brown (5YR 3/4) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains throughout; 25 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btg6—58 to 70 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) gravelly clay loam; moderate coarse prismatic structure; very firm; common very fine and fine moderate continuity tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds; common prominent reddish brown (5YR 4/4) manganese or ironmanganese stains throughout; 30 percent chert gravel; strongly acid.

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Ap horizon:

Color-value of 3 or 4

Eg horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6

Btg horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 1 or 2

2Btg horizon:

Color-value of 4 or 5

Texture—silty clay loam, clay loam, silty clay, clay, or their gravelly analogs

2Cg horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 1

Texture—silty clay loam

### **Goss Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Colluvium over residuum from cherty

dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 50 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Clayey-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

# **Typical Pedon**

Goss very cobbly silt loam, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony; USGS Viburnum West topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 661120, Northing 4178610. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- A—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very cobbly silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; friable; common very fine and fine roots; 5 percent chert stones, 15 percent chert cobbles, and 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- E—6 to 12 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine, few medium, and many very fine roots; 5 percent chert stones, 5 percent chert cobbles, and 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—12 to 23 inches; 75 percent reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) and 25 percent red (2.5YR 5/8) very gravelly silty clay loam; weak fine angular blocky structure; friable; few fine and common very fine roots; few discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert stones, 10 percent chert cobbles, and 30 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2Bt2—23 to 31 inches; 95 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) and 5 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) very gravelly clay; strong fine and medium angular blocky structure; firm; few fine and common very fine roots; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert stones, 5 percent chert cobbles, and 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt3—31 to 40 inches; 90 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) and 10 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) gravelly clay; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert stones and 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

- 2Bt4—40 to 55 inches; 50 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 50 percent red (10R 4/6) gravelly clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to weak medium angular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt5—55 to 67 inches; 80 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 20 percent red (10R 4/6) gravelly clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to weak medium angular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine roots; common continuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt6—67 to 80 inches; 80 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) and 20 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) gravelly clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to weak medium angular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine roots; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

### **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 2 or 3 Texture—gravelly silt loam or very cobbly silt loam

E horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 3 or 4
Texture—gravelly silt loam or very gravelly silt loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 6 or 8

Texture—very gravelly or extremely gravelly analogs of silt loam or silty clay loam

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10R, 2.5YR, 5YR, or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 3, 4, 6, or 8

Texture—gravelly, very gravelly, extremely gravelly, or very cobbly analogs of clay or silty clay

#### **Gravois Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum from dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Paleudalfs

# **Typical Pedon**

Gravois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; USGS Tiff topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 697560, Northing 4221410.

- A—0 to 3 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—3 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; common distinct silt coats on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—8 to 14 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine, medium, and coarse roots; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—14 to 19 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine, fine, medium, and coarse roots; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt3—19 to 25 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine and medium subangular blocky; firm; common fine, medium, and coarse roots; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; few fine distinct dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay depletions; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt4—25 to 33 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine and medium subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; many fine distinct dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions; few strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) masses of ironmanganese accumulations; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 2Btx1—33 to 37 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; 30 percent brittle; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; common continuous light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay

- depletions; 55 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 2Btx2—37 to 48 inches; 60 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very firm; 30 percent brittle; few discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; common continuous silt coats on faces of peds; common prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) clay depletions; 65 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 3Bt1—48 to 62 inches; 90 percent dark red (10R 3/6) and 10 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) gravelly clay; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; few fine and medium roots; many continuous clay films on faces of peds; 15 percent chert gravel and 5 percent barite gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 3Bt2—62 to 80 inches; dark red (10R 3/6) gravelly clay; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; few fine and medium roots; many continuous clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

# **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches Depth to fragic layer: 18 to 40 inches

#### A horizon:

Color—value of 3 to 5 and chroma of 2 or 3

### E horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 3 or 4

## Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4, 6, or 8

Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

#### 2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2, 3, 4, or 6

Texture—silty clay loam or the gravelly, very gravelly, or extremely gravelly analogs of silt loam or loam

#### 3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 10R, 2.5YR, 5YR, or 7.5YR, value of 2 to 6, and chroma of 4, 6, or 8

Texture—clay or gravelly or very gravelly analogs of silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

4Bt horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 10R, 2.5YR, 5YR, or 7.5YR, value of 2 to 6, and chroma of 4, 6, or 8
Texture—clay, cobbly clay, or very cobbly clay

### Hartville Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Landform: Footslope
Parent material: Colluvium
Slope range: 3 to 8 percent

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, active, mesic

Aquic Hapludalfs

# **Typical Pedon**

Hartville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; USGS Ebo topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 676565, Northing 4210550.

- Ap—0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) dry; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine and fine granular; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; common discontinuous distinct manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; common discontinuous distinct iron stains on faces of peds; 5 percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BE—5 to 10 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; few distinct manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; common discontinuous distinct iron stains on faces of peds; 5 percent subangular chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—10 to 15 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; few distinct manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; few distinct iron stains on faces of peds; 2

- percent chert gravel; strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt2—15 to 21 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 40 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few continuous distinct clay depletions on faces of peds; few discontinuous distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—21 to 31 inches; 65 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 35 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay; moderate fine prismatic structure; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt4—31 to 42 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 40 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt5—42 to 51 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine angular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few distinct brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; few distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) iron stains on faces of peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt6—51 to 58 inches; 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) and 50 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common discontinuous distinct manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; few fine irregular carbonate concretions between peds; slightly alkaline; clear smooth boundary.

2Bt7—58 to 73 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) manganese or ironmanganese stains on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; moderately alkaline.

### **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Ap horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 2 or 3

BE horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 3 or 4

Bt horizon:

Color—value of 4 to 6 and chroma of 2 to 4 Texture—silty clay loam or silty clay

2Bt horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 3, 4, or 6 Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

# Haymond Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Flood plain

Parent material: Coarse-silty alluvium

Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Coarse-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Dystric Fluventic Eutrudepts

# **Typical Pedon**

Haymond silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; USGS Leasburg topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 650350, Northing 4211680. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

Ap—0 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine and medium granular; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.

Bw1—7 to 19 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct silt coats in root channels and pores; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bw2—19 to 34 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bw3—34 to 57 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct silt coats on faces of peds; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.

Ab1—57 to 76 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.

Ab2—76 to 80 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color-chroma of 2 or 3

Bw horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 3 or 4

Ab horizon:

Color-chroma of 2 or 3

2C horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma

of 3 or 4

Texture—fine sandy loam

# **Higdon Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained Landform: Stream terrace and footslope

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 5 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, active,

mesic Aquic Hapludalfs

# **Typical Pedon**

Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded; USGS Cyclone Hollow topographic

quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 675860, Northing 4225190.

- Ap1—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, 70 percent light gray (10YR 7/2) and 30 percent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular and tubular pores; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Ap2—6 to 10 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular and tubular pores; few prominent iron stains on faces of peds; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—10 to 19 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular and tubular pores; many continuous prominent silt coats on faces of peds; few prominent iron stains on faces of peds; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt1—19 to 27 inches; 60 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 40 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine vesicular and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common faint dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; few prominent iron stains on faces of peds; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—27 to 35 inches; 70 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 30 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine vesicular and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common faint dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; few prominent manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt3—35 to 43 inches; 75 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 25 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine vesicular and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay

- films on faces of peds; common faint dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; few prominent manganese or ironmanganese stains on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt4—43 to 57 inches; 60 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) and 40 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; firm; many very fine and fine vesicular and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common prominent manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt5—57 to 70 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam; moderate very coarse prismatic structure; firm; many very fine and fine vesicular and tubular pores; common discontinuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; common prominent manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt6—70 to 80 inches; 80 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 20 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; moderate very coarse prismatic structure; firm; many very fine and fine vesicular and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few prominent manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; many prominent iron stains on faces of peds; neutral.

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

E horizon:

Color-value of 5 or 6

Bt horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 2 to 4 Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

2Bt horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 10YR or 2.5Y, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture—silt loam, silty clay loam, or their gravelly analogs

### Hildebrecht Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Fragiudalfs

### **Typical Pedon**

Hildebrecht silt loam, in an area of Rueter-Hildebrecht complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony; USGS Onondaga Cave topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 662255, Northing 4209750. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- A—0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; friable; many fine and medium roots; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt1—5 to 12 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium and few coarse roots; few discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—12 to 19 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine and medium roots; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt3—19 to 25 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine and medium roots; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common clay depletions on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btx1—25 to 30 inches; 80 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 20 percent gray (10YR 6/1) extremely gravelly silt loam; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; 70 percent brittle; few fine, medium, and coarse roots between peds; many discontinuous faint clay films between peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 65 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Btx2—30 to 39 inches; 55 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4), 35 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6), and 10 percent gray (10YR 6/1) extremely gravelly silty clay loam; strong very coarse prismatic structure; very firm; 70 percent brittle; many discontinuous faint clay films between peds; 5 percent chert stones, 5 percent chert cobbles, and 65 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3Bt1—39 to 50 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), 25 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6), and 15 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly clay;

strong medium prismatic structure; very firm; few fine and medium roots; many continuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

3Bt2—50 to 60 inches; 55 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), 35 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6), and 10 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) very gravelly clay; strong medium prismatic structure; very firm; many continuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 50 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

### **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches Depth to fragipan: 24 to 36 inches

A horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5

E horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture—silt loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3, 4, or 6
Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 1, 2, 3, 4, or 6

Texture—gravelly, very gravelly, extremely gravelly, or stony analogs of silt loam or silty clay loam

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3, 4, 6, or 8 Texture—clay, very gravelly clay, or extremely gravelly clay

#### Horsecreek Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Landform: Stream terrace Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Mollic Hapludalfs

## Typical Pedon

Horsecreek silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes,

occasionally flooded, wet substratum phase; USGS Onondaga Cave topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 661420, Northing 4208050. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—8 to 15 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; friable; common very fine, fine, and medium roots; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct discontinuous clay films on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—15 to 40 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous prominent clay films on faces of peds and in pores; common distinct silt coats on vertical faces of peds; few distinct manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt3—40 to 52 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common distinct silt coats on vertical faces of peds; few distinct manganese or ironmanganese stains on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt4—52 to 60 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; few distinct manganese or ironmanganese stains on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt5—60 to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; few distinct manganese or ironmanganese stains on faces of peds; neutral.

# **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—chroma of 2 or 3 Texture—silt loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 or 6 (2 in lower part)

#### Huzzah Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Landform: Flood plain

Parent material: Loamy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, mesic Cumulic Hapludolls

### **Typical Pedon**

Huzzah silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; USGS Onondaga Cave topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 661360, Northing 4220540. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- A1—0 to 6 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- A2—6 to 25 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- A3—25 to 38 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bw1—38 to 46 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw2—46 to 56 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) fine sandy loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bw3—56 to 63 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) fine sandy loam; weak fine and medium

subangular blocky structure; very friable; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

Bw4—63 to 80 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common fine and medium tubular pores; slightly acid.

# **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Thickness of the mollic epipedon: 24 to more than 50 inches

A horizon:

Color—chroma of 2 or 3

Bw horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 3 or 4 Texture—silt loam, loam, or fine sandy loam

#### Irondale Series

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Residuum weathered from rhyolite

Slope range: 3 to 50 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludults

### **Typical Pedon**

Irondale very gravelly silt loam, in an area of Irondale-Taumsauk-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely bouldery; USGS Johnson Mountain topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 684300, Northing 4179520.

- A—0 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very gravelly silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; weak very fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak very fine granular; friable; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 10 percent rhyolite cobbles and 40 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E1—3 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 65

percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

- E2—7 to 15 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; few continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 40 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—15 to 21 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 35 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—21 to 26 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine platy structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; friable; few very fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 5 percent rhyolite cobbles and 35 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—26 to 29 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly loam; weak fine platy structure: friable; few very fine roots; few fine tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 10 percent rhyolite stones, 10 percent rhyolite cobbles, and 35 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

R-29 inches; rhyolite.

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

A horizon:

Color-chroma of 2 or 3

E horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 3 or 4 Texture—very gravelly silt loam or extremely gravelly silt loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—very gravelly, extremely gravelly, stony, very stony, or extremely stony analogs of silt loam or loam

### Kaintuck Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Landform: Flood plain

Parent material: Loamy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, nonacid, mesic Typic Udifluvents

# **Typical Pedon**

Kaintuck fine sandy loam, in an area of Kaintuck-Relfe complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; USGS Meramec Springs topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 630500, Northing 4199465. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- A—0 to 4 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) fine sandy loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; weak moderate subangular block structure; friable; many very fine and medium roots; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C1—4 to 17 inches; 60 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) and 40 percent brown (10YR 4/3) stratified sand and fine sandy loam; single grain; loose; common fine and medium roots; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- C2—17 to 28 inches; 70 percent dark brown (10YR 3/3) and 30 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) stratified sand and fine sandy loam; single grain; loose; few fine and medium roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C3—28 to 43 inches; 60 percent brown (10YR 4/3) and 40 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) stratified loam and fine sandy loam; single grain; loose; few fine and medium roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C4—43 to 49 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) sandy loam; massive; loose; very few fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- C5—49 to 60 inches; 70 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 30 percent brown (10YR 4/3) stratified silt loam and fine sandy loam; single grain; loose; very few medium roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color-value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 2 to 4

C horizon:

Color-value of 3 to 6 and chroma of 3 or 4 Texture—stratified fine sand to silt loam

# **Knobtop Series**

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

rhyolite

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, active,

mesic Aquic Hapludults

# **Typical Pedon**

Knobtop silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, bouldery; USGS Johnson Mountain topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 685935, Northing 4177380.

- A-0 to 2 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; common fine and medium roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- E—2 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; weak thin and medium platy structure; very friable; common medium roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt1—7 to 13 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common medium roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—13 to 21 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common medium roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—21 to 26 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common medium roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and common fine brown (10YR 5/3) iron depletions; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

- Bt4—26 to 30 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; weak thick platy structure parting to weak subangular blocky; firm; few fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films and flows on vertical faces of peds and along old root channels; common medium distinct dark brown (7.5YR 4/4) and common medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) iron accumulations; extremely acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2BC—30 to 36 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silt loam; weak thick platy structure parting to weak medium subangular blocky; firm; few fine roots, thick mat (1 to 2 centimeters) of partially decayed fine and medium roots along the lower boundary and hard rock contact; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common medium prominent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and dark brown (7.5YR 4/4) iron accumulations; 1 percent cobbles, 13 percent gravel; extremely acid; abrupt irregular boundary.

2R-36 inches; felsite.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color-chroma of 2 or 3

E horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 2 or 3

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2 to 4

Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

2BC horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, 10YR, or 2.5Y, value of 4 or 6, and chroma of 2, 3, 4, or 6
Texture—silt loam or gravelly silt loam

#### Lecoma Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Footslope

Parent material: Loamy colluvium Slope range: 1 to 8 percent

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous,

active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

# **Typical Pedon**

Lecoma silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes; USGS Davisville topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15,

Easting 663830, Northing 4193275. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- A—0 to 4 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BE—4 to 8 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—8 to 16 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds and in pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt2—16 to 24 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds and in pores; few prominent manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—24 to 35 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; few very fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds and in pores; few prominent manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt4—35 to 42 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds and in pores; few prominent silt coats on faces of peds; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt5—42 to 60 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) sandy clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 10 percent chert gravel; strongly acid.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 3 or 4 Texture—silt loam or loam

BE horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 4 or 6

Bt horizon:

Color-value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 4 or 6

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—loam or sandy clay loam

# **Lily Series**

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Residuum weathered from

sandstone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, siliceous,

semiactive, mesic Typic Hapludults

### **Typical Pedon**

Lily fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, rocky; USGS Irondale topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 698775, Northing 4184365.

- Ap—0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) fine sandy loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few silt coats on faces of peds; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—5 to 11 inches; 80 percent brown (10YR 4/3) and 20 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) fine sandy loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common silt coats on faces of peds; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—11 to 14 inches; 60 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) fine sandy loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; common silt coats on faces of peds; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—14 to 20 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) sandy clay loam; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; very few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; common silt coats on faces of peds; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt3—20 to 27 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) sandy clay loam; few fine prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) and few fine faint yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) mottles; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; very few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; common prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) iron stains on faces of peds; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.

R-27 inches; Lamotte sandstone.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—value of 3 to 5 and chroma of 2 or 3 Texture—loam or fine sandy loam

E horizon and BE horizon (where present):
Color—value of 4 to 6 and chroma of 2, 3, 4, or 6
Texture—silt loam, loam, or fine sandy loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3, 4, 6, or 8
Texture—silty clay loam, silt loam, loam, clay

Texture—silty clay loam, silt loam, loam, clay loam, fine sandy loam, sandy clay loam, or their gravelly analogs

C horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4, 6, or 8

Texture—gravelly or cobbly analogs of loam or fine sandy loam

### **Moko Series**

Depth class: Very shallow and shallow

Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Residuum weathered from dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 90 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, mixed, superactive, mesic Lithic Hapludolls

### **Typical Pedon**

Moko very gravelly clay loam, in an area of Sonsac-Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony; USGS Ebo topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 678580, Northing 4219360.

A1—0 to 8 inches; very dark brown (10YR 2/2) very gravelly clay loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) dry; strong medium granular structure; friable; many

fine and medium and common coarse roots; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; 45 percent chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

A2—8 to 14 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) extremely gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; 60 percent dolostone gravel; neutral; abrupt wavy boundary.

R-14 inches; dolostone.

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 4 to 20 inches

A horizon:

Color—value of 2 or 3 and chroma of 1 or 2
Texture—gravelly, very gravelly, extremely
gravelly, cobbly, very cobbly, extremely cobbly,
or extremely channery analogs of silty clay
loam, sandy clay loam, sandy loam, fine sandy
loam, loam, clay loam, or silt loam

#### **Ocie Series**

Depth class: Deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Colluvium over residuum weathered

from dolostone and shale Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal over clayey, mixed, semiactive, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

# **Typical Pedon**

Ocie very cobbly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony; USGS Belgrade topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 692970, Northing 4183110.

- A—0 to 4 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very cobbly silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; many fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; 9 percent rhyolite stones, 20 percent rhyolite cobbles, and 10 percent rhyolite gravel; strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- E—4 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very cobbly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine, fine, medium, and

coarse roots; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; common continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 9 percent rhyolite stones, 20 percent rhyolite cobbles, and 5 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

- Bt1—8 to 14 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very cobbly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; many continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 9 percent rhyolite stones, 20 percent rhyolite cobbles, and 10 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—14 to 18 inches; 80 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 20 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely gravelly loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common continuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 5 percent rhyolite stones, 10 percent rhyolite cobbles, and 50 percent rhyolite gravel; strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2Bt3—18 to 29 inches; 65 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and 35 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly clay; moderate fine and medium prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; very few fine, medium, and coarse roots; few fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; 30 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt4—29 to 43 inches; 65 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) and 35 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) clay; strong medium and coarse angular blocky structure; extremely firm; very few fine and medium roots; few fine interstitial and tubular pores; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) clay depletions on faces of peds; 5 percent rhyolite cobbles; moderately alkaline; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt5—43 to 54 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) clay; strong medium and coarse angular blocky structure; very firm; few fine interstitial and tubular pores; many discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; moderately alkaline; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 2R-54 inches: shale.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 40 to 60 inches

A horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 2 or 3

E horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 2 or 3
Texture—very gravelly or very cobbly loam or silt loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—very gravelly, extremely gravelly, cobbly, or very cobbly loam or silt loam

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4, 6, or 8
Texture—clay or gravelly clay

#### Racket Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Landform: Flood plain

Parent material: Loamy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-loamy, mixed, superactive, mesic Cumulic Hapludolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Racket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; USGS Courtois topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 670915, Northing 4190540.

- A1—0 to 9 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) loam, brown (10YR 4/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- A2—9 to 18 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bw1—18 to 25 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) clay loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots;

common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.

- Bw2—25 to 34 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) dry; moderate fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw3—34 to 47 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 10 percent chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- Bw4—47 to 60 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) loam, brown (10YR 4/3) dry; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral.

# **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches
Thickness of the mollic epipedon: 24 to more than 50 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—value of 2 or 3 and chroma of 2 or 3 Texture—loam or silt loam

Bw horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 2 or 3 Texture—loam or clay loam

### Racoon Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Poorly drained Landform: Stream terrace Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Typic Endoaqualfs

#### **Typical Pedon**

Racoon silt loam, in an area of Racoon-Freeburg complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded; USGS Leasburg topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 648335, Northing 4211935. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

Ap—0 to 6 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt

loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; friable; many very fine and fine roots; few fine tubular pores; few fine dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) masses of ironmanganese accumulations between peds; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

- Eg1—6 to 11 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; few continuous distinct clay depletions on faces of peds; few strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of iron-manganese accumulations between peds; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Eg2—11 to 24 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine roots; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous prominent clay depletions on faces of peds; few fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions between peds; few fine yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron-manganese accumulations between peds; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Btg1—24 to 34 inches; 60 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and 40 percent light gray (10YR 7/1) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; few fine roots; many fine interstitial pores; common discontinuous faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) clay films on faces of peds; common continuous prominent clay depletions on faces of peds; few fine black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese concretions between peds; common fine dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) masses of iron-manganese accumulations between peds; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg2—34 to 44 inches; 75 percent dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) and 25 percent gray (10YR 6/1) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine interstitial pores; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous prominent clay depletions on faces of peds; common fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese nodules between peds; common fine dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) masses of iron-manganese accumulations between peds; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg3—44 to 52 inches; 60 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and 40 percent light gray (10YR 7/1) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; many fine interstitial pores;

common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous prominent clay depletions on faces of peds; few fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese nodules between peds; few fine strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) masses of iron-manganese accumulations between peds; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.

- Btg4—52 to 63 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure; firm; many fine interstitial pores; many continuous faint clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous prominent clay depletions on faces of peds; few fine black (10YR 2/1) ironmanganese concretions between peds; few fine yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of ironmanganese accumulations between peds; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Btg5—63 to 80 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure; firm; many fine interstitial pores; many discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds; few fine black (10YR 2/1) iron-manganese concretions between peds; few fine yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron-manganese accumulations between peds; slightly acid.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Ap horizon:

Color-value of 4 or 5

Eq horizon:

Color-value of 5 or 6

Btg horizon:

Color—value of 4 to 7 and chroma of 1 or 2 Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

### Razort Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Landform: Stream terrace Parent material: Loamy alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active,

mesic Mollic Hapludalfs

#### Typical Pedon

Razort silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded; USGS Leasburg topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 652490, Northing 4208835. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- Ap—0 to 7 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- AB—7 to 13 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) dry; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine, fine, and medium roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—13 to 23 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; common distinct silt coats on vertical faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—23 to 35 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common discontinuous distinct silt coats on vertical faces of peds; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—35 to 43 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) sandy clay loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 5 percent subangular chert gravel; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt4—43 to 55 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) sandy clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 1 percent subangular chert gravel; neutral; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt5—55 to 67 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) gravelly sandy clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 25 percent subangular chert gravel; neutral; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt6—67 to 80 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) gravelly sandy clay loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 30 percent angular chert gravel; neutral.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Ap horizon:

Color-chroma of 2 to 4

AB horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR and chroma of 4 or 6

Bt horizon:

Color-chroma of 4 or 6

2Bt horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 4 or 6
Texture—sandy clay loam, loam, or their gravelly analogs

### **Relfe Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Landform: Flood plain

Parent material: Gravelly alluvium Slope range: 0 to 3 percent

Taxonomic classification: Sandy-skeletal, siliceous,

mesic Mollic Udifluvents

# **Typical Pedon**

Relfe extremely gravelly sandy loam, in an area of Kaintuck-Relfe complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded; USGS Huzzah topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 658140, Northing 4202590. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- A—0 to 7 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) extremely gravelly sandy loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; few fine roots; 70 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline; gradual smooth boundary.
- C1—7 to 19 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely gravelly sandy loam; single grain; very friable; few very fine roots; 75 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline; gradual smooth boundary.
- C2—19 to 33 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely gravelly sandy loam; single grain; very friable; 75 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline; gradual smooth boundary.
- C3—33 to 51 inches; 60 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) and 40 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) extremely gravelly sandy loam; single grain; very friable; 80 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline; gradual smooth boundary.
- C4—51 to 63 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown

(10YR 5/6) and 40 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) very gravelly sandy loam; single grain; very friable; 55 percent chert gravel; slightly alkaline; clear smooth boundary.

2Ab—63 to 70 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 10 percent chert gravel; neutral.

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color-chroma of 2 or 3

C horizon:

Color—value of 4 to 6 and chroma of 4 or 6
Texture—very gravelly or extremely gravelly
analogs of sandy loam or loamy coarse sand

2Ab horizon:

Color—chroma of 2 or 3
Texture—loam, sandy loam, or their gravelly analogs

### Rueter Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Gravelly colluvium over residuum

weathered from dolostone Slope range: 3 to 65 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

# **Typical Pedon**

Rueter very gravelly silt loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony; USGS Berryman topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 670835, Northing 4204560.

- A—0 to 3 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very gravelly silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; very friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct organic stains on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 40 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—3 to 14 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; very friable; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular

- pores; common prominent silt coats on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 60 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt1—14 to 23 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; many prominent silt coats on faces of peds; 10 percent chert cobbles and 55 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt2—23 to 32 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds; many prominent silt coats on faces of peds; 5 percent chert stones, 20 percent chert cobbles, and 40 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt3—32 to 53 inches; 60 percent brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) and 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; common prominent silt coats on faces of peds; 5 percent chert stones, 10 percent chert cobbles, and 70 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt4—53 to 67 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; firm; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; common distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 10 percent chert stones, 10 percent chert cobbles, and 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 3Bt5—67 to 80 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) gravelly clay; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; common distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 15 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

# **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A horizon:

Color—value of 3 to 5 and chroma of 2 or 3

E horizon:

Color-chroma of 3 or 4

Texture—very gravelly silt loam or extremely gravelly silt loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4, 6, or 8

Texture—very gravelly, extremely gravelly, cobbly, very cobbly, or extremely cobbly analogs of silt

loam or loam

2Bt and 3Bt horizons:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, or 7.5YR, value of 4 to 7, and chroma of 4, 6, or 8

Texture—gravelly, very gravelly, cobbly, very cobbly, or extremely cobbly analogs of clay loam, silty clay loam, or clay

### Scholten Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Colluvium over residuum weathered

from dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, siliceous,

active, mesic Typic Fragiudults

# **Typical Pedon**

Scholten very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes; USGS Palmer topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 682670, Northing 4190475.

- A—0 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very gravelly silt loam, light gray (10YR 7/2) dry; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 35 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—3 to 10 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very gravelly silt loam; moderate fine platy structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; friable; many very fine, fine, medium, and coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 5 percent chert cobbles and 45

- percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt1—10 to 15 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; common distinct silt coats on faces of peds; 10 percent chert cobbles and 65 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—15 to 20 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) extremely gravelly silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert cobbles and 65 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btx1—20 to 23 inches; 70 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6), 20 percent reddish brown (5YR 5/4), and 10 percent gray (10YR 6/1) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine platy parting to weak very fine subangular blocky; very firm; 60 percent brittle; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert cobbles and 65 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btx2—23 to 29 inches; 60 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6), 25 percent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4), and 15 percent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) extremely gravelly silt loam; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; very firm; 65 percent brittle; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 15 percent chert cobbles and 60 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Btx3—29 to 40 inches; 55 percent yellowish red (5YR 5/6), 30 percent reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6), and 15 percent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) extremely cobbly silty clay loam; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; very firm; 60 percent brittle; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 30 percent chert cobbles and 40 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 3Bt1—40 to 54 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; very

firm; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 40 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

3Bt2—54 to 67 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly clay; moderate fine angular blocky structure; very firm; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert stones, 10 percent chert cobbles, and 40 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches Depth to fragipan: 18 to 27 inches

A horizon:

Color-value of 4 or 5

E horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 2 or 3 Texture—very gravelly silt loam or extremely gravelly silt loam

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—very gravelly or extremely gravelly silt loam or silty clay loam

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 5 or 6, and chroma of 1, 2, 3, 4, or 6

Texture—gravelly, very gravelly, extremely gravelly, cobbly, very cobbly, or extremely cobbly analogs of silt loam, clay loam, or silty clay loam

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR or 5YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 6 or 8

Texture—very gravelly or extremely gravelly analogs of clay or clay loam

### Sonsac Series

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Colluvium over residuum weathered

from cherty dolostone Slope range: 3 to 50 percent

Taxonomic classification: Clayey-skeletal, mixed,

active, mesic Typic Hapludalfs

### Typical Pedon

Sonsac extremely gravelly silt loam, in an area of Sonsac-Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony; USGS Ebo topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 678580, Northing 4219385.

- A—0 to 3 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) extremely gravelly silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; friable; many fine, medium, and coarse roots; many fine, medium, and coarse interstitial and tubular pores; 5 percent chert stones, 10 percent chert cobbles, and 45 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—3 to 6 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; friable; many fine, medium, and coarse roots; many fine, medium, and coarse interstitial and tubular pores; 10 percent chert cobbles and 50 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—6 to 10 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate fine and very fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine, medium, and coarse roots; many fine, medium, and coarse interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent chert cobbles and 45 percent chert gravel; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt2—10 to 19 inches; 50 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) and 50 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) very gravelly clay; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; common fine and medium roots; common fine, medium, and coarse interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous distinct manganese or iron-manganese stains throughout; few discontinuous distinct organic stains in root channels and/or pores; 10 percent chert cobbles and 35 percent chert gravel; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt3—19 to 28 inches; 80 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) and 20 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) gravelly clay; weak medium prismatic structure parting to strong fine subangular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common discontinuous distinct manganese or iron-manganese stains throughout; 5 percent

- chert stones, 5 percent chert cobbles, and 20 percent chert gravel; neutral; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bt4—28 to 32 inches; 80 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4), 10 percent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6), and 10 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) gravelly clay; strong medium prismatic structure; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few discontinuous distinct organic stains in root channels and/or pores; 5 percent chert stones, 5 percent chert cobbles, and 15 percent chert gravel; neutral; abrupt wavy boundary.

2R—32 inches; dolostone.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 20 to 40 inches

#### A horizon:

Texture—silty clay loam or the gravelly to extremely gravelly analogs of silt loam

#### E horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 3 or 4
Texture—very gravelly, extremely gravelly, cobbly, very cobbly, or extremely cobbly analogs of silt loam

# Bt horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 3, 4, or 6 Texture—gravelly, very gravelly, cobbly, very cobbly, or extremely cobbly analogs of silt loam, silty clay loam, or silty clay

### 2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 4, 6, or 8
Texture—clay or its gravelly, very gravelly, extremely gravelly, stony, very stony, or extremely stony analogs

#### Sturkie Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Landform: Stream terrace Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope range: 0 to 2 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Cumulic Hapludolls

### **Typical Pedon**

Sturkie silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally

- flooded; USGS Leasburg topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 648770, Northing 4211775. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)
- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; weak fine granular structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- A1—6 to 16 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; moderate fine granular structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; neutral; clear smooth boundary.
- A2—16 to 27 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw1—27 to 42 inches; 60 percent dark brown (10YR 3/3) and 40 percent brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw2—42 to 52 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds and in pores; few discontinuous distinct very dark gray (10YR 3/1) manganese or ironmanganese stains on faces of peds and in pores; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw3—52 to 62 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; friable; common very fine and fine tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct silt coats on faces of peds and in pores; neutral; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw4—62 to 71 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; friable; many very fine and fine tubular pores; common discontinuous faint silt coats on faces of peds and in pores; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw5—71 to 81 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine tubular pores; common discontinuous faint silt coats on faces of peds and in pores; moderately acid.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches
Thickness of the mollic epipedon: 24 to more than 50 inches

Ap and A horizons:

Color—chroma of 2 or 3

Bw horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 3 or 4 Texture—silt loam or silty clay loam

#### Taumsauk Series

Depth class: Very shallow and shallow

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Residuum weathered from rhyolite

Slope range: 3 to 50 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Lithic Hapludults

### **Typical Pedon**

Taumsauk very cobbly silt loam, in an area of Rock outcrop-Taumsauk complex, 3 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony; USGS Anthonies Mill topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 673830, Northing 4207820.

A—0 to 4 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very cobbly silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; 40 percent rhyolite cobbles and 10 percent rhyolite gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1—4 to 13 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) extremely cobbly silt loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent rhyolite stones, 35 percent rhyolite cobbles, and 15 percent rhyolite gravel; extremely acid; abrupt wavy boundary.

R-13 inches; rhyolite.

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: 4 to 20 inches

A horizon:

Color—value of 2 or 3

Bt horizon:

Color—chroma of 3 or 4

Texture—very cobbly silt loam or extremely cobbly silt loam

#### Tiff Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Landform: Mined upland

Parent material: Residuum weathered from dolostone

Slope range: 1 to 20 percent

Taxonomic classification: Clayey-skeletal, kaolinitic,

mesic Rhodic Paleudalfs

### **Typical Pedon**

Tiff gravelly clay, 1 to 20 percent slopes, very rocky; USGS Tiff topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 697430, Northing 4221440.

Bt1—0 to 8 inches; 60 percent dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) and mixings of 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) gravelly clay, dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) and reddish yellow (7.5YR 7/6) dry; weak very fine angular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent druse quartz cobbles and 20 percent druse quartz gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

Bt2—8 to 28 inches; dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) very gravelly clay, dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) dry; weak very fine angular blocky structure; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent druse quartz cobbles, 20 percent druse quartz gravel, and 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

Bt3—28 to 45 inches; dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) extremely gravelly clay, dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) dry; weak very fine prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine angular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; 5 percent druse quartz cobbles, 40 percent druse quartz gravel, and 20 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt4—45 to 64 inches; dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) gravelly clay, dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) dry; weak very fine prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay

films on faces of peds; 15 percent druse quartz gravel and 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid: clear smooth boundary.

Bt5—64 to 80 inches; dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/3) very gravelly clay, dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/3) dry; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds; 25 percent druse quartz gravel and 10 percent chert gravel; slightly acid.

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Bt horizon:

Color—chroma of 3, 4, or 6
Texture—gravelly, very gravelly, extremely gravelly, cobbly, very cobbly, or extremely cobbly analogs of clay

#### **Tonti Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Colluvium over residuum weathered

from cherty dolostone Slope range: 1 to 8 percent

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, active,

mesic Typic Fragiudults

### **Typical Pedon**

Tonti silt loam, in an area of Viburnum-Tonti complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes; USGS Steelville topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 646370, Northing 4193220. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- A—0 to 4 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; friable; many fine and medium roots; many fine and medium tubular pores; 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BE—4 to 10 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine, medium, and coarse roots; many fine and medium tubular pores; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—10 to 17 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular

- blocky structure; friable; common fine, medium, and coarse roots; many fine and medium tubular pores; few discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 25 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—17 to 22 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; many fine tubular pores; few discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 5 percent sandstone gravel and 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 2Btx—22 to 29 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly silty clay loam; weak medium and coarse prismatic structure; very firm; 70 percent brittle; few fine roots; many fine, medium, and coarse vesicular pores; few discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds; few fine grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions throughout; 5 percent sandstone gravel and 30 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt1—29 to 45 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to weak fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine roots; few fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; few fine reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) and red (2.5YR 4/8) masses of iron accumulations; 10 percent chert gravel and 10 percent sandstone gravel; extremely acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt2—45 to 60 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) extremely gravelly clay; weak coarse prismatic structure; very firm; few very fine roots; few fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; few fine light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions throughout; few fine red (2.5YR 4/8) masses of iron accumulations; 10 percent sandstone gravel and 70 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches Depth to fragipan: 18 to 25 inches

A horizon:

Color-value of 3 or 4

BE horizon:

Color-value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 3 or 4

Bt horizon:

Color-value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—silty clay loam, gravelly silty clay loam, or gravelly silt loam

#### 2Btx horizon:

Color—value of 4 to 6 and chroma of 2 to 4
Texture—very gravelly, extremely gravelly, cobbly,
very cobbly, or extremely cobbly analogs of
silty clay loam or silt loam

#### 3Bt horizon:

Color—value of 4 to 6 and chroma of 2, 3, 4, 6, or 8

Texture—clay or its gravelly, very gravelly, or extremely gravelly analogs

### **Useful Series**

Depth class: Deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 35 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

# **Typical Pedon**

Useful silt loam, in an area of Useful-Courtois complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded; USGS Meramec State Park topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 665900, Northing 4225320.

- A—0 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—6 to 12 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—12 to 19 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few fine spherical masses of iron-manganese

accumulations throughout; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.

- Bt3—19 to 26 inches; 90 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and 10 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few fine spherical masses of ironmanganese accumulations throughout; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt4—26 to 34 inches; 70 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and 30 percent brown (7.5YR 5/4) silty clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine angular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few fine and medium spherical masses of ironmanganese accumulations throughout; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt5—34 to 41 inches; 85 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 15 percent brown (7.5YR 5/4) silty clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium spherical masses of iron-manganese accumulations throughout; 2 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt6—41 to 51 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; very firm; common very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few distinct brown (7.5YR 5/4) iron stains; common fine and medium spherical masses of iron-manganese accumulations throughout; 2 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bt7—51 to 59 inches; 90 percent red (2.5YR 4/6) and 10 percent brown (7.5YR 5/4) clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few fine and medium spherical masses of ironmanganese accumulations throughout; 5 percent chert gravel; neutral; abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2R—59 inches; Eminence dolostone.

# **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: 40 to 60 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 3 or 4, and chroma of 2 or 3

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—silt loam, silty clay loam, or silty clay

2Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, or 7.5YR, value of 3 to 5, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—silty clay, clay, or their gravelly or very gravelly analogs

2Bt/2Cr horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 2.5Y or 5Y, value of 5 to 7, and chroma of 2, 3, 4, 6, or 8
Texture—silty clay loam

### Viburnum Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum weathered from

dolostone

Slope range: 1 to 8 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Paleudults

### **Typical Pedon**

Viburnum silt loam, in an area of Viburnum-Tonti complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes; USGS Steelville topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 646030, Northing 4193320. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- A—0 to 3 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine and medium roots; many fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- BE—3 to 12 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; many fine and medium roots; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt1—12 to 19 inches; 60 percent brown (7.5YR 5/4) and 40 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure;

- firm; many fine, medium, and coarse roots; many fine interstitial and tubular pores; few discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds; extremely acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—19 to 24 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silty clay; weak medium prismatic structure parting to strong fine subangular blocky; firm; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; common distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; common distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulations; extremely acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—24 to 31 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silty clay; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to strong medium subangular blocky; firm; common fine and medium roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; common distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; few distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulations; extremely acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- 2Bt4—31 to 38 inches; 60 percent brown (10YR 4/3) and 40 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to strong medium subangular blocky; firm; few fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common continuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; common distinct grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions; few distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulations; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bt5—38 to 46 inches; 60 percent brown (10YR 4/3) and 40 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very firm; few fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds; common distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; few distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulations; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
- 3Bt6—46 to 53 inches; 60 percent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and 40 percent brown (10YR 4/3) clay; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; few fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; common distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; 3 percent

sandstone gravel and 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.

- 3Bt7—53 to 65 inches; 80 percent dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) and 20 percent red (2.5YR 4/8) clay; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very firm; few fine and medium roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; common manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; 5 percent chert gravel; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3Bt8—65 to 80 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) clay; strong medium prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very firm; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many continuous prominent clay films on faces of peds; common prominent manganese or iron-manganese stains on faces of peds; 3 percent chert gravel; neutral.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

A horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4

BE horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 3 or 4

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 or 4
Texture—silty clay loam or silty clay

2Bt horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 2, 3, 4, or 6 Texture—silty clay loam or gravelly silty clay loam

3Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 2, 3, 4, 6, or 8 Texture—clay or gravelly clay

#### Waben Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained Landform: Footslope and alluvial fan Parent material: Gravelly colluvium

Slope range: 3 to 8 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs

### **Typical Pedon**

Waben gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; USGS

Cook Station topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 636920, Northing 4192390. (This pedon was described in Crawford County.)

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly loam, brown (10YR 5/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; many very fine and fine roots; many fine tubular pores; 25 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—6 to 13 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very gravelly loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; few discontinuous faint clay films on faces of peds; few distinct organic coats on vertical faces of peds; 45 percent chert gravel; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—13 to 23 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) very gravelly loam; moderate and strong medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 40 percent chert gravel; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt3—23 to 36 inches; 70 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and 30 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) gravelly silt loam; moderate and strong medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial pores; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent chert gravel; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt4—36 to 46 inches; 60 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and 40 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate and strong medium subangular blocky; firm; few fine roots; few very fine and fine interstitial pores; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt5—46 to 61 inches; 50 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and 50 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4) loam; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate and strong medium subangular blocky; firm; very few fine roots; few very fine interstitial pores; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few medium manganese or ironmanganese stains on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt6—61 to 80 inches; 70 percent brown (7.5YR 4/4), 20 percent yellowish red (5YR 4/6), and 10 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; very few fine roots; few very fine interstitial

pores; common continuous distinct clay films on faces of peds; few medium manganese or ironmanganese stains on faces of peds; 10 percent chert gravel; moderately acid.

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches

Bt horizon (upper part):

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—very gravelly or extremely gravelly analogs of silt loam, loam, or silty clay loam

Bt horizon (lower part):

Color—hue of 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—silt loam, loam, silty clay loam, clay loam, or their gravelly analogs

Waben soils in Washington County are considered taxadjuncts to the Waben series because they are Paleudalfs instead of Hapludalfs. This difference does not affect the use and management of the soils.

# Wrengart Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over residuum from dolostone

Slope range: 3 to 8 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Fragic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs

### **Typical Pedon**

Wrengart silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded; USGS Vineland topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 709080, Northing 4220360. (This pedon was described in Jefferson County.)

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; slightly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—6 to 12 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common very fine, fine, medium, and coarse roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; slightly acid; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2-12 to 19 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silt

- loam; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine, fine, medium, and coarse roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds; neutral; clear wavy boundary.
- Bt3—19 to 26 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silt loam; few fine prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) mottles; weak fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine, fine, and medium tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.
- Bt4—26 to 33 inches; 60 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 40 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; common fine and medium prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) mottles; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Btx—33 to 44 inches; 65 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and 35 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silty clay loam; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; firm; 35 percent brittle; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium prominent light gray (10YR 7/2) iron depletions; very strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
- 3Bt—44 to 60 inches; 65 percent brown (7.5YR 5/4) and 35 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) very cobbly silty clay loam; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; firm; common very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; many prominent clay films on faces of peds; common fine and medium prominent light gray (10YR 7/2) iron depletions; 20 percent chert cobbles and 20 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid.

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches Depth to fragic layer: 20 to 40 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—value of 3 or 4 and chroma of 2 or 3

E horizon (where present):

Color—hue of 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture—silt loam

#### Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 3, 4, or 6
Texture—silty clay loam or silt loam

#### 2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 to 6, and chroma of 4 or 6

Texture—silt loam, silty clay loam, or their gravelly, very gravelly, or extremely gravelly analogs

#### 3Bt horizon:

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 4 or 6
Texture—gravelly, very gravelly, extremely
gravelly, cobbly, very cobbly, or extremely
cobbly analogs of silty clay loam, silty clay, or
clay

# 4Bt horizon (where present):

Color—value of 4 or 5 and chroma of 4 or 6 Texture—gravelly, very gravelly, extremely gravelly, cobbly, very cobbly, or extremely cobbly analogs of silty clay loam, silty clay, or clay

#### Yelton Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Landform: Upland

Parent material: Loess over colluvium weathered from

sandstone

Slope range: 3 to 15 percent

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults

### **Typical Pedon**

Yelton silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes; USGS Indian Springs topographic quadrangle; UTM—Zone 15, Easting 633425, Northing 4201190. (This pedon was described in Phelps County.)

- A—0 to 4 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) dry; weak fine subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine, medium, and coarse roots; many very fine, fine, and medium tubular pores; 5 percent chert gravel; extremely acid; clear smooth boundary.
- E—4 to 8 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common fine, medium, and coarse roots; many very fine and fine interstitial and tubular pores; few medium cylindrical worm casts

throughout; very strongly acid; clear smooth boundary.

- Bt1—8 to 16 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; friable; common fine and medium and few coarse roots; many fine and medium interstitial and tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and in pores; common faint silt coats on faces of peds and in pores; 5 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—16 to 26 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine prismatic; firm; common very fine, fine, and medium roots; many fine tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 10 percent chert gravel; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
- 2Btx1—26 to 35 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely gravelly fine sandy loam; moderate coarse prismatic structure; very firm; 60 percent brittle; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) seams between peds; few very fine roots; few very fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 5 percent sandstone cobbles, 5 percent chert gravel, and 50 percent sandstone gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Btx2—35 to 44 inches; 85 percent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and 15 percent dark red (2.5YR 3/6) very gravelly fine sandy loam; strong very coarse prismatic structure; very firm; 70 percent brittle; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) seams between peds; few very fine roots; few very fine interstitial and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 5 percent sandstone cobbles and 50 percent sandstone gravel; extremely acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3Bt1—44 to 50 inches; yellowish red (5YR 5/6) very gravelly loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 20 percent chert gravel and 30 percent sandstone gravel; very strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 3Bt2—50 to 60 inches; reddish yellow (5YR 6/8) very gravelly loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few very fine interstitial and tubular pores; common discontinuous distinct clay films on faces of peds and in pores; 10 percent chert gravel and 30 percent sandstone gravel; extremely acid.

# **Range in Characteristics**

Depth to bedrock: More than 60 inches Depth to fragipan: 18 to 27 inches

A or Ap horizon:

Color—value of 3 to 5 and chroma of 3 or 4

E horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 3 or 4

Bt horizon:

Color—hue of 7.5YR or 10YR, value of 4 or 5, and chroma of 3 or 4

Texture—loam, silt loam, or silty clay loam

2Btx horizon:

Color—hue of 2.5YR, 5YR, 7.5YR, or 10YR, value of 3 to 6, and chroma of 2, 3, 4, or 6 Texture—loam or very gravelly or extremely gravelly fine sandy loam

3Bt horizon:

Color—value of 5 or 6 and chroma of 6 or 8 Texture—loam, gravelly loam, or very gravelly loam

#### Table 21.--Classification of the Soils

(An asterisk in the first column indicates a taxadjunct to the series. See text for a description of those characteristics that are outside the range of the series.)

Soil name	Family or higher taxonomic class
	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs
	Loamy-skeletal over clayey, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudalf
	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Hapludults
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, superactive, mesic Typic Hapludalfs
<del>-</del>	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludalfs
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, superactive, mesic Cumulic Hapludolls
	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Paleudults
	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs
	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Typic Albaqualfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Glossaquic Paleudalfs
_	Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Aquic Hapludalfs
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudults
	Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Typic Argiaquolls
	Very-fine, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs
	Fine, smectitic, mesic Vertic Albaqualfs
	Clayey-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Paleudalfs
	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Hapludalfs
<del>-</del>	Coarse-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Dystric Fluventic Eutrudepts
_	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Hapludalfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Fragiudalfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Mollic Hapludalfs
	Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, mesic Cumulic Hapludolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludults
	Coarse-loamy, siliceous, superactive, nonacid, mesic Typic Udifluvents
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Hapludults
	Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs
	Fine-loamy, siliceous, semiactive, mesic Typic Hapludults
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, superactive, mesic Lithic Hapludolls
	Loamy-skeletal over clayey, mixed, semiactive, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs
	Fine-loamy, mixed, superactive, mesic Cumulic Hapludolls
	Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Typic Endoaqualfs
	Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Mollic Hapludalfs
	Sandy-skeletal, siliceous, mesic Mollic Udifluvents
	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs
	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults
	Clayey-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Typic Hapludalfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, superactive, mesic Cumulic Hapludolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, active, mesic Lithic Hapludults
	Clayey-skeletal, kaolinitic, mesic Rhodic Paleudalfs
	Fine-loamy, mixed, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults
	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs
	Fine, mixed, active, mesic Aquic Paleudults
	Loamy-skeletal, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Paleudalfs
	Fine-silty, mixed, active, mesic Fragic Oxyaquic Hapludalfs
Yelton	Fine-loamy, siliceous, active, mesic Typic Fragiudults

# Formation of the Soils

This section relates the soils in the survey area to the major factors of soil formation.

Soil forms through processes that act on deposited or accumulated geologic material. The characteristics of the soil at any given location are determined by the physical and mineralogical composition of the parent material; climate under which the soil material accumulated; plant and animal life on and in the soil; relief, or lay of the land; and the length of time that the forces of soil formation have acted on the soil material. Human activities also affect soil formation.

Climate and plant and animal life are active factors of soil formation. They act on the parent material that has accumulated through the weathering of rocks and slowly change it to a natural body that has genetically related horizons. Relief conditions the effects of climate and plant and animal life. The parent material affects the kind of soil profile that is formed and, in extreme cases, determines it almost entirely. Finally, time is needed to change the parent material into a soil that has distinct horizons. Generally, a long time is required for the formation of distinct horizons.

#### **Parent Material**

Parent material is the unconsolidated mass in which a soil forms. The formation or the deposition of this material is the first step in the development of a soil profile. The characteristics of the material determine the chemical and mineralogical composition of the soil. The parent materials in Washington County are alluvium (material deposited by water), colluvium (material transported by gravity), loess (silty material deposited by wind), and residuum (material weathered from bedrock).

The soils on the flood plains in Washington County formed in alluvial deposits ranging in thickness from about 5 feet to more than 30 feet. These soils differ widely in texture and chemical composition, reflecting a diversity of origin, varying floodwater velocity, distance traveled down the watershed, and various kinds of primary source material.

The Big and Meramec River flood plains formed mainly in silty alluvium. Tributary streams are

progressively coarser in texture upstream. The gravelly Bloomsdale and Cedargap soils are on narrow upstream reaches, and the silty Haymond and loamy Kaintuck soils dominate the broader flood plains farther downstream. The abundance of loess as a source material and predictable decreases in stream velocity and gradient along descending watercourses cause this gradation in material sizes.

Colluvium, material transported by gravity, contributes to the parent material of several soils in the survey area. In soils like Alred, Coulstone, Goss, Ocie, and Rueter, colluvium comprises the upper part of the profile with the lower part of the profile derived from residuum. These soils have colluvium with a high content of rock fragments. Hartville and Lecoma soils occur on footslopes, and the colluvial material is thicker with few rock fragments.

Loess probably once covered all of the survey area. It was deposited during the most recent post-glacial period. The sources of this material were the flood plains along the Mississippi and Missouri Rivers and their tributaries. Filled with sediment deposited by glacial meltwater and nearly barren in the still frigid climate, these valleys were the focus of violent dust storms. These windblown deposits blanketed the landscape to depths that were greatest on the river hills and decreased with distance from the source.

Erosion removed the loess at widely varying rates. It apparently kept pace with deposition on the steep, sun-warmed south and west exposures where stripping has been complete. North and east aspects, in contrast, remained frozen longer and retained an appreciable amount of the loess, as did the ridgetops.

Stable landforms farther from the Missouri River only retain 20 to 40 inches of loess. The upper solum of Aaron, Crider, Fourche, Glensted, Gravois, Hildebrecht, Knobtop, Useful, Wrengart, and Yelton soils formed in loess. The pattern of loess distribution indicates that no major alterations of landforms have occurred since the loess was deposited (Brown, 1981).

Most of the residuum in Washington County is derived from dolostone and sandstone formations of the Cambrian and Ordivician Systems. Small areas of

Pre-Cambrian igneous rocks occur in the southern part of the county (Howe, 1961). Generally, the mantle rock, or regolith, forms the surface appearance of the land. The thickness of the bedding, degree of cementation, chemical composition, and proximity to geologic faulting have affects on the rate of residual weathering. Depth to bedrock can vary from less than 10 inches to over 10 feet.

There are eight geologic formations contributing to the make up of residual soil materials in Washington County. They are listed from youngest to oldest with the dominant soil(s) that formed in them.

The youngest residual parent materials in the county are areas of the Roubidoux Formation. These materials are primarily skeletal coarse-grained sands. The Bender soils formed in this geologic material.

The Gasconade Formation is composed of thinly bedded dolostone and cherts. The lower layers of Alred and Rueter soils formed in this material.

The Eminence Formation is dominated by medium to massive beds of dolostone with small amounts of chert. The Sonsac soils formed in this material.

The Potosi Formation is dominated by massive beds of dolostone with an abundance of quartz druse also called mineral blossom. The Goss, Moko, and Sonsac soils dominate these areas.

The Derby-Doerun Formation is composed of thinly bedded dolostone that is interbedded with siltstone and shale. The Aaron and Gatewood soils dominate these areas.

The Bonneterre Formation is composed of dolostone in which the moderately deep Caneyville soils formed.

The Lamotte Formation is composed of quartzose sandstone in which the moderately deep Lily soils formed. The Precambrian strata are dominated by rhyolites, which formed the Irondale and Taumsauk soils.

#### Climate

Climate has been an important factor in soil formation. Geologic erosion, the kinds of plant and animal life, and the parent materials of the soils have been directly affected by the climate.

Soil formation was greatly affected by climatic changes. Thousands of years of cold temperatures alternating with moderate temperatures apparently produced the glaciers that moved into north Missouri (Buol and others, 1980). The advent of warmer weather patterns caused the glaciers to recede. Meltwaters made the atmosphere more humid and volatile. The unprotected bed load from the glacier was easily blown by relentless winds generated by

the climate change. The windblown material was carried to the southeast, gradually depositing the loess mantle that covered much of the county. The climate at that time was cool and moist, and the native vegetation was woodland. A subsequent period of significantly lower rainfall caused small prairies to develop. The present climate favors encroachment of forests, but prior to settlement, wildfire played a crucial role in maintaining prairies by killing woody seedlings intruding in the grasslands and stimulating the growth of fire-tolerant warm-season grasses.

In addition to influencing native vegetation, the climate has a direct physical influence on the soil. The present subhumid midcontinental climate has distinct temperature fluctuations and predictable rainfall distribution with the seasons. Freeze-thaw cycles are very effective in promoting the gradual disintegration of exposed bedrock. Any crevice that is large enough for water to enter is subject to more fracture when the water freezes. South-facing slopes are subject to more of these cycles because sunlight warms them more during the day than corresponding north-facing slopes.

Clay-sized particles form throughout the soil through mechanical weathering and synthesis of primary minerals. Moisture deficits in the summer contribute to cracking, which is instrumental in the development of argillic horizons in the subsoil. Rainfall percolating through the soil disperses claysized particles in the upper layers of the soil, which move down into the cracks carried by percolating water. As the water is absorbed into the dry soil along the cracks, the clay particles are left on the surface of the cracks and create clay films that define the aggregation of the soil and gradually increase the content of clay. Eventually, much of the clay leaves the surface layers and migrates into the subsoil by this mechanism. The degree and depth of this translocation is an indicator of the age of the soil. Most of the upland soils in Washington County show evidence of this clay movement.

Surplus moisture in the spring and late fall creates zones of saturation in some soils and influences the color of the subsoil. In general, gray colors are indicative of wetness because of reduction of iron in the soil. Conversely, brown or red colors are associated with oxidation in the soil and indicate free movement of both air and water through the soil. Some soils, such as Deible, Gabriel, and Racoon, have a continuous water table beneath their upper boundary. Other soils, such as Gravois and Wrengart, have noncontinuous zones of saturation that occur because of subsoil horizons that temporarily hold the water up. These zones are referred to as a perched

water table. Some soils that are saturated for long periods support indicator plant species, such as smartweed, sedges, silver maple, or cottonwood. This saturation affects suitability for some agricultural crops that are sensitive to wetness, such as alfalfa. The effective length of the growing season in cultivated areas is delayed by the seasonal wetness.

The influence of the regional climate on soil formation is modified in many places by local conditions. For example, the Moko soils on southand west-facing slopes formed under the influence of a microclimate that is warmer and less humid than north- and east-facing slopes.

# **Living Organisms**

The living organisms that influence soil formation include plants, burrowing animals, worms, insects, bacteria, and fungi in the soil. Among the soil properties affected are the content of organic matter and nitrogen, reaction, color, structure, and porosity.

The composition of plant communities is variable depending on the climate, depth, fertility level, available water capacity, and drainage class of the soil. Indigenous organic matter at the surface of soils that formed under forest vegetation is derived mainly from leaves, twigs, and logs, which decompose at the surface. These materials tend to be acidic. The resulting forest soils have a thin, dark surface layer and often have a leached subsurface layer. Alred, Bender, and Gravois soils are examples of soils that formed under these conditions.

In contrast, the natural organic matter at the surface of soils that formed under prairie grasses is derived mainly from the decay of grasses and forbs. These plants are very effective in the uptake of bases, have a greater proportion of root mass, and have a comparatively short life span, resulting in a surface layer that is darker, thicker, and less acidic than that of soils that formed under forest vegetation.

The soils that formed under grasses in Washington County are not extensive. Because the rainfall was adequate for forest vegetation, prairie grasses were limited to areas that were too wet or too droughty for trees. Gabriel soils on bottomlands and Moko soils on grassy upland glades formed on such sites. Some areas have been dominated by grass vegetation periodically but not for long enough periods to leave a permanent signature, such as a dark surface layer.

Worms, insects, burrowing animals, large animals, and humans all affect and disturb the soil.

Earthworms pass through their bodies as much as 15 tons of dry earth per acre each year (Buckman and Brady, 1972). The digestive enzymes and grinding

action contribute significantly to the mixing and aeration of the soil, the breakdown of mineral and organic matter, and the increased availability of plant nutrients. Other higher animals affect the soil primarily by the mechanical mixing they produce. However, actinomycetes, bacteria, and fungi contribute more to the formation of soils than do animals; and under favorable conditions, these organisms may comprise as much as 2 tons of mass in the plow layer of each acre. These micro-organisms cause rotting of organic materials, improve tilth, and fix nitrogen in the soils. The population of soil organisms is directly related to the rate of decomposition of organic matter in the soil. Differences in vegetation influence the kinds and populations of organisms and their activity.

Since the time of settlement, human activities have affected soil formation. Some of these effects have been drastic. Removal of trees, intensive cultivation, and overgrazing have resulted in severe erosion and loss of the productive topsoil in many areas. Much of the sloping cropland and some poorly managed pastures are still eroding at a rate in excess of what is considered tolerable to sustain production. Some prime farmland has been covered by urban and residential areas. In addition to displacing productive land, these urban areas increase the rate of runoff because of roofs, roads, parking lots, and other structures that prevent water infiltration. Poor site selection and design of sewage systems and other waste disposal have degraded water quality in some areas. Responsible land use is needed that respects future generations as well as the present. This soil survey can help people to implement wise use of our natural resources.

### Relief

Relief refers to the degree of variance in the surface of the earth, the changes in elevation, and the nature of the slopes between one elevation and another. It is an important factor in determining the pattern and distribution of soils on a landscape because of its influence on drainage, runoff, erosion, and microclimate.

Relief results from natural forces that create unevenness in the land surface. In Washington County, the streams that carry runoff from the flanks of the Ozark uplift have incised through dolostone and sandstone bedrock, creating entrenched and meandering stream valleys. Smaller streams branch toward the uplands, dissecting the side slopes that intervene between long interconnected ridgetops.

The amount of water entering and passing through the soil depends upon the steepness and shape of

the slope, permeability of the soil material, type and density of vegetative cover, and amount and intensity of rainfall. On steep soils, runoff is rapid and very little water passes through the soil. Consequently, distinct horizons are slow to develop. The removal of weathered products by geologic erosion may nearly equal the rate of accumulation on some sites. Moko soils, for example, formed under these conditions. On gently sloping or nearly level upland soils, runoff is slow, erosion is minimal, and more of the water passes through the soil. Leaching, the translocation of clay, and other soil-forming processes are intensified in these areas. As a result, these soils show maximum profile development. Hildebrecht, Tonti, and Viburnum soils formed under these conditions. Because of runoff from adjacent hillsides and geologic seep, footslope areas receive an extra increment of water in addition to direct rainfall. Deible, Hartville, and Higdon soils are examples of soils in these positions.

Concave areas are generally wetter than other slopes because as runoff converges in these areas, the water flow is concentrated and the volume that goes over and through the soil is greater. Convex areas are drier because the divergent water flow pattern disperses the water, resulting in a smaller volume going over and through the soil.

South-facing slopes receive more direct sunlight, which contributes to faster warming and drying of the soil and differences in native vegetation. This topographical position is also characterized by more

freeze-thaw cycles than corresponding north-facing slopes that tend to stay frozen longer.

#### Time

The degree of profile development reflects the length of time the parent material has been in place and subjected to weathering processes. Young soils show very little profile development or horizon differentiation. Older soils show the effects of the movement of clay and leaching and have distinct horizons that are readily observable.

The youngest soils in Washington County are those that formed in alluvium. Relfe soils, for example, do not show any profile development. Alluvial material is added to the surface nearly every year. Deible, Freeburg, Gabriel, and Racoon soils are the oldest alluvial soils. They are on high flood plains and show moderate profile development.

The oldest soils in the survey area formed in cherty residuum on upland side slopes. Long periods of time were necessary for the bedrock matrix to weather and for the cherty residuum, in which Gatewood, Goss, and Sonsac soils formed, to accumulate.

Many areas reflect dual chronologies. In Crider, Fourche, Glensted, Gravois, Hildebrecht, and Yelton soils, for example, the underlying material is older than the upper part of the profile and has strongly expressed horizons. This older material is covered by younger loess, which has in turn developed horizons of its own.

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#### **Glossary**

- ABC soil. A soil having an A, a B, and a C horizon.
  AC soil. A soil having only an A and a C horizon.
  Commonly, such soil formed in recent alluvium or on steep, rocky slopes.
- **Aeration, soil.** The exchange of air in soil with air from the atmosphere. The air in a well aerated soil is similar to that in the atmosphere; the air in a poorly aerated soil is considerably higher in carbon dioxide and lower in oxygen.
- **Aggregate, soil.** Many fine particles held in a single mass or cluster. Natural soil aggregates, such as granules, blocks, or prisms, are called peds. Clods are aggregates produced by tillage or logging.
- **Alluvial fan.** The fanlike deposit of a stream where it issues from a gorge upon a plain or of a tributary stream near or at its junction with its main stream.
- **Alluvium.** Material, such as sand, silt, or clay, deposited on land by streams.
- Alpha,alpha-dipyridyl. A dye that when dissolved in 1N ammonium acetate is used to detect the presence of reduced iron (Fe II) in the soil. A positive reaction indicates a type of redoximorphic feature.
- **Aquic conditions.** Current soil wetness characterized by saturation, reduction, and redoximorphic features.
- **Area reclaim** (in tables). An area difficult to reclaim after the removal of soil for construction and other uses. Revegetation and erosion control are extremely difficult.
- **Argillic horizon.** A subsoil horizon characterized by an accumulation of illuvial clay.
- **Aspect.** The direction in which a slope faces.
- **Association**, **soil**. A group of soils or miscellaneous areas geographically associated in a characteristic repeating pattern and defined and delineated as a single map unit.
- Available water capacity (available moisture capacity). The capacity of soils to hold water available for use by most plants. It is commonly defined as the difference between the amount of soil water at field moisture capacity and the amount at wilting point. It is commonly expressed

as inches of water per inch of soil. The capacity, in inches, in a 60-inch profile or to a limiting layer is expressed as:

Very low	0 to 3
Low	3 to 6
Moderate	6 to 9
High	9 to 12
Very high	more than 12

- **Backslope.** The geomorphic component that forms the steepest inclined surface and principal element of many hillsides. Backslopes in profile are commonly steep, are linear, and may or may not include cliff segments.
- **Basal area.** The area of a cross section of a tree, generally referring to the section at breast height and measured outside the bark. It is a measure of stand density, commonly expressed in square feet
- Base saturation. The degree to which material having cation-exchange properties is saturated with exchangeable bases (sum of Ca, Mg, Na, and K), expressed as a percentage of the total cation-exchange capacity.
- Base slope. A geomorphic component of hills consisting of the concave to linear (perpendicular to the contour) slope that, regardless of the lateral shape, forms an apron or wedge at the bottom of a hillside dominated by colluvium and slope-wash sediments (for example, slope alluvium).
- **Bedding system.** A drainage system made by plowing, grading, or otherwise shaping the surface of a flat field. It consists of a series of low ridges separated by shallow, parallel dead furrows
- **Bedrock.** The solid rock that underlies the soil and other unconsolidated material or that is exposed at the surface.
- **Bedrock-controlled topography.** A landscape where the configuration and relief of the landforms are determined or strongly influenced by the underlying bedrock.
- Board foot. A unit of measure of the wood in

lumber, logs, or trees. The amount of wood in a board 1 foot wide, 1 foot long, and 1 inch thick before finishing.

- **Bottomland.** The normal flood plain of a stream, subject to flooding.
- **Boulders.** Rock fragments larger than 2 feet (60 centimeters) in diameter.
- **Breaks.** The steep and very steep broken land at the border of an upland summit that is dissected by ravines
- **Breast height.** An average height of 4.5 feet above the ground surface; the point on a tree where diameter measurements are ordinarily taken.
- Brush management. Use of mechanical, chemical, or biological methods to make conditions favorable for reseeding or to reduce or eliminate competition from woody vegetation and thus allow understory grasses and forbs to recover. Brush management increases forage production and thus reduces the hazard of erosion. It can improve the habitat for some species of wildlife.
- Cable yarding. A method of moving felled trees to a nearby central area for transport to a processing facility. Most cable yarding systems involve use of a drum, a pole, and wire cables in an arrangement similar to that of a rod and reel used for fishing. To reduce friction and soil disturbance, felled trees generally are reeled in while one end is lifted or the entire log is suspended.
- **Canopy.** The leafy crown of trees or shrubs. (See Crown.)
- **Capillary water.** Water held as a film around soil particles and in tiny spaces between particles. Surface tension is the adhesive force that holds capillary water in the soil.
- **Catena.** A sequence, or "chain," of soils on a landscape that formed in similar kinds of parent material but have different characteristics as a result of differences in relief and drainage.
- **Cation.** An ion carrying a positive charge of electricity. The common soil cations are calcium, potassium, magnesium, sodium, and hydrogen.
- Cation-exchange capacity. The total amount of exchangeable cations that can be held by the soil, expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil at neutrality (pH 7.0) or at some other stated pH value. The term, as applied to soils, is synonymous with base-exchange capacity but is more precise in meaning.
- **Channeled.** Refers to a drainage area in which natural meandering or repeated branching and convergence of a streambed have created deeply incised cuts, either active or abandoned, in alluvial material.

- Channery soil material. Soil material that is, by volume, 15 to 35 percent thin, flat fragments of sandstone, shale, slate, limestone, or schist as much as 6 inches (15 centimeters) along the longest axis. A single piece is called a channer.
- **Chemical treatment.** Control of unwanted vegetation through the use of chemicals.
- **Chiseling.** Tillage with an implement having one or more soil-penetrating points that shatter or loosen hard, compacted layers to a depth below normal plow depth.
- Clay. As a soil separate, the mineral soil particles less than 0.002 millimeter in diameter. As a soil textural class, soil material that is 40 percent or more clay, less than 45 percent sand, and less than 40 percent silt.
- Clay depletions. Low-chroma zones having a low content of iron, manganese, and clay because of the chemical reduction of iron and manganese and the removal of iron, manganese, and clay. A type of redoximorphic depletion.
- **Clay film.** A thin coating of oriented clay on the surface of a soil aggregate or lining pores or root channels. Synonyms: clay coating, clay skin.
- Clayey soil. Silty clay, sandy clay, or clay.
- **Claypan.** A slowly permeable soil horizon that contains much more clay than the horizons above it. A claypan is commonly hard when dry and plastic or stiff when wet.
- **Clearcut.** A method of forest harvesting that removes the entire stand of trees in one cutting. Reproduction is achieved artificially or by natural seeding from the adjacent stands.
- Climax plant community. The stabilized plant community on a particular site. The plant cover reproduces itself and does not change so long as the environment remains the same.
- **Coarse fragments.** Mineral or rock particles larger than 2 millimeters in diameter.
- Coarse textured soil. Sand or loamy sand.

  Cobble (or cobblestone). A rounded or partly rounded fragment of rock 3 to 10 inches (7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter.
- Cobbly soil material. Material that is 15 to 35 percent, by volume, rounded or partially rounded rock fragments 3 to 10 inches (7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter. Very cobbly soil material has 35 to 60 percent of these rock fragments, and extremely cobbly soil material has more than 60 percent.
- **Codominant trees.** Trees whose crowns form the general level of the forest canopy and that receive full light from above but comparatively little from the sides.

- **COLE** (coefficient of linear extensibility). See Linear extensibility.
- **Colluvium.** Soil material or rock fragments, or both, moved by creep, slide, or local wash and deposited at the base of steep slopes.
- **Commercial forest.** Forest land capable of producing 20 cubic feet or more per acre per year at the culmination of mean annual increment.
- **Complex slope.** Irregular or variable slope. Planning or establishing terraces, diversions, and other water-control structures on a complex slope is difficult
- Complex, soil. A map unit of two or more kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or so small in area that it is not practical to map them separately at the selected scale of mapping. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas.
- **Compressible** (in tables). Excessive decrease in volume of soft soil under load.
- Concretions. Cemented bodies with crude internal symmetry organized around a point, a line, or a plane. They typically take the form of concentric layers visible to the naked eye. Calcium carbonate, iron oxide, and manganese oxide are common compounds making up concretions. If formed in place, concretions of iron oxide or manganese oxide are generally considered a type of redoximorphic concentration.
- Conglomerate. A coarse grained, clastic rock composed of rounded or subangular rock fragments more than 2 millimeters in diameter. It commonly has a matrix of sand and finer textured material. Conglomerate is the consolidated equivalent of gravel.
- Conservation cropping system. Growing crops in combination with needed cultural and management practices. In a good conservation cropping system, the soil-improving crops and practices more than offset the effects of the soil-depleting crops and practices. Cropping systems are needed on all tilled soils. Soil-improving practices in a conservation cropping system include the use of rotations that contain grasses and legumes and the return of crop residue to the soil. Other practices include the use of green manure crops of grasses and legumes, proper tillage, adequate fertilization, and weed and pest control.
- **Conservation tillage.** A tillage system that does not invert the soil and that leaves a protective amount of crop residue on the surface throughout the year.

- Consistence, soil. Refers to the degree of cohesion and adhesion of soil material and its resistance to deformation when ruptured. Consistence includes resistance of soil material to rupture and to penetration; plasticity, toughness, and stickiness of puddled soil material; and the manner in which the soil material behaves when subject to compression. Terms describing consistence are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."
- **Consolidated sandstone.** Sandstone that disperses within a few hours when fragments are placed in water. The fragments are extremely hard or very hard when dry, are not easily crushed, and cannot be textured by the usual field method.
- **Consolidated shale.** Shale that disperses within a few hours when fragments are placed in water. The fragments are extremely hard or very hard when dry and are not easily crushed.
- **Contour stripcropping.** Growing crops in strips that follow the contour. Strips of grass or closegrowing crops are alternated with strips of cleantilled crops or summer fallow.
- **Control section.** The part of the soil on which classification is based. The thickness varies among different kinds of soil, but for many it is that part of the soil profile between depths of 10 inches and 40 or 80 inches.
- **Corrosion.** Soil-induced electrochemical or chemical action that dissolves or weakens concrete or uncoated steel.
- **Cover crop.** A close-growing crop grown primarily to improve and protect the soil between periods of regular crop production, or a crop grown between trees and vines in orchards and vineyards.
- **Cropping system.** Growing crops according to a planned system of rotation and management practices.
- **Crop residue management.** Returning crop residue to the soil, which helps to maintain soil structure, organic matter content, and fertility and helps to control erosion.
- **Crown.** The upper part of a tree or shrub, including the living branches and their foliage.
- Culmination of the mean annual increment (CMAI). The average annual increase per acre in the volume of a stand. Computed by dividing the total volume of the stand by its age. As the stand increases in age, the mean annual increment continues to increase until mortality begins to reduce the rate of increase. The point where the stand reaches its maximum annual rate of growth is called the culmination of the mean annual increment.

**Cutbanks cave** (in tables). The walls of excavations tend to cave in or slough.

- **Decreasers.** The most heavily grazed climax range plants. Because they are the most palatable, they are the first to be destroyed by overgrazing.
- **Deep soil.** A soil that is 40 to 60 inches deep over bedrock or to other material that restricts the penetration of plant roots.
- **Deep to water** (in tables). Deep to permanent water during the dry season.
- **Deferred grazing.** Postponing grazing or resting grazing land for a prescribed period.
- **Dense layer** (in tables). A very firm, massive layer that has a bulk density of more than 1.8 grams per cubic centimeter. Such a layer affects the ease of digging and can affect filling and compacting.
- Depth, soil. Generally, the thickness of the soil over bedrock. Very deep soils are more than 60 inches deep over bedrock; deep soils, 40 to 60 inches; moderately deep, 20 to 40 inches; shallow, 10 to 20 inches; and very shallow, less than 10 inches.
- **Depth to bedrock** (in tables). Bedrock is too near the surface for the specified use.
- **Dip slope.** A slope of the land surface, roughly determined by and approximately conforming to the dip of the underlying bedrock.
- **Diversion (or diversion terrace).** A ridge of earth, generally a terrace, built to protect downslope areas by diverting runoff from its natural course.
- **Dominant trees.** Trees whose crowns form the general level of the forest canopy and that receive full light from above and from the sides.
- Drainage class (natural). Refers to the frequency and duration of wet periods under conditions similar to those under which the soil formed. Alterations of the water regime by human activities, either through drainage or irrigation, are not a consideration unless they have significantly changed the morphology of the soil. Seven classes of natural soil drainage are recognized—excessively drained, somewhat excessively drained, well drained, moderately well drained, somewhat poorly drained, poorly drained, and very poorly drained. These classes are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."
- **Drainage, surface.** Runoff, or surface flow of water, from an area.
- **Drainageway.** An area of ground at a lower elevation than the surrounding ground and in which water collects and is drained to a closed depression or lake or to a drainageway at a lower elevation. A drainageway may or may not have

- distinctly incised channels at its upper reaches or throughout its course.
- **Draw.** A small stream valley that generally is more open and has broader bottom land than a ravine or gulch.
- **Droughty** (in tables). Soil holds too little water for plants during dry periods.
- **Duff.** A generally firm organic layer on the surface of mineral soils. It consists of fallen plant material that is in the process of decomposition and includes everything from the litter on the surface to underlying pure humus.
- **Ecological site.** An area where climate, soil, and relief are sufficiently uniform to produce a distinct natural plant community. An ecological site is the product of all the environmental factors responsible for its development. It is typified by an association of species that differ from those on other ecological sites in kind and/or proportion of species or in total production.
- **Eluviation.** The movement of material in true solution or colloidal suspension from one place to another within the soil. Soil horizons that have lost material through eluviation are eluvial; those that have received material are illuvial.
- **Endosaturation.** A type of saturation of the soil in which all horizons between the upper boundary of saturation and a depth of 2 meters are saturated.
- **Eolian soil material.** Earthy parent material accumulated through wind action; commonly refers to sandy material in dunes or to loess in blankets on the surface.
- **Ephemeral stream.** A stream, or reach of a stream, that flows only in direct response to precipitation. It receives no long-continued supply from melting snow or other source, and its channel is above the water table at all times.
- **Episaturation.** A type of saturation indicating a perched water table in a soil in which saturated layers are underlain by one or more unsaturated layers within 2 meters of the surface.
- **Erodes easily** (in tables). Soil is easily eroded by water.
- **Erosion.** The wearing away of the land surface by water, wind, ice, or other geologic agents and by such processes as gravitational creep.
- **Erosion** (geologic). Erosion caused by geologic processes acting over long geologic periods and resulting in the wearing away of mountains and the building up of such landscape features as flood plains and coastal plains. Synonym: natural erosion.
- **Erosion** (accelerated). Erosion much more rapid than geologic erosion, mainly as a result of human or

- animal activities or of a catastrophe in nature, such as a fire, that exposes the surface.
- **Erosion pavement.** A layer of gravel or stones that remains on the surface after fine particles are removed by sheet or rill erosion.
- **Escarpment.** A relatively continuous and steep slope or cliff breaking the general continuity of more gently sloping land surfaces and resulting from erosion or faulting. Synonym: scarp.
- **Even aged.** Refers to a stand of trees in which only small differences in age occur between individual trees. A range of 20 years is allowed.
- **Excess fines** (in tables). Excess silt and clay in the soil. The soil does not provide a source of gravel or sand for construction purposes.
- **Excess lime** (in tables). Excess carbonates in the soil that restrict the growth of some plants.
- **Excess salts** (in tables). Excess water-soluble salts in the soil that restrict the growth of most plants.
- **Excess sodium** (in tables). Excess exchangeable sodium in the soil. The resulting poor physical properties restrict the growth of plants.
- **Excess sulfur** (in tables). Excessive amount of sulfur in the soil. The sulfur causes extreme acidity if the soil is drained, and the growth of most plants is restricted.
- **Extrusive rock**. Igneous rock derived from deepseated molten matter (magma) emplaced on the earth's surface.
- **Fan terrace.** A relict alluvial fan, no longer a site of active deposition, incised by younger and lower alluvial surfaces.
- **Fast intake** (in tables). The rapid movement of water into the soil.
- **Fertility, soil.** The quality that enables a soil to provide plant nutrients, in adequate amounts and in proper balance, for the growth of specified plants when light, moisture, temperature, tilth, and other growth factors are favorable.
- **Field moisture capacity.** The moisture content of a soil, expressed as a percentage of the ovendry weight, after the gravitational, or free, water has drained away; the field moisture content 2 or 3 days after a soaking rain; also called *normal field capacity*, *normal moisture capacity*, or *capillary capacity*.
- **Fill slope.** A sloping surface consisting of excavated soil material from a road cut. It commonly is on the downhill side of the road.
- Fine textured soil. Sandy clay, silty clay, or clay.
  Firebreak. Area cleared of flammable material to stop or help control creeping or running fires. It also serves as a line from which to work and to facilitate the movement of firefighters and

- equipment. Designated roads also serve as firebreaks.
- **First bottom**. The normal flood plain of a stream, subject to frequent or occasional flooding.
- Flaggy soil material. Material that is, by volume, 15 to 35 percent flagstones. Very flaggy soil material has 35 to 60 percent flagstones, and extremely flaggy soil material has more than 60 percent flagstones.
- **Flagstone.** A thin fragment of sandstone, limestone, slate, shale, or (rarely) schist 6 to 15 inches (15 to 38 centimeters) long.
- **Flooding** (in tables). Soil flooded by moving water from stream overflow or runoff.
- **Flood plain.** A nearly level alluvial plain that borders a stream and is subject to flooding unless protected artificially.
- **Fluvial.** Of or pertaining to rivers; produced by river action, as a fluvial plain.
- **Foothill.** A steeply sloping upland that has relief of as much as 1,000 feet (300 meters) and fringes a mountain range or high-plateau escarpment.
- **Footslope.** The position that forms the inner, gently inclined surface at the base of a hillslope. In profile, footslopes are commonly concave. A footslope is a transition zone between upslope sites of erosion and transport (shoulders and backslopes) and downslope sites of deposition (toeslopes).
- **Forb.** Any herbaceous plant not a grass or a sedge. **Forest cover.** All trees and other woody plants (underbrush) covering the ground in a forest.
- **Forest type.** A stand of trees similar in composition and development because of given physical and biological factors by which it may be differentiated from other stands.
- **Fragile** (in tables). A soil that is easily damaged by use or disturbance.
- Fragipan. A loamy, brittle subsurface horizon low in porosity and content of organic matter and low or moderate in clay but high in silt or very fine sand. A fragipan appears cemented and restricts roots. When dry, it is hard or very hard and has a higher bulk density than the horizon or horizons above. When moist, it tends to rupture suddenly under pressure rather than to deform slowly.
- **Frost action** (in tables). Freezing and thawing of soil moisture. Frost action can damage roads, buildings and other structures, and plant roots.
- **Genesis, soil.** The mode of origin of the soil. Refers especially to the processes or soil-forming factors responsible for the formation of the solum, or true soil, from the unconsolidated parent material.

- **Gleyed soil.** Soil that formed under poor drainage, resulting in the reduction of iron and other elements in the profile and in gray colors.
- **Graded stripcropping.** Growing crops in strips that grade toward a protected waterway.
- **Grassed waterway.** A natural or constructed waterway, typically broad and shallow, seeded to grass as protection against erosion. Conducts surface water away from cropland.
- **Gravel.** Rounded or angular fragments of rock as much as 3 inches (2 millimeters to 7.6 centimeters) in diameter. An individual piece is a pebble.
- Gravelly soil material. Material that is 15 to 35 percent, by volume, rounded or angular rock fragments, not prominently flattened, as much as 3 inches (7.6 centimeters) in diameter.
- **Green manure crop** (agronomy). A soil-improving crop grown to be plowed under in an early stage of maturity or soon after maturity.
- **Ground water.** Water filling all the unblocked pores of the material below the water table.
- **Gully.** A miniature valley with steep sides cut by running water and through which water ordinarily runs only after rainfall. The distinction between a gully and a rill is one of depth. A gully generally is an obstacle to farm machinery and is too deep to be obliterated by ordinary tillage; a rill is of lesser depth and can be smoothed over by ordinary tillage.
- **Hard bedrock.** Bedrock that cannot be excavated except by blasting or by the use of special equipment that is not commonly used in construction.
- **Hardpan.** A hardened or cemented soil horizon, or layer. The soil material is sandy, loamy, or clayey and is cemented by iron oxide, silica, calcium carbonate, or other substance.
- **Hard to pack** (in tables). Difficult to compact using regular earthwork construction equipment.
- **Head out.** To form a flower head.
- **Head slope.** A geomorphic component of hills consisting of a laterally concave area of a hillside, especially at the head of a drainageway. The overland waterflow is converging.
- **Heavy metal.** Inorganic substances that are solid at ordinary temperatures and are not soluble in water. They form oxides and hydroxides that are basic. Examples are copper, iron, cadmium, zinc, manganese, lead, and arsenic.
- **Highly erodible** (in tables). Soil has an erodibility index greater than 8 and is very susceptible to erosion by water.
- High-residue crops. Such crops as small grain and

- corn used for grain. If properly managed, residue from these crops can be used to control erosion until the next crop in the rotation is established. These crops return large amounts of organic matter to the soil.
- **Hill.** A natural elevation of the land surface, rising as much as 1,000 feet above surrounding lowlands, commonly of limited summit area and having a well defined outline; hillsides generally have slopes of more than 15 percent. The distinction between a hill and a mountain is arbitrary and is dependent on local usage.
- Horizon, soil. A layer of soil, approximately parallel to the surface, having distinct characteristics produced by soil-forming processes. In the identification of soil horizons, an uppercase letter represents the major horizons. Numbers or lowercase letters that follow represent subdivisions of the major horizons. An explanation of the subdivisions is given in the "Soil Survey Manual." The major horizons of mineral soil are as follows:
  - *O horizon.*—An organic layer of fresh and decaying plant residue.
  - A horizon.—The mineral horizon at or near the surface in which an accumulation of humified organic matter is mixed with the mineral material. Also, a plowed surface horizon, most of which was originally part of a B horizon.
  - *E horizon.*—The mineral horizon in which the main feature is loss of silicate clay, iron, aluminum, or some combination of these.
  - B horizon.—The mineral horizon below an A horizon. The B horizon is in part a layer of transition from the overlying A to the underlying C horizon. The B horizon also has distinctive characteristics, such as (1) accumulation of clay, sesquioxides, humus, or a combination of these; (2) prismatic or blocky structure; (3) redder or browner colors than those in the A horizon; or (4) a combination of these.
  - C horizon.—The mineral horizon or layer, excluding indurated bedrock, that is little affected by soil-forming processes and does not have the properties typical of the overlying soil material. The material of a C horizon may be either like or unlike that in which the solum formed. If the material is known to differ from that in the solum, an Arabic numeral, commonly a 2, precedes the letter C.
  - *Cr horizon.*—Soft, consolidated bedrock beneath the soil
  - R layer.—Consolidated bedrock beneath the soil.

The bedrock commonly underlies a C horizon, but it can be directly below an A or a B horizon.

- **Humus.** The well decomposed, more or less stable part of the organic matter in mineral soils.
- Hydrologic soil groups. Refers to soils grouped according to their runoff potential. The soil properties that influence this potential are those that affect the minimum rate of water infiltration on a bare soil during periods after prolonged wetting when the soil is not frozen. These properties are depth to a seasonal high water table, the infiltration rate and permeability after prolonged wetting, and depth to a very slowly permeable layer. The slope and the kind of plant cover are not considered but are separate factors in predicting runoff.
- **Igneous rock.** Rock formed by solidification from a molten or partially molten state. Major varieties include plutonic and volcanic rock. Examples are andesite, basalt, and granite.
- **Illuviation.** The movement of soil material from one horizon to another in the soil profile. Generally, material is removed from an upper horizon and deposited in a lower horizon.
- Impervious soil. A soil through which water, air, or roots penetrate slowly or not at all. No soil is absolutely impervious to air and water all the time.
- Increasers. Species in the climax vegetation that increase in amount as the more desirable plants are reduced by close grazing. Increasers commonly are the shorter plants and the less palatable to livestock.
- **Infiltration.** The downward entry of water into the immediate surface of soil or other material, as contrasted with percolation, which is movement of water through soil layers or material.
- **Infiltration capacity.** The maximum rate at which water can infiltrate into a soil under a given set of conditions.
- Infiltration rate. The rate at which water penetrates the surface of the soil at any given instant, usually expressed in inches per hour. The rate can be limited by the infiltration capacity of the soil or the rate at which water is applied at the surface.
- **Infrequent flooding** (in tables). Flooding occurs at an interval that limits riparian plant species.
- Intake rate. The average rate of water entering the soil under irrigation. Most soils have a fast initial rate; the rate decreases with application time. Therefore, intake rate for design purposes is not a constant but is a variable depending on the net

irrigation application. The rate of water intake, in inches per hour, is expressed as follows:

Less than 0.2	very low
0.2 to 0.4	low
0.4 to 0.75	moderately low
0.75 to 1.25	moderate
1.25 to 1.75	moderately high
1.75 to 2.5	high
More than 2.5	very high

- **Interfluve.** An elevated area between two drainageways that sheds water to those drainageways.
- Intermittent stream. A stream, or reach of a stream, that flows for prolonged periods only when it receives ground-water discharge or long, continued contributions from melting snow or other surface and shallow subsurface sources.
- **Invaders.** On range, plants that encroach into an area and grow after the climax vegetation has been reduced by grazing. Generally, plants invade following disturbance of the surface.
- Iron depletions. Low-chroma zones having a low content of iron and manganese oxide because of chemical reduction and removal, but having a clay content similar to that of the adjacent matrix. A type of redoximorphic depletion.
- Irrigation. Application of water to soils to assist in production of crops. Methods of irrigation are: Basin.—Water is applied rapidly to nearly level plains surrounded by levees or dikes. Border.—Water is applied at the upper end of a strip in which the lateral flow of water is controlled by small earth ridges called border dikes, or borders.

Controlled flooding. Water is released at intervals from closely spaced field ditches and distributed uniformly over the field.

Corrugation.—Water is applied to small, closely spaced furrows or ditches in fields of close-growing crops or in orchards so that it flows in only one direction.

Drip (or trickle).—Water is applied slowly and under low pressure to the surface of the soil or into the soil through such applicators as emitters, porous tubing, or perforated pipe.

Furrow.—Water is applied in small ditches made by cultivation implements. Furrows are used for tree and row crops.

Sprinkler.—Water is sprayed over the soil surface through pipes or nozzles from a pressure system. Subirrigation.—Water is applied in open ditches or tile lines until the water table is raised enough to wet the soil.

Wild flooding.—Water, released at high points, is allowed to flow onto an area without controlled distribution.

- **Karst** (topography). The relief of an area underlain by limestone that dissolves in differing degrees, thus forming numerous depressions or small basins
- **Knoll.** A small, low, rounded hill rising above adjacent landforms.
- **Ksat**. Saturated hydraulic conductivity. (See Permeability.)
- **Lacustrine deposit.** Material deposited in lake water and exposed when the water level is lowered or the elevation of the land is raised.
- **Landslide.** The rapid downhill movement of a mass of soil and loose rock, generally when wet or saturated. The speed and distance of movement, as well as the amount of soil and rock material, vary greatly.
- Large stones (in tables). Rock fragments 3 inches (7.6 centimeters) or more across. Large stones adversely affect the specified use of the soil.
- **Leaching.** The removal of soluble material from soil or other material by percolating water.
- Linear extensibility. Refers to the change in length of an unconfined clod as moisture content is decreased from a moist to a dry state. Linear extensibility is used to determine the shrink-swell potential of soils. It is an expression of the volume change between the water content of the clod at ¹/₃- or ¹/₁₀-bar tension (33kPa or 10kPa tension) and oven dryness. Volume change is influenced by the amount and type of clay minerals in the soil. The volume change is the percent change for the whole soil. If it is expressed as a fraction, the resulting value is COLE, coefficient of linear extensibility.
- **Liquid limit.** The moisture content at which the soil passes from a plastic to a liquid state.
- **Loam.** Soil material that is 7 to 27 percent clay particles, 28 to 50 percent silt particles, and less than 52 percent sand particles.
- Loamy soil. Coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, fine sandy loam, very fine sandy loam, loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, or silty clay loam.
- **Loess.** Fine grained material, dominantly of silt-sized particles, deposited by wind.
- **Low adsorption** (in tables). Low amounts of cations are adsorbed from wastes applied to the soil.
- **Low-residue crops.** Such crops as corn used for silage, peas, beans, and potatoes. Residue from these crops is not adequate to control erosion until the next crop in the rotation is established.

These crops return little organic matter to the soil.

- **Low strength.** The soil is not strong enough to support loads.
- Masses. Concentrations of substances in the soil matrix that do not have a clearly defined boundary with the surrounding soil material and cannot be removed as a discrete unit. Common compounds making up masses are calcium carbonate, gypsum or other soluble salts, iron oxide, and manganese oxide. Masses consisting of iron oxide or manganese oxide generally are considered a type of redoximorphic concentration.
- **Mean annual increment (MAI).** The average annual increase in volume of a tree during the entire life of the tree.
- **Mechanical treatment.** Use of mechanical equipment for seeding, brush management, and other management practices.
- **Medium textured soil.** Very fine sandy loam, loam, silt loam, or silt.
- **Merchantable trees.** Trees that are of sufficient size to be economically processed into wood products.
- Metamorphic rock. Rock of any origin altered in mineralogical composition, chemical composition, or structure by heat, pressure, and movement. Nearly all such rocks are crystalline.
- **Micro-high.** An area that is 2 to 12 inches higher than the adjacent micro-low.
- **Micro-low.** An area that is 2 to 12 inches lower than the adjacent micro-high.
- **Mineral soil.** Soil that is mainly mineral material and low in organic material. Its bulk density is more than that of organic soil.
- **Minimum tillage.** Only the tillage essential to crop production and prevention of soil damage.
- **Miscellaneous area.** An area that has little or no natural soil and supports little or no vegetation.
- **Moderately coarse textured soil.** Coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, or fine sandy loam.
- **Moderately deep soil.** A soil that is 20 to 40 inches deep over bedrock or to other material that restricts the penetration of plant roots.
- **Moderately fine textured soil.** Clay loam, sandy clay loam, or silty clay loam.
- **Mollic epipedon.** A thick, dark, humus-rich surface horizon (or horizons) that has high base saturation and pedogenic soil structure. It may include the upper part of the subsoil.
- **Morphology, soil.** The physical makeup of the soil, including the texture, structure, porosity, consistence, color, and other physical, mineral, and biological properties of the various horizons,

- and the thickness and arrangement of those horizons in the soil profile.
- Mottling, soil. Irregular spots of different colors that vary in number and size. Descriptive terms are as follows: abundance—few, common, and many; size—fine, medium, and coarse; and contrast—faint, distinct, and prominent. The size measurements are of the diameter along the greatest dimension. Fine indicates less than 5 millimeters (about 0.2 inch); medium, from 5 to 15 millimeters (about 0.2 to 0.6 inch); and coarse, more than 15 millimeters (about 0.6 inch).
- Mountain. A natural elevation of the land surface, rising more than 1,000 feet above surrounding lowlands, commonly of restricted summit area (relative to a plateau) and generally having steep sides. A mountain can occur as a single, isolated mass or in a group forming a chain or range.
- **Munsell notation.** A designation of color by degrees of three simple variables—hue, value, and chroma. For example, a notation of 10YR 6/4 is a color with hue of 10YR, value of 6, and chroma of 4.
- **Natric horizon.** A special kind of argillic horizon that contains enough exchangeable sodium to have an adverse effect on the physical condition of the subsoil
- **Neutral soil.** A soil having a pH value of 6.6 to 7.3. (See Reaction, soil.)
- **Nodules.** Cemented bodies lacking visible internal structure. Calcium carbonate, iron oxide, and manganese oxide are common compounds making up nodules. If formed in place, nodules of iron oxide or manganese oxide are considered types of redoximorphic concentrations.
- **Nose slope.** A geomorphic component of hills consisting of the projecting end (laterally convex area) of a hillside. The overland waterflow is predominantly divergent.
- **Nutrient, plant.** Any element taken in by a plant essential to its growth. Plant nutrients are mainly nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, calcium, magnesium, sulfur, iron, manganese, copper, boron, and zinc obtained from the soil and carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen obtained from the air and water.
- **Organic matter.** Plant and animal residue in the soil in various stages of decomposition. The content of organic matter in the surface layer is described as follows:

Very low	less than 0.5 percent
Low	0.5 to 1.0 percent

Moderately low1.	0 to 2.0 percent
Moderate 2.	0 to 4.0 percent
High4.	0 to 8.0 percent
Very high more t	than 8.0 percent

- **Overstory.** The trees in a forest that form the upper crown cover.
- **Oxbow.** The horseshoe-shaped channel of a former meander, remaining after the stream formed a cutoff across a narrow meander neck.
- **Pan.** A compact, dense layer in a soil that impedes the movement of water and the growth of roots. For example, *hardpan*, *fragipan*, *claypan*, *plowpan*, and *traffic pan*.
- **Parent material.** The unconsolidated organic and mineral material in which soil forms.
- **Ped.** An individual natural soil aggregate, such as a granule, a prism, or a block.
- **Pedisediment.** A thin layer of alluvial material that mantles an erosion surface and has been transported to its present position from higher lying areas of the erosion surface.
- **Pedon.** The smallest volume that can be called "a soil." A pedon is three dimensional and large enough to permit study of all horizons. Its area ranges from about 10 to 100 square feet (1 square meter to 10 square meters), depending on the variability of the soil.
- **Percolation.** The downward movement of water through the soil.
- **Percs slowly** (in tables). The slow movement of water through the soil adversely affects the specified use.
- Permeability. The quality of the soil that enables water or air to move downward through the profile. The rate at which a saturated soil transmits water is accepted as a measure of this quality. In soil physics, the rate is referred to as "saturated hydraulic conductivity," which is defined in the "Soil Survey Manual." In line with conventional usage in the engineering profession and with traditional usage in published soil surveys, this rate of flow continues to be expressed as "permeability." Terms describing permeability, measured in inches per hour, are as follows:

Extremely slow	0.0 to 0.01 inch
Very slow	0.01 to 0.06 inch
Slow	0.06 to 0.2 inch
Moderately slow	0.2 to 0.6 inch
Moderate	0.6 inch to 2.0 inches
Moderately rapid	2.0 to 6.0 inches
Rapid	6.0 to 20 inches
Very rapid	more than 20 inches

- **Phase, soil.** A subdivision of a soil series based on features that affect its use and management, such as slope, stoniness, and flooding.
- **pH value.** A numerical designation of acidity and alkalinity in soil. (See Reaction, soil.)
- **Piping** (in tables). Formation of subsurface tunnels or pipelike cavities by water moving through the soil.
- **Pitting** (in tables). Pits caused by melting around ice. They form on the soil after plant cover is removed.
- **Plasticity index.** The numerical difference between the liquid limit and the plastic limit; the range of moisture content within which the soil remains plastic.
- **Plastic limit.** The moisture content at which a soil changes from semisolid to plastic.
- **Plateau.** An extensive upland mass with relatively flat summit area that is considerably elevated (more than 100 meters) above adjacent lowlands and separated from them on one or more sides by escarpments.
- **Plowpan.** A compacted layer formed in the soil directly below the plowed layer.
- **Ponding.** Standing water on soils in closed depressions. Unless the soils are artificially drained, the water can be removed only by percolation or evapotranspiration.
- **Poor filter** (in tables). Because of rapid or very rapid permeability, the soil may not adequately filter effluent from a waste disposal system.
- **Poorly graded.** Refers to a coarse grained soil or soil material consisting mainly of particles of nearly the same size. Because there is little difference in size of the particles, density can be increased only slightly by compaction.
- **Poor outlets** (in tables). Refers to areas where surface or subsurface drainage outlets are difficult or expensive to install.
- **Potential native plant community.** See Climax plant community.
- Potential rooting depth (effective rooting depth). Depth to which roots could penetrate if the content of moisture in the soil were adequate. The soil has no properties restricting the penetration of roots to this depth.
- **Prescribed burning.** Deliberately burning an area for specific management purposes, under the appropriate conditions of weather and soil moisture and at the proper time of day.
- **Productivity, soil.** The capability of a soil for producing a specified plant or sequence of plants under specific management.
- Profile, soil. A vertical section of the soil extending

- through all its horizons and into the parent material.
- Proper grazing use. Grazing at an intensity that maintains enough cover to protect the soil and maintain or improve the quantity and quality of the desirable vegetation. This practice increases the vigor and reproduction capacity of the key plants and promotes the accumulation of litter and mulch necessary to conserve soil and water.
- **Quartzite**, **metamorphic**. Rock consisting mainly of quartz that formed through recrystallization of quartz-rich sandstone or chert.
- **Quartzite, sedimentary.** Very hard but unmetamorphosed sandstone consisting chiefly of quartz grains.
- Reaction, soil. A measure of acidity or alkalinity of a soil, expressed in pH values. A soil that tests to pH 7.0 is described as precisely neutral in reaction because it is neither acid nor alkaline. The degrees of acidity or alkalinity, expressed as pH values, are:

Ultra acid	loce than 2 F
Uitta aciu	iess man 3.5
Extremely acid	3.5 to 4.4
Very strongly acid	4.5 to 5.0
Strongly acid	5.1 to 5.5
Moderately acid	5.6 to 6.0
Slightly acid	6.1 to 6.5
Neutral	6.6 to 7.3
Slightly alkaline	7.4 to 7.8
Moderately alkaline	7.9 to 8.4
Strongly alkaline	8.5 to 9.0
Very strongly alkaline	9.1 and higher

- Redoximorphic concentrations. Nodules, concretions, soft masses, pore linings, and other features resulting from the accumulation of iron or manganese oxide. An indication of chemical reduction and oxidation resulting from saturation.
- Redoximorphic depletions. Low-chroma zones from which iron and manganese oxide or a combination of iron and manganese oxide and clay has been removed. These zones are indications of the chemical reduction of iron resulting from saturation.
- Redoximorphic features. Redoximorphic concentrations, redoximorphic depletions, reduced matrices, a positive reaction to alpha, alpha-dipyridyl, and other features indicating the chemical reduction and oxidation of iron and manganese compounds resulting from saturation.
- **Reduced matrix.** A soil matrix that has low chroma in situ because of chemically reduced iron (Fe II). The chemical reduction results from nearly

- continuous wetness. The matrix undergoes a change in hue or chroma within 30 minutes after exposure to air as the iron is oxidized (Fe III). A type of redoximorphic feature.
- **Regolith.** The unconsolidated mantle of weathered rock and soil material on the earth's surface; the loose earth material above the solid rock.
- **Relict stream terrace.** One of a series of platforms in or adjacent to a stream valley that formed prior to the current stream system.
- **Relief.** The elevations or inequalities of a land surface, considered collectively.
- Residuum (residual soil material).

  Unconsolidated, weathered or partly weathered mineral material that accumulated as consolidated rock disintegrated in place.
- **Rill.** A steep-sided channel resulting from accelerated erosion. A rill generally is a few inches deep and not wide enough to be an obstacle to farm machinery.
- **Riser.** The relatively short, steeply sloping area below a terrace tread that grades to a lower terrace tread or base level.
- **Riverwash.** Unstable areas of sandy, silty, clayey, or gravelly sediments. These areas are flooded, washed, and reworked by rivers so frequently that they support little or no vegetation.
- **Road cut.** A sloping surface produced by mechanical means during road construction. It is commonly on the uphill side of the road.
- **Rock fragments.** Rock or mineral fragments having a diameter of 2 millimeters or more; for example, pebbles, cobbles, stones, and boulders.
- **Rock outcrop.** Exposures of bare bedrock other than lava flows and rock-lined pits.
- **Rooting depth** (in tables). Shallow root zone. The soil is shallow over a layer that greatly restricts roots
- **Root zone.** The part of the soil that can be penetrated by plant roots.
- Runoff. The precipitation discharged into stream channels from an area. The water that flows off the surface of the land without sinking into the soil is called surface runoff. Water that enters the soil before reaching surface streams is called ground-water runoff or seepage flow from ground water
- **Sand.** As a soil separate, individual rock or mineral fragments from 0.05 millimeter to 2.0 millimeters in diameter. Most sand grains consist of quartz. As a soil textural class, a soil that is 85 percent or more sand and not more than 10 percent clay.
- **Sandstone.** Sedimentary rock containing dominantly sand-sized particles.

- Sandy soil. Sand or loamy sand.
- **Saturation.** Wetness characterized by zero or positive pressure of the soil water. Under conditions of saturation, the water will flow from the soil matrix into an unlined auger hole.
- **Sawlogs.** Logs of suitable size and quality for the production of lumber.
- **Scarification.** The act of abrading, scratching, loosening, crushing, or modifying the surface to increase water absorption or to provide a more tillable soil.
- **Scribner's log rule.** A method of estimating the number of board feet that can be cut from a log of a given diameter and length.
- **Seasonally ponded** (in tables). Standing water on soils in closed depressions that is removed only by percolation or evapotranspiration. Generally occurs during the winter and early spring.
- **Seasonal wetness** (in tables). The soil may be wet during the period of desired use. This usually occurs during the winter and early spring.
- **Second bottom.** The first terrace above the normal flood plain (or first bottom) of a river.
- Sedimentary rock. Rock made up of particles deposited from suspension in water. The chief kinds of sedimentary rock are conglomerate, formed from gravel; sandstone, formed from sand; shale, formed from clay; and limestone, formed from soft masses of calcium carbonate. There are many intermediate types. Some wind-deposited sand is consolidated into sandstone.
- **Sedimentary uplands.** Land areas of bedrock formed from water- or wind-deposited sediments. They are higher on the landscape than the flood plain.
- **Seepage** (in tables). The movement of water through the soil. Seepage adversely affects the specified use.
- **Sequum.** A sequence consisting of an illuvial horizon and the overlying eluvial horizon. (See Eluviation.)
- **Series, soil.** A group of soils that have profiles that are almost alike, except for differences in texture of the surface layer. All the soils of a series have horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.
- **Shale.** Sedimentary rock formed by the hardening of a clay deposit.
- **Shallow soil.** A soil that is 10 to 20 inches deep over bedrock or to other material that restricts the penetration of plant roots.
- **Sheet erosion.** The removal of a fairly uniform layer of soil material from the land surface by the action of rainfall and surface runoff.
- **Shoulder**. The position that forms the uppermost

inclined surface near the top of a hillslope. It is a transition from backslope to summit. The surface is dominantly convex in profile and erosional in origin.

- **Shoulder slope.** The uppermost inclined surface at the top of a hillside. It is the transition zone from the backslope to the summit of a hill or mountain. The surface is dominantly convex in profile and erosional in origin.
- **Shrink-swell** (in tables). The shrinking of soil when dry and the swelling when wet. Shrinking and swelling can damage roads, dams, building foundations, and other structures. It can also damage plant roots.
- **Side slope.** A geomorphic component of hills consisting of a laterally planar area of a hillside. The overland waterflow is predominantly parallel.
- **Silica.** A combination of silicon and oxygen. The mineral form is called quartz.
- Silica-sesquioxide ratio. The ratio of the number of molecules of silica to the number of molecules of alumina and iron oxide. The more highly weathered soils or their clay fractions in warm-temperate, humid regions, and especially those in the tropics, generally have a low ratio.
- **Silt.** As a soil separate, individual mineral particles that range in diameter from the upper limit of clay (0.002 millimeter) to the lower limit of very fine sand (0.05 millimeter). As a soil textural class, soil that is 80 percent or more silt and less than 12 percent clay.
- Similar soils. Soils that share limits of diagnostic criteria, behave and perform in a similar manner, and have similar conservation needs or management requirements for the major land uses in the survey area.
- **Sinkhole.** A depression in the landscape where limestone has been dissolved.
- **Site class.** A grouping of site indexes into five to seven production capability levels. Each level can be represented by a site curve.
- Site curve (50-year). A set of related curves on a graph that shows the average height of dominant or dominant and codominant trees for a range of ages on soils that differ in productivity. Each level is represented by a curve. The basis of the curves is the height of dominant or dominant and codominant trees that are 50 years old or are 50 years old at breast height.
- **Site curve (100-year).** A set of related curves on a graph that shows the average height of dominant or dominant and codominant trees for a range of ages on soils that differ in productivity. Each level is represented by a curve. The basis of the curves

- is the height of dominant or dominant and codominant trees that are 100 years old or are 100 years old at breast height.
- **Site index.** A designation of the quality of a forest site based on the height of the dominant stand at an arbitrarily chosen age. For example, if the average height attained by dominant and codominant trees in a fully stocked stand at the age of 50 years is 75 feet, the site index is 75.
- **Skid trails.** Pathways along which logs are dragged to a common site for loading onto a logging truck.
- **Slippage** (in tables). Soil mass susceptible to movement downslope when loaded, excavated, or wet.
- **Slope.** The inclination of the land surface from the horizontal. Percentage of slope is the vertical distance divided by horizontal distance, then multiplied by 100. Thus, a slope of 20 percent is a drop of 20 feet in 100 feet of horizontal distance.
- **Slope** (in tables). Slope is great enough that special practices are required to ensure satisfactory performance of the soil for a specific use.
- **Slope/erodibility** (in tables). A combination of slope and susceptibility to water erosion may be restrictive in the use of this soil.
- **Slow intake** (in tables). The slow movement of water into the soil.
- **Slow refill** (in tables). The slow filling of ponds, resulting from restricted permeability in the soil.
- **Small stones** (in tables). Rock fragments less than 3 inches (7.6 centimeters) in diameter. Small stones adversely affect the specified use of the soil.
- **Soft bedrock.** Bedrock that can be excavated with trenching machines, backhoes, small rippers, and other equipment commonly used in construction.
- **Soil.** A natural, three-dimensional body at the earth's surface. It is capable of supporting plants and has properties resulting from the integrated effect of climate and living matter acting on earthy parent material, as conditioned by relief over periods of time.
- **Soil reaction** (in tables). A measure of acidity or alkalinity of a soil, expressed in pH values, which indicates that the soil reaction is either too high or too low for the intended use.
- **Soil separates.** Mineral particles less than 2 millimeters in equivalent diameter and ranging between specified size limits. The names and sizes, in millimeters, of separates recognized in the United States are as follows:

Very coarse sand	2.0 to	1.0
Coarse sand	1.0 to	0.5
Medium sand 0.	5 to 0	.25

Fine sand	0.25 to 0.10
Very fine sand	0.10 to 0.05
Silt	0.05 to 0.002
Clay	less than 0.002

- **Solum.** The upper part of a soil profile, above the C horizon, in which the processes of soil formation are active. The solum in soil consists of the A, E, and B horizons. Generally, the characteristics of the material in these horizons are unlike those of the material below the solum. The living roots and plant and animal activities are largely confined to the solum.
- **Species.** A single, distinct kind of plant or animal having certain distinguishing characteristics.
- **Stickiness (surface)** (in tables). The soil is slippery and sticky when wet and slow to dry.
- **Stones.** Rock fragments 10 to 24 inches (25 to 60 centimeters) in diameter if rounded or 15 to 24 inches (38 to 60 centimeters) in length if flat.
- **Stony.** Refers to a soil containing stones in numbers that interfere with or prevent tillage.
- **Strath terrace.** A surface cut formed by the erosion of hard or semiconsolidated bedrock and thinly mantled with stream deposits.
- **Stream channel.** The hollow bed where a natural stream of surface water flows or may flow; the deepest or central part of the bed, formed by the main current and covered more or less continuously by water.
- Stream terrace. One of a series of platforms in a stream valley, flanking and more or less parallel to the stream channel. It originally formed near the level of the stream and is the dissected remnants of an abandoned flood plain, streambed, or valley floor that were produced during a former stage of erosion or deposition.
- **Stripcropping.** Growing crops in a systematic arrangement of strips or bands that provide vegetative barriers to wind erosion and water erosion.
- Structure, soil. The arrangement of primary soil particles into compound particles or aggregates. The principal forms of soil structure are—platy (laminated), prismatic (vertical axis of aggregates longer than horizontal), columnar (prisms with rounded tops), blocky (angular or subangular), and granular. Structureless soils are either single grained (each grain by itself, as in dune sand) or massive (the particles adhering without any regular cleavage, as in many hardpans).
- **Stubble mulch.** Stubble or other crop residue left on the soil or partly worked into the soil. It protects the soil from wind erosion and water erosion after harvest, during preparation of a seedbed for the

- next crop, and during the early growing period of the new crop.
- **Subsoil.** Technically, the B horizon; roughly, the part of the solum below plow depth.
- **Subsoiling.** Tilling a soil below normal plow depth, ordinarily to shatter a hardpan or claypan.
- **Substratum.** The part of the soil below the solum.
- **Subsurface layer.** Technically, the E horizon.

  Generally refers to a leached horizon lighter in color and lower in content of organic matter than the overlying surface layer.
- **Subsurface layer.** Any subsurface soil horizon (A, E, AB, or EB) below the surface layer.
- **Summit.** A general term for the top, or highest level, of an upland feature, such as a hill or mountain. It commonly refers to a higher area that has a gentle slope and is flanked by steeper slopes.
- Surface layer. The soil ordinarily moved in tillage, or its equivalent in uncultivated soil, ranging in depth from 4 to 10 inches (10 to 25 centimeters). Frequently designated as the "plow layer," or the "Ap horizon."
- **Surface soil.** The A, E, AB, and EB horizons, considered collectively. It includes all subdivisions of these horizons.
- Taxadjuncts. Soils that cannot be classified in a series recognized in the classification system. Such soils are named for a series they strongly resemble and are designated as taxadjuncts to that series because they differ in ways too small to be of consequence in interpreting their use and behavior. Soils are recognized as taxadjuncts only when one or more of their characteristics are slightly outside the range defined for the family of the series for which the soils are named.
- Terrace. An embankment, or ridge, constructed across sloping soils on the contour or at a slight angle to the contour. The terrace intercepts surface runoff so that water soaks into the soil or flows slowly to a prepared outlet. A terrace in a field generally is built so that the field can be farmed. A terrace intended mainly for drainage has a deep channel that is maintained in permanent sod.
- **Terrace** (geologic). An old alluvial plain, ordinarily flat or undulating, bordering a river, a lake, or the sea
- **Texture, soil.** The relative proportions of sand, silt, and clay particles in a mass of soil. The textural classes are *C—clay, CL—clay loam, COS—coarse sand, COSL—coarse sandy loam, FS—fine sand, FSL—fine sandy loam, L—loam, LCOS—loamy coarse sand, LFS—loamy fine sand, LS—loamy sand, LVFS—loamy very fine sand, S—sand,*

- SC—sandy clay, SCL—sandy clay loam, SI—silt, SIC—silty clay, SICL—silty clay loam, SIL—silt loam, SL—sandy loam, VFS—very fine sand, and VFSL-very fine sandy loam. Terms used in lieu of texture are WB-weathered bedrock and UWBunweathered bedrock. The texture modifiers that may apply to textural classes are BY—bouldery, BYV—very bouldery, BYX—extremely bouldery, CB—cobbly, CBV—very cobbly, CBX—extremely cobbly, CN—channery, CNV—very channery, CNX—extremely channery, FL—flaggy, FLV—very flaggy, FLX—extremely flaggy, GR—gravelly, GRV—very gravelly, GRX—extremely gravelly, PCN—parachannery, PCNV—very parachannery, SR—stratified, ST—stony, STV—very stony, and STX—extremely stony.
- **Thin layer** (in tables). Otherwise suitable soil material that is too thin for the specified use.
- **Tilth, soil.** The physical condition of the soil as related to tillage, seedbed preparation, seedling emergence, and root penetration.
- **Toeslope.** The outermost inclined surface at the base of a hill; part of a footslope.
- **Too acid** (in tables). The soil is so acid that growth of plants is restricted.
- **Too arid** (in tables). The soil is dry most of the time, and vegetation is difficult to establish.
- **Too clayey** (in tables). The soil is slippery and sticky when wet and slow to dry.
- **Too sandy** (in tables). The soil is soft and loose, droughty, and low in fertility or is too fine to use as gravel.
- **Topsoil.** The upper part of the soil, which is the most favorable material for plant growth. It is ordinarily rich in organic matter and is used to topdress roadbanks, lawns, and land affected by mining.
- **Toxicity** (in tables). Excessive amount of toxic substances, such as sodium or sulfur, that severely hinder establishment of vegetation or severely restrict plant growth.
- **Trace elements.** Chemical elements, for example, zinc, cobalt, manganese, copper, and iron, in soils in extremely small amounts. They are essential to plant growth.
- **Trafficability.** The degree to which a soil is capable of supporting vehicular traffic across a wide range in soil moisture conditions.
- **Tread.** The relatively flat surface that was cut or built by stream or wave action.

- **Unstable fill** (in tables). Risk of caving or sloughing on banks of fill material.
- **Upland.** Land at a higher elevation, in general, than the alluvial plain or stream terrace; land above the lowlands along streams.
- **Valley.** An elongated depressional area primarily developed by stream action.
- **Valley fill.** In glaciated regions, material deposited in stream valleys by glacial meltwater. In nonglaciated regions, alluvium deposited by heavily loaded streams.
- **Very deep soil.** A soil that is more than 60 inches deep over bedrock or to other material that restricts the penetration of plant roots.
- **Very shallow soil.** A soil that is less than 10 inches deep over bedrock or to other material that restricts the penetration of plant roots.
- Water bars. Smooth, shallow ditches or depressional areas that are excavated at an angle across a sloping road. They are used to reduce the downward velocity of water and divert it off and away from the road surface. Water bars can easily be driven over if constructed properly.
- Water-spreading. Diverting runoff from natural channels by means of a system of dams, dikes, or ditches and spreading it over relatively flat surfaces.
- **Weathering.** All physical and chemical changes produced in rocks or other deposits at or near the earth's surface by atmospheric agents. These changes result in disintegration and decomposition of the material.
- Well graded. Refers to soil material consisting of coarse grained particles that are well distributed over a wide range in size or diameter. Such soil normally can be easily increased in density and bearing properties by compaction. Contrasts with poorly graded soil.
- **Wetness** (in tables). The soil is wet during the period of desired use.
- Wilting point (or permanent wilting point). The moisture content of soil, on an ovendry basis, at which a plant (specifically a sunflower) wilts so much that it does not recover when placed in a humid, dark chamber.
- **Windthrow.** The uprooting and tipping over of trees by the wind.



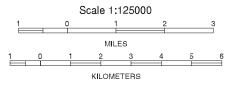


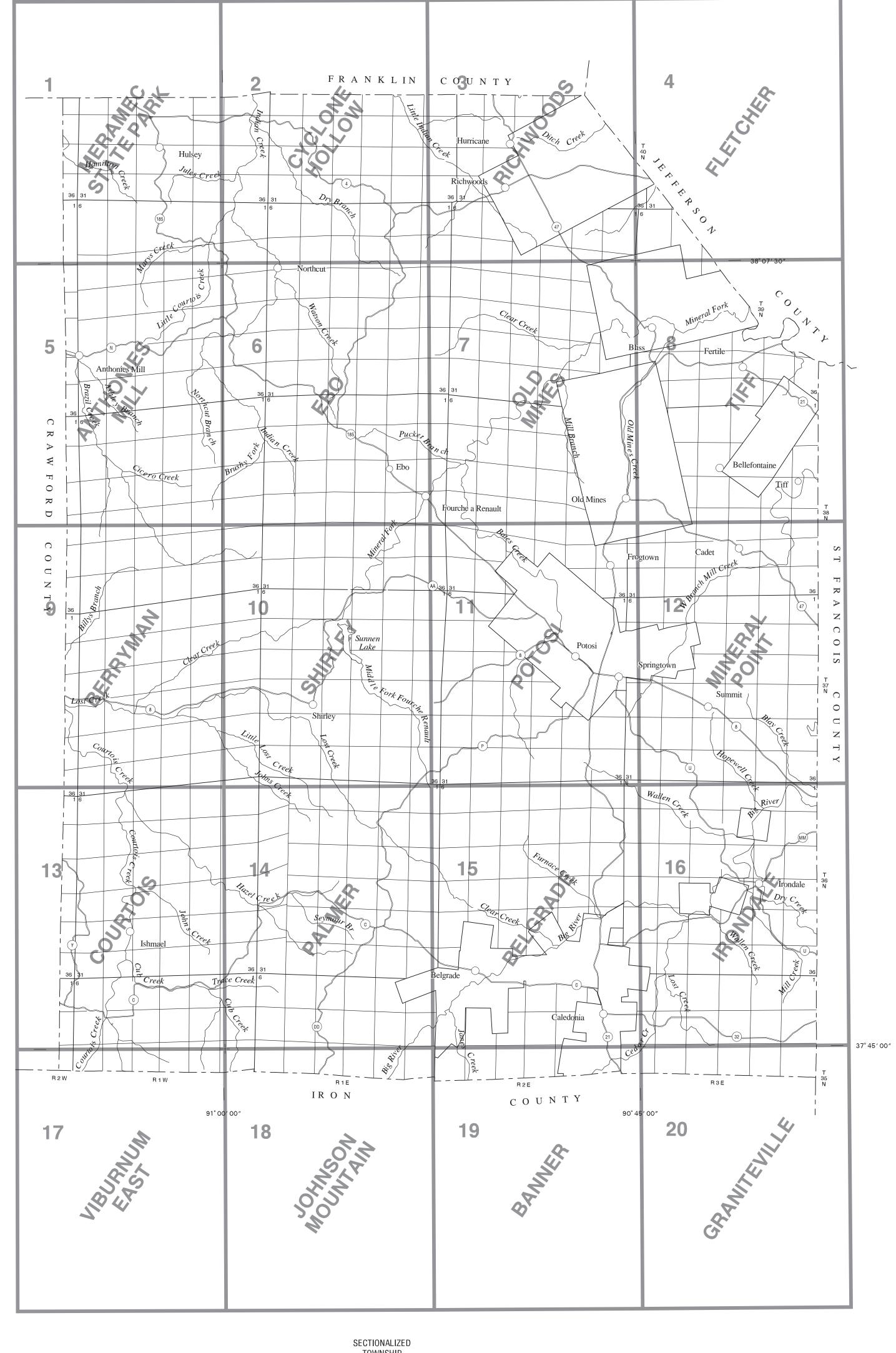
\*The units on this legend are described in the text under the heading "General Soil Map Units."

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE in Cooperation with MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, MISSOURI AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION U.S. FOREST SERVICE

## GENERAL SOIL MAP WASHINGTON COUNTY, MISSOURI





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#### INDEX TO MAP SHEETS WASHINGTON COUNTY, MISSOURI

#### **SOIL LEGEND**

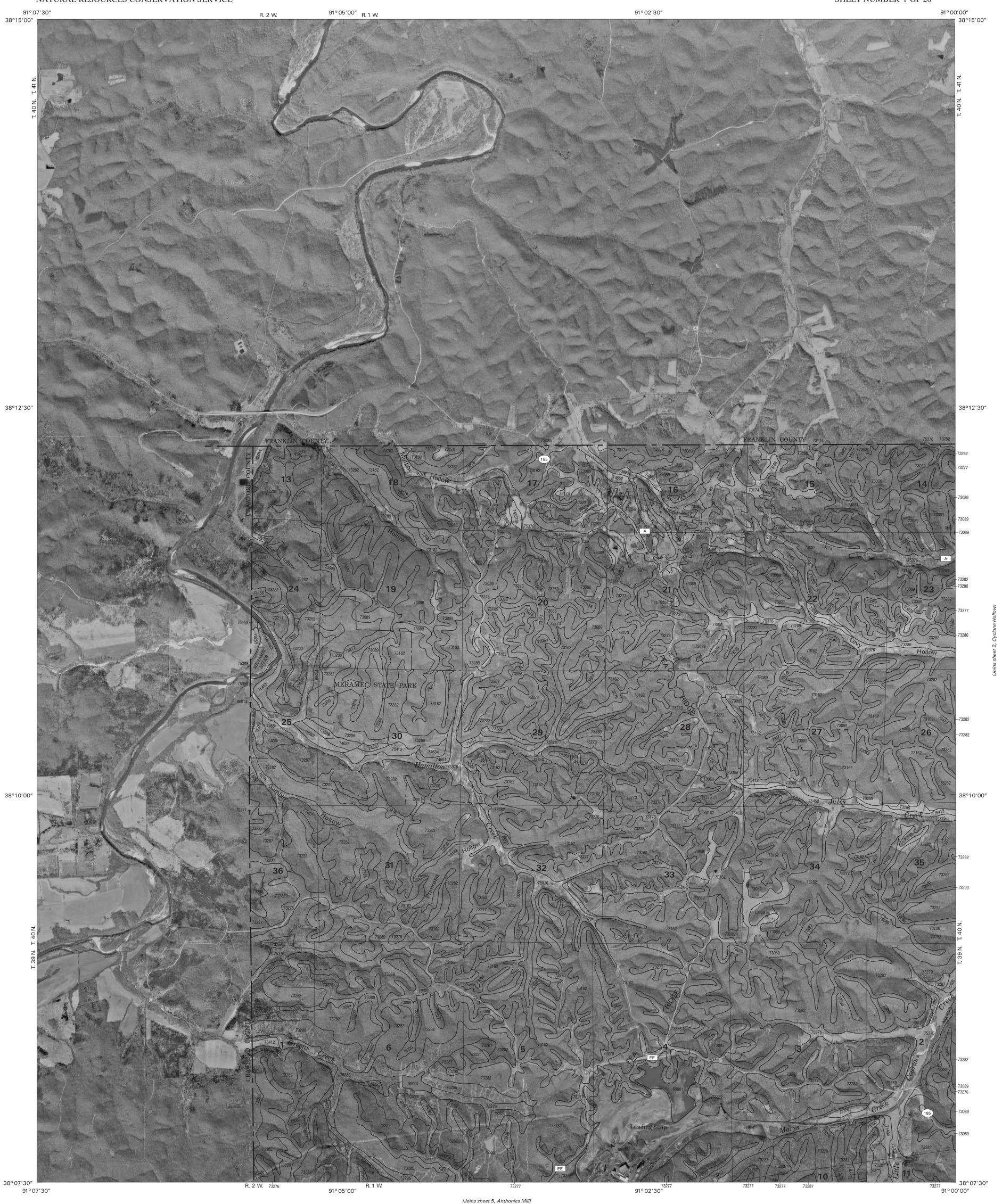
# CONVENTIONAL AND SPECIAL SYMBOLS LEGEND

#### **CULTURAL FEATURES**

SPECIAL SYMBOLS FOR SOIL SURVEY

SYMBOL	NAME
66014	Haymond silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded
70028	Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony
73012	Gravois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73035 73039	Gravois silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes Glensted silt loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes
73046	Wrengart silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded
73052	Lily loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73053	Lily-Bender complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes
73066	Bender very cobbly fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony
73067 73089	Bender-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony Rueter very gravelly silt loam, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony
73159	Yelton silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73162	Alred-Rueter complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony
73166	Viburnum-Tonti complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes
73173	Lily-Yelton complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73174 73200	Lily-Yelton complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes Sonsac gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony
73200	Sonsac gravelly silt loam, 15 to 40 percent slopes, very stony
73210	Goss very cobbly silt loam, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony
73214	Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony
73215	Crider silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73218 73271	Tiff gravelly clay, 1 to 20 percent slopes, very rocky Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 50 to 90 percent slopes, extremely stony
73272	Hildebrecht silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73273	Coulstone-Bender complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony
73274	Scholten very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes
73275	Gravois-Goss complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony
73276 73277	Rueter-Hildebrecht complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony Goss gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, stony
73278	Rueter very gravelly silt loam, 35 to 65 percent slopes, very stony
73279	Sonsac-Moko-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely stony
73280	Alred very gravelly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very stony
73282	Alred-Sonsac complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, very stony, very rocky
73283 73284	Courtois silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, eroded Courtois-Goss complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes
73285	Useful-Courtois complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73286	Useful-Courtois complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, eroded
73287	Useful-Sonsac complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes, eroded
73288 73289	Caneyville-Rock outcrop complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes Fourche silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes
73299	Gatewood-Aaron complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes
73291	Gatewood-Aaron complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, severely eroded
73292	Lily fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, rocky
73293	Caneyville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, rocky
73294 74634	Ocie very cobbly silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony Hartville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes
74650	Higdon silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
74652	Lecoma silt loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes
74653	Racoon-Freeburg complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
74656 74661	Deible silt loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes, rarely flooded Waben gravelly loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes
74662	Higdon silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes
75376	Cedargap gravelly silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded
75388	Kaintuck-Relfe complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded
75398	Kaintuck fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded
75406 75412	Racket loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded Razort silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
75427	Gabriel silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, gravelly substratum phase
75450	Bloomsdale silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded
75453	Sturkie silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally flooded
75459	Huzzah silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded
75460 77014	Horsecreek silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded, wet substratum phase Rock outcrop-Taumsauk complex, 3 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony
77015	Irondale-Taumsauk-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes, very bouldery
77016	Irondale-Taumsauk-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 50 percent slopes, extremely bouldery
77017	Knobtop silt loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, bouldery
77019 99000	Frenchmill very gravelly silt loam, 15 to 60 percent slopes, extremely stony
99000	Pits, quarries Water
99014	Mine tailings

BOUNDARIES		WATER FEATURES	SOIL DELINEATIONS AND SYMBOLS	73215 7328
County or parish		DRAINAGE		
Reservation (national forest or park, state forest or park, and large airport)		Perennial stream		
Field sheet matchline and neatline				
Public Land Survey System Section Boundary				
ROAD EMBLEM & DESIGNATIONS				
State	52			
County, farm or ranch	1283			

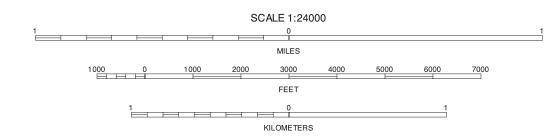


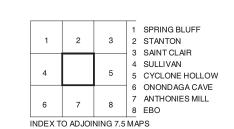
This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service and cooperating agencies. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1995-1996 aerial photography.

North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15

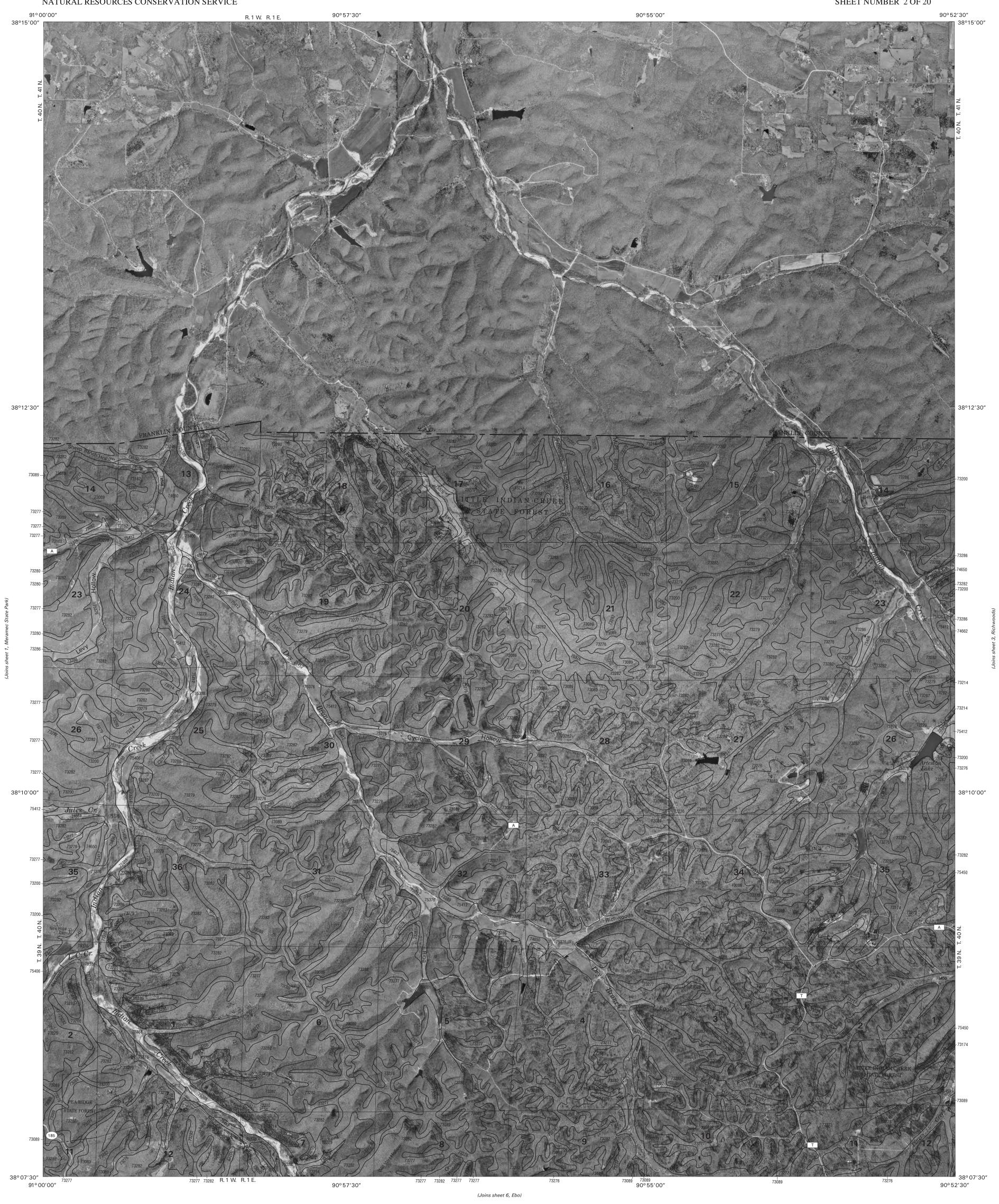
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.



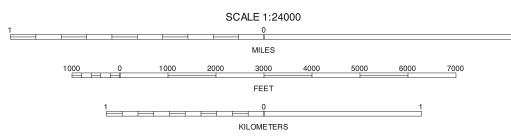


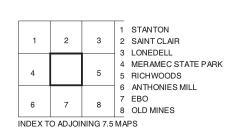


MERAMEC STATE PARK, MISSOURI
7.5 MINUTE SERIES
SHEET NUMBER 1 OF 20





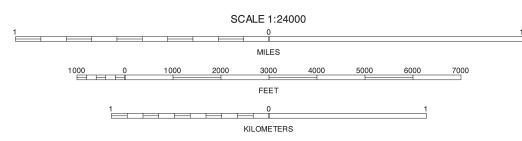


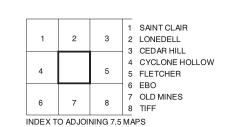


CYCLONE HOLLOW, MISSOURI
7.5 MINUTE SERIES
SHEET NUMBER 2 OF 20





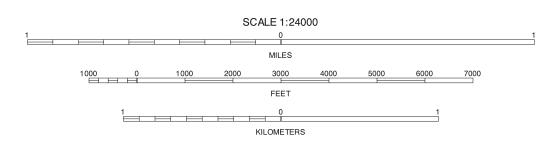


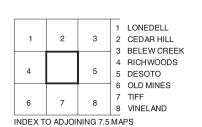


RICHWOODS, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTÉ SERIES SHEET NUMBER 3 OF 20



QUADRANGLE LOCATION





FLETCHER, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 4 OF 20

38° 00′ 00″

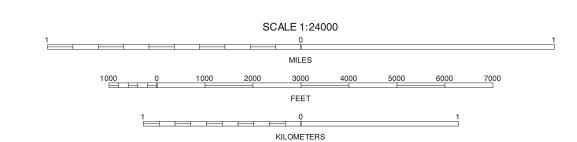
91° 07′ 30″

North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.



R. 2 W.

91° 05′00″



(Joins sheet 9, Berryman)

73280

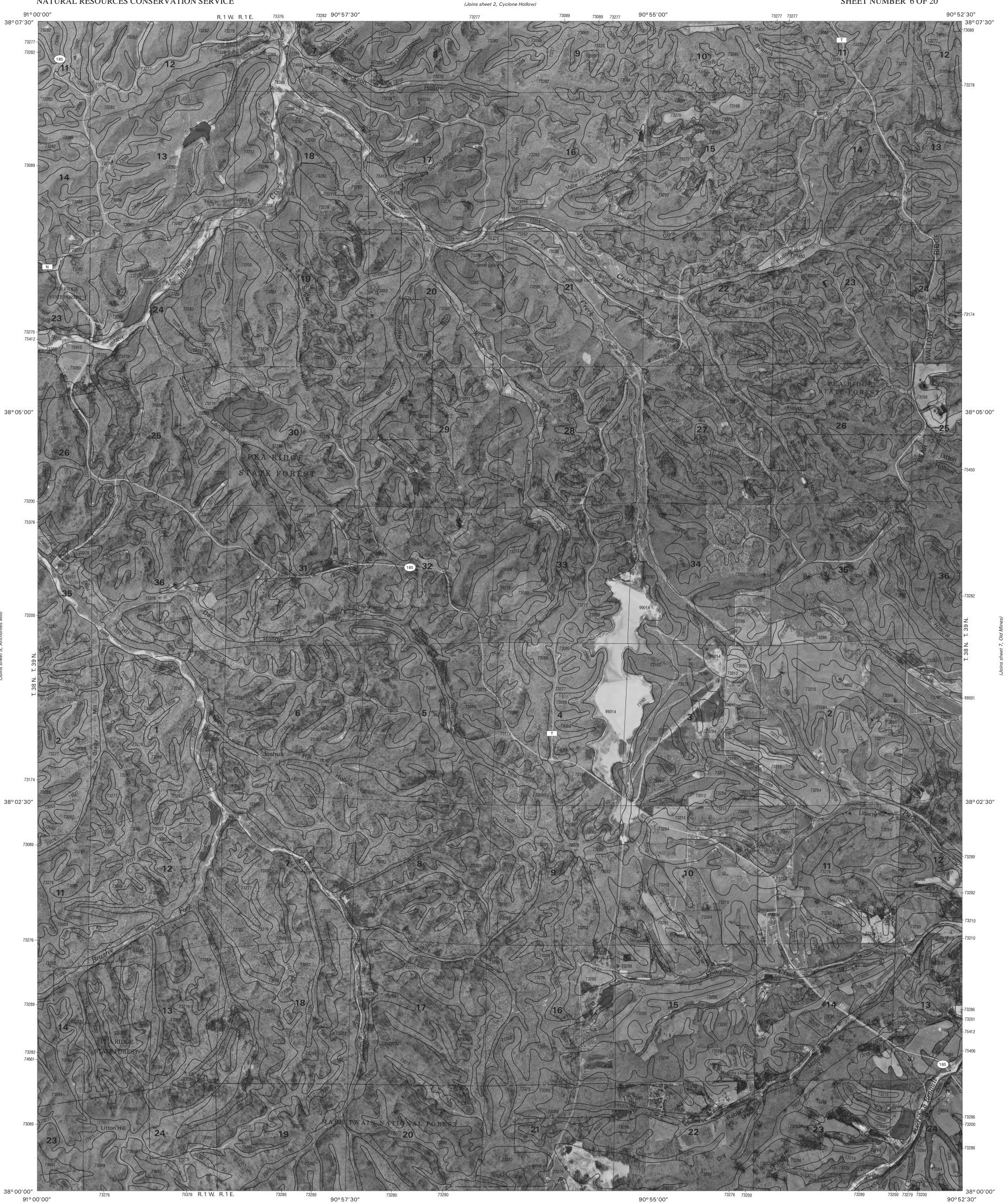
91° 02′30″



ANTHONIES MILL, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 5 OF 20

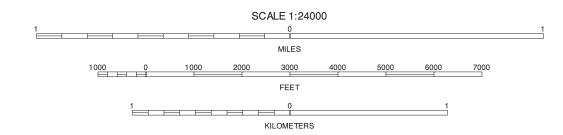
73277 73277

38° 00′ 00″ 91° 00′ 00″

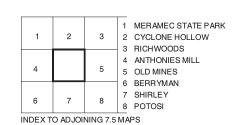


North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.





(Joins sheet 10, Shirley)



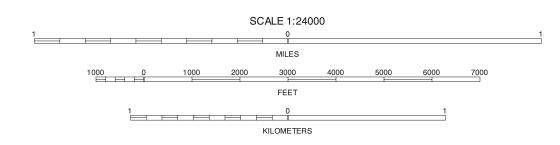
EBO, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 6 OF 20

38° 00′ 00″ 73282 R. 1 E. R. 2 E. 73284

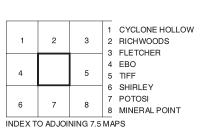


73210 73284

90° 50′ 00″



(Joins sheet 11, Potosi)



73277

73286 73277 73277 75376 73218 38° 00′ 00″

90° 47′30″

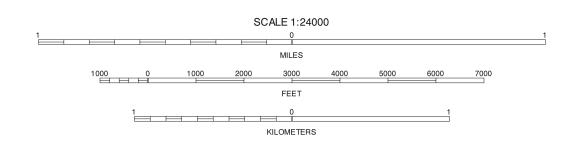
OLD MINES, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 7 OF 20

90° 45′00″

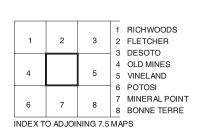


North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.





(Joins sheet 12, Mineral Point)



TIFF, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 8 OF 20

37°52′30″ <sup>|</sup>

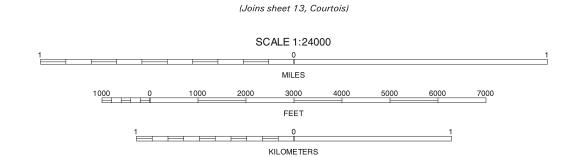
91° 07′30″

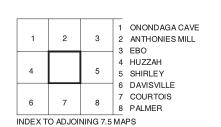
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.



91° 05′00″

R. 2 W. 73276





91°02′30″

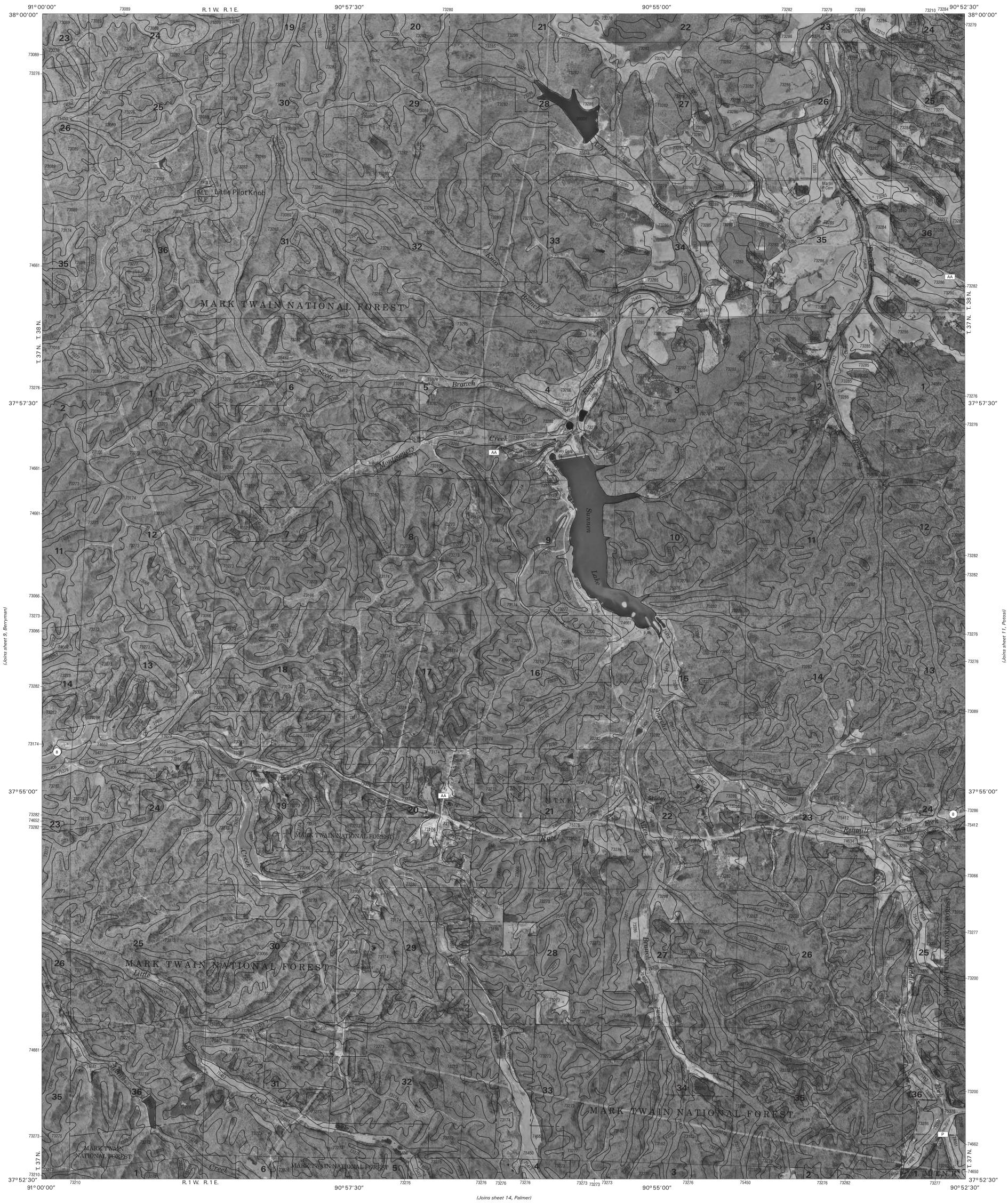
75376

BERRYMAN, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 9 OF 20

75376

37°52′30″

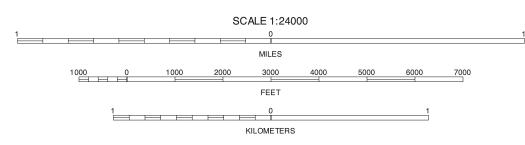
91° 00′00″

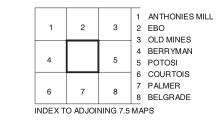


prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1995-1996 aerial photography.

North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15.
Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.





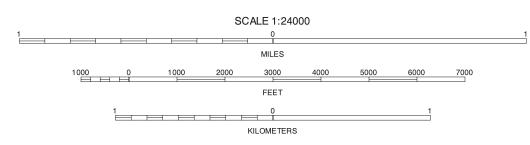


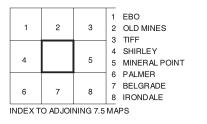
SHIRLEY, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 10 OF 20



North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.





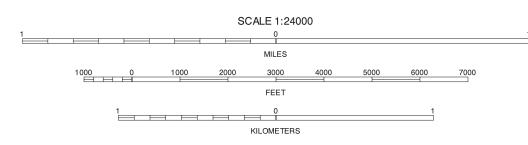


POTOSI, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 11 OF 20



North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.







MINERAL POINT, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 12 OF 20

91° 07′ 30″

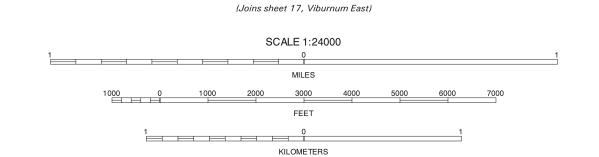
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.

37° 45′00″



R. 2 W. R. 1 W.

91°05′00″



73275 73210 73210 75412 73280



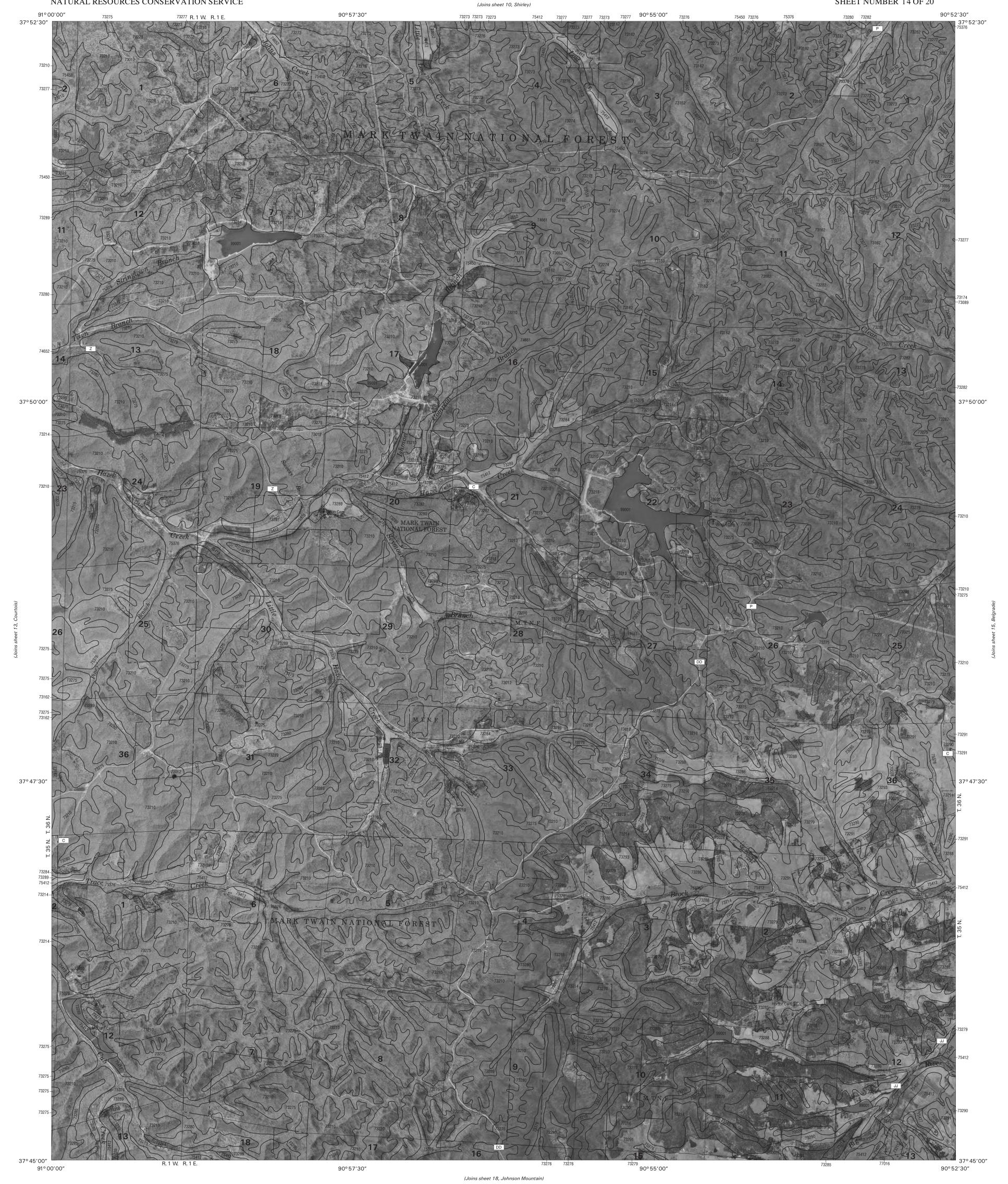
91°02′30″

COURTOIS, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 13 OF 20

73012

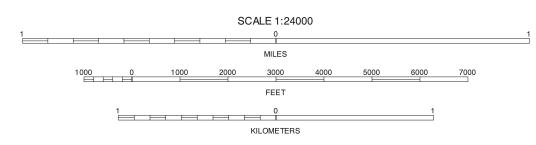
37° 45′00″

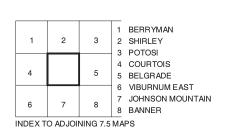
91° 00′ 00″



North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.







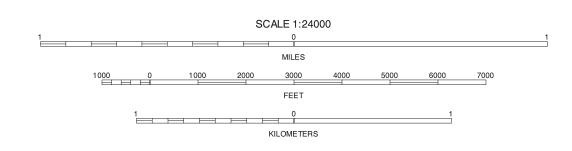
PALMER, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 14 OF 20

37° 45′00″ R. 2 E. 73288 73290 73294

North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.

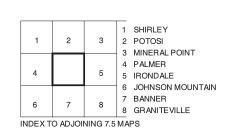


90° 50′ 00″



(Joins sheet 19, Banner)

73291



74662

73288

90° 47′30″

BELGRADE, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 15 OF 20

R. 2 E. R. 3 E.

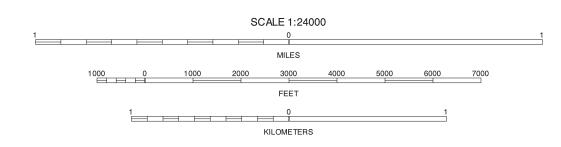
37° 45′00″

90° 45′00″



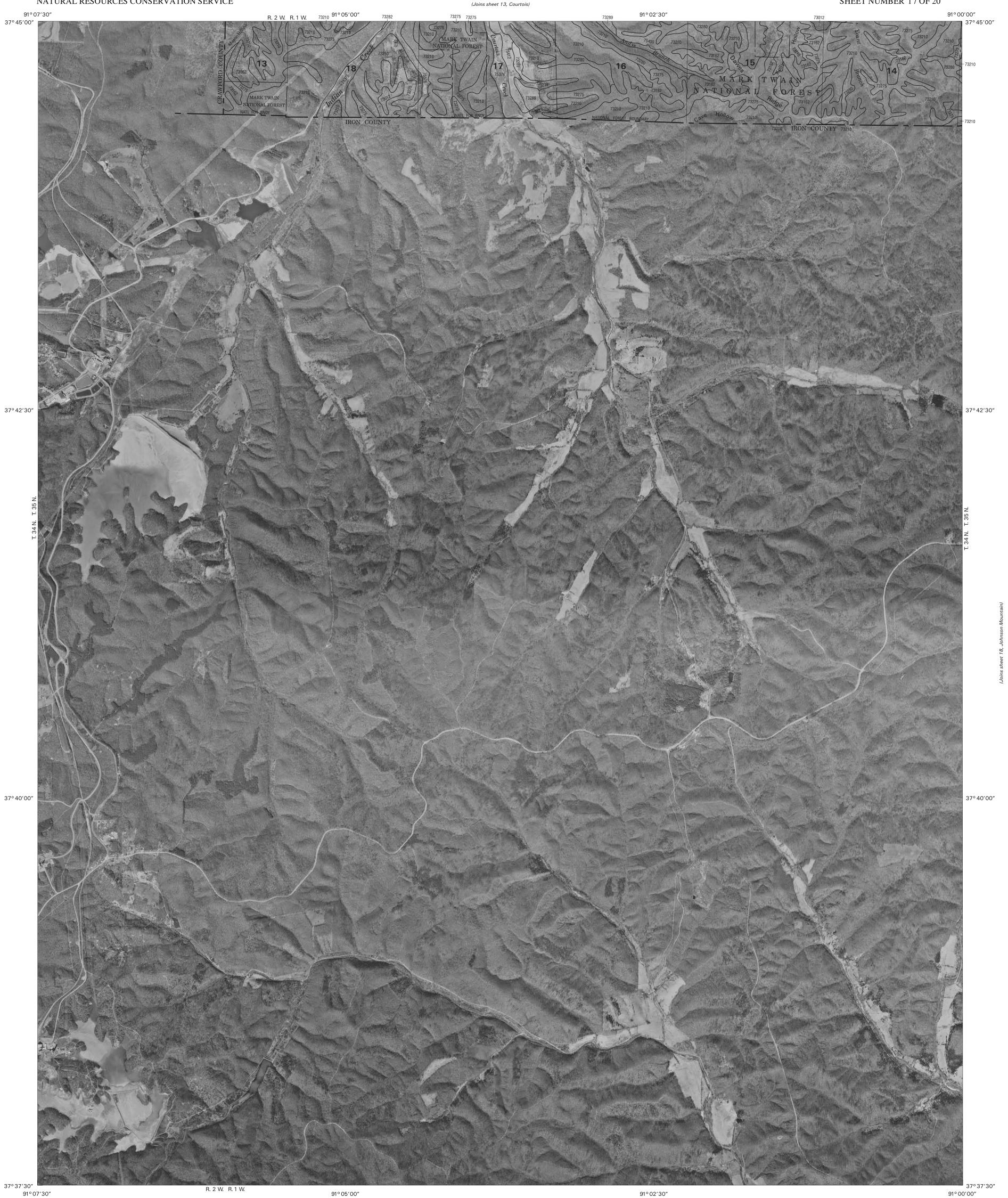
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.





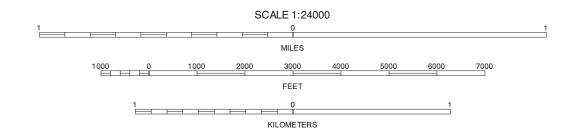


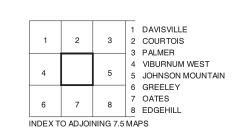
IRONDALE, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 16 OF 20



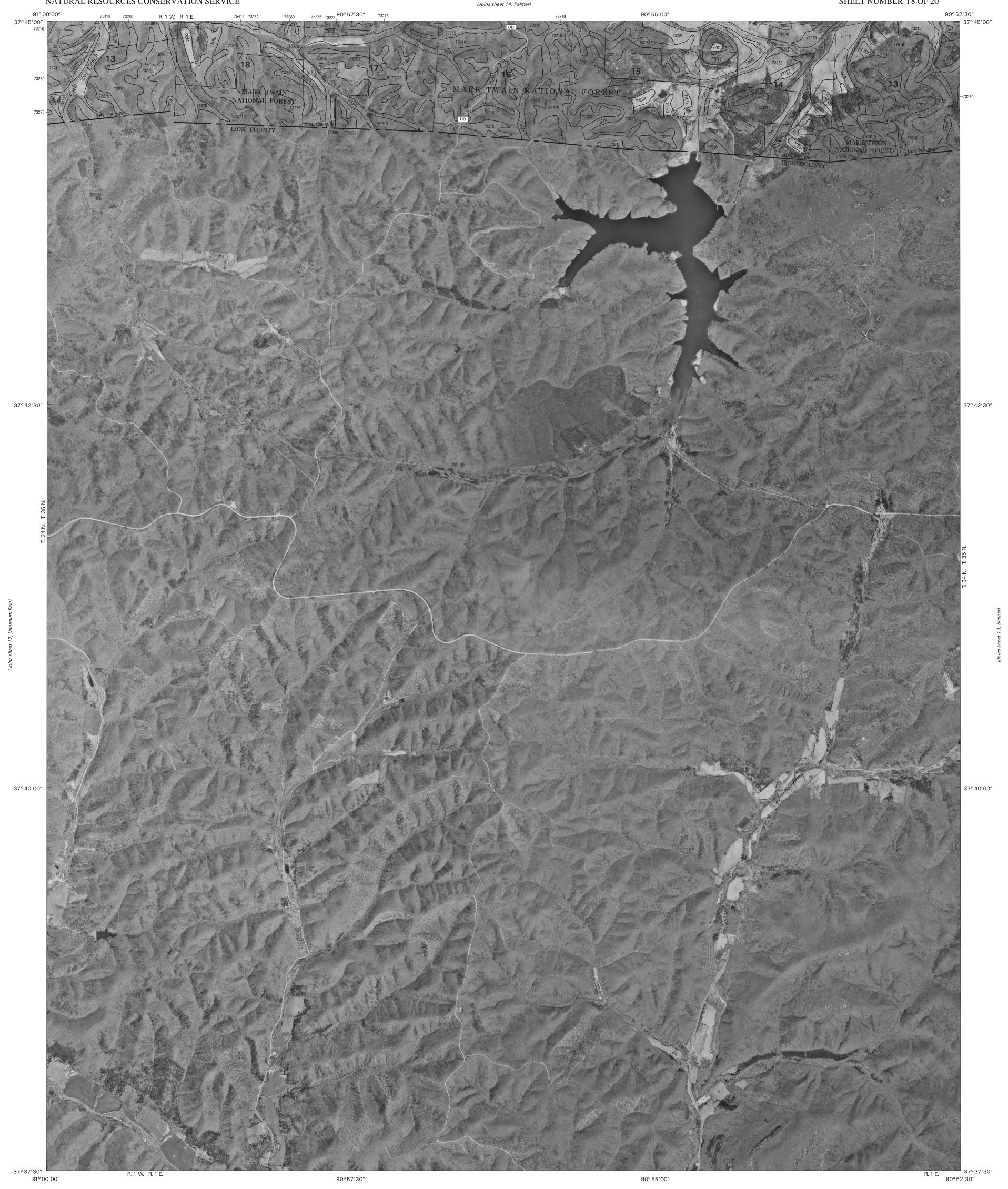
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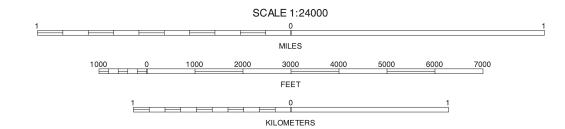
VIBURNUM EAST, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 17 OF 20 ....

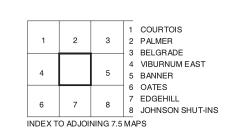


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North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.





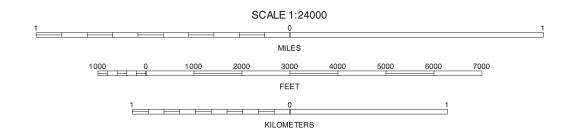


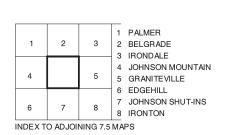
JOHNSON MOUNTAIN, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 18 OF 20



North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.







BANNER, MISSOURI 7.5 MINUTE SERIES SHEET NUMBER 19 OF 20 T Sen T Sen.

37\*400°

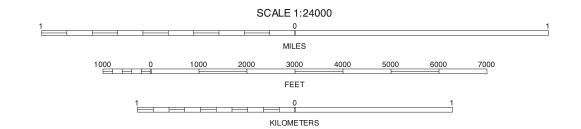
37° 37′30″ 90° 45′00″ 90° 45′00″ 90° 40′00″ 8. 3 E. R. 4 E. 90° 42′30″

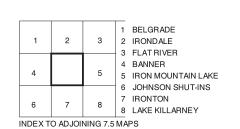
This soil survey was compiled by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service and cooperating agencies. Base maps are orthophotographs prepared by the U.S. Department of Interior, Geological Survey, from 1995-1996 aerial photography.

37° 42′30″

North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). GRS-80 Spheroid 1000-meter ticks: Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 15. Coordinate grid ticks and land division data, if shown, are approximately positioned. Digital data are available for this quadrangle.







GRANITEVILLE, MISSOURI
7.5 MINUTE SERIES
SHEET NUMBER 20 OF 20

37° 42′30″